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THE ENGLISH MANUSCRIPTS OF THE NICOMACHEAN ETHICS

DESCRIBED BY

J. A. STEWART, M.A.



Oxford

AT THE CLARENDON PRESS

1882

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London

HENRY FROWDE



OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS WAREHOUSE

7 PATERNOSTER ROW

THE ENGLISH MANUSCRIPTS

OF THE

NICOMACHEAN ETHICS

DESCRIBED IN RELATION TO

BEKKER'S MANUSCRIPTS AND OTHER SOURCES

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PREFACE.

In the following pages I have embodied my collations of six English MSS. of the Ethics. Of three of these MSS. collations have not, so far as I am aware, been hitherto published; while the only independent account published of the other three—by Wilkinson in 1715—is a meagre list of readings selected almost at random, and often inaccurately recorded, not a collation in the modern acceptation of the term.

The form in which my collations are presented I adopted with the object of assigning, if possible, each MS. to its genealogical place. If I succeed in thus throwing, by means of a natural classification of the English MSS, some light upon the general problem of the genealogy of the MSS. of the Ethics, I shall repay but a small part of the debt which I owe to Professor Rassow; for without the leading idea contained in the first section of his 'Forschungen über die Nicomachische Ethik,' I should hardly have attempted this work at all.

To the labours of Professor Susemihl I also owe much. His extensive notices of later corrections in Bekker's MSS, especially in K^b, have been of invaluable service to me. My citations from the Aldine Edition are chiefly borrowed from him,—either as its readings are actually given by him, or as I inferred them from his silence; although in a good many cases I examined the Edition for myself.

In the Fifth Book I found Mr. H. Jackson's collations useful.

In all cases, taking Bekker's collation (Berlin, 1831) as basis, I have accepted subsequent corrections of that collation by Professor Schöll, Professor Susemihl, or Mr. Jackson.

The text with which I collated all my MSS. was Bekker's (Berlin, 1845) as reprinted by Parker (Oxford, 1871).

It only remains that I should thank all who have assisted me in this work—the authorities of the University of Cambridge, of Corpus

Christi College, Oxford, and of New College, Oxford, for their liberality in lending me their respective MSS; the authorities of the British Museum, and of the Bibliothèque nationale at Paris for kindly permitting me to examine their; Professor Vitelli and Dr. Meyncke for consulting, at my request, MSS. in Florence and Rome; and lastly, the two friends who have done me the important service of revising the proofs—Mr. John Rankine, Advocate, Edinburgh, and my colleague Mr. J. H. Onions of Christ Church.

J. A. S.

JAN. 12, 1882.

THE

ENGLISH MANUSCRIPTS

OF

THE NICOMACHEAN ETHICS.

ENGLISH MSS.

A = Manuscript in the Cambridge University Library (No. 1879, Ii. v. 44), sec. xiii; the Eliensis of Wilkinson, Zell, and Michelet, O³ of Susemihl.

B1= Brit. Mus. Add. MS. 14080, sec. xv; not before collated.

B²= Brit. Mus. Add. MS. 6790, sec. xv; not before collated.

B³ = Brit. Mus. Royal MS. 16 C. xxi, sec. xvi; not before collated (see Appendix).

C = Manuscript in the Library of Corpus Christi College, Oxford (112), sec. xv; the CCC of Wilkinson, Zell, and Michelet, O¹ of Susemihl.

D = Manuscript in the Library of New College, Oxford (227), sec. xv; the NC of Wilkinson, Zell, and Michelet, O² of Susemihl.

BEKKER'S MSS.

(See F. Susemihl, Die Bekkerschen Hss. der Nicom. Ethik [Neue Jahrbücher für Philologie und Pädagogik, 1878, pp. 625 ff.]).

 $K^b = Laurent. 81. 11, sec. x.$

Lb = Par. 1854, sec. xii.

 $M^b = Marc. 213$, sec. xv ineunte.

Ob = Riccard. 46, sec. xiv.

Nb = Marc. append. 4. 53, sec xiv.

 $H^a = Marc. 214$, sec. xiv.

 $P^b = Vatic. 1342$, sec. xiv (xiii?).

ENGLISH MANUSCRIPTS

OF

THE NICOMACHEAN ETHICS.

THERE are two varieties of the Text of the Nicomachean Ethics represented by the two oldest MSS., Kb (Laurent, 81, 11) and Lb (Paris, 1854) respectively. The term varieties is better fitted than the term recensions to indicate the nature of the process by which Kb and Lb seem to have been differentiated, not by the conscious agency of critical editors, but by the gradual accumulation of accidental departures from a common archetype.

The points in which K^h and L^h differ, exclusive of obvious blunders, are very numerous, but are seldom, if ever, of material importance, being substitutions, omissions, and insertions of a purely verbal character.

In each of the two later MSS, fully collated by Bekker,—Mb (Marc. Ven. 213) and Ob (Riccard. 46),—although the text is considerably mixed, parts can be distinguished as belonging on the whole either to the Kb variety or to the Lb variety; Ob generally following Lb in those parts in which Mb follows Kb, and Mb following Lb where Ob follows Kb.

That K^b and L^b represent two varieties or families, and that M^b and Ob are related in the manner described to Kb and Lb, was pointed out by Rassow in his Forschungen über die Nic. Eth., 1874, the law being formulated by him for five books, as follows (p. 7):—

> B. iii and iv KbOb-LbMb, B. vi, vii, ix KbMb-LbOb.

The other five books he does not venture to include in a similar formula. 'In den übrigen fünf Büchern dagegen hat, ungeachtet auch hier zwischen einigen Handschriften eine grössere Verwandtschaft hervortritt, dennoch schon eine so grosse Vermischung Statt gefunden, dass es nicht mehr möglich ist, den Typus der beiden Familien genau zu unterscheiden.'-p. 7.

Susemihl in his Dissertationes II de recognoscendis Ethicis Nico-В

[I. I.]

macheis, 1878–9, and in his critical edition of the Eth. Nic., Teubner, 1880, accepting Rassow's conclusions regarding Books iii, iv, vi, vii, and ix, endeavours, partly by means of the Vetusta Translatio (Γ) and the Aldine Edition, to distinguish Families in the remaining five Books also. 'Constat,' he says (Eth. Nic., pref. p. viii), 'altera familia (Π^1) per libros i, ii, vi, vii, ix, x, ex K^b et M^b , per libros iii, iv, viii ex K^b et O^b , altera (Π^2), per i, ii, vi, vii, ix ex L^b et O^b , per iii, iv ex L^b et M^b , per viii ex Γ^b (Γ^b) et ab altera Γ^b (Γ^b) modo ab altera Γ^b (Γ^b) tab altera Γ^b (Γ^b) stare videntur.'

In the following pages I have embodied the results of my collations, complete and partial, of five English MSS., in the hope that, like Susemihl's collations of Γ and Ald., they may throw some light on Rassow's general problem. I have thought it advisable to classify the readings of my MSS. as they agree, in the several Books, with KbOb or LbMb, and KbMb or LbOb. Accordingly, I have given complete lists of the KbOb— L^bM^b, and K^bM^b—L^bO^b readings in the Ethics, appending the symbols of my own MSS, where they agree, as well as those of the Vetusta Translatio and the Aldine Edition. These lists, apart from the information which they give concerning my MSS., may, I hope, be useful, as enabling the eye easily to take in the quality of the various resemblances and differences on which Rassow and Susemihl found their conclusions. In the meantime the quantitative aspect of these resemblances and differences may be seen from the following table, in which the figures denote the number of cases in each Book of the agreement of two of Bekker's four MSS. against the other two1:-

	Book I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
KpMp-TpOp	38	29	12	5	8	58	80	29	67	43
KpOp-TpMp	7	6	71	78	18	10	17	25	8	17
КрГр—ИрОр	14	5	5	5	31	7	3	9	5	12

¹ I had compiled this table for my own use, to supply the numerical data absent from Rassow's Forschungen, before I studied the statistics given in Susemihl's Dissertationes. It will be found on the whole to be in substantial agreement with them.

Thus in Book i there are thirty-eight cases of variation between $K^{\mathfrak{b}}$ and $L^{\mathfrak{b}}$ in which $M^{\mathfrak{b}}$ follows $K^{\mathfrak{b}}$, and $O^{\mathfrak{b}}$ follows $L^{\mathfrak{b}}$; and only seven in which $O^{\mathfrak{b}}$ follows $K^{\mathfrak{b}}$ and $M^{\mathfrak{b}}$ follows $L^{\mathfrak{b}}$. Going through the other columns of the table, we find that in all the Books, except viii, and perhaps also v, $M^{\mathfrak{b}}$ and $O^{\mathfrak{b}}$ show a decided preference for either $K^{\mathfrak{b}}$ or $L^{\mathfrak{b}}$, where $M^{\mathfrak{b}}$ prefers the one, $O^{\mathfrak{b}}$ preferring the other.

The conclusions fairly suggested by the foregoing figures are that in Books i, ii, vi, vii, ix, and x, O^b is descended from a MS. of the L^b variety, and M^b from one of the K^b variety; and that in Books iii and iv, O^b is descended from a MS. of the K^b variety, and M^b from one of the L^b variety.

With respect to the cause which produced this curiously alternating relationship of Mb and Ob to Kb and Lb I have no definite theory to offer; but the following pages show that a similar effect, presumably due to a similar cause, is noticeable in the English MSS. remark, however, I will allow myself to make here; that, although correction has evidently played an important part in producing similarity between MSS, it cannot by itself explain that similarity in all cases. For example, Ob resembles Lb largely in Books i, ii, vi, vii, ix, x, while in Books iii, iv, v it resembles Kb largely. Its resemblance to Kb, it seems to me, cannot be explained as the result of the mere correction, in these three particular Books, of a MS. of the Lb family by means of a MS. of the Kb family. Its Kb readings, consisting of blunders, many of them of omission, too numerous to be coincidences, cannot possibly have come in as corrections. They are rather 'rudimentary organs or characters,' with a genealogical significance. One of the English MSS. to be described in the following pages, C, a MS. elsewhere related to Lb or only distantly to Kb, has a well defined mass of text beginning in the middle of one Book and ending in the middle of the next but one, which reproduces the minutest blunders of Kb-a fact which cannot be explained by correction. Again, another English MS., A, which belongs uniformly to the Kb variety, has four leaves with a text of the L^b variety inserted later to supply a lacuna in the original volume. It seems to me, in the light of these two cases, that the curiously alternating relationship of Mb and Ob to Kb and Lb may be due to some such cause as the possession by one copyist of stray leaves the absence

of which obliged another copyist to leave a lacuna to be afterwards supplied from a MS. of a different family. It is certainly a curious coincidence that the $K^{\rm h}O^{\rm h}-L^{\rm h}M^{\rm h}$ part of the Ethics practically coincides with the part in which C agrees so minutely with $K^{\rm b}$. In conclusion, it may be pointed out that, even if we grant that the correction-hypothesis explains the $K^{\rm b}$ -character of $O^{\rm b}$ in Books iii, iv, and v, it cannot at the same time explain the $L^{\rm b}$ -character of $M^{\rm b}$ in these Books. Why should an ascendant of $M^{\rm b}$ have been corrected from a MS. of the $L^{\rm b}$ -variety exactly and only where an ascendant of $O^{\rm b}$ was corrected from a MS. of the $K^{\rm b}$ -variety? The alternation of $O^{\rm b}$ and $M^{\rm b}$ in relation to $K^{\rm b}$ and $L^{\rm b}$ ($O^{\rm b}$ following $L^{\rm b}$ only where $M^{\rm b}$ follows $K^{\rm b}$, and vice versa) carries us necessarily back, it seems to me, to the defective condition of a single MS.

The MSS. which I have to report upon are (1) one in the Cambridge University Library, which I call A; (2) one in the Library of Corpus Christi College, Oxford, C; (3) one in the Library of New College, Oxford, D; and two in the Library of the British Museum, viz. (4) Addit. MSS. 14080, which I call B¹, and (5) Addit. MSS. 6790, which I call B².

A I have collated word for word with Bekker's text (Parker's reprint, Oxford, 1871) in Book x, and in the other Books have examined very fully, i.e. in nearly all places where the other MSS.—Bekker's and the English MSS.—give variants, as well as in many other places, as will be seen from the following pages. I have had unusual means of making a careful study of this MS., as the University of Cambridge lent it to me in Oxford, for which act of liberality I take this opportunity of recording my grateful thanks.

C I have collated word for word throughout the Ethics with Bekker's text (Parker's reprint, Oxford, 1871).

D I have collated word for word with the same text in Books v and x; and in the other Books have examined very fully, i.e. in nearly all places where the other MSS.—Bekker's and the English MSS.—give variants, as well as in many other places. My examination of D was as continuous as my examination of C, but, in all except Books v and x, not quite so minute. I must not omit to mention here that while I was examining D I had the advantage of the use of an excellent collation of that MS. made by the late Rev. W. M. Hatch, and kindly

placed at my disposal by his brother the Rev. Edwin Hatch. I take this opportunity of gratefully acknowledging that I derived much benefit from its guidance. All the D readings, however, which I have recorded I have seen for myself in the MS.

B¹ and B² I have examined, with about the same minuteness in each case, throughout the Ethics—i.e. in all the places which bear upon the family to which a MS. is to be assigned, as well as in many other places—in all in about 800 places in each MS.

A (quoted by Wilkinson, Zell, and Michelet as El., it having formerly belonged to the Library of More, Bishop of Ely) is described in the Catalogue of MSS, belonging to the University Library of Cambridge as 'a moderate-sized quarto on vellum of one hundred and forty-seven leaves, each page containing about twenty-six lines written in a cursive hand of the latter part of the thirteenth century, abounding with contractions... From fol. 81–90 the MS, is written in a different hand, which appears to belong to the fifteenth century.' Cat. vol. iii. p. 495. In the subscription at the end of the volume (which contains the Mor. Magna, the Eth. Nic., Eth. Eud., and Œconom.), we are told that it was written διὰ χειρὸς Νικολάου εὖτελοῦς ἀναγνώστου τῶν ὡρῶν, αἰτήσει τοῦ θεοτιμήτου μουαχοῦ κυρίου Ἰακῶβ σκευοφύλακτος μάνδρας ἀκρωτηρίου μηνὶ Ἰουνίου ις, ἰνδ. β, ἔτει ςψπζ, i. e. A.D. 1279.

C (quoted by Wilkinson, Zell, and Michelet as CCC) is thus described in Coxe's Catalogue of the MSS. in the Oxford College Libraries, under the head of Corpus Christi College, 'cxii. Codex chartaceus in folio, ff. 174, sec. xv.:—

- 1. Aristotelis Ethicorum Nicomacheorum libri decem, fol. 1.
- 2. Ejusdem Aristotelis Magnorum Moralium libri duo, fol. 48.
- 3. Moralium ad Eudemum libri i, ii, iii, vii, fol. 65b.
- 4. De Virtutibus libellus, fol. 86b.
- 5. Œconomicorum libri duo, fol. 88.
- 6. Politicorum libri octo, fol. 94b.
- 7. Ad Alexandrum Rhetorica, fol. 156b.
- 8. Alexandri Regis ad Aristotelem Epistola cum responsione, fol. 174.
- 9. Aristotelis ad Olympiadem Epistola, fol. 174.
- 10. Platonis ad Archytam Tarentinum Epistola, fol. 174b.

In fronte codicis, "Orate pro anima Joannis Claimondi, coll. corporis Christi primi praesidis, qui hunc librum eidem condonavit." [Claimond was President of Corpus from 1517 to 1537.]

C has uniformly thirty-eight lines to the page, and about seventy-

five letters to the line.

D (quoted by Wilkinson, Zell, and Michelet as NC) is described by Coxe as follows, under the head of New College:—'227. Chartaceus in folio, ff. 141, sec. xv; olim Gulielmi Man. Aristotelis Ethicorum, sive de moribus, ad Nicomachum, libri decem. Praemittitur notitia, "Liber Collegii Sanctae Mariae Wynton. in Oxon. ex dono Gulielmi Man, anno Domini 1589, Septembris 31."'

D has twenty-four lines to the page, and about thirty-five letters to the line.

It has a long lacuna (not due to the loss of leaves), and exhibits considerable confusion, due apparently to the binder. The following are the details of the order in which the books stand:—Books i, ii, iii, iv to ch. 9. § 2. 1128 b 14 ἀχριῶσιν, vi from ch. 2. § 5. 1139 b 2 καὶ οὐ τέλος, vii, viii to ch. 11. § 7. 1161 b 8 ἄνθρωπος, ix from ch. 12. § 1. 1171 b 35 τῷ συζῆν, x to ch. 5. § 6. 1175 b 31 τοῖς, iv from ch. 9. § 2. 1128 b 14 σωματικά, v, vi to ch. 2. § 5. 1139 b 2 ποιῶν, x from ch. 5. § 6. 1175 b 31 χρόνοις.

D thus proceeds correctly up to 1128 b 14 $\partial_x \rho \iota \partial_x \sigma \iota \nu$ inclusive, this being the last word of fol. 60° . Fol. 61° begins with 1139 b 2 $\kappa a \iota$ où $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \lambda o s$. The mass of text thus omitted is inserted in Book x after 1175 b 31, $\tau o i s$, which is the last word of fol. 110°. $\Sigma \omega \mu a \tau \iota \kappa \dot{\alpha}$ 1128 b 14 is the first word of fol. 111°. $\Sigma \rho \dot{\nu} \nu \sigma s$ 31 is the first word of fol. 130°. Thus nineteen leaves have been misplaced.

The lacuna in D extends from viii. 11. 7 to ix. 12. 1. "Aνθρωπος 1161 b 8 ends the fifth line from the bottom of a page; and $\tau\hat{\phi}$ 1171 b 35 begins the fourth line, there being no difference in hand or ink, and the scribe showing no consciousness of the omission. Mr. H. Jackson (Fifth Book, introduction, p. xii) supposes D to be a copy of Par. 1853, which has a lacuna of the same extent here.

But a special examination of Parisiensis 1853, in relation to the peculiarities of D, has satisfied me that Mr. Jackson's supposition is untenable, being precluded by an important difference (presented in the

following parallel columns) between the two MSS. in respect of the lacuna 1161 b 7—1171 b 34, i.e. viii, 11. 7—ix, 12. 1.

PAR. 1853.

1161 b 6 δοκεί γὰρ εἶναί τι δίκαιον παντὶ ἀνθρώπφ πρὸς πάντα τὸν 1171 b 3.4 δυνάμενον || ὅτι ἐστὶν αίρετὴ καὶ περὶ τὸν φίλον δὴ ἡ δ' ἐνέργεια γίνεται αὐτῆς ἐν τῷ συζῆν ὥστε εἰκότως τούτου ἐφίενται καὶ ὅποτε ἐστὶν ἐκάστοις τὸ εἶναι ἡ οὖ χάριν....

NEW COLL.

χάριν . . .

[Neither scribe displays any consciousness (in text, by leaving a blank, or on margin) of the lacuna at ||, which occurs in each MS. in the middle of a page.]

Par. 1853, it will be observed, entirely omits the words κοινωνήσαι νόμου καὶ συνθήκης καὶ φιλίας δὴ καθ' ὅσον ἄνθρωπος: nor does it supply them on the margin. The New College MS., on the other hand, while it omits them in their proper place in Book viii, incorporates them in the text of the first sentence of Book ix, which it preserves. I infer accordingly that the New Coll. MS. was not copied from Par. 1853, but from a MS, which had, in some form or other, the words κοινωνήσαι νόμου καὶ συνθήκης καὶ φιλίας δη καθ' ὅσον ἄνθρωπος non-existent in Par. 1853. The agreement, however, between Par. 1853 and the New Coll. MS. is so close throughout all the books of the Ethics that we must suppose either that Par. 1853 is a copy of the New Coll. MS., or that both are descended from a common defective (1161 b 7-1171 b 34) archetype. The latter supposition seems to me to be favoured by the evidence which my examination of Par. 1853 in relation to the New Coll. MS. has brought to light. Par. 1853 probably omitted the words κοινωνήσαι νόμου καὶ συνθήκης καὶ φιλίας δη καθ' όσον ἄνθρωπος in the common archetype on account of the peculiarity, whatever it was, which induced the New College scribe to incorporate them in his text out of their proper place. Par. 1853 is the E of Bekker. It is written in a hand or hands of the tenth century from fol. 1 to the bottom of fol. 344°, where Bekker's collation ends (De Part. Animal. 680 b 36). From the top of fol. 345° to the end of the volume, viz. fol. 453°, it is written in a fifteenth century hand, and contains the latter part of the treatise de Part. Animal., de Gener. Animal., Eth. Nic., and Mor. Mag.

From the following list of their readings, extending throughout all the books of the Ethics, it will be seen, I think, that both Par. 1853 and the New Coll. MS. are descended from a common archetype.

[Par. 1853=P, New Coll. MS.=D. Readings peculiar to P and D (so far as I know) are marked †].

1095 b 10 νοήση ἐσθλός PD. Post νοήση add. P marg. rec. φρασσάμενος τά κ' ἔπειτα καὶ εἰς τέλος ἦσιν ἀμείνω.

1096 a 23 τἀγαθόν] τὰ ἀγαθά PD†.

24 λέγεται] λέγονται PD†.

1098 a 21 περιγεγράφθω μὲν οὖν] περιγράφομεν οὖν D, περιγράφθω μὲν οὖν P, sed γ ε inter γ et ρ suppl. man. rec.

1099 b 5 ή φίλοι om. PD.

1100 a 12 ἔστιν om. pr. D, habet P.

1103 b 14 τά om. P, habet D.

1105 b 10 γίνεται] λέγεται PD†.

1106 a 8 πάσχειν άπλῶs] πάσχειν PD† [πάσχειν, non, ut dicit Susem., πράττειν habet D].

b 12 τῆς δὲ μεσότητος σωζούσης] τῆς μεσότητος δὲ φυλαττούσης D, τῆς μεσότητος δὲ φθειρούσης pr. P, οὐ ante φθειρούσης suppl. man. rec.

13 ως δή PD†.

1107 a 28 τοῦτο μή] μὴ τοῦτο P, om. μή D.

b 7, 8 διόπερ οὐδ' ὀνόματος τετύχηκεν οὐδ' ὁ τοιοῦτος ἔστω δὲ ἀναίσθητος PD†.

1108 a 11 μέν om. PD†.

1109 a 29 - ὅπερ ἐστὶ τὸ εὖ καὶ σπάνιον ὃ καὶ ἐπαινετὸν καὶ καλόν PD†.

32 τούτου μέν] τὸ μὲν τοῦ D, τὸ τοῦ μέν P.

1112 b 21 διάγραμμα] διαγραμματου (sic) pr. P, διά γραμμάτων D.

1113 α 1 $\mathring{\eta}$ πέπεπται ως δεί $\mathring{\eta}$ $\mathring{\eta}$ πέπεπται ως δεί $\mathring{\eta}$ πεποίωται \mathring{P} , $\mathring{\eta}$ πέπτεται $\mathring{\eta}$ πεποίωται ως δεί \mathring{D} .

1113 b 24 οσοι μή βία] όσοι μή βίαν PD†; suppl. διά ante βίαν man. rec. D.

1116 b 19 'Ερμαίφ συνέβη] 'Ερμαίφ τῷ ἐν Κορώνη τῆς Βοιωτίας συνέβη D. Verba τῷ
.... Βοιωτίας suppl. manus prima ad oram P.

26 ἐτητικώτατον P, τὸ ὁρμητικώτατον ὶτητικώτατον D, ἐτητικώτατον τὸ ὁρμητικώτατον manus prima ad oram P.

1117 b 6, 7 μικρον ον το οδ ένεκα οδοεν ήδο φαίνεται έχειν om. D, habet P.

1119 b 19 λέγωμεν P, λέγομεν D.

34 εν τι sic PD.

1120 a 4 τις post χρεία PD.

6 τοῦτο εκαστον PD.

b 4 καὶ ὅτε καὶ οὖ καλόν sic PD.

9 δή δέ PD.

22 ταῦτα] αὐτά PD.

1121а 4 каї] sic PD.

16 συνδυάζεται συναύξεται PD.

18 διδόντας ίδιώτας PD.

24,25 δώσει γὰρ οἶς δεῖ καὶ οὐ λήψεται ὅθεν οὐ δεῖ PD.

33 τοῦτο ποιείν μὴ δύνασθαι PD.

b 4 αὐτοῦ post τούτου habent PD.

33 καί post έργαζόμενοι add. PD.

1122 a 14 έστι κακόν PD.

34 περί PD.

b 15, 16 κτημα μέν γάρ το πλείστου ἄξιον καὶ τιμιώτατον PD.

20 τοὺς θεούς PD.

21 őσa habent PD.

30 τὰ τοιαῦτα] ταῦτα PD.

30 διά post ή habent PD.

34 δαπανήμασιν] δαπανήσει PD†.

1123 a 2 πᾶσα ή PD.

15 έχει μεγαλοπρέπειαν PD.

1124 b 8 ἀφειδής] ἀφειδές PD. [Hanc lectionem exhibent Coraes p. 249, manus recentior apud cod. C, Aspasius.]

21 ἐν PD.

29,30 φανερῶς παρρησιαστὴς (παρησιαστής P) γὰρ διὰ τὸ καταφρονητικὸς εἶναι καταφρονητικὸς δὲ διὸ παρρησιαστικὸς καὶ ἀληθευτικὸς πλὴν ὅσα μὴ δι² εἰρωνείαν PD,

1125 a Ι πρός post ή habent PD.

34 χείρων PD.

b 7 ἐν τιμῆς ὀρέξει PD.

9 καί ante μᾶλλον habent PD.

15 αεὶ φέρομεν PD.

19 δὲ τιμῆς PD.

32 καί ante ωs habent PD.

1126 α 17 ἀνταποδιδόασιν PD.

20 δργίζονται PD.

1127 a 8 διά τι ἄλλο PD.

b 3,4,5 ὁ γὰρ φιλαλήθης καὶ ἐν οἶς διαφέρει ἀληθεύων ἀληθεύσει (ἀληθέσι D) καὶ ἐν οἶς μὴ διαφέρει ἔτι μᾶλλον PD†.

31 καὶ ante ἀντικεῖσθαι non habent PD.

1128 b 11 γοῦν PD.

18 δὲ κωλύεσθαι] γὰρ κεκωλύσθαι PD soli excepta man. rec. apud cod. C.

28 έκουσίοις ακουσίοις PD.

1129 a 33 6 ante avisos om. PD.

1129 b Ι καί ante πλεονέκτης om. PD.

17 τοιοῦτον] om. D. Post τοιοῦτον add. P ὥστε ἔνα μὲν τρόπον τινὰ τοιοῦτον, sed, linea ducta, correx.; mox ὥστε κ.τ.λ.

20 μηδὲ φεύγειν om. PD†.

1130 a 13 τοιάδε] τοιαύτη PD†.

b 10-13 ἐπεὶ δὲ τὸ ἄνισον καὶ τὸ παράνομον οὐ ταὐτὸν ἀλλὶ ἔτερον ὡς μέρος πρὸς ὅλον τὸ μὲν γὰρ ἄνισον ἄπαν παράνομον τὸ δὲ παράνομον οὐχ ἄπαν ἄνισον τὸ μὲν γὰρ πλέον ἄπαν ἄνισον τὸ δὲ ἄνισον οὐ πᾶν πλέον PD,

1135 b 18 όταν έν έαυτῷ ἡ ἀρχὴ ἢ τῆς αἰτίας PD.

25 μοχθηρός Ρ, μοχθηρά D.

1136 a 8-10 δὲ μήτε—περί om. D, habet P.

1137 α 3 πλέον έχει Ρ, πλεονάζει D.

b 29 ψηφίσματος] ψηλαφίσματος PD.

1138 b 2 πλευρίτιν έχει μείζω νόσον P, πλευρήτην έχει μείζων νόσον D.

10 δή Ρ, δεί D.

1141 a 21 γὰρ εἴ] γὰρ εἰδέναι εἴ PD†.

ΙΙ42 α 25 ἀντίκειται] άπτικοί PD.

b 19 ιδείν] καὶ σκέψασθαι δείν PD†.

1143 b 36—1144 a 1 νῦν μὲν γὰρ ἠπόρηται περὶ αὐτῶν μόνον. πρῶτον μὲν οὖν λέγομεν ὅτι καθ' αὐτάς om. PD+.

1144 α 1 αίρετάς] άρετάς PD†.

1146 a 34 j d PD+.

35 ὅταν τὸ ὕδωρ πνίγη τί δεῖ ἐπιπίνειν P, ὅταν τὸ ὕδωρ τὸν φάρυγγα πνίγη τί δεῖ ἔτι πίνειν D.

1147 a 19 post σημείου add. τοῦ ἐνεργείν κατὰ τὴν ἐπιστήμην PD.

34 ένοῦσα Ρ, έροῦσα D.

1148 b 28 τρώξεις] έκτρώξεις P, έκτρώσεις D.

1155 b 17 φανερόν περὶ αὐτῶν PD.

17 γνωρισθέντος Ρ, γνωσθέντος D.

1158 a 2 γίνεται τοσούτω PD+.

b 13 παντὸς ἄρχοντος PD†.

1160 a 36 δ' ή τιμοκρατία] δ' ήμοκρατία (sic) D, δ' ή ημοκρατία P, sed eadem, ut videtur, manus τι suppl.

1161a 1 ἐπίκληροι] ἐπίσκληροι PD†.

13 εὖ πράττωσιν] εὖ πραγῶσιν Ρ, εὐπραγῶσιν D.

26 δμοπαθείς] οἱ μονοηθείς PD†.

1172 a 5 τούτω τούτοις PD+.

5 ο τί περ] οπερ PD+.

8 συζην] ζην PD+.

12 ύπομάττονται PD†.

14 ἄπ' om. PD†.

28,29 λέγουσιν—πεπεισμένοι om. D, habet P.

30 πρός του βίου είναι PD†.

b 2 ώς οὐ τοιαύτην PD.

12 φέρεσθαι μηνεύειν ως πασι τοῦτο ἄριστον] φέρεσθαι ως πασιν ἄριστον μηνεύει PD.

25 αὐτό om. PD.

27 έτέρου om. P spatio relicto, habet D.

28 Πλάτων om. D, et P spatio relicto.

30 μετὰ φρονήσεως τὸν ἡδὺν βίον PD.

30 η χωρίς habet D, om. P spatio relicto.

32 αὐτό] αὐτῷ PD.

1173 α 2 πιστοτέραν PD†.

2 ωρέγετο PD.

33 τῆ τοῦ] τὸ τοῦ PD.

b 6 είς τοῦτο διαλύεσθαι καί] είς τοῦτο διαλύεσθαι είς τοῦτο καί PD+.

33 ή διαφόρους είδει om. PD†.

1174 a 15 οὐδενός] τινός PD†.

24 καὶ αὖται τῆς τοῦ ναοῦ ποιήσεως om. PD+.

b 3 οὐκ ἐν] οὐδ' ἐν P, οὐδέν D†.

1174 b 21 ή τελειστάτη] ή τελειότης PD†.

1175 α 4 ἀδυνατεί] καὶ ἀδυνατεί Ρ, καὶ οὐ δυνατεί D.

7 διά om. PD+.

b 15,16 αἱ δ' ἀλλότριαι λυμαίνονται δῆλον ὡς πολὺ διεστᾶσιν σχεδὸν γάρ om. D, habet P.

17 Φθείρουσι γὰρ τὰς ἐνεργείας αἱ οἰκεῖαι λῦπαι om. PD.

1176 a 30 εληημένων. Here D leaves space for two lines blank, and then begins a new section headed περὶ εὐδαιμονίας in red ink. P goes on without a break.

b 32 δέ P] γάρ D in textu; δέ superscr. manus haud scio an prima.

1177 a 20 δ νοῦς τῶν ἐν ἡμῖν om. P spatio ix litt. relicto, habet D.

22 ἢ πράττειν om. P spatio relicto, habet D.

b 13 περιποιουμένη περιποιουμένου P, syll. ult. in ras. Περιποιουμένας D.

23 τῷ μακαρίω Ρ, τῶν μακαρίων D.

1178 a 24 χορηγίας P, om. D.

b 20 ἀφηρημένω PD.

1179 a 11 τά ante κάλλιστα om. PD.

12 ώς ὤετο om. PD†.

18 τὸ δ' ἀληθὲς ἐν] τὰληθὲς δ' ἐν Ρ, τὰ δ' ἀληθὲς δ' ἐν D,

1180 a 11 όρεγόμενον] παρεχόμενον PD†.

b 23 αἱ ἐπιστῆμαι] αἱπιστῆμαι PD†.

1181 a 10 ἄν P] ἀλλά D.

While the hypothesis that D is a copy of P seems to me to be discountenanced by much in the foregoing list, and to be absolutely excluded by the occurrence in D of the words κοινωνῆσαι νόμου κ.τ.λ., 1161 b 7, 8; the counter hypothesis, that P is a copy of D, is inadmissible in view of such differences between the two MSS. as those which meet us at 1100 a 12; 1117 b 6, 7; 1136 a 8–10; 1172 a 28, 29; 1172 b 27; 1172 b 30; 1175 b 15, 16; 1177 a 20. The great similarity however (in omissions and other blunders) between the two MSS. warrants us in supposing that they are both copies of one original. P was probably copied directly from it; D, through an intermediate MS. altered in such places as 1098 a 21; 1112 b 21; 1137 a 3; 1146 a 35; 1172 b 27; 1172 b 30; 1175 a 4; 1177 a 20; 1177 a 22.

Brit. Mus. addit. 14080 (B1) is a codex with twenty-seven lines to the page and about thirty letters to the line. It is described in the

Catalogue as follows—'Aristotelis Ethicorum ad Nicomachum libri decem; ejusdem Moralium Magnorum libri duo, *Graecc.* On vellum, xvth cent. octavo. From the Monastery of S. Leonard, near Verona [14080].'

Addit. 6790 (B²) is a cod. membr. quarto, containing the Nic. Ethics only, sec. xv. It has twenty-six lines to the page and about thirty-six letters to the line.

A and C in the Eth. Nic. and D were collated by Wilkinson in 1715 in an extremely inaccurate and meagre fashion, Zell, Michelet, and lastly Susemihl, derive their information regarding the MSS, which they quote frequently, from Wilkinson 1. Wilkinson never, I may say, notices omissions, long or short, which are evidently blunders—the long lacuna in D from 1161 b 8 to 1172 a 1 he actually passes over in silence. betraving Michelet, and after him Susemihl, into an inferential quotation. 1166 b 12, from that MS. in a part which does not exist; -- nor does he notice the fact that in A there are four leaves of inferior vellum in an obviously later hand; he more often than not gives a later correction as the original reading; he never notes erasures: his constant habit is to quote two of his three MSS. (CCC=C, NC=D, El = A) for a various reading, and leave it to be inferred that the reading of his text is that of the third, which is by no means always, or even often, the case; and finally, while it is always dangerous to draw inferences from his silence, as Michelet too often does, his distinct references to his MSS., even if they were accurate, are too few to be of much use. But the following notes made at random will show the character of a collation in which subsequent editors have placed too much confidence.

In the First Book I have counted only twenty-eight places in which Wilkinson gives distinctly and correctly the readings of C(CCC); whereas I have noted 150 places in this Book remarkable for readings peculiar to the MS. or common to it with one or two others. In some of the other Books his references to C(CCC) and D(NC) are even less numerous.

¹ Bekker quotes C four times—p. 1099 correctly; 1118 correctly; 1125, where his quotation is not distinct. C has—παρρησιαστής γὰρ διὰ τὸ καταφρονητικὸς εἶναι καταφρονητικὸς δὲ διὸ παρρησιαστικὸς καὶ ἀληθευτικὸς πλὴν ὅσα μὴ δι' εἰρωνείαν κ.τ.λ.; 1170 incorrectly. C has in marg. ἐσθλῶν μὲν ἄπ' ἐσθλὰ, not ἐσθλὰ μὲν ἀπ' ἐσθλῶν.

In 1096 a 20 Wilkinson's text has $\epsilon v \tau \hat{\varphi} \tau l \epsilon \sigma \tau v$, and his note is ' $\epsilon \sigma \tau l$ deest NC, El. et Ven. 2.' From this one might suppose that CCC reads $\epsilon \sigma \tau v$, but it omits it.

In III3 a I Wilkinson's text has $\mathring{\eta}$ πέπεται $\mathring{\eta}$ πεποίωται ως δεί. His notes are ' $\mathring{\eta}$ πέπεται El. non habet (it has);' and 'πεποίηται Andron. et Bas. $\mathring{\eta}$ πεποίωται Camerarius omittit.' Michelet's inference from this is 'Sic vulgatam tueri videntur soli NC et CCC.' NC indeed has $\mathring{\eta}$ πέπτεται (sic) $\mathring{\eta}$ πεποίωται ως δεί, but CCC omits $\mathring{\eta}$ πεποίωται altogether, and for πέπεπται has πεπαισθαι, corrected by a later hand to πεπαισται.

In 1102 b 8 CCC has $\hat{\eta}$ où $\lambda \acute{\epsilon} \gamma \epsilon \tau a \iota$ —the accent and breathing above the η being on an erasure, and the où having been crossed out. Wilkinson, who reads $\hat{\eta}$ $\lambda \acute{\epsilon} \gamma \epsilon \tau a \iota$, says in his note ' $\hat{\eta}$ $\lambda \acute{\epsilon} \gamma \epsilon \tau a \iota$ CCC, $\hat{\eta}$ où $\lambda \acute{\epsilon} \gamma \epsilon \tau a \iota$ NC,' which Michelet reproduces. The NC reading is correctly given.

In 1110 a 6, 7 Wilkinson says 'πράξαντες μὲν σάζοιντο, μὴ πράξαντες δὲ ἀποθνήσκοιεν nostri MSS.'—a statement quoted by Michelet. CCC reads πράξαντος in both places, and πράξαντες is a later correction. NC, however, has πράξαντες.

In 1116 b 24 Wilkinson reads $\hat{\epsilon}\pi\iota\phi\hat{\epsilon}\rho ov\sigma\iota v$ and says in a note that El. and CCC marg. have $\hat{\alpha}r\alpha\phi\hat{\epsilon}\rho ov\sigma\iota$. This is repeated by Michelet. The truth, however, is that CCC has in the text $\phi\hat{\epsilon}\rho ov\sigma\iota v$ with K^b alone; $\hat{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ stands above the line in a later hand; and $\hat{\alpha}r\alpha\phi\hat{\epsilon}\rho ov\sigma\iota$ on the margin. NC has $\hat{\alpha}r\alpha\phi\hat{\epsilon}\rho ov\sigma\iota v$, and El. has $\phi\hat{\epsilon}\rho ov\sigma\iota v$ by prima man., and $\hat{\alpha}r\alpha\phi\hat{\epsilon}\rho ov\sigma\iota$ by later correction.

In 1131 b 31 Wilkinson reads $\tau \tilde{\alpha}$ $\epsilon l \sigma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \chi \theta \acute{\epsilon} \nu \tau a$, and says in his note (correctly) ' $\pi \rho o \sigma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \chi \theta \acute{\epsilon} \nu \tau a$ El.,' leaving it to be supposed that CCC has $\epsilon l \sigma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \chi \theta \acute{\epsilon} \nu \tau a$, but it has $\pi \rho o \sigma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \chi \theta \acute{\epsilon} \nu \tau a$ with K^b and P^b , which has been changed by a later hand into $\epsilon l \sigma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \chi \theta \acute{\epsilon} \nu \tau a$. NC, however, has $\epsilon l \sigma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \chi \theta \acute{\epsilon} \nu \tau a$.

Of the numerous omissions and other blunders in Books iii, iv, and v of CCC, which, as we shall see afterwards, establish such a close connection between that MS. and K^{b} , Wilkinson scarcely records three or four.

The following mistakes with regard to the readings of C (O^1) and D (O^2) require correction in Susemihl's edition of the Eth. Nic.:—

- '1106 a 8 πάσχειν] πράττειν Ο² (=D).' D reads πάσχειν. C has πράττειν.
- '1107 a 30 κενώτεροι pr O¹ (=C), κοινότεροι O².' C has κενότεροι p. m., and corr. later κενώτεροι; and above the line γρ. κοινότεροι. D has καινότεροι.
- ' 1107 b 11 δε αὐτάς Ο2.' D has δ' εαυτάς.
- '1109 a 31 ἡ Καλυψώ] ἡ κίρκη Ο¹.' C has in the text ἡ κίρκη καλυψώ. A line has been drawn through καλυψώ, which, however, a later hand has again supplied on the margin.
- ' IIII b 2 ἔτι καὶ ai mg. Ol.' C reads ai δέ, and on the margin in a later hand has γρ. ὥστε καὶ ai.
- '1121 a 33 τοῦτο ποιείν Ο1.' C has μή τοῦτο ποιείν with Kb alone.
- '1125 a 24 νωθροί Ο¹.' C has ὀκνηροί with γρ. νωθροί on the margin.
- 1129 b 10 The clause καὶ παράνομος after κοινόν is on the margin of C, but not obviously later.
- ' 1145 b 15 πάντας Ο1.' C has πάντως.
- ' 1147 a 19 post σημείον add, τοῦ εἰδέναι Ο².' D adds τοῦ ἐνεργείν κατὰ τὴν ἐπιστήμην.
- ' 1155 a 17 πρός—γεννηθέντι add. O'.' C omits in the text καὶ πρὸς—γεννηθέντι, but adds these words on the margin in a hand not obviously different.
- " 1157 a 24 ἄλλαις έταιρίαις Ο2.' D has ἄλλαις έτερίαις.
- ' 1166 b 12 μισοῦσί τε καί Ο².' I have already pointed out that this is an inference from Wilkinson's silence. D is non-existent here. See p. 13.

I now proceed to present the results of my collations of A, B¹, B², C, and D, arranging the readings of these MSS, as they agree with KʰMʰ or LʰOʰ and KʰOʰ or LʰMʰ, in the various Books of the Ethics. Where it seems necessary for the determination of the problem of relationship, I shall also give their readings as they agree with, or differ from, those of other groups and of single MSS. The readings quoted from Ald, in the following lists are given mainly on the authority of Susemihl's actual citations from that edition, and on the strength of my own inferences from his silence, it being assumed that his collation was a verbatim one. I had a copy of the Ald, edition beside me, however, when I made these lists, and was able to verify and, in some cases, correct my inferences. But as I did not do so quite systematically, some errors—I hope not many—may have crept into my lists.

BOOK I.				
	KbMb.	LbOb.		
1094a 8	om. AD.	καί CAld.B¹B².		
13	κατὰ τόν Α.	τόν CDAld.B ¹ B ² .		
b 8	τε AC.	γε Ald.B¹B²D.		
23	<i>ξκαστα</i> Α	εκαστον B¹B²CDAld.		
1095 a 27	τούτοις πᾶσι τοῦ εἶναι ἀγαθὰ	τοίσδε πᾶσιν αἴτιόν έστιν τοῦ εἶναι ἀγαθά		
	αἴτιόν ἐστιν Α.	CB ¹ B ² DAld.		
32	δ πλάτων Α.	πλάτων CDB¹B²Ald.		
b 23	τοῦτο CD.	τοῦτο τό Ald.AB¹B².		
27	εἶναι ἀγαθούς Α.	ἀγαθοὺς εἶναι CDAld,Β¹Β².		
1096a 9	καί.	καίτοι B¹B²CAAld.D.		
23	τούτοις.	τούτων B¹B²CAAld.D.		
b i	<i>ἐν ἀνθρώπ</i> ω Α.	ἀνθρώπῳ CB¹B²Ald.D.		
8	ἔσται AB¹B².	ἔστω CDAld.		
10	ποιείσθαι Α.	εἰρῆσθαι CB¹B²DAld.		
26	om. A.	γε B¹B²CDAld.		
32	om. AAld.	καί CB¹B²D.		
32	καί Α.	τό CDAld.B¹B².		
33	αὐτό τι Α.	τι αὐτό CDAld.B¹B².		
10972 4	τινὰ ἔχει Α.	ἔχει τινά CDAld.B¹B².		
7	τοὺς τεχνίτας ἄπαντας Α.	απαντας τοὺς τεχνίτας Β¹Β²DCAld.		
26	<i>ϵ̃τερον</i> Α.	ε̃τερα B¹B²CDAld.		
b 10	γυναιξί.	γυναικί ACB¹B²Ald.D.		
1098a 3	δέ.	δή ACAld.		
1099 a 10	φιλοθεώρω ACDAld.B¹B².	φιλοθεάμονι.		
14	δ' ἀεὶ αἱ Α.	δ' αἱ CB¹B²DAld.		
30	τὴν ἀρίστην AAld.B¹B².	ἀρίστην D.		
	τὴν ἀρετήν C.			
b 9	ή καὶ ἄλλως.	† ἄλλως AB¹B²DAld.C in ras.		
20	η τὸ διά.	η̈́ διά ACB¹B²DAld.		
1100 a 8	τρωικοίς	ήρωικοῖς ACB¹B²Ald.D.		
17	τῶν post καί Α.	om. CDAld.B ¹ B ² .		
b 35	καὶ τὰ φαῦλα Α.	καὶ φαῦλα CDAld.B¹B².		
1101 a 21	μέν ACDB¹B².	om.		
b 12	δή ACAld.B¹B²D.	$\delta\epsilon$.		
29	κρείττων D.	κρείττον ACB¹B²Ald.		
1102 a 5	ἐπεί ACDAld.B¹B².	el.		

1102 a 12	ή σκέψις αύτη CAld, B ¹ B ² D,	αύτη ή σκέψις.
	[ή ἐπίσκεψις αὕτη Α.]	
р 13	τῆs ACDAld.B¹B².	om.
14	άκρατοῦς καὶ έγκρατοῦς A.	έγκ. καὶ ἀκρ. Β¹Β²CAld.
17	$ au\epsilon$,	om. ACB¹B²D.
	KbOb.	$_{ m L^bM^b}$.
1095a 3	πράξεων ACB¹B²DAld.	πραγμάτων.
b 4	<i>ἔθεσιν</i> AD.	ήθεσιν CAld.
7	έχει C [ὁ δὲ τοιοῦτος έχων	έχοι.
	λάβοι ἄν Α].	
13	βάλληται ΑD.	βάληται CAld.
1100 a 28	συμμεταβάλοι Ald.KbOb.	συμμεταβάλλοι L ^b M ^b .
	συμμεταβάλει C.	συμμεταβάλλει ΑD.
1101 a 26	καθ' έκαστον AAld.	καθ' έκαστα CD.
1102 a 19	ψυχῆς.	ψυχήν ACDAld.
The f	following list contains the	C readings in Book i. which I
noted as a	greeing with Ald. in othe	r connexions than those recogn
in the list	s just given. Where D	is not cited either as agreeing

have nised with C Ald. or differing from them, I have not ascertained its reading.

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1094 α 10 ἀρετήν Β¹Β² [δύναμιν ΑD].
       27 δή καὶ ή Ν<sup>b</sup>Γ [δ' ή D].
     b 22 δέ Ob [δή D].
1005 b 10
          post νοήση add. φρασσάμενος τά κ' έπειτα καὶ ές τέλος ἦσιν ἀμείνω Β¹Β²Μb
              [om. AD].
           τό post καί add. MbObD.
1006a 18
           έκάστη ObrD.
1097 a 18
          τὸ αὐτό.
       24
           αναγράφειν MbObB¹B² [αναγράψαι AD].
1098a 22
           συμπεριλαμβάνουσι MbObD.
     b 26
           αλλ' ἐπί τι κοὶ τὰ πλεῖστα ΜοΟο [άλλ' ἔν γε τι ἡ καὶ τὰ πλεῖστα D, ἀλλ' ἔν
              γέ τι ή πλείστα Α].
           είναι φαμεν HaMbP2DB1B2.
1099 a 30
           θεῶν ἐστί HaMbObP2D.
    bII
1101a 8
          γε MbP2D.
           οὔθ' HaLbOb [οὖδ' MbP2D].
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ΙΙ έκ τῶν τοιούτων δ' οὐκ LbD.
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19 καί post πάντη add. Ob [om. D].

1102 a 2 $d\rho\chi\dot{\eta}\nu$ MbOb $[d\rho\chi\dot{\eta}$ D].

3 πάντα post πάντες HaObP2.

The following list contains the C readings which I have noted as differing from Ald. in other connexions than those recognised in the $K^bM^b-L^bO^b$ and $K^bO^b-L^bM^b$ lists:—

		4
	C.	_Ald.
1097 b 21	$\tau \hat{\omega} \nu$.	πάντων τῶν Mb pr. P².
1098b 7	δοκεῖ οὖν γάρ.	δοκεῖ οὖν [δοκεῖ γάρ D].
7	η̈́ D.	η τό HaP2.
7	συμφανη̂.	ϵ μ ϕ αν $\hat{\eta}$ M^{b} .
1099 a 22	άλλὰ μήν γε ἀγαθαὶ καὶ καλαί	άλλὰ μὴν καὶ ἀγαθαί γε καὶ καλαί ObP2C m.
	Mb.	rec. [AD=Bekker].
28	οὖ τις ἐρᾶται τυχεῖν ΗαΜbNb	δὲ τυχεῖν οὖ τις ἔκαστος ἐρᾳ.
	P2A [οὖ τις ἐρᾶ τυχεῖν D].	
1099b 1	διά,	ἢ διά.
6	η̈́ LbMbOb.	om. Kb.
33	ἄλλο τι τῶν ΗαΜbObP².	ἄλλο τῶν D.
1101 b 15	τὰ ἔργα καὶ τὰς πράξεις HaLb	τὰς πράξεις καὶ τὰ ἔργα Kb.
	MbObD.	
1102 a 25	πλεῖον.	πλεῖστον LbD.
33	τοῦ αὔξεσθαι D.	τοῦ αὐξάνεσθαι.
b 5	διάδηλοι.	διάδηλος P2.
13	δέ KbLb.	δή HaMbObP2r.

 om. $L^bCB^1B^2$. In 1101 a 20, C reads (as Michelet correctly states) $\mu a\kappa a\rho i v s \delta^* \delta s \delta u^0 \rho \delta m ovs$, with Par. 2023 (Susemihl's P¹), the Paraphrast, Eustratius, and Γ . All other authorities (including A B¹ B² D) omit δs . The word is described by Michelet as prima manu superscriptum in Par. 2023; but Susem. simply says corr. P¹. In C a dot has been placed below δs . Coraes reads δs without note.

The following list contains a large selection of the cases in which K^b is unique among Bekker's MSS. in Book i, and is given in order to show the extent of the agreement of A with these unique readings:—

1004 b ο γάρ A, om. Kb.

1095 a 5 ἀκούσεται Α, ἀκούεται pr. Kb.

13 προοιμιάσθω Kb, πεπροοιμιάσθω A [B¹B²=Bek.].

b 32 каі om. KbA.

1096 a 5 ἐχομένοις Κ^bΑ [B¹B²=Bek].

31 ην Α, είη ΚbD.

b 20 πλείον K^b , πλήν A (but ήν in ras.) B^1B^2 .

1098 a 11 κιθαρίζειν Kb, τὸ κιθαρίζειν AB1B2.

b 8 δέ Kb, δή A.

ο ἐκ τοῦ Α, ἐκάστου Kb.

11 συνάδει Α, συνδεί Kb.

17 ύπὸ τῶν φιλοσοφούντων ὀρθῶς δὲ καί om. ΚλΑ.

30 συνοδός AD, σύνορός Kb.

1000 a 6 ἐπίβολοι ΚbAB2.

10, 11 τὸν αὐτὸν δὲ τρόπον καὶ τὰ δίκαια τῷ φιλοδικαίῳ om. Kb, habet A.

13 τοιαῦται KbB¹B²D, τοιαῦτα Α.

22 ἀλλὰ μὴν καὶ ἀγαθαί γε καὶ καλαί Α. ἀλλὰ μὴν καὶ ἀγαθαί τε καὶ καλαί Κ^b.

1100 a 32 τό post δή add. Kb, om. AB¹B²CD.

1101 a 13 τελείφ AB¹B², δλίγφ Kb.

1102 a 6 post ἐπισκεπτέον add. αν είη KbA [om. B¹B²CD].

12 άλλότριον Kb, ἄμοιρον Α.

b 34 πᾶσα ἡ Kb, πᾶσα A.

1103 а 7 ή А, каі Кb.

The results for Book i, may be summed up as follow— K^b and M^b agreeing in thirty-eight places against L^b and O^b , C agrees with L^b and O^b in twenty-nine of them, and with K^b and M^b in nine. Ald, agrees with L^b

and O^b also in twenty-nine of these thirty-eight places—twenty-seven times in company with C—and with K^b and M^b in six—five times in company with C. Under the K^bO^b — L^bM^b head, of the seven agreements of C, five are in company with Ald. The evidence for the close relationship between C and Ald. is farther increased by the CAld. list: while the C—Ald. list shows a certain amount of divergence. C and Ald. are evidently descended in this Book from a not remote common ascendant which resembled O^b closely, but embodied certain corrections from a MS. or MSS. resembling M^b . The C Ald. readings on the K^bM^b side of my first list are all, I think, explicable on the hypothesis of a MS. resembling O^b having been corrected in these places from one resembling M^b .

D, though closely related to C and Ald., is not so closely related to them as they are to each other. The number and quality of its divergences in the C Ald. list must be set against the fact that in the $K^bM^b-L^bO^b$ list its agreements are principally on the L^bO^b side, and in company with Ald. and C.

A in this Book belongs, with M^b , distinctly to the K^b family. $B^{\rm I}$ and $B^{\rm 2}$ belong as distinctly to the L^b family.

BOOK II.

BOOK II.			
	KbMb.	LbOb.	
1103 a 22	om. A.	αὐτόν CDAld.B¹B².	
32	τῶν ἄλλων τεχνῶν CB¹B²DA Ald.	τῶν τεχνῶν τῶν ἄλλων.	
b 15	γινόμεθα post $dνθρώπουs$ AB^1 B^2DCAld .	γινόμεθα post ἄδικοι.	
1104 a 25	τις ACAld.B¹B²D.	om.	
27	αὶ φθοραί Ald.AD.	φθοραί CB ¹ B ² .	
b 34	τε ACAld.B¹B²D.	om.	
1105 a 19	om. A.	τά post καί CB¹B²DAld.	
24	τι post γραμματικόν ACAld.	τι post ἐάν Β¹ [ἐάν τι καὶ γραμματικόν τι	
	D.	ποιήση B ²].	
27	γινόμενα ACB¹B²DAld.	γενόμενα.	
28	ταῦτα ACB¹B²Ald.	αὐτά D.	
29	ểάν ACB¹B²DAld.	$\ddot{a}\nu_{*}$	
32	καὶ προαιρούμενος CAld.	om. NbP ² A.	

rrorh 4	űπερ ἐκ AD.	ἄπερ καὶ ἐκ Β¹Β²CAld.
22		μίσος φιλίαν.
	πρός ACB¹B²AldD.	καθ.
	προς ACD-D-AluD. ἴσφ A.	ισως CB¹B²DAld.
	•	άποτελεί.
	ϵ πιτελε $\hat{\iota}$ B ¹ B ² CDA (omitting $\epsilon \hat{v}$).	
27	ἄρα ἐστίν ACB¹B²DAld.	έστὶν ἄρα,
35	παντοδαπῶς δὲ κακοί ACAld. B^1B^2D .	κακοὶ δὲ παυτοδαπῶς.
1107 a 23	τὸ τό Ald,B¹B².	τό CD [A has a short lacuna here which is filled up on the margin, where τό stands only once].
ъ 3	δ' ἐν τῷ Α.	δ ε τ φ B2Ald.DC [B1 has a short lacuna here].
26	αΰτη.	αὐτή ACB¹B²Ald.D.
1108a 2	ἐν D.	om. B¹B²CAldA (A also omits τοῖς
		before $\xi \hat{\xi} \hat{\eta} \hat{s}$).
28,:	29 el AD.	δ B¹B²CAld.
bii	δέ ACB¹B²DAld.	δή.
30	τόν.	μὲν τό ACB¹B²DAld.
1109 a 23	τοῖς πάθεσι καὶ (ἐν ΑΚb) ταῖς πράξεσιν ΑCΒ¹Β²DAld.	ταῖς πράξεσι καὶ τοῖς πάθεσιν.
26	δέ ACAld.	$\delta \dot{\eta}$.
b 5	ἀπάγοντες AD.	ἀπαγαγόντες Β¹Β²CAld.
	KbOb.	$L^{b}M^{b}$.
1103 a 26	παραγίνεται ACB¹Β²D.	περιγίνεται.
b 18	τά AC.	om. Ald.
1104 b 21	φαῦλαι CAld.	φαῦλοι ΑD.
1106 a 23	ξαυτοῦ ΑC.	αὐτοῦ.
30	έκατέρου ACAld.	έκατέρων.
1108 b 35	ἀντίκειται CAld.	ἀντίκεινται Α.

The following list contains the C readings which I have noted in the Second Book as agreeing with Ald. in other connexions than those recognised in the foregoing list. No inferences must be drawn from my silence regarding other MSS.

CAld.

1103 b 10 $\,$ οί ante οἰκοδόμοι, add. $H^aN^bP^2D$ [om. AB^1B^2].

32 ὑπερκείσθω $DN^bP^2B^1B^2$ [ὑποκείσθω A].

33 δ ante $\delta \rho \theta \delta s$ add. MbNbA.

34 προδιωμολογίσθω C, προδιωμολογήσθω B^iB^2 , προδιωμολογείσθω Ald. [προομολογείσθω L^bO^b , προδιομολογείσθω AD].

1104 b 14 πράξεις καὶ πάθη ΚbΓA et corr. P2.

32 πάντα μὲν ταῦτα ΗαΝδΡ2 [πάντα μὲν δὴ ταῦτα D, ταῦτα μὲν πάντα A].

1105 a 7 η LbDB¹B² [καί A].

b 6 $\hat{\eta}$ δ Kb [$\tilde{\eta}$ A].

8 of post δίκαιοι καί L^bA .

1106 a 8 πράττειν B^1B^2 [πάσχειν DA].

b τ pro $\mu\nu$ aî, $\mu\nu$ âs NbObP²ΓΒ¹ ut videtur [$\mu\nu$ aί KbA, $\mu\nu$ aî B²D].

22 $\epsilon \pi i \ B^1 B^2 N^b P^2 \left[\epsilon \sigma \tau i \ D, \ \epsilon \sigma \tau i \nu \ \epsilon \pi i \ A K^b \right]$.

1107 b 24 δε λέγομεν NbP2Γ [δε ελέγομεν A].

1108 a 3 λέγομεν LbNbP2D [λέγωμεν A].

The following list contains the C readings which I have noted in Book ii. as differing from Ald. in other connexions than those recognised in the K^bM^b — L^bO^b , and K^bO^b — L^bM^b lists:—

C

1103 a 22 τό Α.

b 18 τά prius A [τάς D].

18 om. Mb.

1104 a 1 πρακτέων Κ^bL^bM^bAB¹B².

27 αὐξήσεις.

b 31 ὄντων τῶν MbNbP² [τῶν AD].

1105 a 11 ἀρετῆ AB¹B².

b 2 πρὸς δὲ τό [πρὸς δέ KbA].

19 μετὰ δὲ ταῦτα τί ἐστιν ἡ ἀρετὴ $\xi \xi \hat{\eta} s$.

1107 a 16 ην.

23 ἄκρον [lacuna in A, but margin has ἄκρον].

28 om. A.

b ΙΙ δέ κατ' αὐτάς.

Ald.

om. Lb.

om. Lb.

τά alterum AD.

πρακτῶν ObD.

αί αὐξήσεις AMbP2.

őντων LbOb.

ήθικη MbD, Par. 1417, pr. P², rec. Lb.

τὸ δὲ πρός.

μετὰ δὲ ταῦτα τί ἐστιν ἡ ἀρετή LbObB¹B²Γ [τί δ' ἐστιν ἡ ἀρετὴ ἐξῆς ΚbAD.

ή [η A].

ἄκρων ΜbNbP2.

εν post καί add. LbΓ.

δὲ αὐτάς A pr. ut vid. sed man. rec. δ' έαυταῖς [δ' έαυτάς D].

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1107 b 21 pro π \hat{n}, \hat{\phi} L^b O^b M^b N^b P^2 \mid \delta. (coir. iec. π \hat{\eta} C, π \hat{\eta} AK^b). 27 μικράν B^i B^2. \mid μικρά AK^b L^b N^b. σμικράν D.
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Among the following quotations will be found all the cases which I have noted in Book ii, of agreement between C and K^b where the latter is unique in its reading among Bekker's MSS.— $L^bM^bO^b$. The only case of $C=L^b$ unique which I have noted heads the list of quotations:—

1103 b 29 ἀναγκαῖον ἐπισκέψασθαι LbCB¹B², ἀναγκαῖον ἐστι σκέψασθαι AD. See Rassow's Forsch. p. 55. He defends the reading of Lb on the ground that ἀναγκαῖον never occurs in the Ethics, and seldom in other Aristotelian writings, with the copula. 1105 a 21 τ d ante μουσικά add. KbAD om. C cum cet. 1105 a 26 τε add. KbP²ACD, om. Bek. cum cet. 1105 b 11 μελλήσειε KbP²AC, μελήσειε cet. 1107 b 7 οὐδ' ὀνύματος τετύχηκεν οὐδ' ὁ τοιοῦτος' ἔστω δὲ ἀναίσθητος D, A= Bekker, οὐδ' οὖτοι ὀνόματος τετύχηκαν υἔστωσων δ' ἀναίσθητοι B¹B². 1109 a 29 διόπερ KbCB¹B²Ald., post διόπερ αdd. ἐστί β¹B²CLbObMbNbP²Ald., D reads ὅπερ ἐστὶ τί (sic) εὖ κοὶ σπάνιον δικὶ ἐπαινετὸν καὶ καλόν, A reads ὅπερ ἔστι τὸ εὖ καὶ σπάνιον καὶ ἐπαινετὸν καὶ καλόν, A reads ὅπερ ἔστι τὸ εὖ καὶ σπάνιον καὶ ἐπαινετὸν καὶ καλόν. 1109 a 32 for τούτου B¹B²C have ὁς τοῦ with LbOb, Ald. has τὸ τοῦ, A has τὸ τοῦ, and D τὸ μὲν τοῦ. 1109 b 15 καί πως KbLbCD A. 1109 b 24 δηλοῖ ACD.

The following list shows the extent of the agreement in Book ii. between A and K^b where the readings of the latter are unique among those of Bekker's MSS.:—

```
1103 b 7 καί ante γίνεται om. KbA [habent B¹B²C].
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- 9 of ante κακοί om. Kb habent AC.
- 15 γινόμενα Kb, γινόμεθα ACDB¹B².
- 17 η AC om Kb.
- 24 εὐθέως Κ^bΑ [εὐθύς Β¹Β²CD].
- 27 ή ἀρετή τί Κ Α [τί ἐστιν ἡ ἀρετή C].
- 29 έστι σκέψασθαι AD, ην σκέψασθαι Kb.
- 1104 a 3 ἀπαιτηταιοι Kb pr., ἀπαιτητέοι A, sed έ in ras. scripsit librarius ipse.
 - 8 πρός Β¹Β²C] περί ΚbA.
 - 10 τοῦ om. Kb, habent AC.
 - 19 ἄλλων om. Kb, habent AC.

1104 a 24 πασαν Kb, πάσας AC.

24 ἄγροι K^b , ἄγροικοι AD, ἄγρικοί (sic) C, ἀγροῖκοι B^1B^2 .

25 γάρ AC, δέ Kb.

32 δύναται ταῦτα ACD, å δύναιτ' αὐτά Kbpr, ầν δύναιτ' αὐτά γρ. mg³ (rubr.) Kb.

b 18 πρότερον AB¹B²C, πρώην Kb.

29 έτι ACB¹B², ὅτι Kb.

32 βλαβεροῦ KbA [ἀσυμφόρου LbMbNbObrHaP2DB1B2CAld.].

1105 a 3 συντετράφθαι Kb, συντέθραπται ACB1B2.

21 τά ante μουσικά add. KbAD, om. C.

26 τε add. KbP2ACD.

32 διὰ ταῦτα ΓΚ Α, δι' αὐτά С.

b 21 ἄν τι ΓΚbAD, τι ἄν C.

22 θάρσος post φθόνον ΚbA.

31 - η C] кай KbA.

1106 а 9 каl om. Kb, habent AC.

b τ εί τω AC, δι Kb.

1 μναί KbA [μναί DB², μνας B¹C pr.].

13 el d' ol KbA, ol d' CrLbP2Ald.

22 ἐστί D, ἐστὶν ἐπί ΚλΑ, ἐπί CB¹B².

1107 a 26 οὔτε KbAD, οὐδέ C.

b 7, 8 διόπερ οὐδ' ὀνόματος τετυχήκασιν οὐδ' οἱ τοιοῦτοι K^bA , διόπερ οὐδ' οὖτοι ὀνόματος τετυχήκασιν C, διόπερ οὐδ' ὀνόματος τετύχηκεν οὐδ' ὁ τοιοῦτος D, mox ἔστω δὲ ἀναίσθητος.

11 δ' έαυτας A man. rec.] δὲ αὐτάς A pr. ut videtur, δ' έαυτάς D, κατ' αὐτάς C, δέ Kb.

20 διαφέρουσι δὲ αὖται τῶν περὶ τὴν ἐλευθεριότητα om. Kb, habent AC.

32,33 ἔστι μὲν ὅτε τὸν μέσον φιλότιμον καλοῦμεν ἔστι δ' ὅτε ἀφιλότιμον καί om. Kb, habent AC.

1108 a 1 εστι δ' ότε τὸν ἀφιλότιμον om. Kb, habent AC.

8 δ' έλλειψις ΑC] δὲ κακία Kb.

12 ή μεν ὅτι ἔστιν ΚοΑ, ὅτι ἡ μέν ἐστι С.

35 δ post ή om. Kb, habent AC.

35 μηδέν Kb, μηδέ AC.

1109 à 23 έν τοῖς πάθεσι καὶ έν ταῖς πράξεσιν ΚδΑ.

29 διόπερ $K^bCB^1B^2$, ὅπερ ἔστι AD.

31 παραινεί ΚbA, παρήνει CDB¹B².

b 18 ἀποκαλοῦντες Κb, ἀποκαλοῦμεν ΑC.

25 ὅτε—ὅτε Κb, τότε—τότε ACD.

The results for Book ii. may be summed up. Kb and Mb agreeing in twenty-nine places against Lb and Ob, C sides with Kb and Mb in eighteen of them, and with Lb and Ob in eleven of them. Ald, sides with Kb and Mb in seventeen of these twenty-nine places, fifteen times in company with C, and in ten of these sides with L^b and O^b, nine times in company with C. In the small KbOb-LbMb list C sides with Kb and Ob in all six places, in three of them with Ald. The C Ald, and C-Ald, lists show considerable agreement and considerable divergence between C and Ald. Here again, as in Book i, C and Ald. are evidently descended from a not remote common ascendant, which, however, seems to have been related to Mb, and to have embodied very considerable corrections from a MS. or MSS. resembling Ob. The LbOb readings of C and Ald. can, I think, be explained without difficulty as the results of correction of this kind. 1103 a 22, the omission in KbMb is corrected by the insertion of αὐτόν; (1104 a 27, the omission with LbOb of at by C may be explained by accident, καί preceding αί); 1105 a 19, τά inserted; 1105 b 4, καί inserted; 1106 a 34, a simple correction; 1107 a 23, the reading of C, may be explained by homeoteleuton; 1107 b 3, C and Ald. omit &v-a word which is omitted with extraordinary frequency by MSS.; 1107 b 26, a simple correction; 1108 a 2, the omission of έν puts C Ald, on the LbOb side: 1108 a 28, 29, a simple correction: 1108 b 30, if the common ascendant of C and Ald, read $\tau \delta \nu$ it would be corrected, since all MSS., except apparently K^b and M^b, have μèν τό; 1109 b 5, a simple correction. The KbOb-LbMb readings are not worth noticing specially. In 1103 b 29 and 1109 a 29, C, B1 and B2 preserve readings of Lb and Kb respectively, which have been lost by all other MSS, whose readings have been recorded (see p. 23).

In the following places D=C, no other MSS, being quoted, so far as I know, for the readings. 1103 b 5, διαμαρτάνουσι; 1103 b 6, ἔτι καί; 1106 a 23, δ ἄνθρωπος ἀγαθός; 1106 b 32, post ἐλλείπει add. τοῦ δέωντος.

 B^1 and B^2 , which are practically identical in this Book, belong with D to the same group as C and Ald., i.e. to a group which resembles M^b rather than O^b , and is somewhat distantly related to K^b .

A, as in the First Book, belongs distinctly to the K^b family.

	BOC	K III.
	КьОь.	LbMb.
1110a 14	έκούσιον δη καὶ (τὸ KbB2D),	άκούσιον δή καὶ τὸ έκούσιον B1.
	ἀκούσιον ADB², lacuna in	
	C.	
25	ύπερτείνει post φύσιν ACB ¹ B ² DAld.	ύπερτείνει ante ένια.
p 13	$\delta \epsilon AD$.	δή CB¹B²Ald.
	ἔστω B¹B²CAld.A.	έσται [έστίν D].
iiiia i	καί post γάρ CD.	om. AAld.B ¹ B ² .
6	űν A.	om. CB¹B²DAld.
25	om.	δι' CAB¹B²Ald.D.
11121 1	δόξη $O^bAB^1B^2DAld.C$, δόξει K^b .	καὶ δόξη.
7	add. &s Nb.	om. AB¹B²CDAld.
14	οὐθέν D.	οὐθέν ἐστιν ΑΒ¹Β²С.
20	βουλεύσαιτ' ἄν τις Α.	άν τις βουλεύσαιτο B1B2DCAlc
b 15	τίνων ACB ¹ B ² Ald.D.	Tivos.
1113 a 33	ἄν ObCDB¹B²Ald. ὄν Kb.	om. A.
b 13	ἄρα,	* ACDDID2A11
20	άρα. ἐν A.	έσται ACDB¹B²Ald.
	αὐτοὶ αἴτιοι ACB¹B²DAld.	¢φ' CDB¹B²Ald.
24		αἴτιοι αὐτοί.
		πρὸς ὅσα CB¹B²DAld.
	ότιοῦν ἄλλο Α.	ἄλλ' ότιοῦν Β¹Β²CDAld.
	δέ ACB¹B²DAld.	$\delta \dot{\eta}$.
2	ὂν τὸ μὴ ἀγνοεῖν CAB¹B²D Ald.	τὸ μὴ ἀγνοεῖν ὄν.
12	τὸν ἀκολασταίνοντα ἀκόλαστον CADB¹B²Ald.	ἀκόλαστον τὸν ἀκολασταίνοντα.
2 I	<i>έτι</i> Α.	om. B¹B²CDAld.
27	ἐλεῆσαι ACAld.	έλεήσειε.
	ἐλεήσαι Β¹Β²D.	
Ъ 3	μη οὐθείς Α.	μηδείς B¹B²CDAld.
10	καὶ τό ACB¹B²DAld.	τὸ δ'.
28	om. A.	καί CB¹B²DAld.
28	πρακτικαὶ καί CADB¹B²Ald.	πρακτικοί.
	(каі om. Kb).	,

1114 В 31 той А.

1115 α 3 χρησθαι Α.

7 φανερον γεγένηται Α.

13 γάρ ADAld.

16 τι ὅμοιον Α.

20 ἐν ACB¹B²Ald.

24 γ' οὖν.

29 εί] om.

29 om.

b 8 om. ACDB¹B²Ald.

18 καί ante ως ACB¹B²DAld.

33 τούτοις AAld.CBiB2D.

1116а 21 кай ой С.

31 οσοι (-οι in ras. C) A pr.

33 6 AC.

b 4 om. ACD.

9 μή ACB¹B²DAld.

10 post ἐμπειρίας add. καὶ φυλάξασθαι καὶ πατάξαι CDB¹B² AAld.

32 διὰ τὸ φοβεῖσθαι C (διὰ φοβεῖσθαι A).

33 èv ACDAld.B1B2.

36 είεν AC.

1117 a 2,3 om. C.

7 om. ACDB¹B²Ald.

13 κράτιστοι ACD. κρατίστους Ald.

20 om. AC.

b 26 όμοίως ACDAld.

1118 a 12 - ή (кай in ras. С).

16 οὐδ' ἐν τοῖς C.

19 δ' αἴσθησιν ACAld.

23 δή ACAld.

32 φιλόξενος κ.τ.λ. ACDAld.

om. B^1B^2CD .

χρήσασθαι CDB¹B²Ald.

καὶ πρότερον εἴρηται D (καὶ πρότερον εἴρηται φανερὸν γὰρ γεγένηται CB¹B²Ald.).

om. CB1B2.

ὅμοιόν τι CB¹B²DAld.

om.

 $o\tilde{v}\nu$ ACB¹B²DAld.

η̈́ D (εἰ NʰB¹B²Ald. and C in ras., η̈́ in ras. A).

έν ante νόσοις CB1B2AAld.

 $\gamma \epsilon$. om.

....

τούτφ.

οί δέ AB¹B²DAld.

őσφ B¹B²DAld.A corr.

om. Ald.B1B2D.

τις Ald.B1B2.

 $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon\nu$. om.

φοβείσθαι DB1B2Ald.

om.

άν είεν DB1B2Ald.

οὐ δή-κίνδυνον ADB1B2Ald.

add. μαχόμενοι.

κρείττους B1B2.

καί B¹DAld.

όμοίως τη ἀνδρεία.

καί AB¹DAld.

οὐδὲ τοῖς ΑΒ¹D.

αΐσθησιν δ'.

δ.

om. B¹B².

¹ See details on p. 31.

		" 2 0 1 2 DIT 41 I
1118 p 10	ό ενδεής ΑС.	ὅταν ἐνδεὴς ἢ Β¹DAld.
13	om. C.	καί AB¹Ald.
17	εως πλησθη̂ C.	$\tilde{\epsilon}$ ως $\tilde{a}\nu$ $\tilde{\nu}\pi\epsilon\rho\pi\lambda\eta\sigma\theta\tilde{\eta}$ $AB^{1}B^{2}Ald$. ($\tilde{\epsilon}$ ως $\tilde{a}\nu$ $\tilde{\nu}\pi\epsilon\rho$ - πλησθείς D).
26	εl C.	ểπί AAld.
30	οὐδ' ἀκόλαστος ΑCD (ὁ δ' ἀκό-	ἀκόλαστος δέ.
	λαττος B¹Ald.).	
33	om. C.	καὶ τῷ ἀπέχεσθαι ADB¹Ald.
1119a 5	δὲ τὰ περί ΑC.	τὰ περί B¹Ald.
10	ουόματος δ τοιούτος C.	ό τοιοῦτος ὀνόματος Ald.A.
16	ã C.	őσα AB¹B²Ald.D.
27	έπὶ δὲ τῶν φοβερῶν CA.	έπὶ τῶν φοβερῶν δ' D.
34	καί AC.	om. Ald.
b 13	$\delta \epsilon \wedge A (\delta \dot{\eta} \wedge C).$	γάρ B¹Ald.D.
17	καὶ ὡς δεῖ ACAld.	om.
	TZ b 3/Lb	T bOb
	KbMb.	LbOb.
11102 29	διακρίναι.	τὸ κρίναι AAld.
1110a 29 b 11	διακρίναι. πάντες πάντα Ald.AD.	τὸ κρῖναι AAld, πάντα πάντες C.
	διακρίναι.	τὸ κρίναι AAld. πάντα πάντες C. αἴτια Ald.AC.
bii	διακρίναι. πάντες πάντα Ald.AD. αλτίαι.	τὸ κρίναι AAld, πάντα πάντες C. αἴτια Ald.AC. om. CB¹B²D.
b 11 1112 a 31	διακρίναι. πάντες πάντα Ald.AD. αἰτίαι, ἐκ A.	τὸ κρίναι AAld, πάντα πάντες C. αἴτια Ald.AC. om. CB¹B²D. λέγει AD.
b 11 1112 a 31 1113 a 10	διακρίναι. πάντες πάντα Ald.AD. αλτίαι. ἐκ Α. λέγοι C.	τὸ κρίναι AAld, πάντα πάντες C. αἴτια Ald.AC. om. CB¹B²D.
b 11 1112 a 31 1113 a 10 1114 a 31	διακρῖναι. πάντες πάντα Ald.AD. αἰτίαι. ἐκ Α. λέγοι C.	τὸ κρίναι AAld, πάντα πάντες C. αἴτια Ald.AC. om. CB¹B²D. λέγει AD.
b 11 1112 a 31 1113 a 10 1114 a 31 1115 a 1	διακρίναι. πάντες πάντα Ald.AD. αἰτίαι. ἐκ Α. λέγοι C. πρόθεσις Ald.D.	τὸ κρίναι AAld, πάντα πάντες C, αἴτια Ald.AC, om. CB¹B²D, λέγει AD, πρόσθεσις AC.
b 11 1112 a 31 1113 a 10 1114 a 31 1115 a 1 20	διακρίναι. πάντες πάντα Ald.AD. αἰτίαι. ἐκ Α. λέγοι C. πρόθεσις Ald.D. ἐλεύθεροι DAld.	τὸ κρίναι AAld, πάντα πάντες C, αἴτια Ald.AC, om, CB¹B²D, λέγει AD, πρόσθεσις AC, ἐλευθέριοι ACB¹,
b 11 1112 a 31 1113 a 10 1114 a 31 1115 a 1 20 1116 a 35	διακρίναι. πάντες πάντα Ald.AD. αἰτίαι. ἐκ Α. λέγοι C. πρόθεσις Ald.D. ἐλεύθεροι DAld. ἐσείται DCB¹.	τὸ κρίναι AAld, πάντα πάντες C. αἴτια Ald.AC. om. CB¹B²D. λέγει AD. πρόσθεσις AC. ἐλευθέριοι ACΒ¹. ἐσσεῖται A.
b 11 1112 a 31 1113 a 10 1114 a 31 1115 a 1 20 1116 a 35 b 7	διακρίναι. πάντες πάντα Ald, AD. αΙτίαι. ἐκ Α. λέγοι C. πρόθεσις Ald, D. ἐλεύθεροι DAld. ἐσεῖται DCB¹. καινά ACB¹Ald.	τὸ κρίναι AAld, πάντα πάντες C. αἴτια Ald.AC. om. CB¹B°D. λέγει AD, πρόσθεσις AC. ἐλευθέριοι ACΒ¹. ἐσσεῖται Α. κενά D.
b 11 1112 a 31 1113 a 10 1114 a 31 1115 a 1 20 1116 a 35 b 7	διακρίναι. πάντες πάντα Ald. AD. αἰτίαι. ἐκ Α. λέγοι C. πρόθεσις Ald. D. ἐλεύθεροι DAld. ἐσεῖται DCB¹. καινά ACB¹ Ald. ὑποπτεύουσιν ΚʰA.	τὸ κρίναι AAld, πάντα πάντες C, αἴτια Ald.AC, οπ. CB¹B°D, λέγει AD, πρόσθεσις AC, ἐλευθέριοι ACB¹, ἐσσεῖται A, κενά D, ὑποπτεύσωσι DObAld.C.

The following is a list of the C readings which I have noted as agreeing with Ald. in other connexions, up to the end of p. 1115a. The divergence between C and Ald., which begins at this point and continues to the end of the Book, is so marked that it will not be necessary to go into details regarding their relationship in the latter part of the Book.

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CAId
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πράξειε MbNbObP2 [πράξη AD]. 1110a 24

λελογχευμένον [AD=Bek.]. IIIIa 13

βιαίου NbObDB B2 [βία A]. 22

αν γενέσθαι LbD [γενέσθαι αν A]. b 25

1112 b 33 ούκ αν οὖν LbMbCAB1 [οὖκ αν είη D].

τάγαθοῦ ΑΒΓ. 1113 a 15

> τό ante βουλητόν add. HaNbAD. 20

είεν ἄν ΚοΝΟΑΓΟ. b 5

ουτος NbObD. [ου τό A.]

post ἀσθένειαν add, καὶ αἶσχος LbNbAD. 11143 25

> b 4 κακὰ ποιείν NbObD [κακοποιείν A].

τοῦτο Ald., τοῦτ' C [ταῦτ' AD].

αὐτό [αὐτῶ D; and A, with ῶ however in ras.]. 17

28 καὶ καθ' Ο ΕΑ Ε.

τῶν καθ' Α [καθ' D]. 11153 1

> καὶ πρότερον εἴρηται φανερὸν γὰρ γεγένηται Β¹Β² [D=Bek.; ήδη φανερὸν γεγένηται A, instead of ήδη καὶ πρότερον είρηται].

The following is a list of the C readings in Book iii. to the end of p. 1115a which differ from Ald. in other connexions than those recognised in the KbOb-LbMb and KbMb-LbOb lists:-

C.

 $\delta \dot{\eta}$. IIIoa 6 πράξαντος.

1100 b 30

αποθανετέον παθόντι Α. 27

32 α δ' αναγκάζονται Α.

b 10 αναγκάζειν A.

10 οΰτω [αὐτῶ AD].

τὸ ήδὺ μεθ' ήδονης.

δι' ήμῶν οὐθέν NbObD. 1112 a 30 [οὐδὲν δι' ήμῶν Α.]

τὸ ante βουλητόν prius A. 1113a 17

> άλλο δ' άλλφ Α. 21

om. 31

μακάριος ADB¹B². p 14

δέ D.

πράξαντες ΜbNbP2AD.

αποθανατέον παθόντα LbMbNbObP2D.

Ald.

τὰ δ' ἀναγκάζοντα MbNbD.

ἀνάγκη,

οὐ τῷ αὐτῷ.

τὸ ήδὺ τὸ κακὸν μεθ' ήδονης. [τὸ ήδὺ καὶ καλόν μεθ' ήδονης Α, τὸ ήδὺ ή τὸ καλόν μεθ' ήδονης DP2].

δ' ήμων οὐθέν.

om. NbOb.

άλλω δ' άλλως LbMbD.

καὶ post ἐστι ANbr.

μακάριον.

```
1114 a 18 \lambda \alpha \beta \hat{\epsilon i \nu} DB¹B². \beta \alpha \lambda \hat{\epsilon i \nu} A and all Bekker's Codd. om. KbrD [\epsilon \hat{\epsilon i} \mu \hat{\gamma}, \hat{\nu} om. A]. 1115 a 32 om. D. \alpha \hat{\epsilon} and \hat{\epsilon \nu} add. NbOb.
```

As the agreement of C and K^b unique becomes very close after III5b I, it will be well to note the cases of agreement in Book iii. before that point. I have found only the following (those cases having been excluded in which $C = K^b$ Ald.), viz. III2a 3I, add. $\kappa a \ell K^b C \Gamma$ [om. D cum cet.], III3b 3I, $\tau \acute{a}$ om. $K^b C$ [habet D]; III4b IO, $o \acute{b}o \nu \tau a \ell K^b C$. To these three cases may perhaps be added III4a 4, $\tau o \iota o \hat{\nu} \tau \nu \nu V K^b N^b CD$.

The results for iii a, i.e. for 1109 b 30—1115 b 1, may be summed up as follow. There are thirty-six places in which K^b and O^b agree against L^b and M^b , and in twenty of them C sides with L^b and M^b , and in fourteen with K^b and O^b . Ald, sides with L^b and M^b in eighteen out of these thirty-six places, seventeen times in company with C; and in fourteen of them with K^b and O^b , thirteen times in company with C. Thus C and Ald, are evidently descended, in this part of the Third Book, from a not remote common source; but the cross-corrections have been so numerous that it is difficult to determine whether that source was genealogically related to M^b or O^b .

The same difficulty attaches to the question of the relationship of D, which is almost equally divided (both before and after III5b 1) between K^bO^b and L^bM^b .

With regard to B^1 and B^2 there can be little doubt that they are related to M^b rather than to O^b .

A again in this Book, as in Books i. and ii, belongs distinctly to the $K^{\scriptscriptstyle b}$ family.

The following is a list, complete so far as I know, of the readings in which C agrees with K^b where the latter MS, is unique among Bekker's MSS, in the Third Book after 1115b I:—

KbC.

1115 b 23 om. τά ante κατά [habent DAB¹].

27 om. τά AAld.

31 om. οδτος A [habent DB¹].

1116 a 23 ἀναθήση [ἀναθήσει AB¹B²D].

25 τρωίεσσι [τρώεσσ' Α].

- 1116 a 35 of [of D; and A with accent and breathing in ras.].
 - 35 ἀρκείον [ἄρκιον ΑΒ¹D].
 - b 5 είναι post ἐπιστήμην MbObA [add. ΓLbAld. DB1B2].
 - 5 om. έν ante ἄλλοις D [habent AB1].
 - 8 a [ola AB1B2D].
 - 11 τὸ μὴ ποιῆσαι [τὸ ποιῆσαι ΑDΒ¹Β²].
 - 24 φέρουσι A [ἀναφέρουσι D, marg. C, corr. A; ἐπιφέρουσι Β¹Β², corr. rec. C].
- 1117 a 8 om. $\tau \delta$ ante $\pi \delta \theta$ os [habent AD].
 - 11 μέν [έν AB¹D].
 - 12 πρότερον εἰρημένα Α [προειρημένα DB¹B²].
 - 15 τὰ τοιαῦτα [τοιαῦτα ΑΒ¹Β²D].
 - 17 add. μή ante φαινόμενα ΓΑ [om. B¹D].
 - b 2 γίνεσθαι [γίνεται AB¹B²D].
 - 7 εὶ δὲ δή Α [εὶ δή Β1].
 - 9 om. η ante ὅτι [habent AB¹D].
 - 10 ἔχει B¹ [ἔχη Β²A].
 - 11 λυπήσεται B¹B²Ald. [λύπη ἔσται ADNbOb].
 - 13 τούτω [τοῦτο ΑΒ¹D].
 - 24 om. ai ante ἀρεταί [habent AB¹D].
- 1118 a 13 επιθυμημάτων [έπιθυμητῶν ΓΟbA, ἐπιθυμιῶν LbMbAld.DB¹B² etiam marg. C].
 - 13 εἴδοι pr. Kb, εἶδοι C [ἴδοι A et cet.].
 - 32 post τις add. φιλόξενος ὁ εὔξιος pr. KbC. [φιλόξενος ὁ (ὁ om. NbAld.) ἐρύξιος ArNbObAld. corr.¹ Kb ('ipse librarius'—Susemihl Eth. Nic. pref. xx); post ὤν add. φιλόξενος nec plura D; B¹=Bek., B²=Bek. nisi quod εὔξαιτο (Mb) habeat.]
 - b 17 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ως πλησ $\theta \tilde{\eta}$ ὑπερβολή [B'B²=Bek.; D=Bek. with ὑπερπλησ θ είς, A has $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ως ἀν ὑπερπλησ $\theta \tilde{\eta}$ ὑπερβολή].
 - 24 ἡ μὴ ἡ ὡδ (t Kʰ), ει C in ras.) [ἡ μὴ ὡς δεῖ ἡ ῷ δεῖ LʰD; ἡ μὴ ὡς δεῖ ἡ ὡς δεῖ Β¹; ἡ μὴ ὡς δεῖ Β² with ἡ ὡς δεῖ in red ink on margin for insertion after δεῖ. A has a lacuna here].
 - 27 καὶ ἢ ώς Α [ἢ καὶ ὡς Β¹Ald.].
 - 30,31 δὲ τῷ μὴ ἀλλ' ὁ μὲν ἀκόλαστος τῷ, om. Kb. δὲ τῷ μὴ ἀλλ' ὁ μὲν ἀκόλαστος om. C, habet A.
- 1119 a 3 λυπείσθαι K^b , λυπείται AB^1DC —(τ in ras. C).
 - 3 καί ante ἀποτυγχάνων om. [habent AB¹D].
 - 15 post $\hat{\eta}$ $\delta \epsilon \hat{\iota}$ add. $o \hat{\iota} \theta'$ $\tilde{\epsilon} \nu$ A [add. $o \hat{\iota} \delta \epsilon \nu \ell$ DAld.B'B2].
 - 15 ὅτι.

1119 a 20 οὐσίας [ἀξίας AB¹B²D].

25 ϵ πονείδιστον [ϵ πονειδιστότερον $L^bM^bN^bAO^bAld.Γ$].

29 τά [ταῦτα AB¹D].

b 4 πολλήν έξιν αὔξησιν Α [πολλήν αὔξησιν DB¹].

6 ἐν τούτοις γάρ (καὶ ΚοΑ, om. C) ή A.

8 πάντοθεν [πανταχόθεν DB¹, A has a lacuna here].

12 καί post λέγομεν om. A.

14, 15 κατὰ τὸν λόγον—ἐπιθυμητικόν om. [habet A].

22 λέγωμεν δὲ καὶ έξῆς περὶ ἐλευθεριότητος bis in fine libri iii. et in initio libri iv; sic etiam A, καί et in lib. iii. et in lib. iv. omisso [om, in fine iii. DB¹B²].

As against the forty-three cases given in the foregoing list I have noted only the following seven unique K^b readings which C does not present, viz. III7 b 4, at ante $\tau\iota\mu a\ell$ om. K^b . 21, $l\delta\ell as$. III9 a II, post $\mu\ell\sigma\omega$ s add. $\mu\ell\nu$. 14, $o\delta\tau$ pro $o\delta\delta$ ante $\ell\pi\iota\theta\nu\mu\epsilon\hat{\iota}$. 24, $\tauo\iotao\hat{\upsilon}\tau$ o. b 6, post $\gamma\delta\rho$ add. $\kappa\alpha\ell$. 16 ante $\lambda\delta\gamma\phi$ om. $\tau\hat{\phi}$.

Reserving my remarks on K^bC till the Fourth and Fifth Books have been examined, I may sum up the results for Ald., D, $B^{\rm l}$, and $B^{\rm 2}$ in the latter part of the Third Book. From 1115 b 1 to the end of the Book there are thirty-five places in which K^b and O^b agree against L^b and M^b and in nineteen of them Ald. sides with L^bM^b , and with K^bO^b in thirteen. Of these thirteen it will be observed that six are cases in which L^b and M^b have an omission. If the ascendants of Ald. were MSS, related to M^b they would naturally be corrected in these places, and Ald. would consequently exhibit so many K^bO^b readings.

In the thirty-five places in which K^b and O^b agree against L^b and M^b , D sides with L^bM^b in fourteen and with K^bO^b in twelve. B^1 and B^2 side distinctly with L^bM^b . Considering the close affinity between Ald.D, B^1 and B^2 , throughout this whole book, we may, I venture to think, allow B^1 and B^2 to carry Ald. and D with them to the L^bM^b side.

BOOK IV.

[The readings of Par. 1853 (Par.) are given in the following list to show the relation of that MS. to D]:—

 $K^{\rm b}{\rm Ob}$, $L^{\rm b}{\rm Mb}$, λ έγωμεν Ald.AB¹Par, λ έγωμεν CDB², τ ί DAld.Par.B¹B²,

1120 a 4 χρεία C.

6 τοῦτο С.

γὰρ ἀρετῆς ΑC. ΙI

λαβείν ΑС. 17

24 ow ACAld. B1B2DPar.

ελοιτ' AAld.CB1B2DPar. 30

b 2 ιδίων ACB¹B²Ald.DPar.

οπου C [ότε καὶ όπου A].

o οὐθέν ACB1B2DPar.

22 ταῦτα ACB¹B²Ald.

26 ταις δόσεσι καὶ ταις δαπάναις ACB1B2Ald.Par.D (omisso altero rais D).

δ' add. C. 30

om, C. 1121 a 4

om. AC.

έν δόσει καὶ λήψει C. έν δόσει καὶ έν λήψει Α.

15 ἐπί ACB¹B²Ald.DPar.

16 συνδυάζεται C. συνδιάζεται Β1.

om. ACDAld. 20

om. ADPar. 20

om. C, and A which reads 25 δώσει γὰρ οἶς δεῖ καὶ λήψεται SAEN SEI

om. C. 28

om. AC. 33

b 4 om. C.

αν ACB1B2DPar.Ald. 28

έργαζόμενοι ΑС. 33

1122 a 14 κακόν έστι AC.

γάρ ACB¹B²DPar.Ald. 23

δ' ὑπέρ ΑC. 34

έργου άρετή μεγαλοπρέπεια Α b 18

άρετη έργου μεγαλοπρέπεια Β2.

χρεία τις ADB¹B²Par.Ald.

έκαστον ADB¹B²Par. Ald.

ἀρετῆς γάρ DPar.Ald.B1B2.

λαμβάνειν DPar.Ald.B1B2.

δέ.

αίροῖτ'.

οἰκείων.

őτε καὶ οῦ Ald.DPar.B1B2.

δθεν οὐθέν Ald.

αὐτά DPar

δαπάναις καὶ ταῖς δόσεσιν

om. Ald.ADPar.B1B2.

каї Par.Ald.ADB¹B².

έν δυσίν DB1Ald.

έν λήψει καὶ έν δόσει B¹Ald.

έv.

συναύξεται MbAB2DPar.Ald.

συναύξουσιν Lb.

inter ἀνελευθέρου et εὐίατος add. καὶ γὰρ δίδωσι καὶ οὐ λαμβάνει Par.

τε C, suppl. rc. Kb.

οὐ ante λήψεται ΓDB¹B²Ald.Par.

τε AAld.D.

μη δύνασθαι Par. B1B2DAld.

αὐτοῦ add. post τούτου ΓAld, AB¹B²DPar.

om.

έργαζόμενοι καί ΓAld.B1B2DPar.

έστὶ κακόν Par. ΓΒ¹Β²DAld.

om. r.

δè περί HaB1B2Ald.DPar.

έργου μεγαλοπρέπεια άρετή.

1122 b 18 ἔργου μεγαλευπρέπεια Ald.B¹D Par. 20 πεοὶ θεούς ΑCAld.

21 καὶ περί.

30 om. C.

30 om. AC.

1123 a 2 ή πᾶσα ΑC.

3 om.

14 γὰρ ἡ καλλίστη ΑС.

14 μεγαλοπρέπειαν έχει ACHa.

26 τὰ τοιαῦτα Α. τὰ τὸ ταῦτα C.

b 25 μεγαλοψύχου DB1A.

26 om. C.

30 om. AC.

1124 a 1 μέν ante οὖν ΑΓC.

b S ἀφειδής ACB². [ἀφειδεί DPar, et corr, C.]

14 εὖ τοῦ ACAld.

21 ἐπ' AC.

1125a 1 om. C.

3 où C.

20 ἄξιός ἐστιν CAAld.

24 δκνηροί DCAld.

34 χείρον AB¹B².
 b 5 om. AC.

7 τε ACAld.

9 om. ACHaNb.

15 φέρομεν ἀεί ΑCΗαΝοΓ.

19 δὲ τῆς τιμῆς C.

25 τόν CAld.

32 om. AC.

1126 a 10 θᾶττον ἡ καί AC.

16 ἀποδιδόασιν C.

20 δργίλοι ΑС.

περὶ τοὺς θεούς Par. H
a B¹B²D.

καὶ ὅσα περί ACB¹B²DPar., suppl. marg. rec. Kb.

τά ante τοιαῦτα add. B¹B²Ald.

[ταῦτα instead of τὰ τοιαῦτα ADPar.]

διά Ald.DB¹B²Par.

πᾶσα ή Par.Ald.DB¹B².

καὶ ἀντιδωρεάς AC, suppl. marg. rec.

γάρ Ald.DPar.

έχει μεγαλοπρέπειαν DAld.Par.

ταῦτα DAld.

μεγάλου C.

 $\gamma \epsilon$ ADAld.

δ' D.

om. Ald.

αφειδήσει HaB1.

τοῦ ϵὖ D.

 $\epsilon \nu$ Par. HaNbDB¹B².

πρός ante φίλου ADB¹B²Par.Ald.

οὐδέ.

έστὶν ἄξιος.

νοεροί AB¹. χείρων CDPar.

τά post καί B¹Ald.D.

om.

καί post ώs B¹B²DAld.Par.

ἀεὶ φέρομεν DPar.Ald.B1B2.

δὲ τιμῆς Par. HaNbAld. ADB1B2.

τό Α.

add. καί ante ωs B¹B²DPar.

θᾶττον καί DPar.Ald.B¹B².

ἀνταποδιδόασιν AB¹B²DPar.Ald.

δργίζονται DB1B2Par.Ald.

1127a 8	τι ἄλλο AB¹B²CDPar.rHaNb	άλλο τι.
	Ald.	
8	τις ὦφέλεια ΑC.	ωφελειά τις DAld.
14	αὐτή ΓC.	αΰτη.
16	εκαστον ACAld.	ξκαστα.
21	δή AC.	δέ Ald.
27	λέγει καὶ πράττει ΑC.	πράττει καὶ λέγει Ald.
b 5	ယ်s ACAld.	ov.
2 I	ταῖτα ΑС.	τὰ τοιαῦτα Ald.
26	om. AB ² (spatio iii litt. relicto B ²).	add. τά ante φανερά CDAld.B¹Par.
27	εὐκαταφρονητότεροι Α.	εὐκαταφρόνητοι DB¹B²Par.Ald. corr. C.
	εὐκαταφρονητότερον C.	
31	καὶ ἀντικεῖσθαι ACB².	ἀντικεῖσθαι DPar.Ald.B1.
34	εἶναι όμιλία τις A (lacuna in	όμιλία τις εἶναι.
	C) B¹B²DPar.	
1128a 16	καὶ ἐκ ACB².	èк DAld.В¹Par.
18	έλευθερίω C.	έλευθέρφ HaAld.
26	έλευθερίω C.	έλευθέρω.
bii	οὖν ΓCΒ².	γοῦν AB¹DPar.
	TZIATI	LbOb.
	KbMb.	
11202 21	om. AC.	$\sigma \chi \epsilon \delta \delta \nu B^{1} Ald. D.$
	τοῖs ACAld.	om. HaD.
II24a 22		add. oi post # HaNbDB1Ald.
1127 a 32.	τοῦ ACDAld.	om.
1128 a 3	om. C.	δ' ADAld.

Reserving my remarks on C to a future occasion, I may sum up the results for A, B1, B2, D and Ald. in Book iv.

KbOb stands against LbMb in seventy-eight places, in forty-three of which Ald. sides with LbMb, and with KbOb in nineteen. D sides with LbMb in forty-six of these places—thirty-seven times in company with Ald.—and with KbOb in fourteen. Bl and B2 occur together upwards of thirty times on the LbMb side and thirteen times on the KbOb side. As there is nothing in the quality of the agreements of D and Ald. on the LbMb side to suggest the opposite conclusion, we may, I think, give

full weight to the quantitative test, and say that D and Ald. are both descended in this Book from a MS. related to M^b and therefore to L^b . The same may be said of B^1 and B^2 . A, as in Books i, ii, and iii, belongs to the K^b family.

The following list gives the readings in Book iv in which C agrees with K^b where the latter MS. stands alone among Bekker's MSS. The readings of A. etc., have been appended for the sake of comparison:—

CKb.

1119 b 22 δέ καὶ έξης [δ' έξης ADB1].

22 $\dot{\eta}$ post $\epsilon lvau$ add. A [om. D].

1120 a 22 των ἀπ' ἀρετῆς om. A pr. [habet D].

30 οὐδ' ὁ εἰδοὺς (sic) λυπηρῶς C, οὐδ' ὁ λυπηρῶς Kʰ (διδούς m. rec. quae eadem comma post οὐδ' addidit, as Professor Vitelli, who kindly examined certain places in Kʰ at my request, reports). [οὐδ' ὁ λυπηρῶς Β¹Β², οὐδ' ὁ λυπηρῶς ΑD.]

32 οὐδέ] οὐ A.

μή om. [habent ADB¹]. τὰ χρήματα om. [habent AD].

b 19 επιμελώμενον [έπιμελόμενον pr. A].

20 οὐδ' οὔθ' Α [οὐδ' D].

29 δεί post őσα om. [habent AD].

1121 a 5, 6 ἢνάλωσεν [ἀνάλωσεν Α].

13–15 τ $\hat{\varphi}$ δ $\hat{\epsilon}$ λαμβάνειν $\hat{\nu}$ περβάλλει om. [habent AB¹].

24,25 δώσει γὰρ οὖ δεῖ καὶ λήψεται (λείψεται C) ὅθεν δεῖ [δώσει γὰρ οἷς δεῖ καὶ λήψεται ὅθεν δεῖ A; $B^1B^2 = Bek$.].

26 τὸ ὑπερβάλλειν] τὸ μὴ ὑπερβάλλειν pr. KbAC.

33 μή τοῦτο ποιείν ταχύ [τοῦτο ποιείν ταχύ A; DB¹B²=Bekker].

b 7 τήν [τινα AD].

29 τό om. [habent AD].

I I 22 α Ι δπόσον] δπότε [δπόσον AD].

8 εἰσίν om. A [habet D].

34 καὶ ὡς οὐ δεῖ om. [habent ADB1].

b 22 οἶόν τε A.

1123 a 24 μέγαροί Κb, μεγαροί pr. C [Μεγαρείς ADB¹B²].

b 15 δέ om. C, pr. Kb [suppl. rec. Kb, ADB2].

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δεξιά pr. Kb, δ' ἀξία rec. Kb, δ' ἀξία C, the first a in ras. [δ' ἀξία A].
1123 b 17
             δέ post δ om. [habent DA].
              post xaûvos add. μέν [om. AD].
             δέ μεν γάρ [δέ AD].
1124 b 5
              ante προσοφλήσει add. οί A [om. D].
        Τī
              πεπόνθασιν Α [πεπόνθεσαν D].
        17
        18
              μόλις [μόγις AD].
              πρωτέουσι [προτερεύουσιν Α].
        24
              μελλήτην.
              οὐθ οὐδ Α [οὐθ D].
11252 7
              δ om. [habent AD].
        14
              \delta \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \delta \epsilon AB^1D.
        2.1
              \eta \lambda i\theta \epsilon \omega om. [habent AD].
              ώς ] οὐ [ώς AD].
              post εὐτυχήματα add. καί [om. AD].
        31
              έν τιμή καὶ ὀρέξει A inserting έν also before ὀρέξει [DB¹B²=Bekker].
      b 7
              έτι δὲ τόν [έστι δ' ὅτε τόν ADB¹].
         11
              αμφότερα δὲ ἡ αμφότερα, A reading ή.
              \hat{\eta}\pi\epsilon\rho Kb, \epsilon \tilde{l}\pi\epsilon\rho C, the \epsilon \tilde{l} on eras. [\epsilon \tilde{l}\pi\epsilon\rho AD].
        33
              oi om. [habent AD].
1126a 5
              καὶ ἐφ' οἷε οὐ δεῖ om. [habent AD].
         10
              πικροί] μικροί K^b; π in ras. C [πικροί AD].
      b i
              παρεισβαίνων [παρεκβαίνων ADB1B2].
              τοσοῦτον Α [τοιοῦτον DB1].
         18,19 καὶ ώς δεῖ όμοίως δέ om. [habent AD].
              έχθαίρειν [έχραίνειν pr. A, έχθραίνειν D et corr. A].
              καὶ ἀσυνήθεις om. [habent AD].
              διαφερόντως διαφόρως δ' Α [διαφερόντως δ' DB1].
         36
             μεγάλης om. [habent AD].
 1127a 6
         26
             ἔκαστος [ἔκαστα AD].
             καθ' αύτόν D [καθ' αύτό Α].
       b 6
             τῷ τό [τῷ AD].
         15
               ων ήδει (ηδεί pr. K^b) ἀπόλαυσις C: ων ήδεια ἀπόλαυσις pr. A [DB<sup>1</sup>=
         10
```

ä om. [habent AD, ων B¹]. μάντιν σοφον λατρόν [μάντιν ή λητρικον σοφόν A pr. Post λητρικόν addidit 20 man, rec. ή.—Habent DB¹B² λατρον ή μάντιν σοφόν].

δχληρόν A in ras. [δγκηρόν DB1]. 24

Bekker].

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1128 а 9 йуроікої [йуріої AD].
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21 αὖ τοῦ HaA [habet D].

- 26 μὴ ἀπρεπῆ [μὴ ὰ πρέπει B²A, ὰ πρέπει DB¹].
 τῷ | τό [τῷ AD, τόν B²].
- 28 post ἡδύ add. καί Α.
- 28 ἀκούεται [ἀκούσεται AD].
- 35 καὶ τοιαῦτα] καὶ ταῦτα Α [καὶ τοιαῦτα DB²].
- b 4 ἀναγκαία K^bH^a , ἀναγκαίον C, the final ν in ras., ἀναγκαία A.
 - 8 ή δ' $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ ταῖς] αῖ δ $\dot{\epsilon}$ [AD=Bekker].
 - 12 post ἀδοξίας add. καί [om. AD].
 - 26 ωστε πράξαι KbNb, ωστ' (erasure) πράξαι (the ε by later hand) C. <math>[ωστ' (εί inserted by later hand) πράξ (ειε later in ras.) A.]

 - 30 γάρ om. [habent AD].
 - 32 τὰ τοιαῦτα [τὸν τὰ τοιαῦτα Α, τὸν ταῦτα LbD et corr. C].

The following list contains the cases in which K^b has been corrected, and C follows the corrections. For the corrections in K^b I am mainly indebted to Susemihl's *Epistula Critica* appended to Ramsauer's edition:—

1119 b 27 ή alterum om. pr. K^b add. rec., habet C. 1120 a 16 μή om. Γ M^b pr. K^b , suppl. rc. K^b , η C. 1121 a 20 τε om. pr. K^b add. rec. et C b 22 alσχροί K^b pr., γλισχροί rc. et C. 25 ή om. pr. K^b , suppl. rc., habet C. 1122 a 2 alσχροκερδία pr. K^b , alσχροκερδεία corr.² et C. 15 ταῦτα pr. K^b , ταύτην rec. et C. 15 post ή add. οί K^b pr., om. C. 21 χρήματι K^b pr., χρήμασι rc. et C. 22 δαπανηρὰς μόνον δ' εν pr. K^b , δαπανηρὰς μόνον εν rc. et C. δ' ante ὑπερέχει om. pr. K^b , add. rec. et C. b 15 κτῆμα μὲν γὰρ τὸ πλείστου ἄξιον pr. K^b ; Prof. Vitelli writes to me—' al. m. non admodum rec. correxit—κτήματο (i. e. κτήματος) μὲν

 γ αρτή πλείστου ἄξιον ; C has κτήματος μὲν γὰρ ἀρετῆς πλείστου ἄξιον καί. 21 ὅσα οπ. pr. K^b , add. rec. et C. 22 δεῖν add. rec. K^b habet C. 1123 a 3 καὶ ἀντιδωρεάς οπ. pr. K^b Ob, add. mg. rc. K^b et C. b 1 τόν] τά rc. K^b et C. 11 ἕτι οπ. pr. K^b suppl. rc., habet C. 32 ὅσγ' pr. K^b , δγ' rec. et C. 1124 a 10 μικροῦ pr. K^b , μικροῦς rec. et C. 20 καί post διό add. rec. K^b et C. Prof. Vitelli reports to me as follows on this passage as it occurs in K^b — μικροῦ εστι τούτωι καὶ τὰ ἄλλα, διὸ τὸ (sic) τὸ ||περόπται etc. (* lit. eras.; || beginning of fol. 45°). 25 τιμητός M^b pr. K^b , τιμητέος corr. rec. K^b , τιμητ ός C, a letter having been crased before ο. b 7 οδιδὲ φιλοκίνδυνος om. pr. K^b , suppl. rec. K^b , habet C. 1127 b 6 εὐλαβεῖτο pr. K^b , εὐλαβεῖται corr.² et C. 19 δω ηδεῖ ἀπόλανστς pr. K^b , δν ἡ δεῖ ἀπόλανστς corr.² et C.

The differences between C and K^b in the Fourth Book are exhibited in the following list:—

1120 b 5 post σφόδρα καί add, τοῦτο C. According to Prof. Vitelli Kb has no later addition here. 1120 b 6 τὸ γὰρ βλέπειν C, τὸ γὰρ μὴ βλέπειν KbMb 1121 b 12 post ἐπιμελείας add, καί Kb, om. C. 13 post ἀνίατος add. γε Kb; post ἀνίατος ras. C. 34 Prof. Vitelli reports as follows— Kb τοκισταὶ κατὰ μικρὸν καὶ ἐπὶ πολλῶι pr.; sed eadem manus, ut vid., κατά in καὶ τά mutavit, ν καί erasit, et praecedens à mutavit in à. C has κατὰ μικρὰ ἐπὶ πολλῷ, above κατά standing καὶ τά in a later hand. [καὶ τὰ μικρὰ ἐπὶ πολλῷ DB¹B², καὶ (in ras.) μικρὰ καὶ ἐπὶ πολλώ Α.] 1122 a 7 δ ante λωποδύτης om. Kb, hab. C. αμελείν pr. Kb, καὶ μέλειν rec. Kb, καὶ μή μέλειν C. 1126 a 13 γίνηται Kb, γίνεται C. 1127 b 26 καί post δέ om, Κ^bΓAld., habet C. 1128 a 6 γέλωτας C, γέλωτα Kb, and no correction Vitelli reports. To this list may be added 1124 b 29, 30 where C varies from K^b pr. and corr. Pr. K^b reads (instead of $\pi a \rho \rho \eta \sigma (a \sigma \tau \dot{\eta} s - \dot{a} \lambda \eta - \dot{\eta} s - \dot{$ θευτικός of Bekker's text), καταφρονητικοῦ γάρ. παρρησιαστοῦ γάρ. διὸ παρρησιαστικὸς δὲ διὰ τὸ καταφρονητικὸς εἶναι καὶ ἀληθευτικός. Rec. Kb has παρρησιαστής γὰρ διὰ τὸ καταφρονητικός είναι, καταφρονητικός δε διό παρρησιαστικός, παρρησιαστικός δε διό καταφρονητικός καὶ ἀληθευτικός. C and D both read παρρησιαστής γὰρ διὰ τὸ καταφρονητικὸς εἶναι, κατα-Φρονητικός δέ διὸ παρρησιαστικός καὶ άληθευτικός. [φανερως καταφρονητικοῦ γὰρ διὸ παρρησιαστικός καὶ ἀληθευτικός Β², φανερῶς παρρησιαστικός γὰρ (two last words in ras.) διὸ ταφρονητικός (from φ to τ in ras.) ταφρονητικός δὲ (last word in ras.) διὸ καπαρ-

διὸ ταφρονητικός (from φ to τ in ras.) ταφρονητικὸς δὲ (last word in ras.) διὸ καπαρρησιαστικὸς (whole word except ικός in ras.) καὶ ἀληθευτικός B^1 , καταφρονητικοῦ δὲ διὸ παρρησιαστικὸς καὶ παρρησιαστικοῦ γὰρ διὸ καταφρονητικὸς καὶ ἀληθευτικὸς πλὴν ὅσα A.]

There are some other points of agreement and difference in Book iv between C and K^b which will be more conveniently noticed when I reach 1136 a I, and am in a position to review the whole question of the relationship of C and K^b from 1115 a I to 1136 a I.

BOOK V.

The following list contains all the agreements of C with $K^{\rm b}$ where the latter stands alone among Bekker's MSS:—

KbC.

1129 a 11 οὔτε [οὐδέ D].

33 καὶ ὁ ἄνισος] καὶ ἄδικος [καὶ ἄνισος D, καὶ ὁ ἄνισος Β¹Β²].

34 6 ante "oos om. [habet D].

- 1129 b 1 8' ante аблют от. [habet D].
 - 2 ἔσται om. D.
 - 10 κοινόν. ἐπεὶ δ'. [Ad oram C manus, ut videtur, eadem suppl. καὶ παράνομος τοῦτο γὰρ περιέχει πᾶσαν ἀδικίαν καὶ κοινύν ἐστι πάσης ἀδικίας. Post κοινόν habet D, καὶ παράνομος τοῦτο γὰρ ἡ παρανομία ἤτοι ἡ ἀνισότης περιέχει πᾶσαν ἀδικίαν. Pro ἔστι δ' ἄνισος habet B¹ καὶ παράνομος, mox τοῦτο γὰρ ἡ παρανομία ἤτοι ἡ ἀνισότης περιέχει πᾶσαν ἀδικίαν καὶ κοινόν ἐστι πάσης ἀδικίας ἐπεὶ κ.τ.λ. Post κοινόν habent B²A, καὶ παράνομος τοῦτο γὰρ ἡ παρανομία ἤτοι ἀνισότης περιέχει πᾶσαν ἀδικίαν καὶ κοινόν ἐστι πάσης ἀδικίας ἐπεὶ.]
 - 16 κατ' ἀρετήν om. [ἡ κατ' ἀρετήν DB¹B² rc. C].
 - 32 ότι om. [6 om. D].
- 1130 a 17 δ ante ἐνεργῶν om.
 - 22 ἄρα γε] γάρ [ἄρα γε DB¹].
 - 24 ἔτι ὅτι Κb, ὅτι ἔτι C.
 - 25 προσλαμβάνων D.
 - 26 μάλλον δόξει είναι [δόξειεν αν είναι μάλλον D].
 - b 10 μέν οὖν om.
 - 11 ἐπεὶ δὲ τὸ ἄνισον καὶ τὸ παράνομον πλέον οὐ ταὐτὸν ἀλλ' ἔτερον ὡς μέρος καὶ πρὸς ὅλον' τὸ μὲν γὰρ πλέον ἄπαν ἄνισον τὸ δ' ἄνισον οὐ πᾶν πλέον CKb, i. e. Kb and C are the only MSS, which read καὶ πρός. PbA have also παράνομον πλέον' [On the margin C has τὸ μὲν γὰρ ἄνισον ἄπαν παράνομον τὸ δὲ παράνομον οὐ πᾶν ἄνισον. D reads ἐπεὶ δὲ τὸ ἄνισον καὶ τὸ παράνομον οὐ ταὐτὸν ἀλλ' ἔτερον ὡς μέρος πρὸς ὅλον τὸ μὲν γὰρ ἄνισον ἄπαν παράνομον τὸ δὲ ἄνισον οὐ χ ἄπαν ἄνισον τὸ μὲν γὰρ πλέον ἄπαν ἄνισον τὸ δὲ ἄνισον οὐ πᾶν πλέον. Β¹ reads ἐπεὶ δὲ τὸ ἄνισον καὶ τὸ παράνομον οὐ ταὐτὸν ἀλλ' ἔτερον ὡς μέρος πρὸς ὅλον τὸ μὲν γὰρ πλέον ἄπαν ἄνισον τὸ δὲ ἄνισον οἱ πᾶν πλέον.]
 - 16 ωστε καὶ περί] ώς περί ωστε καὶ περί D].
- 1131α 7 δολοπατία.
 - 16 καὶ πρός τι om. [D reads καὶ τισὶ καὶ πρός τι, Β¹ καὶ πρός τι καὶ τισί.]
 - 18 ἐστί om. D.
 - 21 τὰ ἐν οἶs om. [habent DB¹ cum cet.].
 - 23 ὅταν ἢ ἴσοι μὴ ἴσα ὅταν ἢ μὴ ἶσα ἶσοι [D and $B^1 = Bek$.].
 - 27 ὑπάρχειν] κατ' ἀξίαν τινὰ δείν είναι [B¹D=Bek.].
 - b 2 ή τοῦ β τεθῆ δίς τὸ δεύτερον δὶς τεθῆ.
 - 5 έσται om.
 - 16 & om.

- 1131 b 31 είς ἄλληλα προσενεχθέντα [DB1=Bek.].
- 1132 a 6 δ μέν ante εβλαψεν om. [suppl. rec. Kb, habet D].
 - 21 λέναι (i.e. the second λέναι)—εἶναι om. pr. K^b, add. rc. K^b; λέναι (i.e. the second λέναι)—οῗον om. C, which reads ἐστί after the first λέναι [DB¹ = Bek.].
 - 27 καί post άφεῖλε om. προσέθηκεν om.
 - 3ι εἴom.
 - b 2 τε om.
 - 7 ἀφηρήσθω] ἀφήρηται. προσκείσθω] πρόσκειται.
 - ὅλην.
 ὑπερέχειν C, corr.² K^b.
 - 15 οσοις τοις.
 - 22 πυθαγόριοι Β1.
 - 30 καί ante κολασθήναι om.
- 1133 a 7 οίον om.
 - 16 καὶ τοιοῦτον om.
 - 22 ἄττα om.
 - 26 ἐστὶ τῆ] ὅτι.
 - b 1 εἰς σχῆμα δ' οὐ διάγειν ἀναλογίας [οὐ διάγειν is crossed out, and δεῖ ἄγειν written on margin for insertion after ἀναλογίας C. Both D and B have Bekker's reading].
 - 2 ὑπερβολάς [ὑπεροχάς DB¹, etiam marg. C].
 - o res om.
 - 12 δεί γὰρ τοῦτο φανερόν τι εἶναι λαβεῖν.
- 1134 a 13 το ante άδικεῖσθαι om.
 - 20 διά ante προαιρέσεως om.
 - 22 οὐδέ ante κλέπτης] οὐ [οὐδέ DB^1].
 - 26 ἔστιν om.
 - b 13 ἄδικον] ἀδικία ὄν.
 - 18 τοῦ δὲ πολιτικοῦ om. ante φυσικόν add. γάρ.
 - 20 νόμιμον.
 - 21 post διαφέρει alterum add. οῦτως $\mathring{\eta}$ ἄλλως [om. DB¹].
 - 29 οὐδαμῶς παρ'. [Post οὐδαμῶς add. ἔχον $L^bM^bN^bO^bP^bQD.$]
 - 33 post ἄλλων add. καί.
- 1135 a 9 καὶ τὸ δικαίωμα καὶ τὸ δίκαιον om.

- 1135 a 12 post ἄδικον add. τι ὅταν πραχθη ἀδίκημά ἐστι [add. ὅτι ὅταν πραχθη ἀδίκημά ἐστι LbNbObPb, om. D].
 - 25 καὶ τίνι om.
 - 26 εκαστον εκάτερον.
 - b 5 őv add. [om. D et cet.].
 - ΙΙ ἀπροβούλευτα] προβούλευτα.
 - 13 ὑπέλαβε πράξη [ὑπέλαβε ταῦτα πράξη HaLbNbObPbMbQDB¹Ald. rec. C].
 - 14 βάλλειν [βαλείν D].
 - 16 & [&s cet].
 - 26 θυμοποιῶν [θυμῷ ποιῶν D corr. C].
 - 29 $\epsilon \nu$ om.
- 1136a 8 8é om.
 - 17 η τὸ μὲν έκούσιον τὸ δ' ἀκούσιον οm.
 - 33 καί ante ἐνδέχοιτο] κἄν.

Here ends the agreement between C and K^b unique. From 1136 b 1 to the end of Book v C nowhere agrees with the unique readings of K^b , which are about forty-two in number. In the $K^b\mathrm{O}^b\!-\!L^bM^b$ list, given on pp. 45 and 46, C is on the $K^b\mathrm{O}^b$ side, except in two cases, up to 1136 b 1.

The following is a list of the cases in Book v up to 1136 b 1, which illustrate the relation of C to rec. $K^b :=$

- 1129 а 33 кай б а́игооs] кай а́бікоs pr. KbC, crx. rec. Kb.
 - b 10 post ἄνισος add. καὶ παράνομος rec. Kb, om. C.
 - 24 δρθῶs B²] δρθός CB¹MbQAld,Dr and corr.² Kb.
 - 25 χείρον B²] χείρων L^bM^bAld. B¹CD and corr.² K^b.
- 1131 b 16 φ om. C et pr. K^b, suppl. corr. K^b—i. e. ipse librarius according to Susemihl.
 - 16 τοῦτο C, τούτφ corr.2 Kb.
- 1132 a 6 δ μέν om. C et pr. Kb, suppl. rec. Kb.
 - 21 λέναι—εἶναι om. C et pr. Kb, suppl. rec. Kb.
 - b 8 ὑπάρχειν C et corr.2 Kb.
 - 10 πόσον pr. Kb, ὅσον C et rec. Kb.
 - 24 νεμητικόν pr. K^b , διανεμητικόν C et rec. K^b . (C has τὸν διανεμητικόν.)
 - 27 εἰ καί pr. Kb, εἴ κε C et rec. Kb.
- 1133 a 19 ταῦτα pr. Kb, πάντα C et rec. Kb.

1133 a 20 6 pr. KbAld.B1, & CDLbMbNbOb and rec. Kb.

23 τόσαδε pr. Kb, τοσαδί CD and rec. Kb, τόσα δή LbB1.

27 $\tilde{\eta}$ om. pr. K^b , $\tilde{\eta}\tau\iota s$ C et rec. K^b .

b 9 έξαγωγης pr. Kb, έξαγωγήν CD and rec. Kb.

23 δή om. pr. Kb, suppl. C et rec. Kb.

1136 a 9 - ανθρώπινον pr. Kb, ανθρωπικόν C et rec. Kb.

12 τὸ πῶs pr. Kb, ἀτόπωs C et rec. Kb.

We are now in a position to sum up on the question of the relation of C to K^b from 1115 b 1 to 1136 b 1. The following table presents the relation in its quantitative aspect:—

Book III from 1115 b 1	IV.	V to 1136 b 1.
Kb 50 — 43 C.1	Kb 80 — 73 С.	Kb 92 - 71 C.
K ^b M ^b 6 − 4 C.	К ^b М ^b 5 — 5 С.	KbMb 6 4 C.
LbOb 6 — 1 C.	L ^b O ^b 5 − ◦ C.	LbOb 6 - 2 C.
KbOb 35 — 34 C.	KbOb 78 — 69 C.	KbOb 16 - 14 C.
L ^b M ^b 35 − ◦ C.	LbMb 78 — 7 C.	LbMb 16 — 2 C.
		KbLb 31 — 26 C.

These figures show that C is more closely related than any MS. hitherto described to Kb from 1115b 1 to 1136b 1, although not closely related to it before, or, as will be seen, after. The nature of the agreements-many of them being omissions and other mere blunders-is such as to preclude the hypothesis that an ascendant of C belonging to the L^b family was corrected elaborately here by means of K^b or a MS. closely resembling Kb. The only tenable supposition is that C (from 1115 b 1 to 1136 b 1) was transcribed either from a MS. related collaterally to Kb, or from Kb itself. If C had been transcribed from a MS. collateral to Kb, it would not, as it does, agree with Kb in so many places where that MS. has been corrected by a later hand. Thus in Book iv, C agreeing largely with pr. Kb (which it would naturally do if descended from a common ascendant by a collateral line), also agrees with rec, Kb as against pr. Kb in twenty-four places—i.e. follows the corrections in Kb in almost all the cases in which that MS, has been corrected. This seems to point to the conclusion that C from 1115 b 1 to 1136 b 1 was copied (directly

 $^{^{1}\,}$ I. e. $K^{\rm b}$ is unique among Bekker's MSS. in fifty places, in forty-three of which C agrees with it.

Although I think that C III5b I—II36b I was copied from Kb indirectly, I do not think that many intermediate links separate it from that MS. If there had been many intermediate links the agreement of C with both pr. and rec. Kb would not have been so close. Probably only one MS. intervened. Although the transcriber as a rule preferred corr. Kb to pr. Kb, there are a few cases in which C has the reading of pr. Kb, although corr. Kb exists. An examination of the list on p. 42 shows that in Book v there are six places in which C rejects corr. Kb for pr. Kb. In Book iii again, III8a I3, we have \$\tilde{\ellip}\tilde{\gamma}\tilde{\ellip}\tild

There is one other point which I must notice. At 1124 a 28 (i. e. iv. 3, § 20) C reads, $\mu\epsilon\gamma\dot{\alpha}\lambda\omega\nu$ ἀξιούσιν οὕτε ὀρθῶς $\mu\epsilon\gamma\alpha\dot{\lambda}\psi\nu\chi$ οι λέγονται ἄνευ γὰρ ἀρέσιν οὕτε ὀρθῶς $\mu\epsilon\gamma\alpha\dot{\lambda}\psi\nu\chi$ οι λέγονται ἄνευ γὰρ ἀρέσιν οὕτε ὀρθῶς $\mu\epsilon\gamma\alpha\dot{\lambda}\psi\nu\chi$ οι λέγονται ἄνευ γὰρ ἀρετῆς κ.τ.λ. In consequence of this blunder in C I asked Prof. Vitelli if $-\sigma\iota\nu$ οὕτε ὀρθῶς $\mu\epsilon\gamma\alpha\dot{\lambda}\psi\psi\chi$ οι λέγονται ἄνευ γὰρ ἀρε- constitutes a line in K^b , and he replied that it does. From this it might be inferred that C was copied

directly from K^b ; but the inference is not a necessary one. There is nothing improbable in the supposition that the MS. intervening between K^b and C adhered to the lines and pages of K^b ; indeed, unless there were reasons for altering the whole scale of the transcript, it would be more convenient to adhere exactly to the scale of the original. K^b itself probably reproduces exactly the lines and pagination of its original. Prof. Vitelli, writing to me, says that, while each line in K^b contains on an average forty letters, the lines are either too long or too short for the space defined by the lineal; and his inference from this is that probably the writer of K^b adhered to the lines of his original.

The conclusion then which is forced upon me by the facts is that from 1115b 1 to 1136b 1 C is a transcript of a very faithful (slightly annotated) transcript of $K^{\mathfrak{b}}$. If I am mistaken in this conclusion, then C from 1115b 1 to 1136b 1 is collateral with $K^{\mathfrak{b}}$, and is a very important MS. I have stated the facts fully and leave it to scholars to estimate my conclusion.

As to how C happens to follow K^b in this particular mass of tex I have nothing to say. The following facts however, which I have ascertained from Prof. Vitelli, may be stated here in case others should be able to make use of them. Fol. 33^r in K^b begins at 1115 b 9 with $-\theta\rho\omega\pi\sigma\nu$, fol. 33^v begins at 1115 b 32 with $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ $\tau o\dot{\nu}\tau o\iota s$, fol. 34^v begins at 1116 b 12 with $o\dot{\nu}\nu$, fol. 35^v begins at 1116 b 35 with $-\tau\alpha$, $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\epsilon\dot{\iota}$. Passing to the Fifth Book we find that fol. 63^v begins at 1136 a 29 with $\kappa\alpha\dot{\iota}$ $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}$. The beginning of fol. 33^v and the end of fol. 62^v thus mark very nearly the points at which the close agreement between K^b and C begins and ends, i. e. C agrees closely with K^b over thirty leaves of the latter. The points in C where this agreement begins and ends occur in the middle of pages, and show no changes in hand or ink.

The following list contains the KbOb-LbMb readings in Book v:-

	KbOb.	LbMb.
1129 b 25	χείρον Β ² .	χείρων corr.2 KbCB1DAlc
29	θαυμαστὸς καί CDAld.	θαυμαστὸς διὸ καί.
1130a 1	ἀρχή C.	ảρχά DAld.
1131 a 21	om. C.	έσται Β¹ [ἐστίν D].

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η̈́ CB¹D.
                                       om. Ald.
1131 2 23
           η μη ἴσοι ἴσα CDB¹Ald.
                                       om.
       24
      33 χρῆται CAld.
                                       χρήσεται ΗαΝΒΒΙΕ.
    b ι ούτως CAld.D.
                                       om.
           τούτω τὸ παρὰ τό CD.
                                       τούτω παρὰ τό Ald.
      32
1132b 9
           έστι δὲ τοῦτο καί CPb.
                                       ἔστι δὲ καί Β¹Ald.D.
           ωνείσθαι καὶ πωλείν Β2C.
                                       πωλείν καὶ ώνείσθαι HaNbrAld.B1D.
           τό C.
                                       om. D.
1133 a 33
    b 23
           om. °
                                       δή CDAld.Lb and rec. Kb, δέ MbHa.
1134 b 11 om. rNbPbC.
                                       μή HaAld. [οὐ D and rec, C].
1136 a 17 παν CAld.
                                       απαν HaNbQPbB1 [D has a lacuna here].
1138 a 19 τὸ αὐτό CDAld.
                                       τῶ αὐτῶ Ηα.
    b 13 των HaNbPbAld.
                                       om. CD.
               KbMb.
                                                      LbOb.
1130b 8 8é C.
1132 b 27 ἔρεξε CAld.D.
                                       τε add. C.
1133a 4 om. DAld.
      23 om. CD.
                                       ό ante οἰκοδόμος NbPbAld.
1134 a 31 κρίσις τοῦ CDAld.
                                       κρίσις έστί τοῦ.
    b 20 οὖτω [αὐτῷ D].
                                       οὐ τῶ С.
1137 a 13 γενόμενα Ha.
                                       νεμόμενα LbCB1D, διανεμόμενα ObB2.
1138 a 22
           καὶ post ἄμα.
                                       om. PbCD.
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In the two foregoing lists D is about equally divided between K^b and L^b ; and the same is true of Ald. If we take the cases of Ald. quoted by Susemihl—about eighty in all—we find that it agrees with K^bL^b —either or both—in thirty-five, and with M^bO^b or other inferior MSS. in thirty-three. D agrees with Ald. in some forty cases, and disagrees in about the same number. I find it impossible, on account of the great intermixture which has taken place, to assign either Ald. or D to any particular genealogical group. They are themselves not distantly related to each other, but show no preference for K^b as against L^b , or for K^bL^b as against M^bO^b , etc. B^1 and B^2 agree extensively with Ald. and D, as will be seen from the following list of the readings in Book v which D shares with Ald.:—

1129 b 8 μ e \hat{i} 00 M^bO^bB¹B². 18 $\tau\hat{\eta}$ s ante ϵ \hat{i} 00 âu μ 00 âu \hat{i} 1 (om. B¹B²). 24 \hat{i} 0 \hat{i} 06 âu \hat{i} 1 1130 a 2 τ 6 \hat{i} 0 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 7 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 7 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 7 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 4 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 7 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 4 âu \hat{i} 5 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 7 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 4 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 6 âu \hat{i} 7 âu \hat{i} 8 âu \hat{i} 9 âu \hat{i} 1 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu \hat{i} 2 âu \hat{i} 3 âu

5 κοινώ ΓΒ¹ [B²=Bek.]. 13 ή ante δικαιοσύνη KbLbHaNbB² [om. Β¹]. 22 τι ἄνισον' τὸ μὲν γὰρ πλέον ἄπαν ἄνισον τὸ δ' ἄνισον οὐ πᾶν πλέον ΓΜbObOPb. 16 καί post ώστε add. Mb [om. B1]. 23 προσταττόμενα Β1ΓΚbPb. ΙΙ3Ι 2 2 συναλλαγμάτων ObNbB1. 31 λόγου ΓΚbNbPbB1C. 1132 b 15 πωλείν καὶ ώνείσθαι Β1ΓLb 16 ἔδωκεν LbMbB1 [δέδωκεν CB2]. 27 κ'] τ'. 1133 b 15 ἔσται MbHaNb. alei MbObHaNbB1B2. 1134 b 7 ταῦτα ΓΜbObHaNb [C=Bek.]. 1135 a 4 12 τὸ κοινὸν μᾶλλον δικαιοπράγημα Β¹rHaMbNb [B²=Bek.]. ai om, rKbLbNb. b 11 δè HaLbPb. 13 ταῦτα ante πράξη add. ΓLbMbHaNbOb. $d\rho\chi\dot{\eta} \ \Gamma M^b O^b H^a N^b \left[\ddot{\sigma} \tau \epsilon \ \dot{\epsilon} \nu \ \dot{\epsilon} a \nu \tau \dot{\hat{\omega}} \ \dot{\eta} \ \dot{a} \rho\chi\dot{\eta} \ \dot{\eta} \ \tau \dot{\eta} s \ \kappa a \kappa i a s \ B^2, \ \ddot{\sigma} \tau a \nu \ \dot{\epsilon} \nu \ \dot{\epsilon} a \nu \tau \dot{\hat{\omega}} \ \dot{\eta} \ \dot{a} \rho\chi\dot{\eta} \ \dot{\eta} \ \tau \dot{\eta} s$ 24 οὐδέ Β¹ΓΗαΜbNb [B² οὐ]. 1136 a 32 ὧ LbB¹ [ő B²]. 34 ἕν alrías B1]. b 6 αλλά οὐδ'. 1137 a 13 νεμόμενα Β¹LbNb. τι ΓHaNbOb. 27 δὲ καί b 20 τούτοις NbObC. 23 ούτως CΓNbPb. 24 αν LbNbC. THaMbNbPb. 33 τί τό HaMbNbC. 1138 a 9 ώς ΓΗaMbNbPb. 10 νόμον ΓΜbObHaNb 32 ἦν post ψεκτόν add. HaMbNbB1B2C. b 6 οὐκ αὐτό. OB¹B²C.

From all the other Ald. readings quoted by Susemihl in this Book, D varies.

After ceasing at 1136 b 1 to follow K^b , C begins to resemble O^b , except in ch. 10 (on $\epsilon \pi \iota \epsilon \ell \kappa \epsilon \iota a$). In ch. 9 from 1136 b 1 to the end of the chapter, and in ch. 11, i.e. the last chapter of the Book, O^b stands alone among Bekker's MSS. in nineteen places, in eleven of which C agrees with it. The unique O^b readings with which C agrees occur in the following places, 1136 b 8, 18, 18, 22, 31, 33, 1137 a 6, 8, 1138 a 5, 5, 33 (see Jackson's apparatus criticus). It will be seen that this agreement of C with O^b unique (curiously broken by the chapter on $\epsilon \pi \iota \epsilon \ell \kappa \epsilon \iota a$ which breaks the discussion of self-injury) is continued in the Sixth Book. Elsewhere (except in Book x) C, however closely it may agree with O^b in conjunction with other MSS, avoids its unique readings.

In chapter 10 (on $\epsilon \pi \iota \epsilon (\kappa \epsilon \iota a)$ Ob is unique in three readings, with none of which C agrees. At 1137 b 29 C and D have in common a curious blunder— $\psi \eta \lambda a \phi (\sigma \mu a \tau os)$ for $\psi \eta \phi (\sigma \mu a \tau os)$, and otherwise show themselves to be closely related in ch. 10, following the later MSS. in preference to K^b and L^b .

In Books i, ii, iii, and iv, we have seen that A is closely related to K^b. In Book v we have Mr. Jackson's collation of P^b (Vat. 1342), a MS. closely related to K^b; and A turns out to be practically identical with

Pb in this Book. That A and Pb agree almost verbatin throughout the whole of the Ethics is rendered probable by the fact that their readings are substantially the same in that part of the Tenth Book (1176 a 11-1177 a 30) where Pb has been collated by Wilamowitz: also by the fact that throughout the Eudemian Ethics (collated in Pb by Bekker) and the Mag. Mor. (collated by Susemihl in Pb) they present the same peculiarities; and lastly, by the important fact that they both have a long lacuna in common in Book viii Eth. Nic. from 1157 a 12 to 1161 b 19. From a peculiarity of this lacuna, Mr. Jackson (Journal of Philology, 1876, vi. 208 sqq.) infers that A is a transcript of Pb. The following are the facts concerning the lacuna in A. Fol. 85° ends with $\theta\epsilon\rho a$ 1157 a 8. After fol. 85, four leaves of much coarser parchment have been inserted containing, in a fifteenth century hand, the omitted text. This later hand also occupies the four top lines of fol. 86r and ends with orta 1161 b 19. The old hand begins again at the beginning of the fifth line from the top of fol. 86^r with μᾶλλον (1161 b 19). As Mr. Jackson has pointed out, however, an examination of the four lines at the top of fol. 86^r shows that the first two lines and rather more than half of the third have been written in rasura, and that the last word erased is ἡδύ 1157 a 12. The line and a half intervening between ήδύ (1157 a 12) and μαλλον (1161 b 19) had evidently been left blank by the old scribe, seeing a gap in his copy. The new scribe scraped out the two lines and a half at the top of fol. 86r above the blank, and began the first of his inserted leaves with πευόμενος 1157 a 8, and having filled four such leaves, utilised the space for four lines at the top of fol. 86^r, thus getting the omitted text down to ὄντα 1161 b 19, exactly in. Now, as Mr. Jackson has pointed out, Pb has the same lacuna, except that the new hand begins after ἀντι not after ἡδύ 1157 a 12. The old hand in both MSS, begins again with μαλλον 1161 b 19. Thus Pb=A except that A has not arri. Therefore, Mr. Jackson infers, Ph was not copied from A, and the probability is that A was copied from Pb. A, we know, was written in 1279; and according to Susemihl Pb belongs to the fourteenth century. Dr. Meyncke, who has examined Pb at my request, inclines to Susemihl's view, although he notes points which favour the view that it belongs to the end of the thirteenth century—e.g. the ancient forms of π and τ and of ϵl . The frequency of abbreviations

weighs strongly with him in favour of assigning it to the fourteenth century; but A is also much abbreviated; and certain passages of P^b which Dr. Meyncke has copied out, reproducing the forms of the letters as they occur in the MS, impress me strongly with the conviction that it belongs to about the same date as A. The forms of the letters and the contractions are identical in the two MSS.

The following are the facts respecting the lacuna in P^b as they have been communicated to me by Dr. Meyncke. The fourth line from the top of fol. 76° is:—

οὖτοι ἀλλ' ὁ μὲν ὁρῶν ἐκεῖνον ὁ δὲ θεραπευόμενος ὑπὸ τοῦ ἐραστοῦ λη

- 5. γούσης δὲ τῆς ώρας ἐνιότι καὶ ἡ φιλία λήγει τῷ μὲν γὰρ οὐκ ἔστι ἡδεῖα ἡ ὅ
- 6. ψις τῷ δ' οὐ γίνεται ἡ θεραπεία πολλοί δ' αὖ διαμένουσιν ἐὰν ἐκ τῆς
- 7. συνηθείας τὰ ήθη στέρξωσιν όμοήθεις όντας οἱ δὲ μὴ τὸ ἡδὺ ἀντι

Then begins the new fifteenth century hand with $\kappa\alpha\tau\alpha\lambda\lambda\alpha\tau\tau\delta\mu\epsilon\nu\sigma\iota$ in line 8, no blank being left. This new hand goes on through ff. 77, 78, 79, 80, 81° and 81°, in which page it occupies twelve lines. The old hand begins $(\mu\alpha\lambda\lambda\sigma\nu)$ 1161 b 19) fol. 82°. It would thus appear that the original scribe left the greater part of fol. 76° blank—i.e. all after line 7—viz. twenty-six lines, Pb having thirty-three lines to the page. The scribe of A, we have seen, indicates the lacuna by a blank of one line and a half. It may be thought more probable that the MS. with the shorter was copied from that with the longer blank, if the one was copied from the other at all. But there is nothing in the facts hitherto adduced inconsistent with the view that A and Pb are copies of a common archetype in which the lacuna began with $\kappa\alpha\tau$ - $\alpha\lambda\lambda\alpha\tau\tau\delta\mu\epsilon\nu\omega\iota$. A might very well omit $a\nu\tau\iota$ as being merely part of a word, while Pb preferred to transcribe it as it stood.

For that part of the following notes which refers to P^b·I am indebted to Dr. Meyncke. I give them in the hope that they may throw some light on the question of the relationship of P^b to A.

1147 b 21 Pb fol. 69t reads ὅτι μὲν οὖν περὶ ἡδονὰς καὶ λύπας εἰσὶν οἵ τε ἐγκρατεῖς καὶ καρτερικοί καὶ οἱ ἀκρατεῖς καὶ καρτερικοί, καὶ οἱ ἀκρατεῖς καὶ μαλακοί, the words καὶ οἱ ἀκρατεῖς καὶ καρτερικοί being underlined by a later hand.

These underlined words occur in A, but have been erased. They

are perfectly legible under the erasure in the second line from the top of fol. 77° .

1142 a 25 P^b has ἀντιληπικοὶ μέν last words of fol. 64^v . A has ἀντι[ληπτικὴ μέν by a later hand in ras.].

1145 a 24 Pb without correction or erasure reads θηριωδία. In A the original hand has converted into θηριωδία what was apparently θηριώδει.

1145 b 17 οί post συγκεχυμένως δ PbA pr.

1151 a 25 $0 i \delta \hat{\epsilon}] \delta \delta \hat{\epsilon} P^b A pr.$

1096 b 20 πλήν] πλεῖ P^b at the end of a line: evidently, Dr. Meyncke remarks, carefully copied from the original: no later correction. A has πλήν, the ήν later in ras.

1103 b 7 каї ante уі́νεται om. РbA.

1107 b 11 δ ' éavr' sic Pb without correction. A has $\delta \epsilon$ avr in the original hand, the ϵ at the beginning having been inserted by a later hand.

III5 a 29 οἷον εί Pb without correction. οἷον ή A, ή being in ras.

1113 a 1 πέπεπται Pb, πεπ[αυ? in ras.]ται Α.

13 Here both Pb and A insert after τύπφ—νῦν οὐχ ὡς εἴωθε λέγειν τὸ καθ' ὑπογραφὴν ἀλλὰ καθόλου. This insertion is by the original hand in both MSS.

1116 b 24 επιφέρουσι | φέρουσι Pb (without correction) and A.

1118 b 17 $\it e \omega s$ αν ύπερπλησθή ύπερβολή $\it P^b A$.

1119 b 4 πολλήν αὔξησιν] πολλήν εξιν αὔξησιν P^bA . 8 καὶ πανταχόθεν τῷ ἀνοήτῷ om. P^bA .

1127 b 20 μάντιν σοφὸν $\hat{\eta}$ ἰατρόν] μάντιν $\hat{\eta}$ ἰητρὸν σοφόν P^b , μάντιν $\hat{\eta}$ ἰητρικὸν σοφόν A pr.

1145 b 24 Pb has ὥετο καὶ ὥσπερ ἀνδράποδον, omitting Σωκράτης ἄλλο τι κρατεῖν καὶ περιέλκειν αὐτόν. A also omits these words, leaving a space of two or three letters between ὥετο and ὥσπερ, where however an erased καί can be detected.

1185 a 33 Mor. Magn. i. 4 ἃν δὲ μὴ ἐμβάλης τροφὴν οὖκ ἔχει]. A has a space of twenty-seven letters erased between ἐμβάλης and τροφήν. Ph reads ἃν δὲ μὴ ἐμβάλης ἔχει ὁρμὴν τρέφειν ἐὰν δὲ μὴ ἐμβάλης τροφὴν οὖκ ἔχει κ.τ.λ. Most of these words interpolated by Ph are legible under the erasure in A.

So much for the information which I have obtained from Dr. Meyncke. It does not seem to me to prove that A is a transcript

from P^b, or to be inconsistent with the hypothesis that both MSS, are derived from the same archetype independently.

In Book v, P^b (as collated by Jackson) and A agree in the following places where the readings of P^b are unique among those of Bekker's MSS:—

1120 a 15 δ' ού. 16 ύπό. 26 δικαιοσύνη καὶ ἀδικία. b 2 καὶ περί. παντα έσται. 23 άλλας om. 1130 a 26 μάλλον δόξειεν είναι. 30 έγκατέλοιπε. b 10-13 έπεὶ δὲ τὸ ἄνισον καὶ τὸ παράνομον πλέον οὐ ταὐτὸν ἀλλ' ἔτερον ὡς μέρος πρὸς όλον τὸ μὲν γὰρ ἄνισον ἄπαν παράνομον τὸ δὲ παράνομον οὐχ ἄπαν ἄνισον τὸ μὲν γὰρ πλέον άπαν άνισον τὸ δ' άνισον οὐ πῶν πλέον καὶ τὸ άδικον κ.τ.λ. 1131 3 12 ἐστὶ ποάξει. 20 Ισότης έσται. 22 ἴσοι μὴ ἴσα om. 1132 b 8 αε Pb, εα A in ras. 15 ώνείσθαι καὶ τῶ πωλείν. 23 ἀντιπεπουθὸς ἄλλω, τὸ δ' ἀντιπεπουθὸς οὐκ ἐφαρμόττει οὕτ' ἐπὶ τὸ νόμιμον οὖτ' ἐπὶ τὸ πολιτικόν, πολιτικὸν δὲ λέγω τὸ κοινωνικόν τὸ δ' ἀντιπεπονθός. οὐ δεῖ—ἐπάταξεν om. 1133 a 3 χάριτος. έτερον. 21 post έλειψιν add. μετρεί δηλονότι τὸ νόμισμα. 1133 b 1 οὐ δεῖ ἄγειν ἀναλογίας. 25 β. δῆλον β. οἰκία ἐφ' ἡς α, μνών ε. κλίνη εφ' ή β. μνας αξία. ή δε κλίνη πέμπτον μέρος της οἰκίας αν είη, δηλον. 1134 b 3 πλέον post νέμει om. 21 όταν δὲ θῶνται διαφέρει om. 1135 b 15 ἀλλὰ —ωήθη om. 18 ή ἀρχὴ ἐν αὐτῷ. 1136 a 28 πράττειν om. (inter lineas πράττειν man. rec. A. add. marg. Pb ποιείν). 1136 b 15 τὸ πλέον, 30 κτήνη. 1137 a 2 έκείνω. 1138 2 25 την έαυτοῦ γυναίκα.

The present seems to be the best opportunity of indicating the relation of A and P^b in Eth. Nic.: 1176a 11—1177a 30 where P^b has been collated by Wilamowitz.

1176 a 11 λυπηρά ἐστι καὶ μισητά in ras. librarius ipse A. 15 τοῦτο post ἐτέρων. 17 καί ante ἐκάστον add. $\Gamma H^a P^b Ald. ACD$. 18 ὁ om. AP^b etc., add. Ald. C. 20 οδὸξ A. 22 όμολογουμένως $P^b AC$ etc., όμολογουμένας D. 1176 b 5 post ἄλλο add. τι Α. 7 περί ACD. 12 ἀγωγάς ACD. 15 τοιούτων ACD etc., τούτων ACD 18 οδὸξ νοῦς ACD 16 ταῦτα ACD etc. 27 ή om. ACD. 1177 a 4 τῶν ante μετά om. ACD add. ACD 9 καί om. CCD om. CCD in το τε add. CCD 125 σοφία ACD αλονογία ACD 127 αλονογία ACD αλονογία A

In order to present a connected view of the evidence for the relationship of P^h and A, I here add the more striking agreements

of the two MSS, in the Eudemian Ethics, throughout which treatise $P^{\rm b}$ was collated by Bekker:—

1214 a 6 δ' om. P^bA . ἐρᾶται P^bA , omisso τό. 24 διὰ τὴν τύχην P^bA . 30 συναγάγει P^bA . b 23 περιπάτων] περὶ πάντων P^bA . 1215 a 4 βίον P^bA . 8 τὰ om. P^bA . 15 οὐδὲ διὰ τῆς P^b , οὐδὲ τῆς A. 19 τοῖς A τοῖς P^bA , èν τοῖς marg. P^b . 31 πρὸς δυν AP^b . b 9 ἐρώμενον P^bA . 19 δι' A om. pr. P^bA . 24 ἐχόντων μὲν ἡδονήν P^bA . 29 οὐ om. P^bA . 33 αἰσθήσεων πορίζοι P^bA . 1218 b 32 ἐν om. P^bA . 35 δυν A^b . 1221 b 14 πλήκτης—15 δργῆς om. P^bA . 1224 a 4 προαιρεῖται—ἐξαίφνης om. P^bA . 11 ἀκούσιον καὶ—βίαιον om. P^bA . 31 χαίρων δέ om. P^bA . b 39 pro δέ locum vacuum P^b ; no space left in A. 1230 b 16 ἐπιπόλαιον] ἐπὶ πόλεως P^bA . 1234 b 14 περὶ—λεκτέον om. P^bA . For the headings between Books iii and vii, see Bekker p. 1234; here $P^b=A$. 1235 a 37 post τῶν A^bP^b A litteris locum quinque vel sex. 1238 b 12 ἔτι A^b nesce quid corr. A^b A^b has ἔτι distinctly. A^b ἐνί τι A^b 13 σπουδαίφ A^b . 1244 b 3 A^b A^b ον συστοιχείας a space after τούτφ. 1245 a 1 συστοιχίας] εὐτυχείας A, εὐστοχίας A^b , συστοιχείας corr. A^b . 1246 a 23 οἰκείου om. A^b A^b .

Susemihl's publication De Magnorum Moralium Codice Vaticano 1342 (i. c. P^b), Berlin, 1881, enables me to add the following notes respecting the correspondence between P^b and A in the Magna Moralia:—

36 ή om. Mb et corr. Pb (eras.) om. A. 1183 a 20 άλλαs sequente ras. trium fere litt. Pb, ἄλλας ἀρετάς A. mox κατηγορίας. 26 ἀφανῶν bis pr. Pb (semel eras.) 38 ὑπὲρ τῶν in Pb evanuerunt, habet A. 30 ἐρῶ Ald.A, ἐρᾶ aut ἐρεῖ pr. Pb (ἐρεῖ mg. rc.). b 7, 8 διὸ—ἀγαθοῦ om. MbPbA. 1185 a 22 περί PbA. b ο τὰς τὸν λόγον ἐχούσας MhPh et οὐδείς τὰς τοῦ τοῦ τὸν λόγον ἔχοντος post haec verba add. pr. Pb, sed oblitt.; τὰς τὸν λόγον ἐχούσας τὰς τοῦ τὸν λόγον ἔχοντος οὐδεὶς ἐπαι-30 λεγον PbA. 1186 a 20 έχου Pb pr. KA. b 17 δύο Ald. νείται κ.τ.λ. Α. pr. PbA. 20 πορρύτερον PbA. 21 πορρότερον PbA. 22 πορρότερον PbA. 1187 a 21 οὐκ om. MbPbA. 21 έκουσίοις PbA. b 7 ἄν om. pr. Pb (pallidius add, rc.), habet A. 1188 a 20 τό—ἀκούσιον om, MbPbA, 21 οὐ ante πράττει add. Mb et corr. (rc. ut videtur) Pb, om. A. 31 δ-32 βουλόμενος δ δ' ἀκρατης τὰ κακά πράττει είδως (είδως πράττει PbA) ότι κακά έστιν, εί δ' δ άκρατης τὰ κακά είδως ότι κακὰ πράττει βουλόμενος M^bP^bA . b 10 γὰρ φύσει P^bA . 32 ποιεῖν P^b , πιεῖν A. 34 οδ ante οδθέν add. pr. Pb A. 1189 a 23 δή post ἀναγκαΐον add. Mb et rc. Pb. 36 τὸ-διανοίας add. MbPbA. 1191 b 18 ἀνθρώπου om. pr. PbA. 1102 a 37 σαλακωνείας PbA. b 28 μέσος] μεσότης PbAld, A. 1105 a 35 δσαι δί] haec in Pb paene tota evanuerunt. In A distincte leguntur. 1203 a 13 όσω (& rc.) γε ότι τιμή καὶ τιμή ώτερον (τι μειώτερον rc.) κακῶς pr. Pb, όγε ότι τιμή καὶ τιμιώτερον κακῶς A. 1200 a 7 τὸ MbAld. rc. Kb, rc. Pb, rc. A, τῶι pr. Kb, pr. Pb, pr. A. 7 ἡδύ MbAld. rc. Pb, rc. A, ἡδεῖ Kb, pr. Pb, pr. A. 7 τό MbAld., rc. Kb, rc. Pb, rc. A, τωι pr. Kb, pr. Pb, pr. A. 7 συμφέρου MbAld., rc. Pb, rc. A, συμφέροντι Kb, pr. Pb, pr. A. b 16 μεταπίπτει KbAld, P2A, pr. Pb. 1212 a 10 οὐχ ἡ νοοῦσι A et Bekk, et, ut videtur, rc. Pb, οὐχὶ νοοῦσι Mb et, ut videtur, pr. Pb.

So much for the evidence bearing upon the relationship of P^b and A. It is not inconsistent with the view that both MSS, are copies of a common archetype; but more than this I will not venture to say.

BOOK VI.

	KbMb.	LbOb.
1138b33	τοῦτ' εἰρημένον DB¹Ald. [τοῦτο	τοῦτο τὸ εἰρημένον Β²C.
	εἶναι εἰρημένον Α].	
1139a 3	om.	οὖν Ald.ACB¹B²D.
4	εἶναι μέρη Ald.AB¹.	μέρη είναι D [δύο μέρη της ψυχης είναι Β ²
		C].
12	λογικόν C sed crx. ead. ut	λογιστικόν ADAld.B¹B².
	vid. man.	
h 12	a) nAchace	aληθεύει ACDB ¹ B ² Ald

1139 b 15 om. A.

25 ή ἄπασα [ἄπασα ἡ Α].

1140a 5 διό C with καί above—by the same hand? διό AB².

14 ή AAld.B¹D.

18 ταῦτ'.

b 2 om. Ald.D.

7 αὔτη B².

10 τούς AAld.B2.

11 ἔνθεν Ald.DB¹ [ἔνθα A].

I2 om.

13 απασαν Α.

14 om. A.

18 om. A.

32 8' ai ACB2.

33 om. B2.

1141a 11 οὖν Ald.B1.

19 ὥσπερ.

20 την πολιτικήν.

23 καὶ εὐθύ AB¹DAld.

28 καί A [δ' ϵἴη ὅτι B^2C].

b **I** δ κόσμος συνέστηκεν Ald.AD B¹.

30 καὶ φρόνησις ADAld.B1.

1142 a 2 πολυπράγμονες AB¹B²DAld. πράγμονες C.

17 δή AAld.

20 om.

23 τοδὶ τὸ βαρύσταθμον Β2C.

25 μέν CAld.

27 om. AAld. [οὖ — αἴσθησις om. B¹].

28 οία ή αισθανόμεθα Β2C.

32 om. Ald.

b 9 ή εὐβουλία τις.

 $\dot{\eta}$ B¹B²CDAld.

πᾶσα B¹B²Ald.DC (but erasure after διδακ C).

καί Ald.B¹D.

om. B2C.

τὰ αὐτά ACAld, B¹B²D.

add. ή ACB¹B².

αὐτή ACAld.B¹D.

om. B¹CD.

 $\ddot{\theta}$ θεν B^2C .

ώς AAld.DCB¹B².

πâσαν Ald.CDB¹B².

τό B¹B²CDAld.

ή B¹B²CDAld.

δ' Ald,B'D.

ή ACB¹Ald.D.

om. ACB2D.

καὶ ὥσπερ Ald.AB¹B²DC.

την έπιστήμην πολιτικήν Ald.DCB¹B², την πολιτικήν έπιστήμην A.

καὶ τὸ εὐθύ Β2C.

om. Ald.B1D.

συνέστηκεν δ κόσμος B2C.

καὶ ή φρόνησις B^2C .

φιλοπράγμονες.

δήποτε B^2 [δέ ποτε C; διὰ τί, omisso δή, B^1D].

οὖκ ACB¹B²DAld.

τοδὶ βαρύσταθμον AB¹DAld.

om.

οδ B2CD.

οΐα αλσθανόμεθα AAld.B¹D.

καί ACDB¹B².

τις ή εὐβουλία ACB¹B²DAld.

1142 b 9	om.	δέ ACB¹B²Ald.D.
15	τε καὶ κακῶς AB².	τε κακῶς Ald.B¹D.
	om. ACAld.B ¹ B ² D.	add. elvai.
23	δι' ACB¹B².	τούτου δι' Ald.D.
25	αὕτη CD.	αὐτή AAld.B¹B².
30	τίς δέ [ή τὶς δέ Α].	ή δέ τις B¹B²CDAld.
1143a 5	ότουοῦν.	ότωοῦν AAld.B¹B²D corr. C.
19	συγγνώμονας.	εὐγνώμονας AAld.B¹B²CD.
31	åπάντων AAld.B¹B²DC.	πάντων.
b 1	καί B².	om. B¹CDAld. [om. A in ras.]
14	ἀρχάς [τὰς ἀρχάς AB¹B²DC Ald.].	ὀρθῶs.
16	τί Α.	τίνα B¹B²CDAld.
19	θεωρήσει Α.	$\theta \epsilon \omega \rho \epsilon \hat{\imath} \text{ CAld.B}^{1} \text{B}^{2} \text{D.}$
28	ρητέον Α.	θετέον CDAld.B ¹ B ² .
30	αὐτοῖς (nescio quid corr. A).	αὐτούs CAld.
11442 2	τοῦ B ² .	om. ACB¹Ald.D.
14	λέγομεν ACB ¹ B ² DAld.	om.
23	om. A.	τις B¹B²CDAld.
ь і	καὶ γὰρ ἡ ἀρετὴ παραπλησίως ACAld.B¹B².	παραπλησίως γάρ D.
1145a 2	ὑπάρξουσι ACB¹B²DAld.	ύπάρχουσι.
3	om.	ἄν ACB¹Ald.D.
8	om. B ¹ .	ή ACDAld.
	КрОр.	$_{ m L^bM^b}$
1138 b 19	μηδέ ΑС.	μήτε Ald.
2 I	ἐν AAld.	om. C.
1139a 7	őσων ACB ² .	ὧν Ald.B¹D.
1140 b 32	ἀποδεικτῶν Ald.ADB¹.	ἀποδεικτικῶν C.
1141a 9	τε C [om. AAld.].	$\gamma\epsilon$.
10	ἀποδίδομεν AAld.	ἀποδιδόαμεν C.
b 34	τό ACD.	τὸ τά [ὡς τό Ald.].
1143 a 11	τό ACAld.	$ au\hat{\omega}$.
12	τό ACAld.	$ au\hat{\omega}$.
36	ἀμφότερα ACAld.	ἀμφότερον.

In the following list, which contains all the recorded cases of Ob

unique in Book vi, asterisks have been prefixed where C agrees with Ob unique—viz. in eleven places out of the thirty-two.

Ob unique in vi.

1138 b 19 μηδέ Ο^b, μήτε Ald.ΓM^b, μή AC cum cet.

*21 каї от. ОbC, habet A.

34 τίς ὁ ὅρος Οb, τίς ὅρος AC.

*1139 b 30 ἄρα αἱ ἀρχαί Ob, ἄρα καὶ ἀρχαί C, ADB¹=Bek.

*1140 a 7 com om. ObC (sed correx. man. ead. ut vid. C), habet A.

*12 γίνηται ΟbC, γένεται Α.

18 τέχνη καὶ ή τύχη Ob, AC=Bek.

*28 $\zeta \hat{\eta} \nu] \zeta \hat{\eta} \nu$ δλον ObCD, $\zeta \hat{\eta} \nu$ δλως LbMbAld., $\zeta \hat{\eta} \nu$ δλ (ras.) A, δλως om. Kb.

1141 a 12 ἐστίν om. Ob, habent AC.

*1142 a 1 τά om. ObC, τό pr. KbD, τά A cet.

διὸ καί ObAld., διό C with καί above later, διό A.

*11 λεγομένου ΟbCB2, είρημένου AB1.

?*17 διά om. Ob, C? (διά at the end of a line on the immediate margin; but I am not sure whether by a later hand or not C), habet A.

*19 ai om. ObC, habent AD.

32 διαλαβείν ObAB¹Ald., λαβείν D et pr. C (corr. man. rec. διαλαβείν C).

33 η post δόξα om. Ob, habent AC.

b 16 τίς om. Ob, habent AC.

*20 ύπειληφώς ΟbCDB1, είληφώς Α.

24 ωστε Ob, ἀλλά AC cum cet.

1143 α $_3$ επιστημών κατὰ μέρος O^b , τών κατὰ μέρος τών επιστημών C, τών κιτὰ μέρος επιστημών A.

3 οἷον] οἷον ή Ob, οἷον ή CAKbMb, om. ή D.

12 ή om. Ob, habent AC.

32 ἔστι] εὶ Ob, ἔστι AC.

*33 άπαντα ObC, πάντα Lb, άπάντων KbMbrAld.DA pr.

*b 27 каї ї ОbС, каї AD.

1144 a 2 γ'] τι Ob, δέ CAld., om. D, γ' A.

6 τῷ ἐνεργεῖν] ἐνεργεῖ Ob, τῷ ἐνεργεῖν AC.

b 3 καί om. Ob, habent AC.

24 τήν om. Ob, habent AC.

29 γαρ είναι] γαρ ώετο Ob, γαρ είναι AC.

1145 a 2 ἄπασαι Οb, πᾶσαι ΑC.

e καί Ob, κἄν AC.

The results for Book vi may be summed up as follow.

The agreement between C and O^b unique is greater in the earlier than in the latter part of the Book, 1143 a 1 marking approximately the place at which the correspondence ceases to be at all striking. We may say that a marked agreement between C and O^b unique extends (with the interruption of the chapter on ἐπιείκεια) from 1136 b 1 to 1143 a 1.

If we turn from O^b unique to O^b with K^b or L^b, we find that the agreement of C and O^b extends throughout the whole Book, all parts of which contribute about equally to the following figures:—

C
$$38 - L^bO^b 58 K^bM^b - 14 C^1$$
.
C $7 - K^bO^b 10 L^bM^b - 3 C$.

C thus follows K^b or L^b where O^b happens to follow the one or the other. O^b of course belongs in this Book distinctly to the L^b variety.

The relationship of Ald. is exhibited in the following table:-

Ald.
$$37 - L^bO^b 58 K^bM^b - 21 Ald.$$

Ald. $6 - K^bO^b 10 L^bM^b - 3 Ald.$

Of the thirty-seven Ald.LbOb readings twenty-seven are given by C; of the twenty-one Ald.KbMb readings seven are given by C; of the six Ald.KbOb readings three are given by C. Ald. and C are thus closely related. Although Ald. inclines somewhat towards Mb, yet C and Ald. are both more nearly related to Ob in this Book than to any

 $^{^1}$ I. e. there being fifty-eight cases of L^bO^b \it{versus} $K^bM^b,$ C sides with L^bO^b in thirty-eight of them, and with K^bM^b in fourteen.

other MS. Several of the cases of Ald.= K^bM^b will be found to be cases in which L^b and O^b (with C it may be) have an omission, and may consequently be easily explained by correction.

D is in this Book a member of the group to which ObC and Ald.

belong.

A is still of the K^b family, but shows a considerable L^b admixture, as may be seen from the following table:—

A 29 —
$$K^bM^b$$
 58 L^bO^b — 20 A.
A 9 — K^bO^b 10 L^bM^b — 0 A.

It will be seen from the list of O^b unique, that A does not present any of the peculiarities of that MS; while the following list of the principal cases of K^b unique in Book vi will show that it does not present many of the peculiarities of K^b either.

Kb unique in vi.

1138 b 18 каї от. KbAAld.

21 πράξεσι ΚυΑ.

31 &s Kb, őσα A.

34 τε om. Kb, habet A.

1139 a 3 λέγωμεν K^bAAld .

4, 5 καὶ ἔχοντος om. Kb, habet A.

8 τῶν ἀ ἐνδέχονται Κb, A=Bek.

12 βούλεσθαι Kb, βουλεύεσθαι Α.

23 διά Α, δέ Kb.

23 ταῦτα μέν Κ^b, μὲν ταῦτα Α.

36 δ' om. Kb, habet A.

b ΙΙ πεπραγμένα om. K^b , habet A.

14 ἄλλωθεν Κb, ἄνωθεν Α.

30 om. δ Kb, habet A.

1.140 a 16 ταῦτα τήν A, ταύτην K^b .

24 ήττων Kb, ήττον A.

1141 α 1 οὐδ' ή σοφία K^b , οὐδὲ δὴ σοφία A.

7 νοῦν A, γοῦν νοῦν $pr. K^b$, οὖν νοῦν corr.

1142 a Ι διατρίβων φρόνιμος om. Kb, habet A.

b 28 οδ δεί καὶ ως A, οὐ δικαίως pr. Kb.

1144 α 6 τῷ ἐνεργεῖν εὐδαίμονα Α, ἐνεργεία εὐδαιμονία Κ.

B¹ and B² belong in this Book to the L^b family, being closely related to Ald. and C, and presenting considerable agreement with O^b. The relationship of B¹ and B² is shown in the following table:—

$$\frac{B^1}{B^2} \frac{37}{35}$$
 L^bO^b 58 K^bM^b $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 17 \ B^1 \\ 19 \ B^2 \end{array} \right.$

As C seems to possess some independent authority in this Book, I here append all my notes of its readings, occasionally inserting the readings of other MSS:—

1138 b 18 ὅτι] ι in ras. C. 19 μηδέ pr. C, corr. rec. μήτε, μηδέ A. 20 ἐν om. C, habet A. 21 καί om. C, habet A. 23 καί A] $\tau \epsilon$ καί C. 24 $\tau \hat{\eta} s$ ante $\hat{\upsilon} \pi \epsilon \rho$ βολη̂s om. C. 26 ἀληθές] - έ in ras. C. 29 ἄν τις om. pr. C. 30 ἄν om. C, δεί] -εί in ras. C. 31 εἴποιεν C, εἴποι A, ή om. C, habet A. 32 τάς] -άς in ras. C. 33 άληθές] ε in ras. C. τοῦτ'] τοῦτο τό C. 34 ἐστίν in ras. C, ὁ om. pr. C. 1139 a 3 δύο μέρη της ψυχης είναι C, A=Bek. 7 τοιαῦτα] οι in ras. C, ὅσων ΑC] δυ D. 8 έν δέ γε AD et rec. C. 9-10 ετερα-γένει bis C. 10 τὸ πεφυκὸς πρὸς έκάτερον C, AD=Bek. 12 post ἐπιστημονικόν add. C τὸ δὲ λεγέσθω δὲ τούτων τὸ μὲν επιστημονική. λογιστικόν Α] λογικόν C sed correx. eadem, ut vid., manus. 16 ή άρετή C. 18 κύρια add. man. rec. in spatio a librario vacuo relicto C. 21 καὶ ἀπόφασις om. pr. C. 23 διὰ μὲν ταῦτα δεῖ C, δεῖ διὰ μὲν ταῦτα AD. 25 σπουδαΐα C. 28 έστι om. pr. C, τὸ ψεῦδος C. 29 διανοητικοῦ] οῦ in ras. C. 30 ή om. C. 34 άπραξία pr. C. 36 αύτη C. του om. pr. C. 36 καὶ πρακτική—1139 b 1 ποιητικής om. C sed suppl. ad oram man., ut videtur, eadem. 1139 b 1 τοῦ] τούτου pr. C. 2 οὐ] οὕτε C. 3 ἀλλ' οὐ τὸ πρακτόν AD, rec. C. ἀπραξία pr. C. 7 βουλεύεται] -εύεται in ras. C. 13 ἀληθεύει CADB¹. 15 ἔστω pr. C ut vid., rec. ἔσται. post ὑπολήψει add. καί C sed correx. 18 post φανερόν add. C ἠδία (sic). πάντα ἀἰδία C. 25 διδακτή] τή in ras. C. 26 δέ] έ in ras. C. 27 έν om. C. έλέγομεν C, λέγωμεν D. 28 ἀρχή ἐστι τοῦ pr. C, ἀρχῆς ἐστὶ καὶ τοῦ rec. C, AD= Bek. 30 post ἄρα add. καί C, om. AB¹D. 31 ἐπιστήμη ἄρα C, B¹=Bek. πως om. C sed suppl. librarius, ut vid., ipse. 36 τοῦτον τὸν τρόπον C, A=Bekker. 1140 a 1 έχου pr. C. 2 ποίησις] alterum ι in ras. C. καί om. pr. C. 3 καί post αὐτῶν in ras. C. ὅστε καί] ε καί in ras. C. 4 μετὰ λόγου bis C. 5 διό C, καί sup. vers., καί D. περιέχεται CAB¹B²D. 6 post οὔτε add. C ησις πράξις (sic). πράξις C littera inter ξ et ι erasa. 9 τὸ αὐτό C. 12 γίνηται C. τι om. pr. C. 14 ή om. C. 22 ἀτεχνία] ί in ras. C. 25 post τίνας add. δή B¹ et rec. C. 27 ποία om. pr. C, habet D. 28 ante λσχύν add. πρός C, om. D. ποῖα om. D. περὶ (πρός corr. man. rec. C) τὸ εὖ ζῆν ὅλον CD, ὅλως pro ὅλον Β¹. 29 τι om. pr. C. 31 inter εἴη

et φρόνιμος unius litterae rasura C. 32 μή om. pr. C. 33 μετά] τά pr. C. suppl. με man. rec. 1140 b 1 των om. C. 3 πρακτικόν pr. C. γένος ACD, τέλος B¹ et rec. C. 4 post λείπεται add. τούς pr. C. 5 καί ante έξιν pr. C. 7 οὐκ αν ϵ in CADB¹. το οἰκουμενικούς pr. C. AD=Bek., οἰκο[νομικούς in ras.] B^2 , τούς om. C. 11 ἔνθεν DB¹, ὅθεν B²C, sed in marg, γρ. ἔνθεν C, ἔνθα A. 12 ὡς τὴν σωφρόνησιν σώζουσαν pr. C. man. rec.=Bek., A=Bekker. 13 πασαν CB¹, απασαν A. δύο B2C sed in marg. γρ. δυσίν C. δρθαίς B2 ais in ras. C, δυσίν δρθαίς B1. т6 αί—πρακτών in marg. C. Ante τό ras. C. 18 φανείται CAB¹B². ενέκα C. 10 καί add. man, rec. C. 21 μήν] ή in ras. C. 26 τῶν] τόν C. 27 post ἔχειν add. έστί D, rec. C. 28–30 ἀλλά—ἔστιν om. C, sed ad oram. 32 post δ' add. αί ACB^2 , om. DB^1 . ἀποδεικτικών pr. CA, ἀποδεικτών B^1D , corr. C. 34 εἴη D] τῆς ἀρχῆς pr. C, είη corr. C. 1141 a 4 περὶ τὰ ἐνδεχόμενα ἢ καὶ μὴ ἐνδεχόμενα C, DB^1 = Bek. 5 ἐπιστήμην pr. C. καί post ἐπιστήμη om. pr. C. 6 δέ post τούτων om. pr. C. 7 post σοφίαν add. δέ pr. C. 9 τε eras. man. rec. C, om. A, ταις τέχναις om. pr. C, sed sup. vers. suppl. man. rec. 10 ἀποδιδόαμεν C, ἀποδίδομεν A. 11 πολύκλειτον] λ in ras. C. ἀνδριαντοποιόν] ι post ρ in ras. C. οὖν om. C. μαίνοντες] ση in ras. C. την om. pr. C. ἐστὶ τέχνης C. 14 ante σοφούς add. η C D, om. A. μαρ pr. C; sup. vers. γείτη addidit man. rec. μαργείτη D, μαργίτη A. 16 τι om. pr. C. 17 ή post $\ddot{\sigma}$ τι om. C, habet D. ή ante σοφία om. D. 18 τον σοφόν post είδέναι C. τὰ ἐκ τῶν ἀρχῶν μὴ μόνον C, D=Bek. 20 ante ώσπερ add. καί ACD. ἔχουσαν ἐπιστήμην D. 21 post γάρ add. εἰδέναι D. την πολιτικήν] την έπιστήμην πολιτικήν CDB¹, την πολιτικήν έπιστήμην Α, 24 τὸ εὐθύ C, εὐθύ AD. τὸ αὐτό C. 24 καὶ τὸ σοφόν-26 ἔκαστα om. C, sed ad oram suppl. man., ut vid., eadem. 26 τὸ εὖ C. ἄν om. DC. 29 δὲ καὶ ὅτι Λ] δὶ εἴη ὅτι C, δὲ ὅτι D corr. C. ἀν εἴη] ἐστί pr. C, ἀν εἴη D corr. C. 1141 b 1 γε Λ] το D. συνέστηκεν ὁ κόσμος C, in rasura autem κόσμος. Scripsit, ut mihi videtur, prima manus νόμος. ADB¹= Bek. 2 δέ D. 3 καί ante ἐπιστήμη om. CD. 6 αὐτοῖς C. 10 βουλεύεται om. pr. C. 14 οὐδ'] δ in ras, C. 17 έτέρων A et pr. C, ἐνίων suppl. rec., ut videtur, manus. ἐνίων D. 19 ἀγνοεί Β¹Β²CD. 21 δείν DC. 24 τὸ αὐτό CD. 25 ή δὲ ώς—27 πρακτική καί om. D. 27 καί ante βουλευτική om. ACB², habet B¹. 30 ή φρόνησις C, φρόνησιν D, φρόνησις A. 34 τὸ αύτῷ A et pr. C, τὰ αὐτῷ man. alt. 1142 a 1 τά om. pr. C, τό D. 2 πράγμονες C, πολυ sup. vers. suppl. man. alt., πολυπράγμονες A. καί ante εὐριπίδης add. man. rec. C, om. A. 4 ἢριθμημένω] ω in ras. C, ω D. 6 καί τι] καίτοι D. Post πλέον add. οὐκ ὥετο φρονίμους C, om. AD B^1B^2 . 9 τὸ αὐτοῦ $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ A] τὸ αὐτοῖς ἀγαθόν C. $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ om. D. 10 ἔτι τὸ αὐτοῦ pr. C, έτι δὲ τὸ αὐτοῦ D et rec. C. ΙΙ εἰρημένου ADB¹, λεγομένου Β²C. 14 post ὅτι add. καί CD; post εκαστα unius litterae ras. C. σοφρόνησις pr. C. 15 τὰ γνώριμα pr. C. 16 ποιεί C, ποιήσει D. 17 διά ad finem versus om. C sed ad oram suppl. man.,

ut vid., rec.; habet A. δή δέ ποτε C. om. δή DB¹, μαθηματικήν pr. C. 10 ai om. C, habet D. καί in ras C. 21 βουλεύσασθαι D, βουλεύεσθαι C. 23 τοδί τό C, om. τό D. 25 αντίκειται] άπτική CB1, αντι ληπτική μέν corr. man. rec. in ras.] Α, άπτικοί B^2D . 28 οία ή C, οία A. 20 στήσανται C. 30 ή] ή AC, ή D. εκείνη C, εκείνης 32 λαμβείν (sic) pr. C. διαλαβείν corr. man. rec., διαλαβείν Α. λαβείν D. εὐβουλίας] εὐλαβοίας pr. C. b 1 post τις add. C καὶ ταχύτης; post τις add. D 6 ἀγχοινία C. 7 κακῶς — 9 ὀρθότης om. C, sed ad oram suppl. manus έστίν. eadem, ut videtur. ο ἐπιστήμης Β¹. 10 ἐπιστήμη pr. C, ἐπιστήμης D. άμαρτία] άμαρτάνει D. 11 ante ἀλήθεια add. ή man, rec, C. καί in ras, C. διώρισται DC. 14, 15 ἐάν τε εὖ κακῶς καὶ κακῶς βουλεύηται C. ἐάν τε εὖ ἐάν τε καὶ κακῶς A, D=Bek. 17 τί καί] ί καί in ras. C. 18 καί om. pr. C. 19 ίδειν Α] καὶ σκέψασθαι δείν D. 20 μέγα AB¹D, μέσα C. ὑπειληφώς CDB¹, είληφώς A. 21 post τι om. είναι C. βεβουλεῦσθαι C, βουλεύεσθαι D. βουλής εὐ-] om. C; suppl. in marg. man. rec. πως CD. 26 ἔστι δὲ πολύν pr. C; ἔτι ἔστι πολύν corr. C et D. 29 βεβουλεῦσθαι CD. τι D, om. pr. C. 30 τό ante άπλῶς om. pr. C, habet D. 31 βουλεύεσθαι CD. 33 τι pr. CD, τό corr. C. 34 καί post δέ om. C, habent DB1. 1143 a 3 τῶν ἐπιστημών C, ἐπιστημών A. οἶον in ras. C. ἡ ἰατρική CA, ἰατρική D; post ὑγιεινών suppl. in marg. manus, ut videtur, recentior γàρ ἄν ἥν C, quod in textu habet D, om. A. ή in ras. C. 4 μεγέθη CDB¹. 5 post γιγνομένων add. C à ή λατρική περλ ύνιεινῶν ἡ γεωμετρία. ὅτωοῦν (sic) C, sed ω in ras, et οῦν addidit man, rec. spatio sex litterarum inter οῦν et ἀλλά relicto. ὁτωοῦν D. 8 ἐπιτακτή C, ἐπιτακτική D. δεί γάρ C. ο post έστίν add. C ή μεν γαρ φρόνη, ξύνεσις CD. 10 ταὐτόν ταὐτό AC; ante ξύνεσις (sic) habet C καί, om. D. καί post ξύνεσις om. pr. C. εὐξυνεσία C. 10. 11 καὶ συνετοί καὶ εὐσύνετοι] καὶ γὰρ οί συνετοί καὶ εὐσύνετοι ACD. 12 ξύνεσις C. 13 ξυνιέναι, 15 εὖ om. pr. C. 16 ταὐτό DC. 17 τῆς] τῶν pr. C. corr. man. rec. 19 δέ om. pr. C; post καλουμένη add. C ἄνω, om. D. 25 πᾶσαι αί έξεις εὐλόγως DC. 30 post εἶναι add. καί C, om. D. 33 ἄπαντα C et rec. A, ἀπάντων pr. A et D. γάρ om. C, habet D. 35 τῶν om. pr. C, habet D. b I καί ante 6 om, CD. 2 τοις πρακτικοίς pr. C, ut videtur; ταις πρακτικαίς corr. C, τοις πρακτοίς D. 3 ante έτέρας habet C ἀρετῆς. 5 δεῖ ἔχειν DC. 10 ἀρχήν pr. C ut videtur. άργή AD; post έκ add, τε D. ai om. pr. C, habet D. 12 ἀναποδείκταις pr. C. 14 δρθῶς Τὰς ἀρχάς ACDB¹B². 15 ή σοφία καὶ ή φρόνησις CB¹, D=Bek. τυγχάνει έκατέρα DCB1. 21 μέν] -έν in ras. C. 23 ἀνδρός ἐστι C, D=Bek. τήν ante ἰατρικήν om. pr. C, habent AD. καί] ή C, καί AD. 29 γενέσθαι DC. 31 ἡμῖν] ῖν in ras. C. 36 νῦν—1144 a 1 καθ' αὐτάς om. D. 36 γάρ om. C. 1144 a 1 αίρετάς] άρετάς D. 2 γ' A] δέ C, om. D. τοῦ om. AC. 4 ἡ ἰατρική C. 5 όλης] η in ras. C. 7 post κατά add. τε CA. 13 ταύτην] accent. et ην in ras. C. 26 δ om. C, habet D. 28 καὶ οὐ πανούργους C, καὶ πανούργους AD. 29 δεινότης

δύναμις CADB1B2. 32 τοιόνδε] -δε in ras. C. b 6 inter ὅμως et ζητοῦμεν unius 7 post ἀγαθόν add. εἶναι DC. ἄλλον τρόπον] ἄλλως C, ἄλλον litterae rasura C. τρόπον D. 10 έν σώματι DC. 15 οῦτω καὶ ἐπί] οῦτως ἐπί CD. 17 τινές om. DC. 23 inter å et ἐστί spatium unius litterae et rasura C. 27 ἀλλ' ή μετά DC. δρθός] ός in rasura litterae, ut videtur, ή C. 30 πάντας pr. C. οὖν] τοίνον CD. 34 al om. pr. C, habet D. 1145 a 1 post λέγεται add. pr. C τοῦτο γάρ. ούση δπαρχούση Α. $3 \tilde{\eta} \nu$ AD, $\tilde{\eta}$ C. 4 inter $\delta \rho \theta \hat{\eta}$ et $\tilde{\eta} \nu \nu$ unius litterae rasura C. 6 τά om. pr. C. γγ] τε C. ωσπερ om. pr. C. 9 post οὖν add. ἐστί D. τήν om, pr. C. πολιτικήν] -ήν in ras. C. ἄρχειν] ει in ras. C. 11 περί om. D. habet C. [Except in the variants given in the foregoing list, C agrees with Bekker's text (Parker's reprint, Oxford, 1871).]

BOOK VII.

KbMb

1145 a 33 της διαθέσεως της τοιαύτης Α.

b 6 τε CAld.

 δ' ή ἐγκράτεια AB² [δὴ ἡ ἐγκ. B¹].

τῶν ACB¹B²Ald.

10 om.

17 of Ald. pr. A, D.

17 ότέ ACB¹B²Ald.D.

22 om.

1146 a 8 των γὰρ ἐσχάτων AD.

II ἔσται AB¹B²CAld.

14 μή ACDAld.B¹B².

b 1 om.

3 πάντα ACB¹B²Ald.

4 άπάσας ACB¹B²DAld.

14 δ' B'CDAld.

15 δ post καί.

17 η οὐ ἀλλ' ἐξ ἀμφοῖν.

LbOb.

της τοιαίτης διαθέσεως CAld. B^1B^2D . om. B^1B^2DA (sed post λύηται ras. A).

δή ή τε έγκράτεια DCAld.

om. D.

τε ACB¹B²DAld.

ότέ C, corr. A, B¹B².

τοτέ.

μέν ACAld.

τῶν ἐσχάτων γάρ B¹B²CAld.

ιστιν D.

om.

 $\mu\dot{\eta}$ ACAld.

äπαντα D.

πάσας.

δ' ή AB².

om. DCAld.

om. [CA have μόνον (ὁ A) ἀκρατὴς ἡ οὐ ἀλλὰ τῷ ἐξ ἀμφοῦν. D has Bekker's reading from μόνον to ἀμφοῦν, adding τῷ before ἐξ. B¹ and Ald. omit ἀλλὰ τῷ ὡς ἡ οὕ, reading ἀλλὰ τῷ ἐξ ἀμφοῦν. Ald.B¹ and C thus agree, except that

1146 b 19 om. ACDAld.

21 av CB1B2.

29 Ένιοι γάρ ACB¹B²DAld.

1147 a 6 δ αὐτός.

7 om.

ο είδέναι ACB¹Ald.

14 oi èv AB2.

19 om. ACB1B2.

21 πρώτοι μαθόντες Α.

2Ι συνέργουσι.

22 τοῦτο ACDB¹Ald.

32 om. A.

34 μεν οὖν λέγει AB2DAld.

b 4 om. ACB1B2.

16 αΰτη Α.

18 είδότα ενδέχεται ACAld.B1.

20 οὐχί.

31 om.

1148 a 13 τόν post καί AB².

25 διειλόμην.

28 πως.

34 om. CDAld.B1.

b 22 ἀνδρῶν Α.

23 δανείζειν άλλήλοις ACAld.B¹ B².

30 γυμναζομένοις Α.

33 om. A.

1149 a 13 μέν μόνον.

13 λέγω δέ ACAld.Β¹Β²D.

25 om. B1C.

20 űv ACAld.

30 om.

C omits ἀκρατὴς δ. Β² has μόνον δ ἐγκρατὴς ἢ οδ ἀλλὰ τῷ ἐξ ἀμφοῦν.

ἀλλ' έξ ἀμφοῖν post οὔ.

om. Ald.AD.

ἕνιοί τε γάρ.

αὐτὸς οὖτος [οὖτος Β¹Β²DCτΝbAld., ὁ οὖτος Α].

ή post τοιόνδε B¹B²CDAld.

είναι B² [είναι είδέναι D].

οΐ γε έν B¹CDAld.

τοῦ ἐνεργείν κατὰ τὴν ἐπιστήμην post σημείον add. DAld.

πρώτον μαθόντες CB1B2DAld.

συνείρουσι ADB¹B²CAld.

τούτω Β2.

τό B¹B²CDAld.

μέν λέγει B¹C.

 $\tau \hat{\omega} \nu$ DAId.

αὐτή DCAld.B1.

ένδέχεται είδότα.

oử ACB¹B²Ald. οὖν ACB¹B²Ald.D.

om. B¹CDAld.

διείλομεν CAld.A.

πῶς καί ACDB¹B²Ald.

каі AB².

ἀνθρώπων DB² [CB¹ and Ald. have κρέασιν ἀνθρωπείοις].

άλλοις δανείζειν [άλλήλοις δανείζειν D].

ύβριζομένοις CAld.

έθιζομένοις B1B2D.

δέ B¹B²CDAld.

μόνον ACAld.B¹B²D.

om.

ή post ή Ald.AB2D.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{a}\nu$.

6 ACB¹B²Ald.

-1		
1150a 2	βέλτιον D.	βέλτιστον ACB ¹ B ² Ald.
3	συμβάλλειν DB ² .	συμβαλεῖν ACB¹Ald.
15	κἄν ACAld.B¹B²D.	καί.
25	διὰ τὴν ἡδονήν ACAld.B¹B².	δι' ήδονήν D.
28	τις μή ACAld.B¹B².	μή τις D.
b 17	δέ ACB¹B²Ald.	γάρ.
17	εἴπερ οὖν ἀνάπαυσις AB¹B²D CAld.	εἴπερ ἀνάπαυσις.
23	προαισθανόμενοι Α.	προαισθόμενοι B¹B²CDAld.
24	έαυτούς ACAld.	αὐτούς.
31	καί ACAld.B¹D.	om. B ² .
1151a 2	ἔχοντες μέν ACB¹B²DAld.	μεν έχοντες.
9	μιλήσιοι ἀξύνετοι ΑCD.	μιλήσιοι γὰρ ἀξύνετοι B¹B²Ald.
15	om. AB¹CAld.	ή ante μοχθηρία B2D.
17	δ AB¹B²CDAld.	om.
34	δὲ ὁ τῷ AAld.	δὲ τῷ CB¹B²D.
b 7	οἷον ACAld.B¹B².	ὥσπερ D.
2 I	τι ACAld.	om.
31	έναντίον είναι ACB¹B²DAld.	εἶναι ἐναντίον.
1152a 19	οὐδέ AB ² DAld.	oử CB¹.
2 I	ὥσπερ AB¹B²CAld.	καθάπερ D.
23	έβούλεθ' CAld. (έβούλετο Α pr.).	έβουλεύετο.
28	βουλευσαμένων ACB¹B²Ald.	βουλευομένων D.
b 21	őτι ACB¹B²DAld.	έτι.
1153b 1	om.	καί ante ή ACAld.
25	ἄπαντα ACB¹Ald.	πάντα D.
30	πάντες ACB¹B²DAld.	ἄπαντες.
	αὑτοῖs ACAld.	έαυτοῖς.
5	βλαβεράς ACB¹B²DAld.	βλαβεραί.
10	ωσπερ οἱ οἰνώμενοι διάκεινται	
	ACB¹B²DAld.	
II	δέονται ἀεί Α.	ἀεὶ δέονται B¹B²CDAld.
I 2	ιατρείας ACB¹B²Ald.	θεραπείας.
30	ή post καί ACAld.	om.

34 έροῦμεν ACB¹B²DAld. ἐστὶν εἰπεῖν καὶ ποῖόν τε καὶ τίς ὁ φίλος.

	KbOb.	LbMb.
1145 a 23	θεοί ΑD.	θείοι CAld.
26	τιμιώτερον ACAld.	τιμιωτέρα.
29	σείος C.	θείος ADAld.
p 31	δή.	δέ CAld.
1148a 1	μικρῷ ACAld.	μικρόν.
29	κρατοῦνται ACAld.	ἀκρατοῦνται.
1149a 2	καρτερείν.	κρατείν CAAld.
b 4	ἀκολουθεῖν ACAld.	ἀκολουθεῖ.
9	τύπτοι CAld.	τύπτει Α.
1150 a 28	πράττοι CAld.	πράττει.
29	τύπτοι [om. CA].	τύπτει Ald.
b 22	προγαργαλίσαντες AAld.B2.	προγαργαλισθέντες B¹CD.
1153a 12	τήν CAld.	om. A.
b 23	αὐτή CAld.	αΰτη Α.
1154a 27	οὖν ACAld.	om. D.
b 17	λέγω δὲ κατὰ συμβεβηκός ΑС	om.
	Ald.	
19	ήδὺ δοκεῖ ACAld.	δοκεῖ ἡδύ.

The following tables, summing up the results of the foregoing lists, are here appended:—

In table I, C and Ald. differ in only seven places (see $K^bM^b{-}\!\!\!-\!\! L^bO^b$ list).

In the K^bO^b — L^bM^b list C and Ald. differ in only two places. They seem to be descended from a not remote common ascendant which

belonged to the K^b variety. Many of the L^bO^b readings in this Book were, it seems to me, shared by a near ascendant of K^b , although lost by that MS. itself: and I think it is probable that these readings are marked by the agreement of C and Ald. with L^b and O^b .

While differing from all the other Ald, readings quoted by Susemihl C agrees with the following:—

1145 α 24 θηριωδία. 1146 b 18 ή ante ἐγκράτεια om. AD. 19 ἄπαντα D [πάντ' A]. 1147 α 22 συμφυῆ εἶναι [συμφῦναι AD]. 1148 α 12 ἀκόλαστοι [μαλακοί AD]. b 4 καὶ ἀμαρτήματα om. post φευκταί [om. A]. 13 θυμοῦ K^b [θυμόν A]. 22 κρέασιν ἀνθρωπείοιs. 1149 α 5 κακία ante καὶ ἀφροσύνη add. AB^B^2D . 28 πρόξεως B^B [προστάξεως AB^D]. b 25 ή ante ἀκρασία om. [habent AD]. 33 σωνμωρία K^bL^bD [συνομωρία A^B]. 1150 α 3 ἡμάρτηται καί ante οὐκ add. B^B^D 0 [ἔφθαρται καί add. A., om. B^B]. 7 μυριαπλάσια A^B 1 [μυρισπλάσια A^B]. 1151 α 7 τήν om. A^B 1 [habet A^B 2 τούτου A^B 3 [τό A^B 4 ο m. A^B 4 ο m. A^B 5 [habet A^B 5 της φ om. pr. A^B 6 [τό A^B 7 α μυριαπλάσια A^B 7 τι 152 α 11 μέν om. A^B 7 [habet A^B 8 α τί ante καρτερία et τί ante μαλακία om. A^B 9 [habet A^B 8 αλοκονθήσονοτι A^B 9 τι 28 post γενέσεις add. ἀκολονθήσονοτι A^B 9 α 35 ὑπολύπου A^B 9 μος μηδεμίαν A^B 9 [Λα=Bek.]. b 7 δ' ΓΛD. 27 λαοί A^B 7 [σπ. A^B 7 [λαοίλοι φημίζωσιν A^B 9 Γπολλοί A^B 9]. 33 γε post εἰλήφασι om. A^B 6]. 1154 b 5 έτέραν A^B 6 [πολλοί Φρημίζωσιν A^B 9] [πολλοί A^B 9]. 33 γε post εἰλήφασι om. A^B 6]. 1154 b 5 έτέραν A^B 6] [λαπῶν A^B 7]. 15 λύπης A^B 7 [Λαοδ α unius litt. atque paroxyt. rasura [ἕτερα A^B 8] A^B 9 ΓΝΜοθ [λυπῶν A^B 9].

In addition to the agreements in the foregoing list I have noted the following between D and Ald.:—

1145 b 30 ὅτι μέν [ὅτι ΑC]. 1146 a 35 τὸν φάρυγγα πνίγη τί δεῖ ἔτι πίνειν (Ald. has τόν not τήν) [AB¹B²C = Bek., A reading ἔτι πίνειν]. 1150 b 14 ισπερ [οἶον AC]. 31 πως [πᾶς Α, om. C]. 1151 a 23 ἀναίδην Α [ἀνέδην B¹B²C].

D agrees with Kb unique in the following places:-

1145 b 24 αὐτήν. 1148 a 6 δέ. 1152 b 35 ὑπολοίπου.

In 1150a 29 C agrees with K^bA and N^b in omitting $\tau \dot{\nu} \pi \tau \sigma \iota \ \hat{\eta} \ \epsilon \iota$ $\delta \rho \gamma \iota \zeta \delta \mu \epsilon r \sigma s$; but the homeoteleuton makes the agreement of little consequence.

While C and Ald. are very closely related, being descended from

a MS. not distantly related to K^b , but corrected by means of one resembling $O^b,$ D is also descended, in this Book, from a MS. related to $K^b,$ but very considerably corrected by means of a MS. or MSS. of the L^b variety. This conclusion respecting D I rest principally on the ground that D has considerable affinity to Ald., which distinctly, although not so distinctly as C, belongs to the K^b variety. To the omission in 1150 a 29, common to C with K^bA and $N^b,$ may be added 1151 a 19 $\delta\theta\iota\sigma\tau\eta'$ $\Gamma K^bL^bAC,$ and 1152 a 22 $\sigma \delta \delta \delta \epsilon \nu$ K^bAC [$\sigma \delta \delta \delta \nu \delta \nu$ D].

C or D agrees with the following Ald, readings not quoted by Susemihl:—

1145 a 30 post θηριώδης add. φησίν CAld., om. AD.

1146 a 34 παρανομία DCAld. [παροιμία A].

1147 a 32 ή κωλύουσα CAld. [κωλύουσα A].

34 ἐνοῦσα Α] οὖσα CAld., ἐροῦσα D.

b 21 έφεξης ACAld. cum. cet., ἀπ' ἀρχης D.

1149 b 2 γὰρ τοῦ om. CAld., habent AD.

30 ἀκολασία AD, ἀκρασία C, ή ἀκρασία Ald.

1150 a 15 εξεις B¹B²CAld. [μεταξύ δὲ τῶν πλείστων εξεις Β¹Β²].

15 καν εὶ ρέπωσι AAld., καν ρέπωσι B¹C, B²D=Bek.

20 post προαίρεσιν add. καί CAld., om. AD.

22 αμεταμέλητος μή μεταμελητικός DAld., ό γὰρ αμεταμέλητος ανίατος om. AC.

A, in this Book belongs distinctly to the K^b family.

BOOK VIII.

	K^bM^b .	LpOp.
1155 2 12	δέ ACAld.	$\delta \hat{\epsilon i}$.
29	8 ACAId.	$ au\epsilon$.
b 15	τό ante ἦττον, καί post ἦττον	om. [τό om. Β², habet καί]
	ACB¹DAld.	
27	έν ACDAld.B¹B².	<i>ἐπί</i> .
32	ãν ACAld.B¹B²D.	ἐάν.
1156a 24	δοκεῖ φιλία C.	φιλία δοκεῖ ADAld.B¹B².
27	οὐδέ ACAld.B¹B²D.	om.
b 9	ἀγαθοὶ δ' ACAld.	om.
23	ήδὺ ἀπλῶς ACAld.B¹B²D.	άπλῶς ἡδύ.

00	ZivoZisii inilivo	30M11 15 01 111E
1157 a 17	άλλήλοις είναι CAld.DB1B2.	είναι άλλήλοις Α* 1.
32	ομοιόν τι ταύτη Ald.Β1.	όμοιον ταύτη A*CD.
b 5	τῷ CAld. [om. A*].	τό.
1158219	$d\pi$.	ὑπ' A*CDAld.B¹B².
24	αὐτὸ ἀγαθόν C.	αὖ τὸ ἀγαθών Α*Ald.DΒ¹.
·	αὐτὸ τὸ ἀγαθόν ΓΚbMbB2.	,
33	om. D.	őτι B¹B²CAld.A*.
1159a 7	ov.	οὐδέ CAld.A*.
1161a 27	δέ Ald.	$\delta \acute{\eta} A^* [\delta \grave{\eta} \delta \acute{\epsilon} C].$
28	βούλονται καὶ ἐπιεικεῖς CB¹D	καὶ ἐπιεικεῖς βούλονται Α*.
	Ald.	·
b 8	δή C.	δέ Α* [δὲ τό Ald.].
17	καὶ ἦρτῆσθαι B¹CAld.	ηρτησθαι δέ Α*.
23	οδούς (ή MbAld.) θρίξ ACB ¹ B²Ald.	θρὶξ ὀδούς.
1162a 2	συνφκείωνται ACAld.Β¹.	συνοικειοῦνται.
b 16	συνημερεύειν ACB¹B²Ald.	συνδιημερεύειν.
1163 a 28	om. Ald.	δ AC.
31	πλεῖον [om. C].	πλείω AAld.B1.
b 10	τιμὴν ἀπονέμουσιν ACB¹Ald.	ἀπονέμουσι τιμήν.
17	τὴν ἀξίαν ποτ' ἄν ACB¹B²Ald.	άν ποτε την αξίαν,
20	δφείλοντα [τὸν δφείλοντα υἱόν Ald.].	δφείλοντι AC.
22	ἀφιέναι Β¹Β² (Α ἐφιέναι).	ἀφεῖναι CAld.
	KbOb.	$L^{b}M^{b}$.
1155b 4	els AAld.	és.
1156b 5	κατὰ τὴν φιλίαν ΑCΒ¹Β².	κατὰ φιλίαν DAld.
27	συναναλῶσαι ACB²Ald.D.	συναλῶσαι B¹.
28	$\delta \acute{\eta} \text{ K}^{\text{b}} \text{Ald.}, \ \delta \acute{\epsilon} \text{ O}^{\text{b}}, \ \text{om. C.}$	δεί Α.
34	om.	ταὐτά] ταῦτα ACDAld.
1157a 2	οὖτοι Α.	τοιοῦτοι CAld.
4	μένουσιν.	διαμένουσιν ACAld.
1158 a 13	πολλούς CAld.A*.	πολλοῖς.
27	ύπάρξει αὐτοῖς.	αὐτοῖς ὑπάρξει CDA*Ald.
b 5	om.	καί post δέ CAld.A*.

 $^{^{\}rm I}$ An asterisk is attached to A throughout the lacuna supplied by pages in a later hand. See p. 48,

```
γίγνηται CAld.A*.
1158 b 33
           γένηται.
                                         περί αὐτῶν ἐφίενται A*CB1B2DAld.
1150a 23
           έφίενται περί αὐτῶν.
           μηδέν ων μητρί προσήκει άπο-
                                         μη δύνωνται τη μητρί ά προσήκει απονέμειν
                                           B1B2CDAld.A*.
              νέμωσι.
           τούτων.
                                         τῶν τοιούτων A*CB¹B²Ald.D.
     b r
                                         post επιτρέπειν add, ύπηρετεί Lb, ύπηρετείν
            om. C.
                                           MbAld.A*B1B2D.
       20 τοῦ CAld.
                                         om. A*.
       2 Ι ύγρῶ οὐ ξηρῶ,
                                         ξηρώ οὐχ ύγρώ Β1Β2CA*Ald.
                                         ξηρώ οὐχ ύγρόν D.
           γενέσθαι B1B2CAld.
                                         γίνεσθαι Α* D.
                                         έαυτοῖς CAld.DA*.
1160 a 24
           αὐτοῖς.
                                         τε γάρ A*CD (τε omisso D) Ald.
1161a 18
          TE.
       33 om. Ald.
                                         τῶ post καί CA*.
     b 3 οὐδέ.
                                         η̈́ CA*Ald.
1162 a 11 èv A.
                                         om. CAld.
                                         καὶ ἐκόντι B¹B²CAld.
1163a 2 om. A.
                                         δοκη Ald.
     b 23 . δοκεί CA.
```

The following tables sum up the results of the foregoing lists:-

Out of the twenty agreements of Ald. with K^bM^b , seventeen are in company with C; and out of the seven agreements of Ald. with L^bO^b , four are in company with C.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} B^1 & 2 \\ \text{Ald. 7} \\ \text{C} & 8 \\ B^2 & 3 \\ \text{D} & \text{I} \\ \text{A} & 7 \\ \text{A*} & \text{I} \end{array} \right\} \\ K^b O^b \ 25 \ L^b M^b \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 7 \ B^1 \\ \text{I8 Ald.} \\ \text{I6 C.} \\ 5 \ B^2 \\ \text{II D.} \\ 3 \ A \\ \text{I3 A*} \end{array} \right.$$

Out of the eighteen agreements of Ald. with $L^b M^b$, fifteen are in company with C; and out of the seven agreements of Ald. with $K^b O^b$, five are in company with C.

The following list contains the agreements which I have noted in this Book between C and Ald. in other connexions than those recognised in the K^bO^b — L^bM^b and K^bM^b — L^bO^b lists:—

```
έτι καὶ ένιοι [καὶ ένιοι ΑΓΜbD].
11552 31
               οσα ΓΜb [τά A].
               γάρ ἐστι Β¹ [γάρ D omisso ἐστιν, δέ A, δή Β²].
1156a 7
               είδη της φιλίας DB1 [τὰ της φιλίας είδη Α, είδη τὰ της φιλίας B2].
               άλλο post γίγνεται Β¹Β²ΓΜb [A=Bek.].
         22
      b 8
               δμοίως άλλήλοις βούλονται ΓMbDAB1B2.
               τοις φίλοις post δεί ΓΜb [D has τοις φίλοις ύπάρχειν δεί, A=Bek.].
               oi HaMbNb [om. KbObA].
1157a 3
              ίσον ΓΜbD [αὐτό A].
          4
              ήδεῖα post ή ὄψις B^1B^2\Gamma M^bD [A*=Bek.].
              τι post ἀγαθόν add. rMbD [om. A*].
         33
              μέν ΓMbHa [om. A*].
      b 17
              άγαθόν Γ [άγαθούς D, άγαθοῖς A*].
1158a 14
      b 3
              αντικαταλλάττονται A*B¹B².
              δὲ καί LbA* [δ' D].
          4
              είναι καὶ μόνιμον MbB1 [A*B2D=Bek.].
              οὖν ΓAld. [γοῦν D, γάρ LbA*].
1150 b 28
              \delta \hat{\epsilon} \delta \hat{\eta} M^b \Gamma \left[ \delta \hat{\epsilon} A^* \right].
1160 b 16
              γὰρ ἄν καί ΓΜ<sup>b</sup>D [γὰρ καί Α*].
1161a 22
      b 23, 24 \epsilon \kappa \epsilon (\nu \omega \nu \delta) où \theta \epsilon \nu i d\phi où B^1 [A=Bek., \epsilon \kappa \epsilon (\nu \omega \nu \delta) où \theta \epsilon \nu i \tau \hat{\omega} d\phi où B^2].
              διό MbB1 [οθεν A].
        32
              γίνονται φίλοι ΓΜ [φίλοι γίνονται Α].
1162 a 36
              έφίεται ΓMb [δρέγεται AB¹B²].
      b 12
              τούτων οὐκ εἰσί ΓΜbΒ¹Β² [οὐκ εἰσὶ τούτων Α].
              πλείω ΓΟb [πλείον A].
1163 a 32
```

The foregoing list does not pretend to exhaust the agreements between C and Ald.; but it is large enough, taken in connexion with the $K^bM^b-L^bO^b$ and $K^bO^b-L^bM^b$ lists, to show that in this Book again C and Ald. are closely related. They are related through common descent from a MS. resembling M^b . This common ascendant had a

text in which, as in that of Mb, extensive intermixture of Kb and Lb

readings had taken place.

1167a 16

έλπίδα έχων εύπορίας ACB1

Ald.

D seems to be related to M^b , although more distantly than C and Ald. B^1 and B^2 are also related to M^b . A belongs to the K^b family, and A^* to the L^b family.

BOOK IX.

KbMb. LbOb. 1163 b 32 πάσαις ΑΒ2, άπάσαις B1CAld. 1164a 25 μαθόντα ACB¹B²Ald. μανθάνοντα. 28 τό ACB¹B²Ald. om. γίγνεται Β2. γίγνηται ACB¹Ald. 34 τάττειν ΑС. τάσσειν. b 9 1165 a 17 άρμόττοντα ACB¹B²Ald. άρμόζοντα. θεοι̂ς ACB2Ald. καὶ θεοῖς [B1 reads here καὶ τιμὴν καὶ καθ-24 άπερ θεοίς οὐ πᾶσαν δὲ γονεῦσιν οὐδὲ γάρ]. άπάντων ACB¹B²Ald. 30 πάντων. αεί πειρατέον ACB1B2Ald. πειρατέον αξί. 31 b 21 τούτω ή Β²ΓAld. [τούτω ή A]. τῶ C, τό B1. δé. 22 $o\vec{v}\nu$ ($\gamma o\hat{v}\nu$ ACB¹B²Ald.). γίνοιτο ΑΒ2. γένοιτο CB¹Ald. 23 προγενομένην Β2. προγεγενημένην. 35 (προγινομένην Α, προσγενομένην B¹CAld.). 1166 a 23 η ACAld. om. μνείαι AB2. μνημαι B1CAld. 25 είναι φιλία. είναι ή φιλία CAld.B1B2. 35 b 12 καὶ διά B¹CAld. διά Β2. μισοῦνται (καί KbB1) φεύγουσι μισοῦσί τε καὶ φεύγουσι, Β² omisso τε. 12 ACB¹Ald. οί τοιοῦτοι έαυτοῖς ACB¹Ald. 10 έαυτοίς οί τοιούτοι. 20 τό A. τοτέ B¹CAld. om. B¹C. καί ante πρός AAld. 29 τοιαῦτ' Α. 32 ταῦτ' B¹CAld.

εὐπορίας ἐλπίδα ἔχων.

1167a 18 om. A.

> δτουοῦν ACB1 (ότοοῦν Ald.). 24

om, ACB¹Ald. 20

b 18 om.

> οί δανείσαντες δέ καὶ έπιμελοῦν-22 ται Α.

οὐδ' A.

20

πεπουθότας C (εὖ πεπουθότας 32 ArNbAld.B1).

r168a 1 τοῦτο περί τοὺς ποιητάς ΑCΒ1 Ald.

> έχειν A (έχειν post έοικεν B1 10 Ald. et corr. C).

τήν ΑСΒ1. 20

τό ACB1. 21

b 4 μάλιστ' αὐτῷ ACB¹Ald.

> τὸ μία ψυχή καὶ κοινὰ τὰ φίλων B¹CAld., A with των after τά.

μάλιστ' αν υπάρχοι Α.

γρεών επεσθαι ACB¹Ald. II

15 om. A.

έαυτῷ ACAld. 27

1160a 6 ή τοῦ καλοῦ ή ACAld.

ἐστίν ACB¹Ald. 1 I

15 om.

ταῦτα ἃ δεῖ Α. 16

δ' AC. 25

περί τιμάς Α. 20

b 6 οὐδενός ACB¹Ald.

εἴ τε ACAld. IO

13 ἐπιζητεῖται ACB¹Ald.

αύτὸν τὰ πάντ' ἔχειν ἀγαθά Α 17 CB¹Ald.

21 om.

εὐδαίμονι καὶ τῶν φίλων Α.

τοῦ δ' ἀγαθοῦ Α. 31

ραον ACAld. 1170a 6

ή B¹CAld.

ότιοῦν.

τά post καί add.

oi ACB1Ald.

οί δὲ δανείσαντες καὶ ἐπιμέλονται B¹CAld.

oùx B1CAld.

εὐεργετηθέντας.

περί τούς ποιητάς τούτο.

om. C.

om.

καὶ δὴ τό.

αὐτῷ μάλιστα.

τὸ κοινὰ τὰ φίλων καὶ μία ψυχή.

μάλισθ' ὑπάρχει Β¹CrAld.

χρεών δή έπεσθαι.

οὖν B¹CAld.

αύτῶ.

τοῦ καλοῦ ή.

om.

πράττειν ACAld.

à δεῖ ταῦτα B¹CAld.

 $\delta \hat{\eta}$.

περί τὰς τιμάς B¹CAld.

μηδενός.

εì δέ. ζητείται.

αύτὸν πάντ' ἔχειν τάγαθά.

τῶν ACAld.

εὐδαίμονι φίλων B¹CAld.

τοῦ ἀγαθοῦ δ' Β'CAld.

δαίδιον Β1.

The following are the numerical results for Book ix:-

δυνάμει ACAld.

1170a 16

δύναμιν Νb.

Thirty of the thirty-one Ald. K^bM^b readings are shared by C; and twenty-four of the twenty-nine Ald. L^bO^b readings.

All the three Ald.KbOb readings are shared by C ; and three of the four Ald.LbMb readings.

It would be difficult, on the evidence afforded by the foregoing lists, to determine whether $B^{\rm l}C$ and Ald. belong to the $K^{\rm b}$ or $L^{\rm b}$ variety; but the following list of the agreements between C and $L^{\rm b},$ where the latter MS. differs from $K^{\rm b},$ $M^{\rm b},$ and $O^{\rm b},$ enables us to decide in favour of the view that C and Ald. (together with $B^{\rm l}$) belong to the $K^{\rm b}$ family, because more than half of the $L^{\rm b}B^{\rm l}CAld.$ peculiarities are shared by A, and A is distinctly of the $K^{\rm b}$ family. The large admixture of $L^{\rm b}$ readings therefore in $B^{\rm l}C$ and Ald. may be explained by the correction of a common ascendant belonging to the $K^{\rm b}$ variety by means of a MS. of the $L^{\rm b}$ variety. $B^{\rm e}$ in this Book seems to belong to the $K^{\rm b}$ family more distinctly than $B^{\rm l}C$ or Ald. The whole of this Book up to 1171 b 35 is omitted by D.

1165 b 5 ἤ] ἢ διά LbCAld.r [ἤ A].

26 διαμένοι] διαμένει LbCA.

36 ὅταν] ὅτε LbC [ὅταν Α].

1166 a 6 οἱ προσκεκρουκότες] οἱ μὴ π. L^bB^1 et C marg. [A οἱ προσ.].

b 20 $aπεχόμενον] aπεχόμενος <math> L^b B^i C [aπεχόμενον A]$.

1167 a 10 - αν οὐθέν] οὐθέν ἄν LbCAld.Γ [αν οὐθέν Α].

1168 a 28 кай] om. LbCAld. гА.

b 2 φ μάλιστα LbB¹CAld. [† φ A].

ΙΙ έχόντοιν εχόντων LbC (έχόντοιν manus, ut videtur, eadem C), έχόντοιν Ald.

9 γοῦν] γάρ LbB¹CAld.A.

1169 a 18 δὲ περί] δὲ τὸ περί LbCrAld.AB1.

28 δή δέ LbCAld.ΓA.

b Ι φίλαυτον είναι δεί Α] δεί φίλαυτον είναι LhCB1Ald.

1170 a 11 γίνοιτο] γένοιτο LbCAld.A.

1171 b 10 συστένουσι] συστενάζουσι LbCAAld, B1.

1172 a 4 δέ] δὲ καί LbCDAld.

BOOK X.

 $K^{b}M^{b}$. $L^{b}O^{b}$.

1172 a 26	τῶν τοιούτων CAld.ADB¹B².	τούτων.
b 12	őν A. ·	om. CDAld.B ¹ B ² .
1173a 1	ű.	ő ACDAld.
I	ταῦτ'.	τοῦτ' ACD, τοῦτο Ald.
10	om. r.	μέν ACDAld.
рп	ή ἀναπλήρωσις ήδονή Α (ή ἀνα-	ἀναπλήρωσις ή ήδουή B¹B²CAld.
	πλήρωσις ή ήδονή D).	
23	<i>ἐστίν</i> .	ταῦτ' ἐστίν ACDAld.ΓΒ¹Β².
23	πλήν.	άπλῶς πλήν ACDB¹B²NbAld.Γ.
34	$ au \hat{arphi}.$	τό ACAld.D.
1174a 1	τ' CDAld.	δ' A.
20	om. D.	ή ACAld.
31	om.	каї ACDAld.
b 16	αἴσθησιν.	αἴσθησιν κειμένων ACB¹B²Ald.D.
17	μή Α.	$\mu\eta\theta\epsilon\nu$ B¹CAld.D [$\mu\eta\delta\epsilon$ B²].
1175 a 25	om.	τάs ACAld.D.
b 4	κατακούωσιν.	κατακούσωσιν ACDB¹B²Ald.
II	<i>ἀρεσκόμενοι καί.</i>	ἀρεσκόμενοι οἷον καί ACDB¹B²Ald
1177 b 23	τὰ κατά.	κατά ACDAld.
31	οὐ χρη δέ Α.	$\chi \rho \dot{\eta}$ δè οὐ B¹B²CDAld.
1178 a 2	om.	8' ACAld.D.
9	κατὰ ταύτην ΑΒ1.	κατ' αὐτήν CAld.D [κατὰ τήν Β ²].
2 I	κατὰ ταύτας Α.	κατ' αὖτάς CAld.DB¹B².
24	η ἐπί ACB¹B²Ald. [η D sine	$\epsilon \pi i$.
	$\epsilon \pi i$].	
34	τε [δὲ τί B¹B²].	δέ AAld.CD.
1178b 20	ἀφαιρουμένου (ἀφαιρουμένω Α).	ἀφηρημένω Β¹Β²CAld.D.
2 I	θεωρία Α.	$\theta \epsilon \omega \rho i as B^1 B^2 CAld.D.$
1179a 4	ἄρχοντα Α.	ἄρχοντας B¹B²CAld.
2 I	φέροντας.	ἐπιφέροντας ACB¹B²Ald.D.
33	περί ΓΑ.	περί τε B¹B²CAld.D.
b 15	<i>ἔννοιαν</i> Α.	εννοίας B¹B²CAld.D.
22	τινας (A has a lacuna here;	τινος B¹B²CAld.D.
	with τινός marg. rec.).	
27	að CAld.	ἄν ADB¹B².
1180a 8	έπιεικῶς D.	έπιεικῶν ACB¹B²Ald.
10	om. [C has a lacuna here].	καί AAld.D.
29	τό ACAld.D.	om.

1180 a 32	μᾶλλον Α.	μάλιστα B¹B²CDAld.
b 5	ĕθη CAld.	η'' θη AD.
1181a 11	συνηθείας πολιτικοί Α.	συνηθείας μᾶλλον πολιτικοί CDAld. rec. A.
18	$ au o \hat{v}_*$	τό ACDAld.
22	om. AD.	τό ante μή CAld.
b 15	ἀνθρώπεια.	ἀνθρώπινα ACAld.D.

	KbOb.	$L^{b}M^{b}$.
1173 a 10	ὄντων κακῶν ADB².	ουτοιν κακοίν [ουτοιν κακών Β¹CAld.].
11742 21	om. AB ² .	δή B¹CDAld.
2 I	η̈́ ACDB¹B².	om. Ald.
29	ἄπαντι AD.	παντί B¹B²CAld.
b 29	$\hat{\eta}$ A.	ϵἴη B¹B²CDAld.
32	ή ACD.	om. Ald.
1175a 7	ταὐτό Α.	ταῦτα CAld.D.
b 17	φθείρουσι—λῦπαι Β¹CAld.	om. ADB ² .
29	α lσχρῶν δέ A .	δ' αἰσχρῶν Β¹Β²CAld.D.
1176 b 17	ἀποσχολάζειν Ald.AB¹B².	ἀπασχολάζειν H□CD.
27	ή B ² .	om. ACDAld.B ¹ .
1177b 3	παρά CAld.A.	περί D.
9	παρασκευάζει.	παρασκευάζειν ACAld.D.
1179a 16	μόνον ACAld.D.	μόνων.
26	om.	τῷ post καί ACDAld.
29	πάντα ταῦτα [πάντα om. D].	ταῦτα πάντα ΑC.
33	om. AD.	καί post δέ CAld.

The following tables sum up the numerical results of the foregoing lists:—

$$\begin{pmatrix} A & 18 \\ C & 6 \\ B^1 & 4 \\ D & 7 \\ Ald. & 7 \\ B^2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} K^b M^b \ _{43} \ L^b O^b \begin{cases} 23 \ A. \\ 35 \ C. \\ 20 \ B^1. \\ 33 \ D. \\ 36 \ Ald. \\ 22 \ B^2. \end{cases}$$

CDAld.=KbMb five times: CDAld.=LbOb thirty times.

$$\begin{bmatrix} B^1 & 3 \\ B^2 & 5 \\ C & 5 \\ D & 6 \\ Ald. & 4 \\ A & 12 \end{bmatrix} K^bO^b \ {}_{1}7 \ L^bM^b \begin{cases} B^1 & 6. \\ B^2 & 4 \cdot \\ C & \text{i.i.} \\ D & \text{i.i.} \\ Ald. \ {}_{1}I. \\ A & 5. \end{cases}$$

CDAld.=LbMb seven times.

CD and Ald. are thus very closely related to one another, being descended from a common ascendant nearly related to $L^b.$ That their relationship to this ascendant is not through the intermediation of a MS. of the O^b branch of the L^b family is, I think, shown by the following list, which contains the agreements of CD and Ald. with L^b where that MS. differs from $K^b,\,M^b,\,$ and $O^b.$ [Where A, C, or D is not specified in the following list, its reading is that of Bekker: no inferences must be drawn from silence regarding B^1B^2]:—

- 1172 b 1 δφθείς ποτ'] αὐτῆς τ' Lb, B¹B²=Bekker.
 - 8 $\tau \hat{\eta} s$ om. Lb.
 - 12 φέρεσθαι ως πάσιν ἄριστον μηνεύειν Lb; sic etiam B¹B°CDAld., nisi quod μηνεύει habeant; φέρεσθαι μηνύει ως πάσι τοῦτο ἄριστον ὄν Α.
 - 30 μετὰ φρονήσεως τὸν ἡδὺν βίον LbB¹B²CD [A=Bek.].
- 1173 a 2 αὐτῶν αὐτῆς LbA, B¹B²=Bekker.
 - 2 ἀρέγετο L^bD, ὀρέγεται ACB¹B² cum cet.
 - 8 καί post γάρ add. LbB1CD, om. AAld. cum cet.
 - 17 τό post καί om. LbCA.
 - 21 καὶ σωφρονεῖν] om. L^b .
 - 23 τί γὰρ κωλύει τί κωλύει δέ LbACAld.DB1B2.
 - 28 τοιοῦτον] τοιοῦτο LbCAld.
 - 28 τό] om. LbCDAld.
 - 34 ησθηναι] κινηθηναι L^b et rec. B^1 ; B^1 pr. et B^2 =Bekker.
 - 4 οὐκ ἔστι ταχέως | ταχέως οὐκ ἔστι LbCDB¹B²Ald.
 - 7 τοῦ κατὰ φύσιν εἶναι] εἶναι τοῦ κατὰ φύσιν LbCDB¹B²Ald.
 - 10 φ B¹] φ ή LbAB².
 - 11 οὐδ'] οὐκ LbAAld.D.
 - 20 ἔνδειαι γεγένηνται CDAld.LbB2, ἔνδειαι γεγένηται B1.
 - 20 οὖ γένοιντ' ἄν ἀναπληρώσεις LbAld.; pro γένοιντ' habet D λέγοιντ'.
 - 21 λέγοι τις ἄν λέγοιτ' ἄν τις Lb.

- 1173 b 24 $πικρὰ η ηλυκέα <math>L^b$.
 - 25 οὕτω] οὕτω δή LbCAld.D.
- 1174 a 28 λαβείν κίνησιν τελείαν] κίνησιν τελείαν λαβείν L^b .
 - 33 ἐν secundum om. LbCDAld, (ἐν τῷ σταδίφ καὶ τῷ μέρει καὶ ἐν ἐτέρφ μέρει LbDAld.C; ἐν autem ante alterum ἐτέρφ addit C cum Kb; B² habet ἐν τῷ σταδίφ καὶ ἐν τῷ μέρει καὶ ἐν ἑτέρφ καὶ ἐν ἐτέρφ μέρει οὐδέ: A habet ἐν τῷ σταδίφ καὶ ἐν τῷ μέρει καὶ ἐν ἐτέρφ οὐδέ κ.τ.λ.; B¹ habet ἐν τῷ σταδίφ καὶ τῷ μέρει καὶ ἐν ἐτέρφ μέρει οὐδέ).
 - b 26 όμοίως om. LbD; add. CAB1B2 et rec. Lb.
 - 26 αἴτιά εἰσιν Lb.
 - 28 δέ γὰρ δή LbCDAld.
 - 31 γε τοῦ] γε τοῦ γε Lb.
 - 33 ἕως οὖν ἄν ἢ τὸ αἰσθητὸν ἡ νοητὸν ἡ οἷον δεί καὶ τό Lb; ἔως δ' οὖ ἄν ποτε τὸ αἰσθητὸν ἡ νοητόν κ.τ.λ. B¹B²CDAld.; ἔως ἄν τό τε νοητὸν ἡ αἰσθητὸν κ.τ.λ. Α.
- 1175 a 8 περί αὐτά] περί τὰ αὐτά Lb (ἐνεργεῖ περί αὐτοῦ D).
 - 9 post οὐ add. γίνεται LbCAld.DA.
 - 34 oi om. LbCD.
 - b 2 τοῦτ' | ταῦτ' Lb.
 - 8 κἄν] καὶ ἐάν LbCDAld.AB¹B².
 - 19 γάρ om. LbCDAld.
 - 20 συμβαίνει δή περί τὰς ἐνεργείας om. Lb.
 - 22 εἴρηται Lb solus, εἴρηνται ACD cet.
- 1176 a 1 καὶ ή ἀκοὴ καὶ ἡ ὄσφρησις Lb.
 - 4 καί ante ήδονή om. Lb.
 - 11 ἐστί post λυπηρά LbA (λυπηρὰ ἔστι καὶ μισητά librarius, ut vid., ipse in rasura scripsit A).
 - 30 τε om. Lb.
 - b 8 καλά καί om. Lb, καὶ καλά post σπουδαία D.
 - 23 φαίνεται] φαίνονται Lb.
 - 33 σπουδάζη] σπουδάζειν Lb.
- 1177 a 4 των add. LbPb, om. ACDAld.B1B2.
 - 5 σπουδαιοτέραν] σπουδαιοτάτην Lb, σπουδαιοτέρου D.
 - 26 δέ τε Lb.
 - 27 διαγωγήν] ἀγωγήν LbCAld.
 - 30 τοίς δε τοιούτοις των δε τοιούτων Lb.
 - 33 αύτόν ξαυτόν Lb.
 - b 7 èv om. LbCD.

- 1177 b 7 αἱ ἐνέργειαι LbCDAld.
 - 15 каі om. LbD.
 - 18 αίρεταί είσιν] είσιν αίρεταί LbCD.
 - 26 ἃν εἴη βίος κρείττων] εἴη ἃν κρείττων βίος L^b , ἃν εἴη κρείττων βίος B^1B^2C DAId.
 - 33 ἀποθανατίζειν LbB², ἀπαθανατίζειν ACB¹NbAld., ἀπαναθανατίζειν D.
 - 33 πάντα [ἄπαντα LbCD.
- 1178 a 2 πάντων om. LbC, post ὑπερέχει A.
 - 2 εκαστος είναι LbAld.A, εκαστος om. C, εκαστος τοῦτο είναι D.
 - 6 ἐστίν] ἐσθ' LbCAld., ἔσται D.
 - 7 μάλιστα τοῦτο LbCAld.D.
 - 10 καὶ ἄλλα τά] καὶ τὰ ἄλλα τά LbACDAld.
 - 13 διατηροῦντες post έκάστω LbCD [Ald. διαιροῦντες].
 - 34 ἀμφισβητείται] ζητείται LbCB1B2Ald.D.
 - b 3 τῷ δὲ θεωροῦντι τῶν δὲ θεωρούντων Lb.
 - 5 συζή] συζήν LbD.
 - 12 post őσα add. ἄλλα LbCDAld.
 - 12 ἀνδρείους] ἀνδρείας Lb.
 - 15 ai LbA, ei CD cum cet.
 - 28 οὐδαμῆ] οὐδαμῶς Lb, οὐδαμοῦ ObCDB¹B²Ald.
- 1179 a 3 ή πράξις KbAld.] ή κρίσις οὐδ' ή πράξις LbACDB'B², ή κρίσις οὐδ' αξ πράξεις MbOb.
 - b 7 προτρέψαι LbNbB1CDAld., ἀποτρέψαι B2.
 - 24 δέη ACD, δέει Lb, δεί ΓMb.
 - 25 έθεσι] ήθεσι LbAld.
 - 27 συνείη] συνίη LbACDAld.B1B2.
- 1180a 2 ἐπειδή] ἐπεί LbC, B¹B²=Bek.
 - 3 $a\nu$ om. L^bB²D, habet B¹.
 - 16 ἐν om. Lb.
 - 19 οὐδέ Β¹Β²CDAld.Γ, οὕτε δή Lb, οὐδὲ δή A cet.
 - b 3 ἐπιτηδευμάτων] παιδευμάτων LbB¹B²CD, ἐπιτηδευμάτων AAld.
 - 9 ήσυχία καὶ ἀσιτία ασιτία καὶ ήσυχία LbCDAld.
 - τι δή δέ LbCDAld.
 - 30 παρά] περί Lb.
- 1181 a 10 πολιτικής om. LbCD, del. Kb, habent Ald.A.
 - 20 έπιτελείται τελείται Lb.
 - b 12 παραλιπόντων παραλειπόντων Lb.
 - 19 έκάστας εκάσταις Lb.

In the foregoing list, which contains all, or nearly all, the recorded readings of L^b where that MS. differs from K^b , M^b , and O^b , eighty-seven in number, the agreements of C are thirty-seven in number, of D thirty-eight, of A thirteen, and of Ald. twenty-eight. In thirty-one readings C and D agree with L^b in company; and of the twenty-eight agreements of Ald. with L^b , twenty-four are in company with C or D, or both. CD and Ald. are thus much more closely related to L^b than O^b is in this book. We may assume, I think, that some of the numerous readings in which CD and Ald. agree against L^b and other MSS, or L^b alone, are readings which existed in an ascendant of L^b . Some of these readings in which C and D or C or D=Ald. have been given in the foregoing lists; others are given in the following list, which contains some Ald. readings not recorded by Susemihl:—

CD and C or D=Ald. versus KbLbMbOb.

1172 b 2 ως οὐ τοιαύτην DAld. [om. οὐ CA].

10 [ἄλλογα CD, ἄλογα AAld.]

28 μόνου μόνου Ald. pr. C [DA=Bek.].

1173 a 11 ή έτερον ACB¹B²Ald. [μηδέτερον D].

20 καὶ κατά ADAld., καί, omisso κατά, C.

26 alei CDAld., dei A.

1174 a 3 ώς οἴονται ACDAld.

b 21 ή ήδονή DAld., ήδονή CA.

1175 a 26 τ φ ante alterum ε iδ ε ι add. DAld., om. AC.

30 συνάξει CAld., συναύξει D, lacunam hic habet A.

8 κἄν] καὶ ἐάν ACDAld.B¹B².

1176 a 18 $\,$ 6 add. CDAld., om. $H^aL^bM^bO^bA$, hic est lacuna apud K^b .

b 31 ενεκα] χάριν Β¹CAld., ενεκα ADB².

1177 a 2 μετὰ σπουδής B¹B²AD] σπουδαίος CAld.

25 φιλοσοφία D cum cet.] σοφία APbCAld.B1B2.

33 σοφώτερος] σοφός CAld., σοφώτερος ADB1B2.

1178 a 1 ἀλλά ante δυνάμει add. B¹CAld., om. ADB².

b 19 $\delta \hat{\eta}$] $\delta \hat{\epsilon} \hat{\iota}$ CDAld., $\delta \hat{\eta}$ A.

31 αὐτή CAld., αὕτη AD cum cet.

1181 a 20 συνίασιν] α δεί συνίσασι Ald.; συνίασιν α δεί, omissis καὶ ποία ποίοις συνάδει, $B^{1}C\;;\; συνίασιν α δεί καὶ ποία ποίοις συνάδει <math>D, B^{2}A\!=\!Bek.$

The following list contains K^b readings (not quoted in other lists)

which agree with CD and Ald.-all three or two of them, or one of them.

1173a 9 00 8 00 KbCDAld.F.

33 τη τοῦ KbCAld., τὸ τοῦ D.

1176 a 7 биог В2] биог КbВ1CDAld.A.

1179 b 9 κατοκώχιμον KbAld., κατακώχιμον AC.

22 ωs om. KbCAld., add. D cum cet.

 $B^{\rm l}$ and $B^{\rm 2}$ in this Book belong to the CDAld. group, i.e. are closely related to $L^{\rm b}.$ A, although still of the $K^{\rm b}$ family, contains a large number of readings which occur in $L^{\rm b}.$ Some of them probably existed in an ascendant of $K^{\rm b},$ although lost by $K^{\rm b}$ itself.

The Table on pages 82 and 83 sums up the numerical results obtained in this work, so far as $K^bO^b-L^bM^b$ and $K^bM^b-L^bO^b$ are concerned. In Book i, e.g. K^b and M^b agree against L^b and O^b in thirty-eight places, in twenty-six of which A sides with K^b and M^b , and in ten with L^b and O^b ; and so on with the other MSS, B^1B^2 , etc., along the line:—

		Α.	B1.	\mathbb{B}^2 .	C.	D.	Ald.
(-	K^bM^b	26	- 8	8	8	. 10	6
38	$\frac{K^bM^b}{L^bO^b}$ $\frac{K^bO^b}{L^bM^b}$	10	29	29	29	27	29
Book I.	KbOb	4	T	т	2	2	3
7	LbMb	2	0	0	4	<u>3</u>	3
(K^bM^b	24	15	15	r 7	19	17
29	$\overline{\Gamma^{p}O^{p}}$	4	II	10	I 2	8	10
Book II.	$\frac{K^bM^b}{L^bO^b}$ $\frac{K^bO^b}{L^bM^b}$	1	ĭ	I	6	I	3
6	LbMp	2	0	0	0	I	
Book III. { 71	$_{\rm KpMp}$	5	2	0	I	4	3
1:	Γ_{POp}	7	3	I	5	5	5
Book III.	KpOp	52	20	2 I	I 2	28	27
\ \{7\frac{7}{1}}	ГрИр	18	40	32			
Book IV.	$\mathrm{K}^{\mathrm{b}}\mathrm{M}^{\mathrm{b}}$	4	0	0	5	I	2
	$\Gamma_{\rm pOp}$	I	2	0	0	4	3
BOOK IV.	KbOb	56	1.4	16	69	14	10
78	$L^{\rm b}M^{\rm b}$	13	37	29	7	46	43
[g	KbMp	A	0	0			3
Book V. 8	$\Gamma_{\rm POp}$		I	I	4	3	2
*0	KbOb	A	2	3	15	6	7
Book V. 3	$L^{\rm b}M^{\rm b}$		7	. 0	3		7 9
19	Ob (from	m 1136	бb 1)		11		
31	KbLb .				26		

		Α.	B1.	B^2 .	C.	D.	Ald.		
	KbMb	29	17	19	1.4	Ι4	2 I		
	58 LbOb	23	37	34	38	4 I	37		
Dook VI	KhOh		v		ir.	0	6		
DOOK VI.	10 TP/IP	9	1	- 1	2				
		Ü	^		3		-		
	$\begin{cases} 58 & \frac{K^{b}M^{b}}{L^{b}O^{b}} \\ 10 & \frac{K^{b}O^{b}}{L^{b}M^{b}} \\ 32 & O^{b} \dots \end{cases}$	• • • • • • • • •			!!				
	$\cdot \left\{ egin{array}{ll} 80 & rac{ m K^bM^b}{ m L^bO^b} \ & rac{ m K^bOb}{ m L^bM^b} \end{array} ight.$	58	36	35	48	27	46		
D1. T7T1	LbOp	18	27	28	28	35	31		
BOOK VII	KPOp	10			12	I	12		
	LbMb	5			4	3	5		
								A*(115728-1161619).
	(KbMl) 13	13	II	20	8	20	0	5;
	29 LbOb	4	5	3	6	4	7	10	
Book VII	$ ext{I.} \left\{ egin{array}{ll} 29 & rac{ ext{K}^{ ext{b}} ext{M}^{ ext{b}}}{ ext{L}^{ ext{b}} ext{O}^{ ext{b}}} \ & ext{Z}^{ ext{b}} ext{M}^{ ext{b}} \end{array} ight.$. 17		2	8	1	7	I	
	25 LbMb	3	7	<u>ə</u>	16	II	18	13	
		J						- 3	
	67 KbMb	55	30	13			31		
Book IX.	TPOP	10	2 I	3	28		29		
DOOK 124.	, KbOb	5			4		3		
	$ \begin{cases} 67 & \frac{K^{b}M^{b}}{L^{b}O^{b}} \\ 8 & \frac{K^{b}O^{b}}{L^{b}M^{b}} \end{cases} $	3			4		4		
				3	6	7	7		
	$ \begin{cases} 43 & \frac{K^b M^b}{L^b O^b} \\ 17 & \frac{K^b O^b}{L^b M^b} \end{cases} $	23	20	22	35	33			
Dools V	IZhOh		2	_	_	6			
DOOK A,	17 T.bMb	12	6	5	<u>5</u>	11	-		
	1						* *		
	L12 KbLb				I I	12			

[The C figures in Book iii. refer to the first part of the Book only, up to 1115 b 1, after which to the end of the Book C never occurs on the $L^b\mathrm{M}^b$ side, and only once on the $L^b\mathrm{Ob}$ side.]

The following Table gives the number (approximately) of the readings of K^b where that MS. is unique among Bekker's MSS. in certain books of the Ethics,—the right hand column gives the number of times in the various books that C agrees with K^b unique:—

Book I.	K ^b unique.	C.
Book II.	95	2,
Book III to 1115 b 1.	76	4.
Book III from 1115 b 1.	50	43.
Book IV.	80	73.
Book V to 1136 b 1.	92	71.
Book V from 1136 b 1.	42	0.
Book VI.	61	2.
Book VII.	94	6.

The following Table gives the number of the unique readings of $L^{\mathfrak{h}}$ in Book x, with the agreements of ACDAld.:—

	L ^b unique.	A.	C.	D.	Ald.
Book X.	87	13	37	38	28.

The following Table indicates the family—K or L—to which the five English MSS. and the Aldine edition seem to belong in the various books. Books iii. and v. have been divided into iii¹, iii², and v¹, v², on account of the peculiar character of C between III5bI and II36bI. An *italic* K or L indicates the fact that the relationship is not very marked; (M) or (O), that the relationship is not independent of that of one or other of these two later MSS. or of its near ascendant; and a point of interrogation, that I am unable, on account of deficiency of data, or for other reasons, to determine the relationship at all:—

	Book I	II	III¹	III ²	IV		V2	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Affinities of M^{b} and O^{b} .	KbMb—LbOb.	ΚυΜυ-L'00υ.	KPOP-LbMb.	KbOb-LbMb.	KbOb-LbMb.	KbOb_L'M'.	KbOb_LbMb.	KbMb-L'Ob.	K^bM^b — L^bO^b .	?	KbMb-LbOb.	ΚυΜυ-L',O''.
A.	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K
B¹.	L	K	L	L	L	L	L	L	K	(M)	K	L
B ² .	L	K	L	L	L	?	?	L	K	(M)	K	L
C.	L	K	L	K	K	K	(O)	(O)	K	(M)	K	L
D.	. L	K	L	L	L	?	?	L	K	(M)	lacuna	L
Ald.	L	K	L	L	L	?	3	(O)	K	(M)	K	L



APPENDIX.

I have reserved for an Appendix my remarks upon a sixth English MS. which, on account of its lateness, could not properly be placed on an equal footing with the other five for the purposes of description and comparison. The MS. in question is Brit. Mus. Royal MS. 16. C. xxi (I call it B^a), written on paper in the sixteenth century. It contains ff. 131, and has twenty-three lines to the page, and between forty and fifty letters to the line. There are numerous Latin notes on the margin.

Although late, it was possible that this MS. might be found to have been transcribed from a MS. of mark; but this possibility was not realised. My examination, which covered nearly all the $K^bM^b-L^bO^b$ and $K^bO^b-L^bM^b$ readings in the Ethics, and many others of importance, shows that its text is essentially that of B^1 and the Aldine Edition. In the following list (covering the whole Ethics) the readings not within square brackets [] are those of B^3 . To these readings of B^3 I have appended the symbols of other English MSS. where their readings had not been recorded in the body of this work; in cases of their agreement with B^3 their symbols have been simply appended to the readings of that MS; where they differ, their readings have always been enclosed within square brackets. Thus, '1095 b 6 $d\rho\chi\eta$ B^2D [$d\rho\kappa\epsilon t$ B^1]' means that B^3 has $d\rho\chi\dot{\eta}$, and that B^2 and D agree with it; while B^1 reads $d\rho\kappa\epsilon t$.

B⁸.

10 ἀρετήν. 13 τόν. δέ. b 8 γε. 23 έκαστον. 1004 а 8 кай. 1095a3 13 πεφροιμιάσθω. 27 τοίσδε πᾶσιν αἴτιόν ἐστι τοῦ εἶναι ἀγαθά. 32 πλά-1005 b 6 ἀρχή Β²D [ἀρκεῖ Β¹]. 10 add. φρασσάμενος κ.τ.λ. 23 τοῦτο τό. 27 ἀγαθοὺς εἶναι. 1096 a 9 καίτοι. 23 τούτων. b 1 ἀνθρώπφ. 8 ἔστω. 26 γε. 32 καὶ ἔστιν ἔστιν. τό. 33 τι αὐτό. 1007 α 4 ἔχει τινά. 7 απαντας τούς τεχνίτας. 26 ετερα. b 10 γυναικί. 11 πολιτικόν B¹B²D. 1198 a ΙΙ τό ante κιθαρίζειν om. 22 αναγράφειν. 1000 a 10 φιλοθεώρω. 13 τοιαῦται 30 την αρίστην. b 9 ή άλλως. δὲ αἱ. 28 ἥδιστον δὲ τυχεῖν οδ τις ἔκαστος ἐρᾳ. 1100 a 8 ήρωικοίς. 17 τῶν post καί om. 32 τό post δή om. b 35 20 η διά. καὶ φαῦλα. ΙΙΟΙ 2 20 μακαρίους δ' ἀνθρώπους. 2Ι μέν. b 2 ἀφαυρόν. 12 δή.

20 κρείττον. 34 ψυχικῶν CD [ψυχικωτέρων $L^bB^1B^2$]. 1102 a 5 ἐπεί. 6 ἐπισκεπτέον τάχα, 12 ή σκέψις αύτη. 25 πλείστον $[πλείον <math>B^1B^2]$. b 13 της. 14 έγκρατοῦς καὶ ἀκρατοῦς. 17 τε. 1103 à 22 αὐτόν, 26 παραγίνεται, 32 τῶν ἄλλων τεχνών, b 7 καὶ γίνεται D. 10 οἱ οἰκοδόμοι. 15 ἀνθρώπους γινόμεθα. 24 εὐθύς. 20 ἀναγκαῖον ἐπισκέψασθαι περί, 32 ὑπερκείσθω. 34 προδιωμογείσθω. 1104 a 1 πρακτών. πρός D. 25 τις. 27 αἱ φθοραί. b 18 πρότερον. 20 ἔτι. 32 ἀσυμφόρου. 34 τε. 1105 à 7 καί $\mathring{\eta}$. 11 $\mathring{\eta}\theta$ ικ $\mathring{\eta}$. 10 τὰ σώφρονα. 24 έὰν καὶ γραμματικόν τι ποιήση. 27 γινόμενα. 28 ταῦτα. 20 ἐάν. b 4 ἄπερ καὶ ἐκ. 10 μετὰ δὲ ταῦτα τί ἐστιν ἡ ἀρετὴ σκεπτέον. 21-23 ἐπιθυμίαν—ἔλεον] Β³=Bek. nisi quod θυμόν post ὀργήν addat, 1106 a 8 πράττειν άπλως. 28 πρός. b 1 μνως. 8 εὖ ἐπιτελεῖ. 13 ὡς δὴ λέγομεν. 22 ἐπί. 27 ἄρα ἐστίν. 35 παντοδαπῶς δὲ κακοί. 1107 a 12 ψέγεται λ έγεται B^1B^2D . 23 τὸ τό λ τό. λ δὲ τῷ. 7 διόπερ οὐδ' οὖτοι ονόματος τετυχήκασιν έστωσαν δε αναίσθητοι, 26 αὐτή. 27 μικρά. 1108 a 2 έν om. 28, 29 δ. b 11 δέ. 30 μεν τό. 1109 a 23 τοῖς πάθεσι καὶ ταῖς πράξεσιν. 29 διόπερ έστὶ τὸ εὖ καὶ σπάνιον καὶ ἐπαινετὸν ὁ καὶ καλόν. 31 ἡ καλυψω παρήνει. 32 τούτου] τὸ ώς τοῦ. b 5 ἀπαγαγόντες. ΙΙΙΟ 2 14 ἐκούσιον δή καὶ τὸ ἀκούσιον. 25 ύπερτείνει post φύσιν. b 13 δή. 23 έστω. ΙΙΙΙ α Ι καί post γάρ. 6 ἄν om. 22 βιαίου, 25 δι', 28 ἢ θυμόν, b 18 διά B¹B²D, 1112 a 1 δόξη, 7 ώς om. 14 οὐθέν ἐστιν. 20 ἄν τις βουλεύσαιτο. b 15 τίνων. 21 εἰρημένον B^1B^2D . ΙΙΙ3 α Ι τοῦτο $\mathring{\eta}$ πέττεται $\mathring{\eta}$ πεποιώται ώς δεί. Γτοῦτο $\mathring{\eta}$ πέπεσται ώς δεί $B^1B^2L^b$, $\mathring{\eta}$ πέπ(ras. au?)ται ώς δεί Α]. ο προέλοιντο Β¹Β²C [προείλοντο D]. 10 έκ om. 33 ων. b 13 ἄρα] ἔσται, 14 μακάριον, 20 ἐψ΄. 24 αὐτοὶ αἴτιοι. 26 πρὸς ὅσα, 20 άλλ' ότιοῦν. ΙΙΙ4 2 2 ου τὸ μὴ ἀγνοεῖν. Ι2 τὸν ἀκολασταίνοντα ἀκόλαστον. 18 βαλείν Α. 21 οὐκέτι] οὐκ. 27 ἐλεήσαι. b 3 μηδείς. 4 inter τοῦ et τέλους habet Β³ της ἀρετης 1115 b 13—οδ ἔνεκα 1115 b 17, quae quidem verba iterum apud 1115 b 13 praebet. 28 καί, πρακτικαί καί, 31 τοῦ om. 1115 a 3 χρήσασθαι. 13 γάρ. 16 ὅμοιόν τι. 20 ἐν. 24 οὖν. b 18 καί ante ὡς. 33 τούτοις. 1116 a 21 οἱ δέ. 33 ὁ om. b 10 post Ερμαίω add. τῶ ἐν Κορώνη τῆς Βοιωτίας [om. C]. 26 θυμοειδείς το δρμητικώτατον ιτηκώτατον (sic). 33 έν post ή. 36 αν είεν. ΙΙΙ8 b 15 εως ἃν ὑπερπλησθη ὑπερβάλλειν ΙΙΙ9 b 22 λέγωμεν δὲ καὶ έξης περί έλευθεριότητος om. in fine libri iii. λέγωμεν. ή post είναι om. 34 τι. 1120 α. 4 χρεία τις. 6 εκαστον. 11 ἀρετης γάρ. 17 λαμβάνειν. 22 των ἀπ' ἀρετης. 24 οὖν. 30 οὐδ' ὁ λυπηρός. ἕλοιτ'. b 2 ἰδίων. 4 ὅτε καὶ οὖ. 9 ὅθεν οὐθέν. 19 έπιμελόμενον. 22 ταῦτα. 26 ταῖς δόσεσι καὶ ταῖς δαπάναις. 30 δ' Om. 1121 a 4 καί. 15 ἐπί. 16 συναύξεται. 18 διδόντας ιδιώτας B¹B²CA. 20 τε om. 25 ου ante λήψεται. 33 τοῦτο ποιείν μη δύνασθαι. b 4 αὐτοῦ add. 28 ἄν. 33 έργαζόμενοι καί. 34 καὶ τοκισταὶ καὶ τὰ μικρᾶ (sic) ἐπὶ πολλῷ. 1122 2 14 ἐστὶ κακόν. 23 γάρ. 34 δὲ περί. Β 15 κτῆμα μὲν γὰρ τὸ πλείστου ἄξιον καὶ τιμιώτατον. 18

έργου μεγαλοπρέπεια, omisso άρετή. 20 περί τούς θεούς. 21 καὶ ὅσα περί, τοιαῦτα, διά, ΙΙ23 à 2 πᾶσα ή. ΙΙ24 b 8 ἀφειδής, 21 ἐν. 26 φανερόμισον, 29 φανερώς καταφρονητικοῦ γὰρ διὸ παρρησιαστικ)ς παρρησιαστικοῦ δὲ διὸ καταφρονητικὸς καὶ ἀληθευτικός. 1125 a 1 πρός ante φίλου. 34 χείρου. b 7 ἐν τιμής ὀρέξει. 9 καί post ώς. 15 ἀεὶ φέρομεν. 19 δὲ τιμῆς. 32 add. καί ante ώς. 1126 a 10 θάττον καί. 16 ἀνταποδιδόασιν. 20 ὀργίζονται. 1127 a 8 διά τι ἄλλο. b 26 add. τά ante φανερά. 27 εὐκαταφρόνητοι. 31 καί ante ἀντικεῖσθαι om. 34 εἶναι δμιλία τις. 1128 a 16 μικρον έκ. b 11 γοῦν. 18 δὲ κεκωλύσθαι. 1129 a 33 καὶ ὁ ἄνισος, b ι ἐπεὶ γὰρ καί, 8 μεῖον, 18 τῆς εὐδαιμονίας. 24 ὀρθός Γόρθῶς B^2]. 25 χείρων [χείρον B^2]. 1130 a 2 τὸν ἄνδρα, 5 κοινώ. 13 ή δικαιοσύνη. 22 μέρος τι, 25 μοιχεύοι καὶ προσλαμβάνοι, b 10-13 ἐπεὶ δὲ τὸ ἄνισον καὶ τὸ παράνομον οὐ ταὐτὸν ἀλλ' ἔτερον ὡς μέρος πρὸς ὅλον τὸ μέν γὰρ ἄνισον ἄπαν παράνομον τὸ δὲ παράνομον οὐχ ἄπαν ἄνισον τὸ μὲν γὰρ πλέον ἄπαν ἄνισον τὸ δ' ἄνισον οὐ πᾶν πλέον, 23 προσταττόμενα. 1132 b 15 πωλείν καὶ ωνείσθαι. 16 έδωκεν. 23 αντιπεπονθός άλλω $B^2 \left[\vec{a} \nu \tau \iota \pi \epsilon \pi \sigma \nu \theta \delta s \ \vec{a} \lambda \lambda \omega \nu \ B^1, \ \vec{a} \nu \tau \iota \pi \epsilon \pi \sigma \nu \theta \delta s \ D \right],$ 1133 a 15 $\vec{a} \nu \sigma$ om. cum $B^1 B^2 CDAld$. (non add., ut dicit Susem., Ald.). b 15 ἔσται ἀεί. 1134 b 29 οὐδαμῶς ἔχον Β¹D Par 1853 HaMbQNbObPbLb. ἔστι μέν τι (ι in ras.) καὶ φυσικόν κινητόν οὐ μέντοι πᾶν Β¹ [ἔστι μέντοι καὶ φύσει κινητὸν μέντοι πᾶν D, ἔστι μέντοι καὶ φύσει κινητὸν οὐ μέντοι γε π âν B^2]. 1135 a 12 καὶ τὸ κοινὸν μᾶλλον δικαιοπράγημα. b 18 ὅταν ἐν ἑαυτῶ ἡ ἀρχὴ νεμόμενα, b 29 ψηφίσματος B^1 , 1138 a 10 νόμον, 14 ἔτι B^1 [ἔστι B^2], 32 ψεκτὸν ἦν. 1138 b 33 ἀληθῶς $K^b\Gamma Ald$. τοῦτ' εἰρημένον. 1139 a 3 οὖν. 4 δΰ είναι μέρη τῆς ψυχῆς. 12 λογιστικόν. b 13 εξεις μάλιστα. ἀληθεύει. 15 ἡ. 25 πάσα. 1140 a 5 καί. περιέχεται. 14 ή. 18 τὰ αὐτά. b 2 ή om. 7 αὐτή. 10 οἰκονομικούς. τούς Om. 11 ἔνθεν. 12 ώς. 13 πᾶσαν. 14 τό post καί. 15 δυσὶν ὀρθαίς. 18 φανείται. ή. 32 δ' ἀρχαί. 33 ή. 1141 à 11 οὖν. 20 καὶ ωσπερ. 21 τὴν ἐπιστήμην πολιτικήν. 24 καὶ εὐθύ. 29 δ' ὅτι. b 1 ὁ κόσμος συνέστηκεν. 17 ἐνίων B^1 [έτέρων B^2]. 19 ἀγνοεί. 30 ἡ φρόνησις. 1142 a 2 πολυπράγμονες. 6 nil post πλέον add. 11 είρημένου, 17 διὰ τί, omisso δή. 20 οὐκ. 23 τοδί βαρύσταθμον. 25 άπτικοί: 27 οὖ om. 28 οἵα αἰσθανόμεθα. 32 διαλαβεῖν καί. b 9 τις ή εὐβουλία. δέ. 15 τε κακῶς. 19 ἰδεῖν. 21 εἶναι οm. 23 τούτου δί. 30 ή δέ τις. 31 βουλεύεσθαι B^1B^2 . 1143 2 5 ότωοῦν. 19 εὐγνώμονας. 31 άπάντων. b 1 καί ante δ om. 14 τὰς ἀρχάς. 19 θεωρεί, 28 θετέον. 1144 a 2 τοῦ ante μορίου om. 14 λέγομεν. 23 τις. 29 δύναμις. b 1 καὶ γὰρ ή ἀρετή παραπλησίως. ΙΙ45 α 2 ὑπάρξουσιν. 3 ἐδεῖτο ἄν. 8 ή. 33 τῆς τοιαύτης διαθέσεως. b 6 τε om. 8 δη η τε έγκράτεια. g των. 10 τε. 17 οί. ότέ. ΙΙ46 α 8 των έσχάτων γάρ. ΙΙ έσται. Ι4 μή. 34, 35 έν ή φαμέν σταν τὸ ὕδωρ τὸν φάρριγγα (sic) πνίγη τί δεῖ ἔτι πίνειν. b = 3 πάντα. 4 ἀπάσας. 14 δ'. 16 ταδί B^1

[τὰ δίκαια Β²]. 17 μόνον ἀκρατής ὁ ἀκρατής ἡ οὐ ἀλλὰ τῷ ἐξ ἀμφοῦν ἔπειτ'. 21 ἄν οm. ΙΙ 47 α 6 οὖτος. 7 ή. Ο δοκείν μεν οὕτως εἰδέναι. Ι 4 οἵ γε, Ι Ο σημείον τοῦ ἐνεργείν κατά την έπιστημην. 2Ι πρώτον. συνείρουσι. 22 συμφυή είναι, τούτο. 32 τὸ γλυκύ, 34 οὖσα, μὲν οὖν λέγει. b 4 τῶν. 16 αὐτή, 18 εἰδότα ἐνδέγεται, 29 οὔ. 31 οὖν. 1148 a 13 τόν post καί om. 28 πως καί. 34 καί om. b 21 φασὶ χαίρειν. 22 μερῶν post ἀπηγριωμένων add. cum Ald. κρέασιν ἀνθρωπείοις. 23 δανείζειν ἀλλήλοις. 28 τρώξεις. 30 ἐθιζομένοις. 33 δέ. 1149 a 5 κακία καὶ άφροσύνη. 13 ένίστε μόνον. λέγω δὲ οἷον. 25 $\mathring{\eta}$ $\mathring{\eta}$. 28 πράξεως. 20 οὕτως $\mathring{\delta}$ \mathring{B}^2 [οδτος δ B^1 , οὔτω καὶ θυμός D]. [D30 ἀκρασία CB^1 [ἀκολασία B^2DA]. [1150 a 2βέλτιστον. 3 post άλλ' add. ήμάρτηται καί. συμβαλείν. 15 μεταξύ δὲ τῶν πλείστων έξεις κὰν εὶ ῥέπωσι [D=Bek.]. 25 διὰ τὴν ἡδονήν. 28 τις μή, b 17 δέ. εἴπερ οὖν. 22 προγαργαλίσαντες. 23 προαισθόμενοι. 31 οὕτω καί. 1151 a 2 ἔχοντες μέν. 9 μιλήσιοι γὰρ ἀξύνετοι. 15 ή ante μοχθηρία om. 17 ὁ λόγος. 23 ἀναίδην. 33 $\mu \acute{e} \nu$ om. 34 $\delta \acute{e}$ δ $\tau \acute{\varphi}$. b 7 olov. 31 $\acute{e} \nu a \nu \tau \acute{e} \nu a \iota$. 1152 a 19 o $\acute{e} \delta \acute{e}$. 21 ώσπερ. 28 βουλευσαμένων. b 21 ότι. 1153 a 1 ένδεούσης. b 25 άπαντα. 27 τινα λαοί πολλοί φημίξωσιν. 30 πάντες. 1154 b 34 έρουμεν. 1155 a 14 βοηθείας Β¹DCA [βοήθεια Β²]. 18 ορνέοις CDΒ¹Β² [ὅρνεσι (sic) A]. b 15 τὸ ῆττον καί. 17 φανερον περί αὐτῶν CMbAld. 27 ἐν. 32 ἄν. 1156 a 7 τρία γάρ ἐστιν εἴδη τῆς φιλίας. 22 άλλὰ ἄλλοτε γίγνεται ἄλλο Β¹Β²DC [A=Bek.]. 24 φιλία δοκεί. 27 οὐδέ. b 5 κατὰ φιλίαν. 8 ἀλλήλοις βούλονται. 22 ὅμοια CD [ὅμοιοι pr. A]. 23 ήδυ άπλως. 27 συναναλωσαι. 1157 2 9 ή όψις ήδεία. 17 άλλήλοις είναι. ομοιόν τι ταύτη. 1158 a 24 αὐτὸ ἀγαθόν. 33 ὅτι. b 3 ἀντικαταλλάττονται. 9 είναι καὶ μόνιμον. 13 παντὶ ἄρχοντι. 1159 a 23 περὶ αὐτῶν ἐφίενται Β¹Β²CDMbAld. 32 μή δύνωνται τῆ μητρὶ ἀ προσήκει ἀπονέμειν. b Ι τῶν τοιούτων. 7 post ἐπιτρέπειν add. ύπηρετείν. 21 ξηρφ οὐχ ύγρφ γενέσθαι. 1160 a 36 δ' ή τιμοκρατία. 1161 a 13 πράττωσιν. 26 δμοήθεις καὶ δμοπαθείς. 28 βούλονται καὶ ἐπιεικείς. b 23, 24 έκείνων δ' οὐθενὶ ἀφ' οὖ. 39 διό. 1162 a 2 συνωκείωνται. b 12 έκάτερος B^1B^2C [έκαστος ΑΚbLb], εφίεται. 16 συνημερεύειν. 29 διόπερ ενίοις τούτων οὐκ εἰσὶν (δίκαι B³, δίκαιοι B¹, δίκαιον B²) B¹B². 1163 a 2 καὶ έκόντι. b 10 τιμήν ἀπονέμουσι. 17 την άξιαν ποτ' ἄν. 22 ἀφιέναι. 32 ἀπάσαις. ἀνομοειδέσι. 1164 à 25 μαθόντα. 27 ἀρκεῖ B^1B^2CA . 28 τό. 34 γίγνηται. b 10 γὰρ ἄν. 20 λαβόντες B^1M^bAld . [λαμβάνοντες Β2CALbObKb]. 1165 a 17 άρμόττοντα. 24, 25 καὶ τιμήν δὲ γονεῦσι καθάπερ θεοίς οὐ πᾶσαν δὲ γονεῦσιν οὐδὲ γάρ [καὶ τιμὴν δὲ καθάπερ θεοίς οὐ πᾶσαν δὲ γονεῦσιν οὐδὲ γάρ C; AB²=Bek.]. 30 ἀπάντων. 31 ἀεὶ πειρατέον. b 21 γὰρ τούτω ή τοιούτω. 22 γοῦν. 23 γένοιτο. 35 προσγενομένην. 1166 a 6 οί προσκεκρουκότες. 25 μνήμαι. 35 εἶναι ή φιλία. b 12 καὶ διά. μισοῦνται καί. 14 συνημερεύσουσι B¹B²AKbAld. [συνημερεύουσι C.] 19 οί τοιοῦτοι έαυτοῖς. 20 τότε. ἀπεχόμενος. 29 καί ante πρός om. 1167 a 16 έλπίδα έχων εὐπορίας. 18 ή. 24

ότουοῦν. h 22 οἱ δὲ δανείσαντες καὶ ἐπιμέλονται. 20 οὐχ. 32 τοὺς εὖ πεπονθότας. 1172 a 19 ἴσως. 22 ἀρετήν. 26 τῶν τοιούτων. b 1 ὀφθείς ποτ'. 2 ὡς οὐ τοιαύτην. 12 δέ B¹B²CD Par. 1853 [δή AKb]. 12 φέρεσθαι ως πάσιν άριστον μηνεύει έκαστον. 30 μετὰ Φρονήσεως τὸν ἡδὺν βίον. 1173 2 2 ὀρέγεται, αὐτῶν. 8 μηδέτερα ΑC [μηδέτερα (sic) Β¹, μηδ' ἔτερον (sic) Β², μηδ' ἔτερα D]. 10 ὄντοιν κακῶν. ΙΙ η ετερον. 23 τί κωλεύει δέ. 34 ήσθηναι. b 4 ταχέως οὐκ εστιν. 7 εἶναι τοῦ κατὰ Φύσιν. 11 ἀναπλήρωσις ή ήδονή. 18 πολλαὶ δὲ καί AB¹B²D, et C omisso δέ. 23 ήδέα ταθτ' έστίν. άπλως πλήν. 1174 2 21 απαντι δή τω χρόνω τούτω [απαντι δή δ' οὖ ἄν ποτε τὸ αἰσθητὸν ἢ νοητόν κ.τ.λ. 1175 b 4 κατακούσωσιν. 8 καὶ ἐάν. 11 $d\rho \epsilon \sigma \kappa \delta \mu \epsilon \nu \rho \iota \rho \delta \nu \kappa \alpha \iota$, 20 $\tau \hat{\omega} \nu \delta \alpha \delta \sigma \chi \rho \hat{\omega} \nu$, 1176 a 7 $\delta \nu \rho \nu \rho \delta \Delta B^1 CD [\delta \nu \rho \nu \rho \delta]$. b 12 διαγωγάς Β¹Β²CD [ἀγωγάς pr. A]. 17 ἀποσχολάζειν. 31 χάριν. 1177 a 2 σπουδαίος. 4 των om. 33 σοφός. b 26 αν είη κρείττων βίος. 31 χρή δε ού. 33 ἀπαθανατίζειν. 1178 a 34 ζητείται. b 20 ἀφηρημένω. 21 θεωρίας. 28 οὐδαμού. 1170 a 3 αὔταρκες οὐδ' ή πρᾶξις δυνατόν. 4 ἄρχοντας. 33 τε. 1180 b 3 έπιτηδευμάτων.



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NONIUS MARCELLUS, HARLEIAN MS. 2719

COLLATED BY

J. H. ONIONS, M.A.



Oxford

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NONIUS MARCELLUS

DE COMPENDIOSA DOCTRINA

HARLEIAN MS. 2719

COLLATED BY

J. H. ONIONS, M.A.

SENIOR STUDENT OF CHRIST CHURCH



Oxford AT THE CLARENDON PRESS 1882

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NONIUS MARCELLUS,

HARLEIAN MS. 2719.

THIS is the oldest known MS. of Nonius in existence, and has never been collated throughout, though the Editors of the Fragments have consulted it here and there for their own special purposes. Ouicherat, in his edition of Nonius (Paris, 1872), professes to give a complete collation, which is however quite untrustworthy. The readings he has are nearly always those of the second hand; and even where he cites the original reading, his quotations are often incorrect. The MS. is referred by Mr. Bond, of the British Museum, to the end of the ninth or the beginning of the tenth century, and is in three hands. The first ends abruptly in the middle of a page with the words 'ovum inspexerant' (117, 9). The second begins on the top of the following page with the words 'quae gallina peperisset,' and continues to the end of the treatise 'De indiscretis generibus.' The third begins with the 'De uaria significatione sermonum,' and goes on to the end of the work. All three hands are, according to Mr. Bond, of nearly the same date, but the first two are much more careful than the third, who frequently omits syllables, words, and whole examples, which are however generally supplied by a later hand in the margin. The MS. is annotated throughout in three hands, which either correct the text, or give epitomes or explanations of the glosses. Two of these hands are referred by Mr. Bond to the same date as the MS.; the third, though later than the other two, is still old. The Paris MS. 7667 (P), of which Quicherat gives a collation, seems to have been copied from the Harleian, after it had been corrected by the first two hands. It has generally the second reading of the Harleian, sometimes however the original reading, and sometimes a combination of the two. I have given a considerable number of the marginal notes, as they have often been introduced into the text of the Paris MS., and serve to show how the original text of

Nonius may have been corrupted in many cases by the insertion of glosses from the margin. The collation has been made from Quicherat's edition of Nonius, adding the readings that he omits, and correcting him when wrong; when the reading given by him is correct, it is not mentioned here. The Harleian gives no new glosses or examples, its value depending chiefly on the following considerations:—

I. That it gives new readings which have never previously been suggested; e.g. Non. 67, 17, in the example from Varro, the Harleian reads 'parentacte,' though in lines 12, 14, and 16 it has respectively 'parectatum,' 'parectato' and 'parectaton,' In line 17 the Leyden MS, has 'praeutactae,' and 'praeutacton' in line 16, on the authority of Lucian Mueller in his edition of the fragments of Lucilius. Ouicherat, however, does not mention these readings. 'Parentactoe' should apparently be restored throughout this gloss. It completes the metre in line 14, which should run, 'Unde parentactoe chlamydes ac barbula prima,' while line 16 should be altered to 'Ephebum quemdam quem parentacton vocant.' Παρένταξις is quoted by Suidas, where we find παρένταξις, ή τῶν ἀνομοίων παρένθεσις, οἷου ὁπλιτῶν πρὸς ψιλοὺς η ψιλῶν πρὸς ὁπλίτας: thus παρέντακτοι might naturally be used of young men admitted for the first time to the society of their seniors. Παρέκτατοι, on the other hand, seems never to occur, and it is difficult to see what sense it could bear. Again 78, 30; for 'Ouid est istuc,' &c., the first reading of the Harleian gives, 'Ouid prodest istuc te blaterare atque obloqui,' which completes both sense and metre. So 79, 1: 'Caecilius Hymnide,' &c., the Harleian first reading gives. 'Cecilius imnide: Sinc blanditie nil agit' . . . which seems clearly right. I suspect that 'blandities' has dropped out after 'blateres,' and that we should read, inserting a new gloss, 'Blandities, Caecilius, Hymnide; Sine blanditie nil agit In amore inermus.' So 124, 29: 'Liberne es,' &c., the Harleian gives as the first reading, 'Liberne es? non sum liber verum inibi est quasi,' which is no doubt right, as it completes the iambic line. So again 178, 22: 'Iam istam colaphis comminuissem [testam] testatim tibi,' Ouicherat conjectured 'testam,' which is adopted by Ribbeck. The Harleian, however, preserves the original reading, the first hand giving, 'Iam istam calvam colafis comminuissem testatim tibi.' Besides these there are also many other similar instances.

II. That it supplies manuscript authority for conjectures already

made, as instances of which may be cited 18, 21: 'atque rutellum Una affert.' For 'una' Scaliger conjectured 'unum,' which is the first reading of the Harleian. 108, 3: 'Ebriulare ebrium facere, et ebriacus:' ib. 7, 'Homo ebriacus somno sanari solet;' in line 7 Ribbeck conjectures 'ebriatus' for 'ebriacus,' to restore the metre, and this is in both places the first reading of the Harleian. Ib. 14: 'Excissatum . . . Plaut. Cist.; Capillo scisso atque excissatis auribus.' For 'excissatis' Meursius conjectured 'excisatis,' and the Harleian actually gives as the first readings, respectively, 'excisatum,' and 'excisatis.' 124, 31: 'Profecto aut inibi est aut iam potiuntur Phrygum.' For 'aut iam' the other MSS. seem to give 'tam iam:' 'aut iam' is a conjecture of Lipsius; it is, however, given as the first reading by the Harleian. 126, 8: 'Ientare, Afranius; Ientare nulla invitat. Plaut. Curc.; Quid? antepones Veneri te ientaculo? Afranius; Haec ieiuna ientauit.' The first hand of the Harleian runs 'Ieientare, Afranius: Ieientare nulla invitat. Plaut. Curc.; Quid antepones Veneri icientaculi, Afranius; Hacc iciuna icientauit,' and these readings are clearly right, as in each case they restore the metre. Ribbeck has already made the same correction from the Bamberg MS. In the passage from Varro, line 15, the Harleian gives 'pulli ientent,' from which I conjecture that the gloss may originally have run, 'Icientare et ientare,' one of the verbs having dropped out. 146, 29: 'Extinctas [et] iam oblitteratas memoria;' here Ribbeck reads, 'Extinctas pausa oblitteratas memoria;' Iunius conjectured, 'Extinctas iam atque oblitteratas memoria,' which is the first reading of the Harleian. 110. 18: 'Fulguriuit, fulgorem fecit uel fumine afflauit. Nacuius, Danae; Suo sonitu claro fulguriuit Iupiter;' the Harleian gives 'Fulgorauit Nacuius, Danae: Suo sonitu claro fulgorauit Iupiter,' which should be right, 'fulgorauit' corresponding to 'fulgorem fecit;' Ib. 20, 'Lucil. lib. 26, Luporum exactorem maluanum et fulguratorem arborum,' for 'fulguratorem' Lipsius conjectured 'fulguritarum,' which is the first reading of the Harleian. For 'exactorem' the MSS. give 'exauctorem,' from which I conjecture that the original reading may have run, 'Lucorum exauctorem Albanum et fulguritarum arborum,' which would restore the metre; cf. Verg. Georg. i. 27, 'Auctorem frugum tempestatumque potentem.' There are also very many other similar instances of greater or less importance.

III. That even where the reading of the Harleian is not absolutely correct it is still of great importance, as in the case of fragments, many of which are extremely corrupt, the change of one or two letters will often decide against or in favour of a reading, or throw an entirely new light upon the passage. As instances of this may be mentioned 12, 18: 'Noui non inscitulam ancillulam Uespere et uestispicam;' Ribbeck reads, 'Noui non inscitulam Ancillulam uestrae hic erae uestispicam;' the first hand of the Harleian gives, 'Noui non instituram ancillunam uespere et vestispicam,' from which I conjecture that the true reading may be, 'Noui non inscitulam Ancillulam unam uestrae erae,' &c., where 'ancillulam unam' would account for the corruption to 'ancillunam.' 49, 1: 'Trossuli dicti sunt torosuli,' here the Harleian, first hand, gives 'Trossuli, equites Romani dicti trossuli dicti sunt torosuli,' for which I propose, 'Trossuli, equites Romani, dicti sunt torosuli,' The 'dicti trossuli' represents, I believe, part of a gloss, 'Equites Romani dicti trossuli, which has crept into the text from the margin. Again, 84, 6: 'Colustra,' &c., the Harleian, first hand, reads 'Columnum lacconere giumere mammis. Lucilius lib. 8; Beram insulam fomento omnicolore. Colustra,' beginning a new gloss at 'Colustra.' This I believe to be right, and suggest as the first gloss, 'Columna . . . Lucilius, Beram (?) insulam (?) fomento omnicolore [columna].' Then follows 'Colustra, Laberius in Virgine, Si guidem mea colustra,' &c. After this came, I believe, a third gloss on 'creterra' to which the words 'terris studere . . . sumere aquam ex fonte' belong; Nonius 547, 23 has a gloss on 'creterra' illustrated from Naeuius Lycurgus: 'Nam ut ludere laetantes inter se uidimus, Praeter amnem creterris sumere aquam ex fonte.' We should read then, 'Creterra Naeuius Lycurgo, Creterris ludere sumere aquam ex fonte.' The three glosses have been confused, as frequently happens in glossaries. Glosses on 'columna' occur in Paulus and Isidore, while 'creterra' is found in Paulus. The number of instances where the reading of the Harleian has been misquoted is very large; in many cases no doubt the correction is of slight importance, in others it will probably be found of value. The spelling of the MS, is good on the whole. It gives, for instance, 'cum' invariably, so generally 'ecum,' 'relincunt,' 'locuntur,' &c. In the accusative plural of nouns with 'i' stems, it almost invariably writes 'is,' sometimes, however, in the nominative as well. It distinguishes between ae, oe, and c, though not always correctly, giving, for instance, 'proelium,' 'caelum,' 'caena,' I believe without exception. In proper names and Greek words, on the other hand, it varies very much. As to the relation of the Harleian to the other MSS. of Nonius it is very difficult to speak. If the apparatus criticus in Quicherat's edition may be trusted, the Harleian is certainly much superior to any other existing MS. On the other hand, the readings given by Quicherat differ so widely from those quoted by the editors of the Fragments that it may fairly be doubted whether he is not as inaccurate in the case of the other MSS. as in that of the Harleian; and the Leyden MS., at any rate, would probably repay a careful and accurate collation.

- 1, 9 mala est mers, mala est ergo.
- 2, 16 emigrarent M1, emigrarunt M2.
- 3, 9 comparce M¹, comperce M². velitare, so 12.
- 4, 14 equis edoceat M¹, equiso doceat M².
 - 16 ibi tolutim.

mg. cocleatum cocleis asperatum.

mg. cocleae scilicet in mari.

- 5, 22 libro primo.
- 6, 20 significantiam. infixam M¹, inflexam M².
- 7, 9 exitare M1, exilire M2.
 - 19 habebit tibi amillic M¹, habebit iamillic M².
 - 26 sartor satorque.
 - 29 sarriunt M¹, sariunt M², so 8, 2.
- 8, 5 nauciis, et in mg.
 - 6 odor.
 - 10 intricenare M1, intricare M2.
 - 22 tricas tellanas.
- 9, 6 haec amusim.
- 10, II popli M1, populi M2.

- 27 lurcando lurchare M¹, l. lurcare M².
- 11, 2 carnalia M¹, carnaria M². fartim M¹, parum M².
 - 5 lurchabar M¹, lurcabat M².
 - 20 ero M1, ero om. M2.
 - 25 eius regi M¹, e. rei M². sum factus finitor.
- 12, 18 instituram ancillunam M¹, inscituram ancillulam M².
 - 21 ut vestispicam M¹, ut om. M². inspiciat M¹, spiciat M².
- 13, 27 ducit et M1, ductitet M2.
- 14, 18 decoratis M¹, decoratus M².
- 15, 13 pater M1, patri M2.
 - 15 sint M1, sunt M2.
 - 20 torrus M^1 , torris M^2 , and 22 and 26.
 - 21 Melanippo.
- 16, 8 aspiciunt M1, spiciant M2.
 - 13 mulgere M¹, mulcere M².
 - 17 scipobolimea M¹, hipobolimea M².
 - 26 succusare M1, succussare M2.

16, 28 lib. iii M1, lib. iiii M2.

17, II pinnata M¹, pennata M².

12 qui manduci.

19 senica, and 22.

20 seneca.

30 potest M1, potes M2.

31 Lira est autem, f. r. q. c. agros t. d. e. i. q. uligo terrae decurrat.

18, 21 unum affert.

24 a mendaciis M1, a om. M2.

19, 19 magnum M¹, magnus M², magnum M³.

22 prima valva est M¹, in prima M².

20, o causa ut M¹, c. aut M².

13-16 idem—regia om.

opificio M1, opifico M2.

25 goerus M¹, girus M².

28 dicimus et venenum.

21, 16 crebrae scintillae M¹, crebrae ut s. M².

20 rudite M¹, rudete M².
heiulitavit M¹, heiulavit M².

21 anxarius M1, ancarius M2.

27 non M¹, num M². illum illa ec pudet.

23, 2 canes dicuntur.

9 largiatia.

11 que M1, quae M2.

12 multis ignota.

24 magistas M1, maiestas M2.

24, 5 damnato offerent nisi M¹, offerent om. M².

6 tantum modo in.

13 teloniarii M¹, telonearii M².

14 ut M1, et M2, ut M3.

23 allatam esse delatam M¹, a. m. e.a. portitorem esse M², in mg. 25, ■ coponem M¹, cuponem M².

4 eaque dissensione. alias M¹, alios M².

10 mg. v. et v. intortis pedibus araneae vocabulo quae grece votrax dicitur.

16 perniciem M1, permiciem M2.

26 xvii M1, xvi M2.

26, 6 neunum M1, neuum M2.

17 aitarum M¹, aitharum M².

21 vestrae hae voluptates M¹, hae om. M².

27, 1 mg. qui oblicum habent aspectum "guelchi."

8 ni M1, ne M2.

14 exodium M1, in exodio M2.

19 mg. putus purgatus.

28, 9 corrigiis.

11 diana retae.

13 quoque M1, quocum M2.

16 fulget et tonitrum.

18 coangulum M¹, coagulum M², and 23.

26 subjecti sint.

29, 4 pedetemtim M¹, and 6, 7, 9, 11, pedetemptim M².

12 c. a. c. q. e. nitendo dictae sunt n. a. c. nam et.

18 arrecto M1, arrectum M2.

ut scenam M¹, ut in schenam M².

24 mediocritas.

30 haec M1, hae M2.

30, 10 immune.

14 mg. dirum quasi deorum ira missum.

27 XXVIIII.

29 difficillimum M1, dicit facilli-

mum M², difficillimum M³, autem est.

- 31, 9 defrudare.
 - 11 defraudans ingenium M¹, defrudans genium M². confersit M¹, conspersit M². mg. dissipavit in quibusdam cod. legitur consparsit.
 - 13 defrude tenego M¹, tenego defraude M².
 - defrudaveris M^1 , defraudaveris M^2 .
 - 15 mg. sudus quasi subudus.
 - 20 sudum M¹, sudus M², est sol et Lucilius.
 - 21 XXVIIII.
 - 22 suda secundet M^1 , s. secundent M^2 .
 - 25 inritata (irritare alibi).
- 32, 5 arcis.
 - II mg. tormines sic solent ponere qui minus considerate locuntur.
 - torqueant M¹, torqueat M², torqueant M³.
 - 14 gravidinosos quosdam torminosos.
- 33, ro pedetemtim, and II.
- 34, 2 immitere M¹, intermitere M².
 - 5 veterem M¹, vetera M². quasi novam M¹, q. in novam M².
 - 12 divarricari M1, divaricari M2.
 - 15 divarricari.
 - 17 vaccillare M1, vacillare M2.
 - 18 defessi atque ad.
 - 20 vaccillante M1, vacillante M2.
- 35, I inimica est mentis.

- 3 caecutis M1, caecuttis M2.
- 23 mg. nugas turbans aliquam rem.
- 31 capillos M1, capillo M2.
- 36, 2 dictum est pedem supponere M¹, supra ponere M².
 - 18 agglomerare M¹, adglomerare M², implicare.
- 37, I aqua intercus est, M^1 , est om. M^2 .
 - 18 portitorium M1, portorium M2.
- 38, 7 Tricolius M^1 , Tricorius M^2 . sirus ipse ad mestitias M^1 , mastitias M^2 .
 - convivones M¹, conbiviones M². dicit M¹, dicti M².
 - 24 quidni idem M1, q. ettu idem M2.
- 39, 6 tum ut deliminor M¹, tum ut eliminor M².
 - 21 anplicare M1, amplificare M2.
 - 22 ordiri M1, ordire M2, ordiri M3.
 - 31 potuerunt M¹, poterunt M².
- 40, 5 supersidere M¹, supersedere M², and 7, 9, 11.
 - 9 faces M1, face M2.
 - 12 tintinire M1, tintinnire M2.
 - 14 tintinire.
 - 15 xviii aptanus M¹, adtanus M². tintinat.
 - $\begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{24} & \textbf{cuossim} & \textbf{dictum} & \textbf{quasi} & \textbf{quoxim} \\ & & M^{1}, & \textbf{cossim} & \textbf{d.} & \textbf{q.} & \textbf{coxim} & M^{2}. \\ & & \textbf{procaria} & M^{1}, & \textbf{porcaria} & M^{2}. \end{array}$
 - 25 quossim M1, cossim M2.
- 41, 5 sticmatios M1, sticmatias M2.
 - 7 quam conjugem M¹, om. M².
 - 13 reserat.
 - 16 fretis M¹, foetis M².
- 42, 5 mg. adpendix quasi ex alio pendens.

- 42, 9 accumbitionem M^1 , accubitionem M^2 .

 quae M^1 , quia M^2 .
 - 12 semen cohibet M1, accipit M2.
 - 18 coaugmentavit M¹, augmentavit M², coaugmentavit M³.
 - 23 locupletium.
 - 25 ditione M1, dicione M2.
- 43, 18 concinare M1, concinnare M2.
 - 23 recte a. concinare M¹, concinere M².
 - 26 reconcinnebatur his M¹, re concinebatur verbis M².
 - 27 quae cum s.v. concinnare M¹, concinere M², sibi maxime.
- 44, 9 a blatu M^1 , a balatu M^2 .
 - 10 naugias M¹, nugas M².
 - 18 adindigenda M¹, adigenda M².
 - 27 aut larvatus aut cerritus M¹, aut larvatus es aut c. M².
 - 28 infestent M1, infestant M2.
- 45, 3 religione aliqua.

 mg. votitum religiosum.
 - sed et a verbis.
 - 14 crocchitum M¹, crochitum M², mg. grocire.
 - 16 croccibat M1, crocibat M2.
- 46, 6 has nos.
 - 8 frigido sabase M¹, sabaxe M².
 - 13 veneri vaga.
 - 19 fervitate M¹, feritate M².
 mg. febris a feritate quidam a fervore.
 - 20 calorem vel candorem M^1 , vel caldorem M^2 .
- 48, 10 menippu antiqui M¹, m. tantiqui M². nostriin M¹, nostrum M².

- 11 lapidibus.
- 14 EIAHAAANTOI cocedenes M¹, cocedones M².
- 17 dequoquitur M¹, decoquitur M². nam lixam aquam ad castra M¹, lixam aquam veteres dixerunt &c. M².
- 23 erit M1, erat M2.
- Trossuli equites Romani dicti trossuli dicti sunt torosuli M¹, equites Romani dicti trossuli om. M².
 - 4 mg. proboscis quod inde pascatur a greco qui boscen pascere dicunt.
 - 13 animaceterarios M¹, animadvertis cetarios M².
 - 20 crucifixi M1, crucefixi M2.
 - 24 veterina M¹, vetera M², veterina mg.

tuta vita M1, vita om. M2.

- 50, 2 rustici utuntur cum tritas f. a. v. i. a erigunt M¹, tritae eriguntur M².
 - 9 a furu M¹, furuo M². R. v. atrum appellaverint M¹, R. v. furum atrum a. M².
 - rerum divinarum.
 - 13 facilius furentur.
 - 19 notos dicitur M¹, dictus M², dicitur M³.
 - 20 quod notos graece.
 - 23 ac vertigine.
- 51, 3 P∈NI (graecis litteris) velnoris M¹, peni vel penoris M².
 - 5 recordantur M¹, recondantur M².

- mg. quare pietas dicatur quod pietas intus animo condita sit.
- 7 veteres putant.
- 15 rudere M1, ludere M2.
- 52, 6 lavadire luantar maluae M¹, lavandi reluant arma lue M².
 - 21 antiquitatis M1, antiquitas M2.
- 53, 6 non abhorret a vocabuli.
 - 8 significantiam dictam M¹, dicta M².
 - 9 venissent M¹, venisset M², venissent M³.
 - 12 faciam M1, faciem M2.
 - 13 dictos M1, dictas M2.
 - 15 et hoc quidem et genus.
 - 16 auctoritatem M1, auctoritate M2.
- 54, 3 fetura quadam M^1 , foeturam quandam M^2 .
 - 4 ceteros sine a M¹, ceteros antiquiores sine a M².
 - 5 fetus et fecunditas.
 - 6 recepticium, and 17.
 - 7 venundatus.
 - 17 cum reliqua M1, cum om. M2.
 - 20 obum M¹, solum M².
- 55, 4 vectari solent.
 - 13 culinam M¹, colinam M², and 15, 16, 19.
 - 19 erat M1, erant M2.
 - 23 optume dixisse M¹, dixe M², q. d. vixissent.
- 56, 3 quod aut dici.
 - 15 infortis facinus oli culi vesciuntur M¹, infantis f. oculi v. M².
 - 17 quicquam somniat an quicquam somniat.

- 21 subpedit M¹, subpediat M², subpedita M³.
- 27 schemis M¹, schenis M².

 mg. quod nos dicimus laubias

laop dicitur germanice folium inde laubia facta tecta ex foliis.

- 57, 2 lib. ii.
 - 4 dilectu M1, delectu M2, and 5.
 - 8 defelicis m.e. intellectu M¹, difficilis intellectus M², ut uero.
 - 15 ex hoc dictae.
 - 17 nexum M¹, enixum M².
 - actum M¹, artum M², in Amph. id probat dicens.
 - 19 ut M1, uno M2.
- 58, 12 Tintinius M1, Titinius M2.
 - 14 constituit M1, constitit M2.
 - 27 adolet cum M1, que M2.
- 59, 3 velut accensiti M1, accersiti M2.
 - 5 adoreum est quo M¹, in quo M¹.
 - 10 prorsuspicium M¹. prorsus pium M².
 - 20 quasi mansuetum M¹, manu assuetum M².
 - 21 permultione.
 - 25 manu patiens.
 - 29 in hos M1, inter hos M2.
- 60, 3 testis M1, testi M2.
 - 8 angulis M1, anguli M2.
 - 19 patefecit.
- 61, 5 scenis M1, schenis M2.
 - 9 quiare M¹, quare M².
 - 13 sequentur.
 - 14 non quod secentur.
 - 18 istriam
 - 29 potui? M1, potus M2.

- 62, 2 fricari M1, friari M2, in mg.
 - 8 lexivum.
 - 11 haec habetur. sumministret.
 - 12 greci dicunt M¹, grece dicuntur M², greci dicunt M³.
 - 16 confluges M1, confluge M2.
- 63, 4 fixae M¹, fixa M².

 mg. qua posita.
 - 5 ad lineam diriguntur.
 - TT Cornicula.
 - 13 a graeco sermone dicta M¹, vel dicta M².
 - 20 feratrina aut M1, ut M2.
 - 23 pastillas M1, pastillos M2.
- 64, 3 vitiis M1, vicis M2.
 - 5 mg. patentem amicitiam potius immunditias. Profluvium a fluendo proluvies a lubidine lucus veneris libentina.
 - 15 lib. iiii.
 - 20 excrescebat.
 - 26 contextum M^1 , contextus M^2 .
 - 27 continua vel longe ducta.
 - 28 propagare genus.
- 65, 2 promicare est M^1 , est om. M^2 .
 - 7 Alcion ut genuit cladis M¹, hunc g. claudis M².
 - 17 ego M1, equo M2.
- 66, r pisciculas quae M¹, pisculas que M².
 - 4 concordesvae M¹, ve M².
 mg. excordes concordesve a corde.
 - 5 dissentio.

 - 10 deos manes manes appellari M¹, deos manes appellari M².

- 11 sapientoribus quam vitam M¹, q. vita M².
- 67, I argutando praeficasque alios ${\rm M^1},$ Idem Truculento praeficas ${\rm M^2},$ \dot{m} mg.
 - 9 iii M1, iiii M2.
 - 12 parectatum M¹, parectaton M², parectato mg.
 - 14 unde M¹, inde M², parectato et calumiac M¹, calumiades ac M².
 - 17 parentacte M^1 , parectate M^2 .
 - 19 proletarii M1, proletari M2.
 - 20 ex atque proletarium pedito M¹, corr. M².
 - 29 et M1, ut M2.
- 68, 2 appellatos referentur centurionibus et decurionibus M^1 , et decurionibus om. M^2 .
 - 12 hostium jam clientium.
 - 17 deligato siguium M¹, siguuium M².
 - 18 leporem teneat. mg. abstemius de vino abstinens.
 - 19 Apuleius in se fuisti q. a. paucius a. a. in libro ludicrorum lucilius.
- 69, 4 tamquam adipatae.
 - 5 mg. adamare obligare inherere ab hamo tractum.
 - 8 assentire M1, assentiri M2.
 - 15 Diogenis.
- 18 admissum.
- 70, 3 quo prino M1, co prino M2.
- 71, I portatum

- 20 pro Callio M¹, Gallio M², mg. aboriatur pro abortet.
- 23 mg. adulescentioris luxuriaris.
- 72. 10 subdealbet M1, subdeabbet M2.
 - 11 non-tam M¹, nantam M², nam tam M³.
 - 25 assint illae M¹, adsint illae M², ascintille M³.
 - 33 fortitudinesit M1, fortunesic M2.
- 73, 6 affigere M¹, affligere M².
 - 7 amolimini est recedite vel tollite
 - 17 fieri ingenii M1, feri ingeni M2.
 - 30 mg. atri dies nefasti posteri.
 - 32 atridies M1, ater dies M2.
- 74, 2 adjutamini M¹, ajutamini M².
 - 3 notam M1, nota M2, xxviiii.
 - 5 appectones M¹, apetones M², apeditones M³, mg. apetones adpetentes.
 - 7 mg. advocavit i.e. provocavit adversarium.
 - 13 mg. adulescenturire nugari.
 - 19 miserinum M1, miserrimum M2.
 - 21 diminuerint M1, dimonuerint M2.
 - 23 possum ego.
 - 28 ut et ego M1, et om. M2.
 - 29 accepso accipio.
- 75, I auxit M1, ausit M2.
 - 3 adanxunt (?) igant M¹, adanxint adigant M².
 - 9 anima mater M¹, animam aer
 - nec mortalibus n. m. ullo M¹, n. mortalis n. m. ullum M².
 - 26 attigat M¹, attiga M².
- 76, 4 exta M¹, extra M².
 - 14 pro praesentibus et absentibus nobis.

- 18 venerit M¹, venierit M².
- 77, 5 organicum M1, organicon M2.
 - 15 baetere.
 - 16 sanos multos baretere M¹, betere M².
 - 17 niptrabos h. d. p. i. p. idem bibite medo.
 - 22 ad adulterum M¹, ad ad alterum M².
- 78, 6 lavat.
 - 7 seti homibus bulga M¹, s. hominibus b. M².
 - 25 et quicquid M1, nam et q. M2.
 - 28 bacchato nemens M¹, bacchatur nemes M².
 - 30 quid prodest M1, q. est M2.
- 79, I imnide sine M¹, imnis desine M².
 - 9 exeunt citis trepunt exeunt bount.
 - 11 dolonum M¹, dolonem M².
 - 12 manifestum est id dici.
 - 14 pinnaria M¹, pinnari M².
 - 15 et levis M1, ut l. M2.
 - 17 dunnos M¹, unnos M², c. naufragii ut cicero nec quarum bipennis.
 - 20 ad parmenonem M¹, parmenone M², ad om.
- 80, 5 uterique M1, utrimque M2.
 - 7 scriptum espectare M¹, spectare, M².
 - 10 discripseris M1, descripseris M2.
 - 32 conari adversarios contra bellosum.
- 81, 11 farris in farris trite M¹, farris intrite M².
 - 15 rem disperdit.
 - 19 comes

- 81, 33 comestque.
- 82, 4 paretur M1, paratur M2.
 - 7 turba et colluvione M¹, turbae colluvione M².
 - 10 dedi umquam.
 - 11 cupiditas non imposui M¹, imposuit M².
 - 12 mg. cetram obstaculum scutum.
 - quis re tunc dum M¹, rutundam M².
 - 24 conscripsi varro columna M¹, varro om. M².
- 83, 10 plauda u. e. p. c. mensu iabino M¹, libano M².
 - 20 sirpare adde M¹, s. noli a. M². in uxorculem opocillum M¹, opicillum M².
 - 26 ne ego te M1, te om. M2.
- 84, 6 columnum lacconere giumere mammis M¹, columnam lacchonere iunmi mammis M², colustra lumnam etc. M³.
 - 7 beram M¹, hiberam M².
 - 14 idem et dolosi conquinis cesi istic.
 - 22 collutulet, and 24.
 - 23 haec famieratiae t. h. et me c. etsi sine dete M¹, famigeratio . . . dote M².
 - 25 fidinisque ueat graio M¹, fidinisque at grafo M².
 - 29 proin dustriant teregem.
- 85, 9 liguratio M1, ligurritio M2.
 - 21 non ita Telamonis patris atque faciet proavi.
 - 26 consistit cibi M^1 , consistit ibi M^2 .
- 86, 2 que M¹, qui M².

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- 4 de uita p. r. libro i.
- 5 toribi M^1 , toris M^2 , toribus in mg.
- 8 citrus et faces cingit fores M¹, citrus fasces c. M².
- o mg. cecutiunt lippiunt.
 - utrum cecuttiunt lippiunt oculi mei cecuttiunt M¹, utrum oculi mei cecuttiunt M², oculi mihi M³.
- 12 succussatoris M^1 , succusatori M^2 .
- 18 carnales sedulas M¹, setdules M².
- 21 ebet et stulto M1, ebeti et M2.
- 87, 14 reddidimus M1, reddimus M2.
 - 15 mercenari M¹, mercennari M².
 - 20 mg. clipeat operit.
 - 21 c. liquit c. c. a. c. operit clipeat et accium M¹, operit clipeat om. M².
 - 22 mg. galeare operire.
 - 23 m. a. g. p. galeare operire M¹, galeare operire om. M².
 - 26 me coicerem M^1 , me ego c. M^2 .
- 88, 4 est haec M1, sed haec M2.
 - 6 dicorporeis M¹, dicorporois M².
 - 8 mg, tibicidas tibicinas.
 - contenturi contenturi M¹, contenturum contenturum M², mg.contenturum contentum.
 - 11 tu lucilium credis contenturum cummercum perint summa omnia fecerim M¹, cum me ruperint M².
 - 17 magconis M1, magonis M2.

- 21 mg. commentum pro commonitum.
- 23 commentus sies.
- 89, 11 his M1, is M2.
 - 19 dum abeam quodam et ubi nihil coepiam.
 - 21 unde certissent.
- 90, 1 mg. concaluit incaluit.
 - 11 exemplo M1, extemplo M2.
 - 15 consortiare M1, consociari M2.
 - 18 congerminati tenuere M¹, congerminata t. M².
 - 19 Collabella Laberius annalium, mg. collabella adjunge labra.
 - 23 mg. concinnare hic dissipare alibi componere.
 - 28 lacu balerna.
 - 29 exculeto inpatienti catulientem M^1 , excoleto M^2 .
- 91, 16 *mg*. conjecturarium a conjectura suspicacem.
- 92, 7 atque inter mare nostrum.
 - 17 calfacimur M1, calficimur M2.
 - 20 castus M¹, catus M², so 21, sed homo.
- 93, I tamen haec M^1 , et M^2 .

 relincuntur M^1 , relinquentur M^2 .
 - 2 ita haec.
 - 5 cicures M1, cicuras M2.
 - in cubiculo dormire.
 - 22 primum ac secundum.
- 94, I figuratio et M1, ut M2.
 - 4 caput colos temtatur cocsendicibus.
 - 8 oleam M1, oleo M2.
 - 23 edent M1, edint M2.
- 95, 2 ne quod M¹, quo M², iret.

- 5 caenae M1, caena M2.
- 6 devitant M¹, divitant M², and 7, and 10.
- o deuniatus M1, deunciatus M2.
- 26 divides M1, dividos M2.
- 96, 1 mg. domutionem domo itionem.
 - 2 dalanaps M1, danaps M2.
 - 5 dissinnare M1, dissignare M2.
 - 8 dissignavit M1, dissingnavit M2.
 - 10 c plennus M1, plennus M2.
 - 10 dicit.
 - 29 conspiritum M^1 , conspiratum M^2 .
 - 33 dulcedine M¹, dulcitudine M².
- 97, 1 ex corditate.
 - 4 depoculassere M¹, depeculassere M², mg. quasi pecus auferre.
 - 6 depoculassere M¹, depeculassere M².
 - 20 atiere M1, patiere M2.
- 98, 1 delatere M1, delectare M2.
 - 22 noctuque nec M1, et M2.
 - 24 eram M¹, eam M².
- 99, 2 discesset M1, discessisset M2.
 - 8 favitores.
 - 9 depserere M¹, depsere M².
 - 20 denthaspagae M¹, dentarpagae M².
 - 21 sacciis M1, saucciis M2.
 - 23 spectare M¹, exspectare M².
 - 26 bonam.
- 100, 7 decidua quae cadant.
 - 13 fodere M1, foedere M2.
 - 22 mg. duritas saevitia.
 - 23 disrississimum M¹, dirississimum M², and 24.
 mg. dirissimum severum.

100, 26 quem nobilem d. lyras M¹, quam mobilem M².

101, 11 lib. iiii M¹, iii M².

19 mg. dividae dissensiones dividiae dissensiones.

27 unianimitatem.

29 et M1, ea M2.

32 mg. evirescat pallescat. exsanguinibus M¹, exsanguibus M²; dolere M¹, dolore M².

102, I evallere M¹, evallare M².
 e. vallum mittam.
 mg. evallare eicere.

2 pilia M¹, prilia M².

10 exigno M1, exigo M2.

18 Ut varias.

32 urundinis M¹, hirudines M².

103, 14 autem est.

16 emungere M¹, emulgere M², emungere M³.

mg. emungere per fallaciam tollere.

23 maulta M¹, mata M².

24 elevavit M¹, elevit M².

mg. elevit perleniit polluit.

25 sibi vestimenta M¹, si hic v. M².

26 magnum ad cacinnum imprudens.

104, 17 extemplo excite vadit qua M¹, exemplo M².

27 seraperrectae M¹, seraparectae M².

8 quam videbis.

30 genus adverbiorum adverbii motu quae venit.

105, 9 exhibetis M^1 , exhibetis M^2 .

10 educatum quam.

11 culenarum M1, culeratum M2.

14 ita nimis.

5 si nemini M1, si menti M2.

16 dominatur in suos M^1 , in suos om. M^2 .

17 ut dejurare.

28 equito M1, equite M2.

30 quam nauticiae quisones per viam qua ducerent lora M¹, nautici equisones M².

106, 2 equiso M¹, quis M².

6 autaliqualiberos M1, aliqui M2.

7 mg. equilam equam.

9 esurigo fames.

10 strenuosus silimus, quostas M¹, costas M².

sicito fulgenti splendore. *mg*. elucificare lucidare.

27 cum sit hominis secum insidentis M¹, ecum M².

107, 4 liberti semiatrati.

14 donare M1, donari M2.

18 mg. exinanita vacuata.

qui c. se loco potuerant M².

23 incideret quae in mortis M¹, quae om M².

25 naturalia muliebria.

27 sene eugio ac destina M^1 , sine M^2 .

108, 3 ebriatus M1, ebriacus M2, so 7.

5 hilariam.

10 externavit ut conternavit M¹, exterminavit ut consternavit M².

mg. exterminavit finibus suis evertit.

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- 13 in pectoras M¹, in pectora curas M².
- 14 excisatum M¹, excissatum M². mg. excissatum scissum.
- 15 excisatis M1, excissatis M2.
- 18 aeduse a potinam pontine nutrici M¹, a potina M².
- 21 fortunas se illos non nature M^1 , fortuna s. i. n. natura M^2 .
- 28 albetis M1, albeus M2.
- 109, 5 quam hi servitutis famulatus et servientis voluntati.
 - 13 de fortunabunt vestra M¹, dei f. vostra M².
 - 31 fidelitatem ob fidam naturam M^1 , fidelitate M^2 .
- 110, 3 meaeactio M¹, meaeaaio M².
 - 8 summa M1, summum M2.
 - 18 fulgoravit M¹, fulgurivit M², and 19.
 - 21 fulguritarum M¹, fulguritatem M².
 - 30 fligi affligi.
- 111, I frangescere M1, fragescere M2.
 - 3 persenserim imperii M¹, persenserint M².
 - cum ea M¹, cum mea M².
 - 6 quiqui M1, qui M2.
 - II tibi M1, tiberi M2.
 - 14 obsecrate M1, obsecro te M2.
 - 19 exposco hoc M1, ut hoc M2.
 - 25 propitiares M¹, propitiaturos M².
- 112, i ea mihi raliquae f. r. vobisqui e quiritis se M¹, reliquae f. r. vobisque q. M².
 - 4 frustri (duobus vel tribus lit-

- teris erasis) tim M1, frustatim M2.
- 7 frustratim M1, frustatim M2.
- 9 minutatim M1, minutim M2.
- no fastidiligenter f. v. c. credo h. n. q. i. a. a. mutabiliter habere et non habere fastidiligenter habet habere fastidiligenter M¹, fastidiliter M², passim.
- 25 foco M¹, fuco M²; ejus sumptus fax ex pinalba M¹, e. s. cum fax ex pinu alba M².
- 29 diceret M1, dicere M2.
- 113, I priscos latinos M1, latine M2
 - 2 esset flata signa atque M¹, sed flata signataque M².
 - 3 formidolosum eo quod ipsum et formidet quod sit M¹, formidulosum et q. i. f. et q. s. M².
 - 4 formidolosus M¹, formidulosus M².
 - 6 aequa M1, aequae M2.
 - 8 parco M1, pareo M2.
 - 10 varro manio M1, varro om. M2.
 - 11 hospitium M1, hospicium M2.
 - 14 ex ea difficultate.
 - 17 fabellarumque.
 - 19 paratim ferabite M¹, et partim ferabite M²; arbusto ac muta M¹, arbuto ac multa M².
- 114, I pro frode M¹, fronde M².
 mg. quia frons et frondis dicunt veteres.
 - 2 praecipuae cum M¹, om. M².
 - 21 grunire M1, grunnire M2.
 - 26 grundulsis M1, grundulis M2.

mg. Aeneas cum venit in Italiam habebat porcam ex qua divinationem solebat capere quae elapsa peperit xxx porcellos in ejus honorem erant ista sacra quae istic dicuntur.

- 115, i divinarum lib. ii M¹, lib. i M².
 - 2 seminare incipere M¹, seminari i. M².
 - 18 gladitores s. colobathatrari gralare e. s. f. qui mituntur M¹, gladratores . . . mittuntur M². mg. forsitan gladiatores qui certabant gladiis, mg. illi fustes qui in certamine mittebantur sic dicuntur mataras materellos quos dicimus.
 - 20 ut gladatores qui graduntur M¹, gladratores qui gradiuntur M², p. s. lignae finare molet M¹, inolet M², a. h. e. quiinistatagitantur M¹, angitantur M².

sicilianiminri.

- 22 galea M¹, galae M².
- 116, r vi dehinc lacrimae M¹, v. d. meae inquam l. M².
 - 8 Protesilatidamia M¹, Protesilaodemia M².
 - 28 cujus jam ramus roborascit.
- 117, 4 gragadiare M¹, gragaliare M², gargaridiare M³.

mg. quod nos dicimus gargarzare.

- 13 ospitialis M¹, ospitalis M².
- 20 lib. iiii M¹, lib. iii M².

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- 24 defraudans M¹, defrudans M², and 27.
- 118, I laminae M1, lamia M2.
 - 5 aris tamquam M^1 , arista quae M^2 .
 - 9 mg. gerdius textor.
 - 11 probro M1, probo M2.
 - regratum M¹, se gratum M², se om. M³.
 - 29 credo congerrae omnia ejus ut collusor M¹, c. congerrae congerio meus ut M².
- 119, 2 quidum esse na hora M^1 , essena h. M^2 .
 - n. a. i. aedilis signosiae et deum M¹, deam M².
 - 11 mg. glubere destringere.
 - 12 reliquit.
 - 15 grammonsis M1, grammosis M2.
 - 16 gigerica M¹, gigeria M².
 - 24 genius generis laberius.
 mg. genius naturalis deus qui
 ortum nostrum excipit.
 - 27 habentia industria M¹, ut industria M².
- 120, 8 Halofantam aut, and 11.
 - 23 productaest M¹, productae M².
- 121, 3 culpas M1, culpes M2.
 - 5 quodsi sisyfius M¹, quod sisyfius M².
 - 11 mg. hilaresco hilaris fio.
 - 13 recedere ab hostia M^1 , r. dictum ab hostia M^2 .
 - 15 cohercuero M¹, coercuero M². hostiaero M¹, hostio M².
 - 24 mg. hilariter jucunde.
- 122, 3 et innullis M1, et mulis M2.
 - 5 hillas M¹, hilla M², Bohilla

mg. hilla intestina unde Bohilla dicta.

- 7 fragilis M1, flagris M2.
- 10 hillam M1, hilla M2.
 - II Claudius annalibus.
- 14 mg. incurviscere incurvare.
- 17 popularis et s. s. n. p. his enim.
- 22 quae esset insania.
- 25 mg. infractionem torporem.
- 29 instituit ut M1, i. que ut M2.
- 123, 5 quadere liquit M1, liquid M2.
 - 10 ignauuum fecit.
 - 21 ad incitam M¹, incita M², so ²3.
- 124, II animam M1, animum M2.
 - 17 quae quondam M¹, quandam M².
 - 24 quod agitur M¹, quod num a. M².
 - 25 mg. inibi sic mox.
 - 29 non sum liber verum inibi est quasi M^1 , liber and quasi om. M^2 .
 - 31 aut jam M¹, tam jam M².
- 125, 11 pro mare latrocinando.
 - 29 mg. forsitan conscindere.
- 126, 4 scabie summa in re summa.
 - 8 jejentare M¹, jentare M², so 9.
 - ı і jejentaculi М¹, jentaculi М².
 - 13 jejentavit M¹, jentavit M².
 - 26 mg. infelicitent felicem faciant.
 - 31 indignat M1, indignanti M2.
- 127, 8 etacrista M¹, etarista M².
 - 17 nausimacho M¹, epinausimacho M².
 - r9 si ston habuissem ingenio M^1 , habuissem ingenio siston M^2 .

- 24 indiscrimatim M¹, indiscriminatim M², lib. xviii.
- 128, 2 vitam hominum tuendam.
 - 6 de officiis ut ii qui M¹, de off. ii ut qui M².
 - 7 rem expetendam.
 - 15 sin aliter essent.
 - 16 oppugnatus se oppidum.
 - 20 ista prudentia doctrinaeque.
 - 26 mg. impedio, impendio.
 - 28 pertire M¹, impertire M².
- 129, 8 mg. inaudita auditu carentia.
 - 9 alio carent aut a natura aut.
 - 11 infestim M¹, infestum M², aliud aliud sit infestum. mg. infestum aliud et aliud infensum.
 - nesciat ut sit M¹, nesciat cura ut M², nesciatur aut.
 - 21 at inermes M¹, atque inhermis M².
 - 29 incursionem.
- 130, 2 indictum M1, inductum M2.
 - 6 intonso M¹, intonsa M².
 - lib. iiii.
 - 9 sentis c. M¹, senati M². jussum M¹, jussu M².
 - 12 inhisim M¹, incisim M². bonis M¹, binis M², mg. inhisim simul.
 - 13 inhisim M1, incisim M2.
 - 14 exportatum ablatum.
- 131, I quam M¹, quem M², impudentius.
 - 3 mg. inextinguibilis quod extingui non possit.
 - 4 est inextinguibilis.
 - 6 non esse una sine numero

magis innumera M¹, una se numero M².

131, 17 ПЕРІ ФІЬОСОФІАС.

23 scribitario M1, scribilitario M2.

2.4 luculentulus.

28 fiet cular M1, fiet et c. M2.

132, 6 ea sibi bona ducens.

8 laenitudine M1, laetitudine M2.

18 praeclaro M1, claro M2.

19 lactuose M1, jactuose M2.

20 mg. laxitas laxitudo.

23 cujusmodi M¹, cujusquemodi M².

133, 8 progredere.

9 atta atqui scalis.

14 tunc M1; tune M2.

16 nundinam M1, nundina M2.

21 mg. lutescit lutea fit.

134, 4 lenitudinem.

22 faciunt M1, facient M2.

23 unde alligurrire.

mg. adligurrire vorare.

27 priopo demio M¹, de meo M².

31 stipendium acceptitasti.

35 Iavernea cui M¹, laverna ea cui M².

36 furti scelebrassit M¹, furtis celebrassit M².

135, I Simesses facis musas.

4 Thucca M1, Tucca M2.

11 vespere M1, vesperi M2.

23 lenitatis M¹, levitatis M².

24 subsilis M¹, non subsilis M², ac plaudis et ab aratro posces oronum.

136, 1 macritudinem.

II constat M1, constet M2.

16 et amiseritudo eorum nulla est M^1 , ulla est M^2 .

18 ubi aspexi.

24 ne dici M¹, neque dici M².

26 nausutus M¹, nasutus M².

137, 3 attius M1, atticus M2.

5 matris similis. mg. matrisca matri similis.

6 ut meum patrem ulscisci queam.

15 sere id Caelius M1, id om. M2.

24 pro mestifices.

26 myctiris paupercula pulmenta M¹, pulmentaria M², lib. xx. mg. myctilis pauper apparatus.

28 se mictyris haec est M¹, haec est meri M².

138, I atrenavis M1, etre n. M2.

2 mg. madore infusione.

4 madore infirmarentur.

6 mercantibus M¹, mercatibus M².

9 maceries M¹, maceria est M². mg. maceries maceratio.

15 et si maxime id quod.

16 mg. mordicus a mordendo.

17 et flamma M1, e f. M2.

21 mg. quod mortem ferat.

22 mendicaries M¹, mendicarier M².

25 niministrantur illumnunc M¹, boniministrantur i. M².

28 mertare mergere M¹, mertaret mergeret M².

29 fortassean sit quod M^1 , quos M^2 .

139, 5 subdicimur M¹, subducimur M².

(81)

- 7 atque ego occulsero fonteme M¹, fontem M².
 - mg. oculsero occuluero.
- pl. Tr. o. s. m. m. aquiloniam i. s. f. M¹, pl. Tr. o. s. m. m. infidelem etc. M².
- 18 magnificio M1, facio M2.
- 23 peragant M1, peragrant M2.
- 25 dicitis sevius M1, dictis sevis M2.
- 26 mg. morsicatim a morsu.
- 28 mutatiliter, and 29.
- 30 mg. mordicibus mordisicus.
- 32 asinis M1, asini M2.
- 140, 2 labyrinthorum claviculis M¹, lab. hortum cl. M².
 - mg. sic fingebatur quasi essent claviculi in parietibus aut in veste.
 - 4 facias M1, facies M2.
 - 9 dein certuali fluctu ut sicut pareret M¹, d. certe alii f. ut sicum M².
 - 14 proferre posset et mansu M¹, proferro posset mansu M².
 - 26 canis.
 - 29 id bellum.
- 141, I invenerit M¹, inveniat M².
 - 4 medie M¹, medio M², acutum modo varro modo.
 - 5 canat.
 - 19 mg. maceries parietes.
 - e6 et quo M1, ex quo M2.
- 142, I marsyppii.
 - 3 galli M1, om. M2.
 - 5 mg. modiperatores moderata imperantes.
 - 8 mg. magniloquentia eloquentia,

- 13 mg. male audiam maledicta feram.
- 17 sacrorum M¹, saccorum M².
- 18 voluerint M1, voluerunt M2.
- 143, 4 medias trinos.
 - mg. quasi medias partes tenentes quos nos corrupte mastinos dicimus. mediastrinos non solum balneatores sed et curatores.
 - 6 viculum aristrocratem M¹, vilicum aristocratem M².
 - 13 novicium.
 - 14 neminisitum pro nullalius M¹, nullius M².
 - 15 meminis miseret M¹, neminis me miseret M².
 - mg. nullius misereor quia nullus miseretur mei.
 - 28 formae figurae.
- 144, 7 nisi tu nevis.
 - albunt M¹, abluunt M².

 mg. nitidant albent.
 - 16 advenient.
 - 17 quapripedantur sonipedum.
 - 24 nervos M1, nervus M2.
- 145, 2 clancula M1, e lacuna M2.
 - 4 mg. nidulantur nidum faciunt.
 - 11 quidam cancrum.
 - 14 aut cum nepa esset dubium.
 - 17 angulos M1, anguigulos M2.
 - 24 iis quibus.
 - 25 exhiberetur M1, exhiberet M2.
 - 26 obtutum avoce.
 - 27 solitu M¹, solita M², at tibiis M¹, at tibias M².
 - 28 obscelavit M¹, obscevavit M², and 146. 2.

- mg. obscevavit scevum fecit, scevum sinistrum malum.
- 146, 6 oppirasque offert M¹, oppiparas M².
 - 7 mg, quidam existimant id dici obbam quod nos nunc cuppam dicimus.
 - 8 triclinearis.
 - 12 plotio M1, potio M2.
 - 25 in tutum in totum M^1 , in totum om. M^2 .
 - obscurare facere M¹, obscure f. M².
 - 29 exstinctas jam atque o. M¹, exstincta tam o. M².
- 147, 2 qui inillas tacta M¹, quin illa tacta M².
 - 7 mg. obstigillare obstare.
 - tori obstrigilandi M¹, obstringillandi M², causa ut cum praeclara quaedam quae laudes.
 - 15 decerneretur aut ne iterum fieret consul.
- 148, r mg. olivitatem oleae nimietatem.
 - 2 omnes cum lucernae M¹, lucerna M².
 - mg. inlucubrare est ad lucem lucernae degere.
 - 5 esui ut optume M1, ut om. M2.
 - 10 mg. orbitum ab orbe dictum.
 - II motu M1, motur M2.
 - 12 opulescere, mg. opuliscere ditescere.
 - 13 opulescere M1, opuliscere M2.
 - 23 absedet.
 - (20)

- 25 mg. psilotrum est confectio quaedam ex calce et auripigmento qui pili adimuntur.
- 149, 7 habeat M1, habet M2.
 - rr quam fidem et justitiam M¹, qua fide et justitia M².
 - 13 octingentum, mg. octingentum octingenta.
 - 14 lib. iii M¹, iiii M², auri pondo mille octingentum.
 - 15 hieronimole M¹, heronamole M².
 - 16 mg. panus panucla.
 - 18 subteminis M1, subteminus M2.
 - 21 inquam M1, inquem M2.
 - 29 Lucilius.
 - 30 penulamento.
- 150, 2 penulamentum M¹, peniculamentum M².
 - 6 scio haercle utrum bella te indie ac prognariter M¹, belle a te indica p. M².
 - 17 mg. ducibilitate facilitate.
 - 22 annicula M¹, anicula M².
 - 30 populacia aut nugalia vel puerilia M^1 , populatia ut M^2 .
 - 31 et dum M¹, e dum M².
 - 35 tontrix M¹, tonstrix M². impultrix M¹, impulsatrix M².
 - 37 mg. perpetuitassent perpetuam fecissent.
- 151, 3 omasum pernam gallus.
 - 5 praeciso.
 - 8 fluvius hiberus oritur M¹, fluvium hiberum is o. M².
 - 13 alutamenicato M¹, alutamen cato M².

- 16 pientolam M1, piencolam M2.
- 18 est hortator.
- 19 que M¹, qua M², excursum et exhortamenta.
- 29 mg. perplexabile perplexum.
- 32 ea dici voluit.
- 152, I quin ipse quidem t.
 - 6 mg. picos grypas.
 - 13 pristino M¹, pistrino M².
 - nepistoris M¹, necpistoris M². nomen erat qui nisi ejus ru M¹, ruri M², far pinsebat nominativa M¹, nominata M², quod eo pinsunt.
 - 17 proinde ut.
 - 22 putridam.
 - 29 praebitio nimia? nuam.
- 153, 4 dicitur M1, dicatur M2.
 - 7 die proximi.
 - o dictum est M¹, est om. M².
 - p. id est M².
 - 12 xxviiii M¹, xxviii M², mg. permities pernicies.
 - 14 permitiae.
 - 23 perbiteris, and 26, and 29.
 - 29 quos quis.
 - 31 pateor M¹, fateor M². proferre (?) M¹, proterre M².
- 154, 5 evirescere M¹, revirescere M², revirdiscere M³, mg. puel-lascere revirdiscere.
 - 9 m manum pape palestrios M¹, mi m. p. palestricos M².
 - 11 ergo perdidi.
 - 13 praesente coram vel praesentibus.

- mg. praesente coram.
- 18 munia M¹, mania M².
- 10 dono donare.
- 25 protulim M¹, protuli M², item p. i. adprimitus.
- 155, I et consules M1, eo c. M2.
 - 14 praefracte M¹, praefractum M².
 - 23 fierique M¹, ferique M².
 - 28 polentia p. a pollendo M¹, polendo M².
 - 29 polentia.
 - 30 pollere.
 - 33 adolabilis M¹, adulabilis M².
 mg. adolabilis sine dolore.
 - 34 pauxillo M¹, pausillo M².
- 156, I decem M¹, plus decem M².
 pauxillis M¹, pausillisper M².
 - 6 mg. pueritia innocentia.
 - 11 qua sinit M1, quas s. M2.
 - 17 pupam M¹, pupum M².
 - 25 ineridebo M1, in eiybo M2.
 - 26 trocto medicarios M¹, toctro m. M².
- 157, 3 fecit M1, facit M2.
 - 4 pretium M1, pretio M2.
 - 8 feci te M¹, fecit te M².
 - 14 pauciens
 - 17 paucies, and 19, and 20.
 - tis M¹, tus M², acini quiinurbem p. v. s.
 - pollinctores M¹, pollectores M², pollinctores M³.
 - mg. pollictores funeratores.

 22 medicis M¹, medicos M².
 - 23 pollictores M¹, pollectores M², aestate videas.
 - 25 pollictori M1, pollinctori M2.

- 158, 13 mg. prosperari M¹, prosferari M², impetrari.
 - 27 se vel vivum M¹, seu eluvium M², dummadore addere puellum sexagesimos ultra nutri.
 - 32 quadrupedes M¹, quadrupes M².
 - 36 lascivum.
- 159, I nisi nostrique M1, niri n. M2.
 - 3 dilarat M¹, delirat M². mg. ut nostra colera.
 - 14 quis M1, qui M2.
 - 22 mg. putret putridum est.
 - 23 hoc corpus.
 - 27 iustrum.
 - 32 invadi vermibus e.p. in eorum posse.
 - 36 peculantia.
 - 37 mg. procet prohibet.
- 160, 2 egones M1, eligones M2.
 - 10 Pac. doloremtes oromin efflectas M¹, dulorestes oromine flectas M², mg. prolixitudinem a prolixo.
 - 12 mg. perfica perfice.
 - 16 adeo nolo nudo.
 - 20 morbi genus.
 - 23 internicionem M¹, interitionem M².
 - 29 in ea provincia.
- 161, \mathbf{r} adfecta sunt perfecta sunt perfecta \mathbf{M}^1 , perfecta sunt om. \mathbf{M}^2 .
 - 3 mitescere M¹, mitiscere M².
 - 4 commoti M¹, commoto M².
 mg. patritum patrium quod
 nos paternum dicimus.

- 5 avito M1, abito M2.
- 8 percidere vel decidere M¹, percedere v. decedere M², percidere v. decidere M³. mg, percedere ut decedere.
- 9 concisum non concesum et quod quidam percisum M¹, percesum M².
- 12 qui M1, quis M2.
- 15 mg. animam aebeti corpori pro sale dari ciceronem dixisse. mg. putidum putens non putre.
- 18 mg. percursionem excursum.
- 19 brevi tempore percursiones.
- 20 mg. praefestinatim festine.
- 24 libro iiii M¹, iii M².
- 162, 3 mitterent M¹, permitterent M².
 - 4 mg. proicere effundere.
 - 15 animadvertere M¹, animo advertere M².
 - 17 mg. paupertina paupera.
 - 20 mg. plumarium a plumando.
 - 23 mg. purpurascit purpureum fit.
 - 24 ceruleum aut M¹, c. at M².
 - 26 mg. perpendiculi a perpendendo.
- 163, 7 tam variae multa M¹, t. varia et tam multa M².
 - 15 pristino.
 - 17 libro iiii M1, iii M2.
 - 19 terentes M1, teretes M2.
 - 25 varro de vita M¹, varro sepe de v. M².
 - 26 Apolloni.
- 164, 4 rotunde M¹, rutunde M².

- 165, 9 recipocra, mg. reciproca recipe.
 - 10 andromedarus sus M¹, andromeda riscus M².
 - 12 mg. repedare pede iterare reverti.
 - 13 ut Roma vitet.
 - 22 redostit viam cometem obtet M¹, obbiet M².
 - 23 vel in M¹, velint M². assit M¹, ac sit M². redostire M¹, redhostire M², sponsum.
 - 25 repuerascere in puerum redire M¹, in puerum redire om. M². mg. repuerascere in puerum redire.
- 166, I mg. rhetorissat rhetorice loquitur.
 - 2 dolasti M¹, dalasti M².
 - 4 pamones M¹, pulmones M². mg. ramites pulmones.
 - pythaulesymflet M¹, p. inflet M².

tibi has M¹, tibias M².

- 13 apptitus M^1 , ap $\theta \rho$ iticus M^2 . aspotagrosus M^1 , ac podagrosus M^2 .
- 14 ramite M1, ramice M2.
- 29 at ego M1, ad e. M2.
- 167, 3 redurare a. c. i. q. dicitur obdurare M¹, obturare M², mg. redurare aperire.
 - reda vehiculum M^1 , vehiculum om. M^2 .

mg. reda vehiculum.

- 20 recentiorum novorum M¹, novorum om. M².
 - mg. recentiorum novorum.

- 22 illo M1, ullo M2.
- 168, 2 mg. reiculas oves debiles.
 - 4 saepe enim.
 - 5 inquid M1, inquit M2.
 - 6 mg. saltuatim bellicatim. mg. vellicatim avulsis sententiis a loco in locum.
 - 7 mg. una estate forsitan debet esse quia tunc fiunt bella vel una etate uno seculo.
 - 9 vellicatim M1, bellicatim M2.
 - nihique dividum s. n. papiri nolevi? M¹, nolevii? nolevu? M², mg. scapum dividum.
 - 13 qui M1, quid M2.
 - 19 libro xvii censores inquit p. scipio &c.
 - et cum M¹, ecum M².
 n. strigosum M¹, stricosum M², e. m. h. s. equitum.
 - 26 mg. ab altitudine.
- 169, 4 georgicorum libro iiii M¹, in bucolicis M².
 - 8 es crate M¹, es crapte M², crupede strictibilesordide.
 - 16 aequoretto totras M¹, ae. toto troas M².
 - 20 sic ille manus.
 - 21 scapres pro scabres.
 - 22 quam excrabrent.
 - 30 simat deprimit.
 - 31 si movet amaximadnares M¹, s. m. aximadnares M²,
 - 32 varro M1, cicero M2, de or.
- 170, 4 cum manus M1, cui M2.
 - 13 quod consectura M¹, consectura M².

170, 14 mg. sempiterne semper.

15 med populoque M¹, medo puloque M².

16 sata M1, santra M2.

20 exossabo illum M¹, e. ego illum M².

21 mg. scriptat cunctatur et est

24 succidam M¹, succidiam M².

mg. succidiam successionem.

25 ipsius agricole M¹, ipsi a. M².

171, 1 suicidia M¹, succidia M².

mg. succidiam laridum.

2 signatam integram M¹, integram om, M².

mg. signatam integram.

4 redere.

9 abibis M1, abiis M2.

10 sugillare M¹, suggillare M².
mg. sugillare claudere.

1.4 satullem M^1 , satulem M^2 .

16 etad singulum.

18 cingulum M1, singulum M2.

20 singulum esset M1, s. esse M2.

22 veteres spem.

25 jactato nominatuo voluntatis M¹, volitantis M².

28 habitatem M¹, habitantem M².

29 scalpurrire scalpere M¹, scalpere om. M², mg. scalpurrire scalpere.

30 obscepit M¹, obcepit M², ibi scalpurire ungulis.

172, I somnurnas, and 3.

9 termeextrimorum ame externorum agros M¹, tamen etiam externorum a. M².

II XXVIII M¹, XXVIIII M².

12 satias te jam M1, te om. M2.

14 ut M1, ubi M2.

18 terrae M1, terra M2.

21 theobogenes.

23 a somno si jacet M¹, ad somnos vacet M².

173, 10 ut mihi hi a. M1, hi om. M2.

13 libro iiii M1, iii M2.

20 sodalis M¹, sodales M², cicero. mg. sodales socii.

5 qui subiti M¹, quid s. M², mg. escivit commovit.

174, 2 dulebra M¹, delubra M². coeli maris M¹, c. tu maris M².

5 scopulis M¹, scopuli M².
14 aiumquamquam M¹, haud-

quaquam M².

19 philosophae scriptiones.

20 aeneidis aut decio.

23 dicam te metu a. s. addubitare M¹, aut dubitare M².

24 et quoniam—Satyrarum lib. i om. M¹, add. M².

27 nam tamen ae. t. hanc.

31 mg. speratus sponsus.

33 adducere M1, adduce M2.

34 ad puellam M1, at p. M2.

odit M1, odi M2.

175, 5 fluctifrago M1, fluctivago M2.

6 umescunt M1, uvescunt M2.

14 hine M1, hie M2.

20 una hoc ceperis.

22 propterea M¹, preterea M². subsicuia M¹, subsiciva M².

23 succidaneum M^1 , succedaneum M^2 .

31 sarcinator Lucilius, mg. sarcinatorem sutorem.

- 176, 14 scenatilis v. scenaticus pro scenico M¹, schenatilis v. schenaticus pro schenico M², and 16, and 18, and mg.
 - 20 tum simus M^1 , cum s. M^2 .
 - 26 mg. unde simphonia dicitur concentus vocum diversarum.
 - 27 gallinacius.
- 177, 2 salabras M^1 , salebras M^2 , m. Tullius. mg, salebrae a saltu dictae, salebrae ab exiliendo compas solent vulgares dicere.
 - 3 devidere M¹, dividere M². mg. devidere bene videre.
 - 6 in salebra cupit enim dicere,
 - 8 sublestum M^1 , subletum M^2 . frivolum M^1 , fribolum M^2 .
 - 9 infamam M¹, infamiam M².
 - oratori et quasi superlectiles suppellex M¹, suplex M².
 - 16 nec inprobum M1, ne i. M2.
 - 17 sportas Sallustius. mg. sportas aut ab sportu M¹, spartu M², quasi sparteas aut ab sportanda, sunt vasa quaedam ex sparto facta in illis etiam positus fuit sanctus Paullus.
 - 20 acris rebus M1, varis r. M2.
 - 22 mg. sodes socius unde sodalis.
- 178, 5 necteret M1, ne tetret M2.
 - 6 tentinnerit M¹, tetinerit M².
 - 21 mg. testatim minutim.
 - 22 istam calvam colafis.
 - 26 haeccine M¹, hecine M², nobis terne.

- 179, 3 subi sumat M1, sibi s. M2.
 - 5 area M1, aerea M2.
 - 7 mangonis M¹, magonis M², esse v. s.
 - 9 quaeso tae utrum.
 - 17 funestatu este et tonsu M¹, funestat veste tonsu M².
 - 20 Pl. Pers. tuburcinari s. m. v. reliquias M¹, corr. M².
 - 23 cessas M1, cessat M2.
 - 25 tibificabile M¹, tabificabile M². mg. tibificabile, tabificum.
 - 26 parneti M¹, parneci M².
 - 32 tertritudo M¹, tetritudo M².
- 180, 2 te temnere M1, te om. M2.
 - 9 levis tippula M1, ut levis t. M2.
 - 11 leviores quam.
 - 17 uno in loco.
 - 19 transsennam M¹, transsenna M².
 - 20 strepitu coronam.
 - 24 mg. trutina a trutinando.
 - 26 trutinare M¹, trutina M².
- 181, 7 et sunt M1, ut s. M2.
 - 8 trucenus M¹, tricinus M².
 - 11 mg. tristis mulier.
 - 18 eccos signis M1, segnis M2.
 - 23 tenta dictum pro.
 - 28 deucaligine M1, deucalione M2.
 - 30 ordine M1, ordines M2.
 - 32 tenta atque M1, tentae aque M2.
 - 34 mg. trititiae tristitia.
- 182, 1 quid istic e. u. alligataeque.
 - 3 tristia ante M¹, tristitia a. M².
 - 14 insilui
 - 15 ubi M¹, ibi M².
 - 16 ille lanigeras M1, hec l. M2.
 - 19 intitione.

- 22 pro vile habuit M¹, pro om. M².
- 24 ut corpus vulgata sum M¹, corpus vulgavit suum M², ut om.
- vulgare decoepit M¹, v. coepit M².
- 183, I vegeat M1, vegetat M2.
 - 5 veget M1, viget M2, veget.
 - 7 movile M1, mobile M2.
 - 9 est audax M1, est om. M2.
 - 12 simulaturus M¹, insimulaturus M².
 - 18 v. per viscera M¹, per viscera om. M², mg. visceratim per viscera.
- 184, r frustando M¹, frustrando M².
 - 14 capere M¹, captare M².
 - 19 vargitus M1, vagitus M2.
 - 20 ite miscetur.
 - vetustas et antiquitas. mg. vetustas sapientia.
- 185, 7 desiderantur M¹, deserantur M².
 - vastatus a natura et M^1 , vastus ab natura et M^2 , vastus et humano M^3 , ab natura om.
 - 21 venerans M1, verans M2.
- 186, 4 horpinos.
 - 7 huic M¹, hic M². vilicar M¹, vilicabar M².
 - 9 huic M1, hic M2.
 - 16 tracto pedes quas M¹, quasi M². g. e. inter inolem quae insulamari v. c. honestium M¹, hostium M².
 - 19 mg. volentia a voluntate.
 - 28 vici M¹, vinci M².
 - (26)

- 31 vescum fastidio vivere M¹, v. cum fastidio v. M².
- 187, 4 imbecillis M1, imbecillus M2.
 - 6 quiddam M¹, quid clam M². facit M¹, fecit M². voluptare M¹, volup M².
 - 7 mg. virgindemiam a virgis ut vindemiam.
 - 8 vel demtionem vel deceptionem M¹, decreptionem M².
 - 9 agit hanc M1, angit hanc M2.
 - 18 addere in b.
 - 20 verruncam M1, verrucam M2.
- 188, 4 rexamanius M^1 , rex an manius M^2 .
 - 7 crescent M¹, crescunt M².
 - vicatim Sisenna conplures.

 mg. vicatim per vices M¹,

 vicos M².
 - vultuosum cicero M¹, v. tristem c. M², mg. vultuosum tristem.
 - 24 cornelia M¹, corneliana M².
- 189, 3 dicundi.
 - 7 versutiloqux M¹, versutiloquax M², mg. versutiloquax versutus.
 - 8 et conjunctione M¹, ex c. M².
 - 16 vincere M1, vincire M2.
 - 19 quibus M¹, quibusdam M²; adeo M¹, abeo M².
 - 20 toxis M¹, togis M², olim non reges nostri.
 - 22 mg. vervecem.
- 190, 27 medeom M1, medico mi M2.
 - 29 rubor M1, robur M2.
 - 34 aut acrius M1, ut a. M2.
- 191, II aen lib. ii om.
 - 22 dua evarro M1, duo varro M2.

- 24 ut aspexit M¹, cujus ut a. M².
- 34 emnis M1, amnis M2, nec mons.
- 192, 4 alta in omni.
 - 9 genere verrite M¹, gemina everrite M².
 - 10 abstergete.
 - 13 buxis M1, buxus M2.
 - 18 jus incolomem M¹, j. incolumem M².
 - 20 mala est ergo, cf. 1. 9.
 - 27 usaeque volantes M¹, visaeque v. M².
 - 28 neutri sunt generis.
 - 31 l. libro ii quaquae M¹, quaque M².
- 193, 3 infracta M1, anfracta M2.
 - 7 attigit meam M¹, meta M², aevitas.
 - 8 umquam M1, inquam M2.
 - 13 acili M1, acini M2.
 - 14 ardebat M1, arebat M2.
 - 15 sarrano M1, serrano M2.
 - 23 alvo sed alius auctoritatis.
 - 26 majores accubitionem aepularum M¹, aepularem M². quasi vitae M¹, quia v. M². habent M¹, haberet M².
- 194, 10 infoebis M1, in imbris M2.
 - 25 saepe neutri M1, feminini M2.
 - 31 fortunae scendere.
- 195, 17 libro xii M¹, xiii M².
 - 23 cupressos.
 - 28 gallia post carrus M¹, carros M².
 - adcurat M¹, ac curat M², u. polytos.
- 196, z saepe quaestus masculini M^1 , quaestus om. M^2 .

- 197, 4 atheriis M1, atheris M2.
 - 6 hi sunt caelis M¹, caelus M².
 - 8 caelis M1, caelus M2.
 - 16 generis masculini M¹, genere masculino M².
 - 24 corbes corbulas varro.
 - 28 quis et g.
 - 34 quisquis tu es.
- 198, 3 ego vero confiteor.
 - 4 hyporisticos.
 - 5 caniculam M¹, canaliculam M².
 - 10 immundam M¹, immundum M².
 - 12 vaccillat.
 - 13 fueris M1, fuerit M2.
 - 28 accubitarum M¹, accubituram M².
 - m. magis s. exercitata M¹, exercitare M².
 - 30 ratione M1, rare M2.
 - 35 quale qui M¹, cul est qui M².
- 199, 10 neutrum catellis M^1 , n. a catellis M^2 .
 - disperavit M¹, disperivit M². quaerit M¹, civerit M².
 - 25 subit M1, sibit M2.
 - 28 superius M¹, supernus M².
 - 29 q. et arborum M1, et om. M2.
 - 31 relinquit.
- 200, 5 neviri Plautus M¹, neviri om. M².
 - 11 veniense caseum.
 - 20 plena iasolorum M¹, plenai i. M².
 - 27 si vultis hoc onus.
 - 36 meritus a nobis.
 - 38 suppa tortas copulas.
- 201, 3 caepae? taepae? talpae?

201, 6 avi et avi M¹, et atavi M², n. c. alium ac cepe.

9 cepe f.

10 acris M¹, acri M². assiduae M¹, assiduo M².

13 acria est M¹, est om. M², ut est.

sinapi M¹, sinape M².

o lib. xx.

27 andealbueibus M1, cibus M2.

31 lib. iii M¹, iiii M².

202, 5 ad eandem voluptatem.

7 iter M1, inter M2.

19 graus M1, graius M2.

26 gerundum morem senseo M¹, censeo M².

203, 4 masculini Plautus, om. nam.

6 genere masculino M¹, generis masculini M².

masculini decentiam M¹, m. nam decentiam M².

11 animi despicientia M¹, animi om. M².

12 lib. iiii omnium M^1 , lib. ii in omnium M^2 .

feminini M. Tullius M^1 , f. ut plerumque masculini M^2 .

quid tunc M1, tum M2, cum es.

17 lib. ii M1, lib. i M2.

20 ut manifestum est n.

21 debitio pecuniae.

30 cultus M1, cultis M2.

204, r horum inventa M1, eventa M2.

7 pondens M1, pendens M2.

11 errantia M¹, errantiae M². morigebor M¹, morigerabor M².

22 ut hiserat M1, uti serat M2.

(28)

23 ervi illam M¹, ervillam M².

28 fimbriatum frontem.

30 innata M1, innato M2.

205, 2 quis M^1 , quos M^2 . ut vitare M^1 , ut om. M^2 .

4 petilis M¹, petulis M².

17 huminitasque a.

29 animi M1, anni M2.

seranaecae M¹, seranacae M². ci li nomina M¹, nomine M².

206, 2 augustam M¹, agustam M².

22 cras credo.

26 fulmentum M1, fulmenta M2.

28 aeis M¹, aeneis M², atque aeneis.

30 sucit huic suldum M¹, sulcum M².

32 foco M1, fico M2.

35 generis famulatu M¹, g. in famulatu M².

207, 4 Vesuvium M1, Vessuvium M2.

16 militem M¹, gutturem M².

32 gelu sed multo otius M^1 , ocius M^2 . vento M^1 , venio M^2 .

208, 3 lib. ii qui aquantum M^1 , lib. ii libyi qui aquatum M^2 .

10 implicatus M1, implicatur M2.

12 herebat mucro gladium.

28 munera ulla horrea.

209, 3 et id genus herbae M^1 , herba M^2 .

11 cum M1, tum M2, aratorum.

18 portae verro M¹, verre M².

oratore perfecto M¹, perfectum M², hac M¹, om. M², video hanc primum.

22 de media M1, e m. M2.

- 25 deserendus M¹, disserendus M².
- 26 protheosilao dam ineunt M¹, protesilao dam iniunt M²; cachinnos M¹, cacinnos M².
- 210, 6 lenti calido elvella trapula romicae.
 - 10 luce M¹, luci M², diripiamus M¹, disripiamus M².
 - 11 lucanas M¹, lucanam M², lucaniam M³.
 - luciclaro latam non latam M¹, non latam om. M².
 - 19 per sane M^1 , persa nunc M^2 .
 - 21 neutrigeneris M¹,n. est generis M².
 - 22 labium M1, lavium M2.
 - 36 generis sunt neutri.
- 211, 8 uni rebus ipsis alteri assumptis.
 - 9 et feminino genere.
 - 16 lusus vel ludus.
 - 20 artificio proprioe M¹, a. e proprio M².
 - 29 ad dextera M1, ad dextra M2.
- 212, 6 latrinas g. f. et est latrina M^1 , lavatrina M^2 .
 - 8 latrina lan quae neutro.
 - 10 gustus M¹, gustes M².
 - 14 agerebant M¹, aggerebant M².
 - 15 lib. iiii om.
 - 16 laum genere masculino M¹, lanitium genere neutro M², lib. iii.
 - 25 habebant ibi nunc.
 - 29 spero rem M1, perjorem M2.
 - 30 lib. vi M1, lib. viii M2.

- 213, 13 acri crepitantes M^1 , a. crepantes M^2 .
 - 21 se meminis M1, se minis M2.
 - 32 magnum esse (me est in mg.) non proba vindemia M¹, vindemedia M².
- 214, 7 masculino feminino nevius M^1 , feminino om. M^2 .
 - 11 acciti M¹, iacciti M². depontaremur murfitverus M¹, depontare murmur fit verus M²
 - 13 muliebris M¹, mulieris M². generis est M¹, est om. M².
 - 14 xvi M1, xvii M2.
 - 18 miserii M¹, miserie M², munium.
 - 20 neutri M¹, om. M². majus M¹, majores M², sunt.
 - 21 expectant M1, spectant M2.
 - 23 nundinum M¹, nundino M².
 - 24 ac rusticus romanus.
 - 27 rerum humanarum.
 5, 5 surene M¹, serene M².
- 215, 5 surene M^1 , serene M^2 . pedes dici M^1 , dici om. M^2 .
 - 8 alia denepos M¹, ilia danepos M².
 - 10 lectum sed doctos M^1 , lectum est sed M^2 .
 - 15 tracitare M¹, traitare M².
 - 19 alternis tonsas M¹, a. idem tonsas M².
 - 22 odium parit.
 - 23 obsequela M¹, obsequila M², passim.
 - 31 fimbriana M¹, fimbriane M².
 - 32 grave scarique M¹, grave om.
 M².

- 216, 8 ex salo? M1, sala M2.
 - 12 concas quod ethinos M¹, c. echinos M², om. quod.
 - 13 sollertiamque eam.
 - 25 rerum humanarum xxii M¹, xxiii M².
 - 26 Homerum secutos.
 - 37 ad puteos greges M¹, a. p. aut alta g. M².
 - 38 currentem ilignis M¹, elignis M².
- 217, 2 stagnae M¹, stagna M².
 - 6 cocis M1, cogis M2.
 - 13 lib. iiii M1, iii M2.
 - 14 protundit M1, profundit M2.
 - 25 cibi quae M1, qua M2.
 - 29 paritudo et partitio M¹, paritio M².
 - 32 prope adest.
 - 34 partitionis M1, partionis M2.
- 218, 5 praesepium M1, praesepim M2.
 - 8 ab illis his M¹, is M², habebat.
 - 9 unam M1, vinam M2.
 - 18 veocios M1, veotios M2.
 - 32 creto? M¹, cretum M², purpurissum.
 - 34 Manlius novis M¹, novius M².
- 219, I Melanippo.
 - 16 potestate M1, post aetate M2.
 - 19 masculino M¹, feminino M².
 - 23 adstuc periculum fieri in filia.
 - 31 varro M1, parvo M2, spatio.
 - 32 penemque o. ceterum aliam praebere penum.
 - 35 meam in p. M¹, in om. M².
- 220, 9 noprandis M^1 , adnoprandis M^2 .
 - 11 papaveram M¹, papaverem M².

- 15 obsecro lide.
- 18 lucinius M1, licinius M2.
- 10 vulgani.
- 27 pedis unus ingens.
- 29 supfurabatur M¹, suffurabatur M².
- 31 tum c. p. pluiam.
- 221, 4 cantent M1, cantant M2.
 - 5 munatius M¹, oratius M².
 - boni secunde M¹, bonis unde M².
 - 11 Lucinius M¹, Licinius M².
 - 12 deligata M¹, deligat M², a. p. deligantur.
 - 17 rictus rideat? M1, r. ricta M2.
 - 19 nudantia M1, nudantes M2.
 - 20 ut signum M¹, rictum M², m. q. e. paulo sit attritus M¹, attritius M².
 - 26 sepeliet M¹, sepelicet M².
 - 31 in verrinarum siciliemsi M¹, siciriemsi M².
 - 33 plenum M¹, pleno M², plenum M³.
- 222, 1 auctoribus M1, actoribus M2.
 - II affuisse.
 - 16 Tarquilinios M¹, Tarquinios M².
 - nec quam redditionis M¹, reditionis M².
 - 20 sexus (x in rasura), and 23, and 25.
 - 27 admissam.
- 223, I patebat M1, petebat M2.
 - 4 femini varro M¹, femini neutro v. M².
 - 18 sordidum siistum (ii in ras.).
 - 36 spari quod est genus teli.

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- 224, 9 eheu eheu me M¹, heu me M². lambere M¹, labere M².
 - 17 vepatrum.
 - 20 Aeneae M1, Aenea M2.
 - 24 subcuboneum M^1 , subcuboneam M^2 .
 - 25 abirer M¹, arbitrer M², subcuboneam.
 - 32 prometinensibus M¹, pometinensibus M².
 - 36 quod ego huc praecessi M¹, processi M².

scema M¹, schema M², et pass.

225, 4 antiqua est peccatores M¹,
antiquo et spectatores M².

- 8 haec M1, ec M2, fodiebam.
- 10 quoddam M¹, quod dum M², fodiendo.
- feminino genere appellatur M^1 , f. appellatur genere M^2 .
- 23 si canis M1, sic c. M2.
- 26 camo M1, culmo M2.
- 27 et quibus M1, e q.M2.
- 30 non aliquo M¹, aliquod M², om. est.
- 226, 3 luctusque horrificiali M¹, luctuque horrificali M².
 - 7 suasiones M¹, suasione M².
 - 10 ibam M1, scibam M2.
 - 16 hedycis M¹, hedycus M².
 - 18 nostrae essent seplesiae.
 - 23 prostratura M¹, pro statura M².
 - 26 vii M¹, viii M².
 - 34 ad stirpem M1, a s. M2.
- 227, 9 aurium tactus M^1 , tactus om. M^2 .
 - 10 et actionum M¹, et tactionum M².

- 12 talis etiam est? M1, t. eti e M2.
- 13 tonitus M1, tonitrus M2.
- 20 masculini est.
- 24 nyctegresias scendit M¹, nyctegresi ascendit M².
- 26 feminini accius M¹, f. neutri a. M².
- 228, γ torqueas aureas et scuta M^1 , torques aureae scuta M^2 .
 - 11 sacris et M1, et om. M2.
 - 12 et torques.
 - 16 terret et.
 - 25 infectori M1, inpectori M2.
 - 28 traheaeque.
- 229, 2 torpore M1, torpor M2.
 - 4 obprepsit M¹, obpressit M².
 - 13 pleni M¹, pledi M². conta M¹, contra M², caudes audes.
 - cum in M¹, cum i in M².
 e. l. ac purpure operis toro M², purpureo peris toro M².
 - 18 nepraenettarte.
 - 25 tartaris.
 - 26 tantum t. q. s. M^1 , t. q. s. om. M^2 .
 - 30 ut eorum M1, uterum M2.
- 230, I diisperi.
 - 26 discicit M1, dissicit M2.
 - 28 vel levi vulgum.
 - 29 in orono M1, cycno M2.
 - 30 praecepit M¹, praecipit M².
 - 31 ut in melle c. si centum M¹, sic centum M².
- 231, 12 portoperipocori vepra est veprecula M^1 . sma decaelo M^1 , decaedo M^2 , cacatum, M^2 , $in\ mg$.

231, 25 ad mani M1, a m. M2.

27 aethera.

232, 3 operam superet.

4 adminicultarem M¹, amminicularem M².

qui videt alium M¹, quid vidit aliud M².

6 pro victa M1, vita M2.

7 persecutus aristoteles, om.est.

17 illa M1, illum M2.

23 fabulare M¹, fabulavere M².

24 dominum suum.

26 egone ut ea.

28 haec pietas M¹, haec vero p. M², nequa isti gratia.

29 expiatione.

30 anima est s.

32 vulnere M1, vulnera M2.

233, 8 anfetet animae M¹, anima M².

10 animam faetidat M¹, fetidat M².

13 adsedit M1, assedi M2.

16 hoc cepsitio M¹, h. cepsio M².

18 frios M1, frigios M2.

vel furorem M1, v. furiosum M2.

23 auxilium M1, auxilio M2.

27 pericli.

30 libidines innumerabiles M^1 , l. quae sunt i. M^2 .

31 terrent M1, tenerent M2.

33 quaereretur.

36 quos animosi.

41 tessalia indolita M¹, thessalia indomita M², subigantque domemque.

234, 7 sudes vadem M^1 , sudo sualem M^2 .

13 lib. iiii ea denique.

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16 ut pulcritudo M¹, ut enim p. M².

26 xxviiii.

27 si id quod.

35 convivium M1, conviviam M2.

235, 2 demer hic M^1 , hinc M^2 . colomen ala M^1 , ale M^2 .

4 funibus.

7 hoc seherere.

8 pericula M¹, pellicula M².

13 ullam inesse.

15 obcere M1, obcepere M2.

17 rebus M1, prestibus M2, et mg.

25 rursus M¹, rursum M².

26 mimanta M1, minanta M2.

29 cecidisset amesenem M¹, cecidisse tamen s. M².

30 constet M1, constat M2.

32 aequalem eum.

34 fidi aequales M^1 , fide requales M^2 .

36 aequalemte marcidemiden M¹, aequalem timarcidem M².

38 fili qui M1, filium qui M2.

236, I qui primo.

5 sed tum vestram etiam aetatem M¹, s. cum vestra etiam aetate M².

6 senum M1, serenum M2.

11 perstrenue M¹, praestrenue M².

14 mg. nudatum, latus haurit apertum.

18 invictariam M¹, invictaria M². dictatorem sibi munia M¹, d. uni sibi M².

20 nisi quod causu M1, casu M2.

26 de vita p. r. lib. i.

- 33 natibus apertibus M¹, apertis M².
- 237, 5 patri M1, patris M2.
 - 7 socratum M¹, socratium M². mississe tipum M¹, mississe aristippum M².
 - verum qui insimiles M¹, quin simules M².
 - r4 ab alimento M1, ab alendo M2.
 - 15 magnum vel gloriosum.
 - 20 fatum M1, factum M2.
 - 36 placito M1, placo M2.
- 238, 6 turpidinem M^1 , turpitudinem M^2 .
 - 15 sed cum animo a.
 - 20 concedetibi M¹, conceditibi M².
 - 28 agere M^1 , agerem M^2 . in j. si quod M^1 , quid M^2 , quo M^3 .
- 239, 2 imitatione M¹, imitatore M².
 - 15 mendaci.
 - 18 exiberes M1, exibes M2.
 - 19 ac lectum M1, ac laetum M2.
 - 23 habonium M1, abonium M2.
 - 34 Varro de r. r. delectatus esset om.
- 240, 2 accipite nunc, *mg*. accipite ergo animis audite.
 - 8 prosus M¹, prorsus M², atque prolixius. mg. pascere, rex accipiebat in amplis.
 - 13 autumus tu M1, optumus t. M2.
 - 25 fulgere M¹, fulgorem M². emitere M¹, emittere M².
 - 42 quod altius M¹, q. alterius M². acceptum M¹, acetum M², alterius sic acre ut melymetium.

- 241, II filisto? M¹, filippo M².
 - 17 acvim M1, actum M2.
 - 25 Aen. lib. v M1, Georg. lib. ii M2.
 - 29 pertuleris? perculeris? M¹, pertuderis M².
- 242, I admonere est.
 - 9 ambit M1, ambiit M2.
 - 28 melivem M¹, me bilem M².
 - 30 vel qui M¹, vel eos qui M².
 - 36 ubi quod.
- 243, 7 vastitatudine M¹, vastitudine M².
 - 13 actum r. M1, adductum r. M2.
 - 20 quam procul.
 - 23 profugos.
 - 34 augebes sed conpron.
 - 36 vulsci M1, volsci M2.
 - 38 si quo stu vinis actus M¹, actis M², opost.
 - 43 impellare M1, impellere M2.
 - 47 umquam memiseriis M¹, u. emiseriis M².
 - 48 ardifet alampade M¹, ardifeta lampade M².
- aridat M¹, arida M², agat a. a. 244, 13 laborum M¹, laborem M².
 - 29 actione tunc tertia M¹, a. tertia tunc M².
 - 30 quieti prope praeter.
 - 31 grecorum otium. accommodati M^2
- 245, 8 auritopet M¹, auris et M², sonus.
 - 11 anceps dubium M¹, a. est dubium M².
 - 17 cessare versione M¹, cessar reversione M².

245, 34 venit cum M^1 , v. alii cum M^2 .

36 sublire M¹, sussilire M².

37 nonaqua M¹, novaqua M².

246, 5 neve qui adtingat.

9 optantibus.

10 austare, mg. auscultare.

14 sembono M1, embono M2.

17 ne ego vel tantis M¹, ne ego illos v. M².

25 cicero de senectute cogi M¹, m. tullius de senectute M².

29 a. excutere producere M¹, excutere om. M².

31 aequor mare campus M¹, mare om. M².

247, 7 morbo jube M1, jure M2.

19 acerbo M¹, acerbum M².

21 acerbo et in multis ita M¹, et in multis ita om. M².

voluerunt M¹, noluerunt M².

37 ut magi M¹, macte M², magis aucte.

248, I unde adulescentem dicimi M^1 , dicit M^2 .

4 laus nomine agendi nomine gloria M¹, nomi gloria M², agendi nomi om. M³.

alescit M1, adolescit M2.

cartao M¹, carteo M², epitafio nago.aqua M¹, aquo M².

14 socis M¹, socius M², est hostibus socius bellum ita.

19 barricam M1, barbaricam M2.

249, 6 d. multitudo minus M^1 , multi dominus M^2 .

16 muttires.

20 et num M1, aenum M2.

21 c. oprimere vicere M¹, obprimere convincere M².

27 honore M¹, onere M².

250, 2 potire M¹, potiri M².
6 primo M¹, primi M².

colunae M¹, colonae M², colenae M³.

19 colunum M1, colonum M2.

33 vitam illam colet.

35 cedere secundum M¹, c. significat secundum M².

41 pudore excessit M¹, p. ex pectore cessit M².

42 cui quidam.

251, II imo M¹, im M², hosce.

23 lib. iii quae cursu.

32 virtutis probare M1, rubore M2.

252, 33 differre M¹, deferre M².

34 qui nobis.

38 capiendos M¹, capiundos M².

253, 3 nate pus M^1 , pius M^2 .

13 carmine quod M1, quo M2.

16 adduci et suscipere.

18 istidem M¹, itidem M².

19 volumus M1, volumus M2.

28 xxvi M¹, xxvii M².

30 me fortasse inquit.

35 abduxerunt.

36 coenator M¹, venator M².

254, 8 malis necesse iautume M¹, lutume M².

m. purae c. cibus M¹, cibum M².

20 achillidone M¹, achelidone M².

26 torquere M¹, contorquere M².

32 signis M¹, cignis M².

255, 10 prope M¹, propter M², percrepis vocibus.

12 concrepare M1, crepare M2.

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- molliciam. 11
- libucius M1, lucilius M2. 17
- increpe M1, increpa M2, 20
- crepere M1, crepare M2. 24
- 28 increpere M1, inrepere M2, 256, 14

sua comparent M1, sua ut c.

- M^2 .
 - substat M1, subsistat M2. 20
 - consistit M1, constitit M2. 33
 - 35, 36, 37, om.
 - dicubia M1, discubia M2. 38
 - lib. iiii, sit comparant. 43
- 257, 14 tutam possit M1, possis M2.
 - т8 quid componere M1, quid est cur c. M2.
 - componere simulare. 30
 - cum ploco M1, poclo M2. 40 e. obvicam plector M1, e. obvio amplector M².
 - lib. iii M1, iiii M2. 44
 - cum M1, quin M2, lenones. 47
 - calx est finis lucil. sat. lib. vii, 52 hoc est cum ad Verg. aen. lib. v, etc.
 - numero meo M1, numeri mei 59 M², melius calli rem.
- 258, callet M1, callent M2. 3
 - saginastu M1, satin astu M2. 7
 - 8 lib. iii lucilium.
 - mg. a collo calliscere firmum 10
 - aprunum M1, aprinum M2. 14
 - si legas M1, si leges M2.
 - ut honera c. c. feruntur M1, 27 facilius feruntur M2. pessimos M1, pessimis M2.
 - 32 contentiones vocis et remissiones.

- armenia M1, tormenta M2.
- eximone salcolocheo M1, ixi-43 ones alcholocheo M2.
- 259, cu isti M1, c. istac M2. 2
 - lucilius M1, licinius M2. 3
 - bonorumque. 13
 - iterum significat. 17
 - hoc ait ita contendo. 10
 - 22 hinc comportet. Salaminam M¹, Salaminem M².
 - habet potestatem senis M1, ha-2.1 bet ubi potestatem p. s. M2,
- 260. aequalitatem M1, aequitatem
 - deinde inde Romam.
- 261, seducere M¹, educere M². 4 decrevi M1, decrevit M2.
 - cernet M1, cernat M2. 17
 - 24 quis ee M1, qui sese M2, ad finem e, ad causandam,
 - omnia sunt.
- 262. duratia M1, duritia M2. 3
 - perdunt M1, perduint M2. 12 terentius M1, idem terentius 13
 - M^2 .
 - hetera quidnam in mg.
 - 14 qui in illo homine.
 - confidenter consternari sig-32 nificat deici pro se et.
 - ex pectore hanc et M1, hac 36 et M2.
 - offeras M1, efferas M2. 38
- 263, I fert curri M1, a curru M2, dimminutio.
 - extemplo M1, exemplo M2. 5
 - mg. melius exemplum vergili 13 calidumque animis et cursibus acrem.

264, 8 quid contendi M^1 , q. contentus M^2 .

sum diliges M^1 , diligens M^2 , diliges M^3 .

21 faceret.

26 numte emere M¹, nimium temere M².

265, 1 apud conium.

12

5 contentionem M¹, contionem M².

coaptare M1, coartare M2.

22 nostri M1, nostris M2.

25 citum incitatum divisum v. s. M¹, incitatum om. M².

27 at M1, aut M2.

266, 15 quo magis te in altum.

22 bis quin actogena.

267, 2 cadens M1, candens M2.

18 arbitrare M¹, arbitrari M².

19 nam mea M¹, n. ea M².

20 altero M1, alteros M2.

22 censet M1, censent M2.

35 non sine novis M1, nonvis M2.

36 coicere agere Afranius incendio M¹, Afranius Matertera
 —auferre M², in mg.

268, 3 nicasio s. curiosis cum M^1 , curiosus is cum M^2 .

4 filio coicere M¹, filio ei coicere M².

7 quo coicis istuc.

12 contigit M1, contingit M2.

28 dici a lectoribus M¹, lictoribus M², tuis p. r. ante oculos tuos concidisse.

34 dedidi.

269, 13 quod non M1, quos non M2.

14 honestatis M¹, honestitatis M².

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22 confessio M¹, confectio M².

35 credere vel cedere M¹, vel consentire M², terentius in hecyra M¹, terentius formione—cedere M², in mg.

270, 10 medicae M1, medicinae M2.

15 lib. iii

33 quid inter M1, qui i. M2.

271, r et ipse conscripsi.

6 die pac M¹, epc M², in mg. conveniens M¹, convenimus M².

convenire similem esse M¹, convenire constare — debuit M², in mg.

10 forti secus M1, fortis secus M2.

21 posse M¹, possit M².

23 cedere est.

29 xxviii.

273, 5 constet M1, constat M2.

8 constent M1, constet M2.

9 componere M1, disponere M2.

13 exgregenda M¹, exercenda M².

ponere M¹, proponere M².
lib. iii M¹, lib. i M².

18 parere M¹, parare M².

28 sed manifesto furto.

36 quin ipse.

274, 4 ita M1, iter M2, faciet.

26 cuiquam ubi M¹, c. ibi M².

275, 6 jusso M1, jussu M2.

9 credere servandum M¹, c. est servandum M².

20 cognoscat M1, cognoscas M2.

21 pappipole M1, papipole M2.

27 non M1, ni M2.

33 omnis disciplina M¹, omnes disciplinae M².

- 276, 18 damnare est.
 - 22 sectorem M1, sextorem M2.
- 277, 20 defendere vindicare verg. M¹, vindicare depellere verg. M².
 - 23 defendere debellare M¹, depellere M².
 - veri M¹, tueri M², Ennius.
 - 28 nego M1, neco M2
 - mediam quem M¹, quam M².
 - 32 satis te qui.
- 278, 21 degitur M¹, deagitur M².
 - 25 jejunam M¹, ei unam M².
- 279, 15 nisi si M¹, nisi M².
 - 17 depositam M1, deposita M2.
 - 38 actione itaque M¹, a. prima i. M².
- 280, 4 dicare m̃ accius M¹, m̃ tullius accius M².
 - 10 hinc M1, hunc M2.
 - 25 lib. ii.
 - 26 darniam M¹, dardaniam M².
 - 27 pecunias appia dictas M¹, appia om. M².
- 281, 4 dignatus rursum qui ab alio h. d.—superbo. dignatus significat d. habitus virg. lib. iii—superbo.
 - 8 dignabonatibi M¹, dignabor dari M², *in mg*.
 - 18 dominia ad convivia M¹, ad om. M².
 - 23 sodalicia.
 - 28 convenerat M¹, cum venerat M².
 - 30 exira M1, extra M2.
 - 32 alteri M1, alter M2.
- 282, 15 a media fronte.
 - 19 fortis turba.

- omnes ut M^1 , omnes nam ut M^2 .
- 30 pistrix M1, pristis M2.
- 34 aquiaetes M1, alaetes M2.
- 283, 10 magnopere M^1 , magno opere M^2 .
 - 20 tantome M1, tanton me M2.
 - 21 dixisti M¹, duxisti M².
 - 35 police vestrae quas erifice. trahere ferre M¹, t. differre M².
- 284, 14 mortem. diffamare divulgare, M^1 , differre M^2 , in mg.
 - 37 popule M¹, papule M².
- 285, 7 aut duro M^1 , ut d. M^2 .
 - 21 decernendi fortitudo M¹, oratio quam decertandi M², *in* mg.
 - 25 praeterisset M¹, peperisset M².
 - 29 decerne ut est dicere.
- 286, I perspicuum est enim.
 4 dimissa M¹, demissa M².
- 287, 10 dissupent M¹, dissipent M².
- 288, 4 nido inplumis M¹, nido et i. M².
 - 8 adtraxerit M1, detraxerit M2.
 - 11 detrahant M1, detrahunt M2.
 - 16 Alexi M1, Alexin M2.
 - 19 super M1, desuper M2.
 - at banescio M². adest
 - 32 et fenestris M¹, et fenestras M²,i. c.
 - deiciam M¹, deiciunt M².
- 289, 6 eyocare M¹, vocare M².
 - 7 deduc orationem M¹, deduce rationem M².
 - 12 retrahere M¹, trahere M².
 - 18 deinfinitam M¹, definitam M².

289, 22 religio M1, relligio M2.

28 xxviiii M1, xxviii M2, and 32.

290, 7 eligantu bimacera.

14 secundo deprecor, om. 15, 16, 17.

mollissima quam multorum in mg.

20 graeci M¹, gracci M². erepiteo M¹, eripiteo M².

24 sint M1, sunt M2.

32 perdiscernere M¹, perdiscere M².

291, 5 pregnantem M^1 , pregnatem M^2 .

31 aetas M1, aestas M2.

36 miser, cum signo compendii i. e. miserrimus.

38 e. oculos elidere et sicum M^1 , e. oculos et et sicum M^2 .

40 jube M¹, jubeo M², o. idem ut s. f. ut coqui M¹, faciunt quoqui M², ut om.

43 elise M1, elisisse M2.

292, 8 edo pol v.p. exanclavit plautus in penulo s. e. merum. s.

11 Melanippe.

12 endrus M1, ennus M2.

14 torquantis M¹, torquentis M². i.e. eum diem M¹, eum om. M².

18 amfitrasone M1, amfitrione M2.

26 antiqua aedilis.

33 deo ex oraculo M¹, deo ostendo ex M².

293, 2 evadit M1, evadat M2.

o propter valuisset M¹, properavisset M², in mg.

17 concitat aquam unus M¹, murus M².

lib. ii ut tandem M¹, evado lib. ii M², in mg.

27 nec partem.

28 cujus est M1, cuivis e. M2.

32 filiorum postremum M¹, f. suorum p. M².

45 innotescentes M¹, innocentes M².

50 exacuta M1, ex hac vita M2.

294, 20 exsuspensa M1, et suspensa M2.

24 lib. iii M1, lib. v M2.

295, 8 exercere imercere M¹, e. imperare imponere M², in mg.

11 Pl. in Amph. exerciturus M¹, si in me M², in mg., imparietem.

21 equitem equum M¹, equites equos M².

25 pinnis M1, pennis M2.

296, 24 exit.

297, 24 medecoris M1, medecordis M2.

38 praeter ceteros nostra, om. hunc.

298, 10 velit eve M1, evel M2, grandi.

11 eplere M1, explere M2.

15 lib. vi aramque sepulchri M¹, Discedam—lib.vi M², in mg.

22 educere educare ducare M¹, ducare om. M².

28 mittere M¹, emittere M².

299, 4 exponere est deponere.

10 dedie M1, dedi M2.

18 ornat ample.

24 orationem M1, et rationem M2.

26 explicare de off. M¹, ex. idem de off. M².

300, 3 firma notio.

14 excidit M1, excidant M2.

- in oblivionem virg. M¹, i. o. venire v. M², oblivisci M², in mg.
- 18 After servitutem excluserit (301, 15), excidere est in oblivionem venire, virg. animo, is repeated a second time.
- 20 ego vivo ab arciloco excidere M¹, ergo quo ab arciloco excido M².
- 21 ejectum dictum.
- 25 ibi erat scopiose M¹, scopios M².
- 26 eicere M1, ejecere M2.
- 34 delellas me.
- 301, 20 quia M1, qui M2, ad id quod s.
 - 24 expectare M¹, expetere M², in mg.
- 302, o f. item M1, ima M2, altitudo.
 - 13 q. caelo M1, q. e caelo M2.
 - 22 amoris filium, cum signo lacunae.
 - 28 fero M¹, fere M². fortiter varro M¹, f. animo M².
 - 29 non posses se amplius M¹, non posses eam amplius M².
 - 30 suadet notat M1, ut notat M2.
- 303, 7 ferebant.
 - 9 de oratione lib. M¹, de oratore lib. ii M².
 - est autem v. verbum verbum M¹, verbum om. M², sic quod.
 - 13 prohiberentur M¹, prohibetur M².
 - 17 hic M1, hinc M2, in mg.
 - 27 referri Virg. G. lib. ii M¹, spes

- danaum—excrescere M², in mg.
- 304, 12 ex longe M1, ex longo M2.
 - 27 movemetuo M1, me metuo M2.
 - 34 trasileone fretus M¹, t. novilitate factione f. M².
 - 40 at M1, ac M2.
- 305, 2 simillare M1, sum i. r. M2.
 - 7 ut domatum mecum M¹, equum M².
 - 14 animo eam M¹, eram M².
 - 19 nummis M1, numinis M2.
 - 29 meum laborem.
- 306, 10 ea quivis M1, equivis M2.
 - 17 familiam tuam M¹, tuam om. M².
 - 29 molesta potin M¹, molesta es p. M².
 - 31 justa.
 - 39 dico facessite hinc M¹, d. facessti item facessite h. M².
- 307, 23 in stabulae.
 - 24 iterum M1, item M2.
 - 26 citos cursus M1, citus c. M2.
 - 29 virg. lib. ii.
 - 33 nisi M1, nixi M2.
- 308, 10 oculis fun fungens M^1 , o. fulgens M^2 .
 - 11 frigutare M¹, friguttire M².
 mg. al. ecfriguttire cum sono exilire.
 - 13 nam quid istud.
 - 19 c. proclo M¹, ploclo M². abra M¹, labra M². compone M¹, compono M². h. e. c. uia M¹, uia om. M². okoπογμη M¹, ωλοκοπογμη M².

308, 27 imperati M¹, impertit M².

31 tumido M1, timido M2.

309, 2 sibi ipse fingit.

3 et vocem M1, ea v. M2.

7 fingit M¹, finget M².

16 non M¹, nunc M².

310, I quod M¹, ad quod M².

20 purgationes M¹, purgatiores

 M^2 .

26 virg. aen. M¹, georg. M², lib. i frigusque M¹, virg. aen. lib. i —ut M², in mg.

311, 10 movens M1, vovens M2.

17 tui nominum.

30 mestum fovere M¹, est tum f. M².

31 aspargere M¹, aspergere M².

312, 6 videas M¹, videtis M².

mense a. ponebatur e. c. cuno M^1 , acuno M^2 .

i. q. v. adfertam M¹, ad fetam M².

28 georg. lib. v M1, lib. iiii M2.

25 fusis sisine mente.

37 ullo jacerent M¹, u. subjacerent M².

43 fundere virg. M¹, fundere dicere v. M¹.

45 talia fundebat lacrimas fundebat M¹, t. f. lacrimans M².

313, 16 mores M¹, ores M².

17 ducte M1, ducite M2.

18 *mg*. flagitium quasi flagrans vitium.

25 et plerumque M1, ut p. M2.

314, 3 g. f. f. consuetudine ponderosum.

14 absentium M1, absinthium M2.

castoreum l.q.r.grave multum M¹, amarum uirg. et g. o. c. M², in mg.

21 procilio M1, plocio M2.

22 emortua M1, est mortua M2.

25 hosti hostis M1, hosti om. M2.

26 eis M¹, his M².
vitiis M¹, vitiosis M².

315, 3 facilius m. i. g. M¹, f. in m. i. adulescentes g. M².

8 humum M¹, hominum M².
e. grave a. imperium M¹, imperii M².

atquem Orestes. adtituere M^1 , astituere M^2 .

sistit M¹, sistit om. M². virg. georg. lib. xii M¹, virg.

lib. viii M².

316, 3 confingere M¹, cum fingere M².

5 errat anus M¹, cretanus M². deploida M¹, deploidia M².

7 haec eadem sum.

11 via quibus M¹, v. a quibus M².

14 suspendat M1, suspendit M2.

39 gradientum M¹, grassantium M², in mg.

317, 9 incassum videas.

20 conectat M1, constat M2.

22 herbam det.

318, I malos et bonis M^1 , m. a b. M^2 .

impulsum M¹, impulsus M².

22 habet M¹, habes M².

26 m. epicrocum M¹, m. et epicrocum M².

20 habere est M1, hiare e. M2.

319, I evidenter et M¹, et om. M².
hiantes videor hidentes M¹,
hiantes M².

(40)

non audeo M1, audio M2.

15 juvat M1, levat M2.

18 ea M1, et M2, fontia.

21 hauriet M1. hauriret

31 haud mollia M¹, haud haec m. M².

320, $\mbox{ } \mbox{ } \mbox$

8 delectatione M¹, delectatio M².

7 ipso M¹, ipsos M², ipsis M³.

321, 8 retardat M¹, retrahat M², in mg.

9 invitari est.

10 curaque M1, curasque M2.

26 invitavit viri M¹, viri om. M².

30 cito bene enim.

32 audivi non M1, audi vino M2.

322, 6 commotus saepe.
furacesemus M¹, furaces essemus M².

nequissimus M¹, ac n. M². ibis ac M¹, i. juxta ac M².

8 juxta mecum rem.

aut insolens aut.

18 occepi M¹, occepit M².

1 regari M¹, regalis M².

323, I regari M¹, regalis M².
2 agitatis M¹, agitis M².
frondiferos M¹, frundiferos M².
arbusta M¹, arbusto M².

arbusta M^1 , arbusto M^2 . obsitu M^1 , obstutas M^2 , in mg.

6 hinc M¹, nunc M².

9 templi M¹, templa M².

bonum nocens M^1 , et nocens M^2 .

17 miti more M^1 , minore M^2 , esse saminmani M^1 , esses anima ni M^2 .

26 intestatus est rursum.

28 ipsius M¹, ipsus M².

(41)

324, 5 saltem est M^1 , salutem est M^2 .

21 oportere M1, oportet M2.

25 facta M1, fata M2.

29 imbuta et ero M¹, i. est et ero M².

325, $\,$ regrediendum $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ regrediundum $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ dum $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$

6 iii M1, vi M2.

et tunc M¹, et tum M². nesciebat M¹, nesciebant M².

14 ignoscite est.

19 conconcurristis M¹, concurristis M².

20 adeste est amer q. f. ignoscite, i in rasura scriptum.

25 emtu M1, aintu M2.

6 parmeno.

28 innocens in mg.

33 accepit M¹, acceptis M².

326, 5 iii M1, iiii M2.

17 et perindulgens M¹, et qui p. M².

33 patris M1, patres M2.

327, 5 qua M¹, quia M², imprudentissimum.

quanto vehementius M^1 , blandior h. t. M^2 , in mg.

29 si quost v. a. opus est.

30 jacere M¹, jactare M².
virg. lib. vii M¹, virg. georg.

328, 12 emittere in mg.

15 jactantibus M1, jactant tibi M2.

31 tuque mearum.

329, 19 increpat et i. M¹, increpitat et i. M²; mg. alter non habuit.

330, 9 ighymnis M¹, hymnis M².

G [I. 2.]

330, II et utile M1, et ut ille M2.

16 cantus totidum M¹, cantu stotidum M², custoditum M³, in mg.

29 nego interpellare dicere M¹, interpellare adire c. M², in mg.

31 xxviii M1, xxviiii M2.

331, 1 interpellam ut M¹, interpella me ut M².

4 xxviii M1, xxviiii M2.

10 claudus M¹, caudam M², in mg.

insignam M¹, insignem M².

1 parasti M¹, parasiti M².

16 inme M¹, inmo M², impediunt.

28 farticula.

332, 11 in jugurte M¹, in gurgite M².

27 mg. eligere virg. praestantes virtute legit.

40 postes? portes? M¹, pestes M², arscedat.

45 sermone aius M¹, sermones atus M².

333, 18 is apud M¹, is om. M².

23 quibus rem rebus.

27 omnes in pudica in domo M¹, omnes impuritates in M².

31 liquimus.

36 linquat M1, linquit M2.

37 defluxere M1, defluere M2.

38 licuntur M¹, linquuntur M², and 41.

42 deterere in mg.

334, 3 salio mercedem.

4 nisi ab sese M^1 , missi abesse M^2 .

quiquam M¹, quicquam M².

8 cum illos solim ex M¹, soli mea M², volutate.

12 cum meo M1, c. eo M2.

14 limassit M1, limassis M2.

19 vocasset M1, vocasse et M2.

29 c. a. f. cum h. i. hista M¹, hasta M².

vicunea M¹, ut vinea M².
fulmine ita e. i. vista M¹, ut
ista M².

34 mg. nec tantum dulcia quantum et liquida.

335, I subidaeloidelore M¹, sibidaedeloidelore M²

3 aenas M¹, enas M².

4 liquerit M1, reliquerit M2.

15 lib. v M1, lib. ii M2.

25 nereissimum.

26 cantem M¹, cantum M². classem M¹, classum M².

32 postea M1, postera M2.

35 comedant M1, comedunt M2.

38 perspicere M¹, praespicere M², prospicere M³, in mg.

336, 9 volucri sventi ut illos M¹, volucris venti M².

17 jubet primus.

18 eligere M¹, erigere M².

33 illos vate M1, illo suapte M2.

337, 7 absentium M1, absinthium M2.

10 et aenea sembolum M¹, te ne asembolum M².

5 et lautum et convivium.

27 redi M1, redii M2.

29 ac victime legentem M¹, ac victum eligentem M².

30 diceret M¹, deceret M². instituisset M¹, instituissent M².

(42)

338, 11 pacem M1, paceni M2.

25 dat M1, dedat M2.

339, 15 cui derim in vita mea epitagma appelli M¹, cui ubi derim in utia mea e epitegma appepelli M².

24 exiit M1, exit M2.

26 longe ut a p. abesses M¹, longe te a p. abesse M².

30 et supra modum.

340, 3 luxuriae M1, luxuria M2.

19 xoenonis M¹, senonis M².

30 sicuti consuetudine.

341, 2 lentum M1, plenum M2.

II in significatione manifesta M¹, significationis manifestae M².

39 armis M¹, armisque M², macte virtutem.

41 hic versibus.

342, 6 modo a. M1, malo a. M2.

9 mactabo mastigia M¹, m. exuo m. M².

dodate M¹, dotate M².

mactant et M¹, mactantem M².

13 hisce verbenis M¹, h. virgl verbenis M².

23 commodum M¹, cum modo M². moderatum commodum inmg.

25 ubile M¹, utibile M².

38 statu M¹, statue M².

343, $_{2}$ modice Sallustius ambust in $_{1}^{M_{1}}$, m. ambis S. in $_{1}^{M_{2}}$.

10 eoforo M1, teoforo M2.

11 audientiam M¹, audientia M². diserti s (sic) sermonibus coacta M¹, coacta om. M². 24 illi mitem M¹, i. limitem M².

344, 21 si quid de te.

26 merui quoque saepe M¹, et saepe M².

29 habera M¹, hibera M². terras ac meretersa M¹, ac meret tersa M².

32 annos incerrat M¹, a. hic errat M², hiberna.

36 qui in excitu M^1 , exercitu M^2 , ex aequo.

345, 3 unde et mercennarii.

4 ordine ratis est M1, es M2.

8 iste M1, primum iste M2.

26 minutum obscuros scrupulum $\mathrm{M^{1}}$, obscurum et scrupulorum $\mathrm{M^{2}}$.

346, I iter in silvis.

13 retinere ac repigrare M¹, r. morari ac r. M².

tonsoribus M¹, censoribus M². in aera M¹, in area M².

28 valitudo M1, altitudo M2.

347, 12 tenrenos M^1 , teneros M^2 . in canendi M^1 , in om. M^2 .

13 absterserit M', absterseris M2.

22 laborem.

25 miseratus M1, miratus M2.

27 mirari venerari M¹, m. metuere M², munerare *in mg*.

29 custos admirantur M¹, c. illum a. M².

quo optant M1, circumstant M2.

32 dicunt M1, ducunt M2.

348, 6 muoco M1, muco M2.

11 ut virg.

24 obstitisse M1, exstitisse M2.

28 exusta M¹, exausta M².

348, 30 metuere M1, me utere M2.

31 missum facit.

41 dein M¹, deinde M². tertius M¹, terentius M².

349, 3 maturare M^1 , mature M^2 .

5 nullum M1, nalum M2, vide.

13 muscati M¹, mussati M². acaenam M¹, adcaenam M².

24 gursilum M¹, cirsilum M².

28 me aliud fatum M¹, factum M².

32 decet M1, condecet M2.

350, 10 turpitudo M¹, turpido M².

27 jubet primus, cf. 336. 17.

31 expromere.

33 cohibet et omnia aestus M¹, cohibet domina maestus M².

35 injectum M¹, enectum M².

351, 1 virg lib. xxiiii M1, xxvi M2.

2 pulices M¹, publices M².

4 ceteris issa M¹, isasa M². mittis m. a. t. satrafa acutia M¹, satrafacta vitia M².

14 si hoc M1, sic hoc M2.

19 lucilius M1, lucius M2.

23 improbius quam M1, quem M2.

25 reluces M1, relucens M2.

26 agro referam M¹, me agros referam M².

352, 4 notificarent M^1 , notificarent M^2 .

praelia M¹, prilia M².

5 magisque M¹, quae M². f. o. accius M¹, ne e. m. f. n. M², in mg.

7 telefona is denum.

11 hic in eis M1, hecine is M2, est.

12 numero M1, numerum M2.

15 degerit M¹, digerit M².

24 neque sat M¹, neques ad M².

32 praemoniebant M¹, praemuniebant M².

33 qui M¹, quis M², sine.

34 indigitare M¹, indigetare M².

353, 6 propter M¹, post M², in mg.

13 virg. lib. vi.

16 agrestia ac.

21 latratu M1, latrato M2.

nitens humo M^1 , nitens om. M^2 .

31 natare iterum.

354, 2 aurigatur M1, arrigatur M2.

12 cui nomina.

22 continuoque M1, que om. M2.

355, 8 erga M¹, ergo M².

foris ut praessit M¹, foras ut

clamoris regem M². regna M¹, regina M².

22 qui tunc si illum occupas.

25 comedisset non nugas M^1 , et non nugasset M^2 .

27 necsio quid M1, nescio quis M2.

36 scola M¹, sola M².

356, 5 agriculani M¹, a. lucani M².

6 angelli M1, macelli M2.

7 occupare est M1, est om. M2.

18 mebimatrem M¹, mebimatram M².

19 confirmant M1, confirmam M2.

21 stirpem medocabant M¹, s. educabant M², uteremur.

26 unicam M¹, vincam M². opinionem adferunt M¹, tuam —opinionem M², in mg.

27 eorum sit M¹, se M².

30 popinius? M¹, popedius M². opinio M¹, opinione M².

357, I redurant M1, restaurant M2.

9 astianactet M¹, astianacte M². hunc aicais panem M¹, pinem M².

regione M¹, regionum M².

domuictonem arcere M¹, domuitione marcere M².
 tuo bsceno homine.

13 actum M1, actum tum M2.

15 fautis.

16 faventius M¹, faventiam M². dictis egregent M¹, dicta segregent M².

18 rixa vertat verba M¹, r. vertat vertat verba M².

358, 3 si tu M^1 , sic tu M^2 .

olim defensorem ut per eum M^1 , olim quis uti possis M^2 .

8 amatorum M¹, amatorem M².

 ${f r}$ ${f r}$ quid mens ${f M}^1$, q. veri mens ${f M}^2$.

12 xviiii M1, xxviiii M2.

15 atque cupio M1, a. cum c. M2.

16 spe M¹, spes M². quibus M¹, quibuscum M².

29 nihil est M1, nihil em M2, in mg.

30 dein mittit.

359, 2 incolumitas M1, incolumis M2.

18 omore M1, eo more M2, factum.

19 nil M1, nihil M2.

23 comprehenderit M¹, comprenderit M².

30 intes M1, intus M2.

32 ubi obit M1, u. is o. M2.

360, 9 lib. iii M^1 , lib. iiii M^2 .

26 lib. xxvii M1, xxvi M2.

30 acrem M1, ac rem M2, ihi.

33 apere M1, aperire M2.

36 obducet M1, obducat M2.

361, 10 oppetas obesum gracile M¹, obesum — terga M², *in mg*.

20 atquem metu.

29 ullamque addicere M¹, u. queat dicere M².

362, 6 vita ulli.

13 datum M1, datum est M2.

2 I inclama M¹, inclamar M², a. amea M¹, mea M². affiter illis M¹, affileberis M². praeberet M¹, praevertitur M².

24 ultrorem M1, ultorem M2.

28 incipiantque M¹, incipiamque M².

31 gratia M1, graecia M2.

363, 2 sejudiciis M1, sevidicis M2.

13 ac minus M1, nimis M2.

14 protelo ad discendunt M¹, discedunt M².

32 regeret genus M^1 , r. et genus M^2 .

alto sanguine M¹, a. a sanguine M².

34 proderat M1, proderet M2.

35 jussi magnis M¹, jus imaginis M².

364, I est sallustius M1, salutis M2.

8 ut ipsis M¹, ipsi M².

13 quorum utilitates.

19 naius est vehemens M¹, majus et v. M², mg. vehementius.

21 adire M1, adigere M2.

22 at, i. e. ater, M¹, autem M². stutum quam in pariendis M¹, fuit umquam in partiundis M².

(45)

364, 29 sulcum quaesivi.

35 vergere M1, urgere M2.

365, 3 pedere M¹, pondere M².

8 levem M¹, levo M².
p. pedem M¹, pede M².
pondere M¹, pondera M².

18 premimus et lib. xi quos Simois premat ille viros.

20 capitis.

22 excidere M1, excindere M2.

25 premis M1, premes M2.

48 nec parvo catullo pretio M¹, n. par vocat ullo M².

366, 12 lib. iii M1, iiii M2.

17 si q. et h. M1, et om. M2.

27 spargat M1, spargit M2.

34 recum expilatorem M¹, rerum expiratorem M¹.

367, 14 s. et petant M1, putant M2.

25 ea hostia M¹, eha h. M².

28 propter intuens M¹, p. enectum est M².

29 delectatur etiam M¹, etiam om. M².

(367, 17 (magna lemmatis perturbatio)
propter s. eius causa —
odere. varro sesqueulysse.
(omisso exemplo). propter
juxta—propter aquam. adtestatas e. f. p. c. a. e. h. e. c.
varro cato v. d. l. e. i. q. p.
virum e. Terentius—assidere. varro sesqueulisse q.
m. p. est et id s. e. p. d.)

368, 4 committere M1, conterere M2.

5 eame tantum M¹, eam ețiam tum M².

24 novellae v. g. lib. iii ne maculis

 M^1 , v. g.—non album M^2 , in mg.

29 propure M¹, purpurea M².

369, 8 uno illo ictulo plagas M¹, u. i. ictu loquebantur p. M².

12 lege aeniados M¹, l. maeniados M².

adminiandos M¹, adminianos M², admirantes.

20 plaut. tur putatur M¹, plaut. in aul. cur putatur M², in mg.

27 miletur M¹, multetur M².

31 cogitat M1, cogitet M2.

33 versantur ti.

35 putat M1, putet M2.

370, 11 passus sit lautilior M¹, passo sithia utilior M², psthitia *in mg*.

17 h. v. p. eum expassum.

33 cui possit.

37 mg. virg. oremus pacem.

371, 19 si facies praestat, om. facie.

24 pontificem turini viri M¹, ponti centurionis viris M².

26 praestat utile esse M¹, utile est M².

27 Trinacria.

29 ut dentique.

372, 12 fuisset in Hortensio.

31 completo M1, complecto M2.

35 nec tua M1, n. te tua M2.

373, 5 producere ducere M¹, p. foras ducere M².

19 inmundis M1, inmunda M2.

27 longe actum M1, jactum M2.

28 ejusmodi atque M¹, e. loco a. M².

32 spectat M1, expetat M2.

(46)

- 36 q. h. sunt facit M¹, senatus consultum M², in mg.
- 39 ingere M1, attingere M2.
- 374, 5 parmam M1, palmam M2.
 - 23 jubet opes M¹, j. proferre opes M².
 - 29 si tris mens se simine deut.
- 375, I bona. Pariter convenienter.
 - 20 sistuc more moratam M¹, si istuc memoratam M².
 - 21 postulam M^1 , postulem M^2 . placere martem M^1 , placerem artem M^2 .
 - tibi quoque M¹, quo M².
- 30 negotii M¹, negoti M².
- 376, 5 comisatum M¹, comisa tum, M².
 - 12 tamedus M1, timidus M2.
 - 13 i. e. pedibus longius.
 - 14 continuationem.
 - 34 antiquae.
- 377, I hic M1, huic M2.
 - 3 terenumM1, tenoremM2, inmg.
 - 28 aegro M1, aeger M2.
 - 29 ut si M1, sit M2.
 - ipsum actenus M¹, hactenus M³, tenus M³, hucusque *in* mg.
 - positionem M¹, praepositionem M².
 - 45 virg. in georg. lib. iiii M¹, virg. lib. vii M².
- 378, 5 massyli querunt.
 - 8 pietate M¹, picta de M².
 - 9 quae M1, quam M2.
 - 11 demet et plagilam M¹, demea et plagulam M².
 - 16 terrae aennius.

- 19 cognota M1, cognita M2.
- 33 quatere passim.
- 379, 3 diem M¹, viam M². aliensis M¹, aliensis M².
 - 4 orbis M1, urbis M2.
 - 9 non fit thens (litteris graecis) auris M¹, non fit thesauris M², in mg.
 - 24 modo ne nefarium M^1 , ne om. M^2 .
 - 32 tamen et M¹, et om. M². indolis M¹, in dulis M².
- 380, r quin M¹, qui M².
 - 4 idem virg, in georg, lib. iii ruit arduus, om. ruit—lib. i.
 - 20 conminus.
 - 22 ciceros M1, ceteros M2.
- 381, 7 si quis quid.
 - 15 remus regis M¹, remos remiges M².
 - 20 referre censere M¹, recensere M².
 - 28 lib. xxxvi.
 - 31 qui M1, quis M2.
 - 38 ut in eo M1, in om. M2.
- 382, 12 rimare M1, inrimare M2.
 - 14 loco M1, loca M2.
 - 22 rimatur M1, rimantur M2.
 - 25 vincla M1, vincula M2.
 - 30 miser M1, misera M2.
 - 35 contentum M¹, contemptum M².
 - cum eruperint M¹, c. me ruperint M².
 - 42 Ter. Eun. cesso huc M¹, Ter. Eun.—introire M², in mg.
- (After 383, I Plaut. in As., the passage from quo magis, 381, 39—

Plaut. in As. spectandum, 383, 1, is repeated with the following alterations:)

382, I refferre.

8 lib. vi.

12 rimare.

14 loco.

25 tua vincula.

30 miser.

35 contentum cum eruperint.

43 jamne rumpere h. m. jacet g. r. introire.

383, 3 roget. Rogare dicitur deprecare M¹, deprecari M², poscere.

4 asperneret M¹, aspernarer M². lib. i M¹, lib. vii M².

7 scitari.

8 acciperem M1, acceperim M2.

15 oriundis M¹, oriundus M², progator in mg.

26 sed qui M¹, quibus M².

29 recedere M1, recipere M2.

30 rumeari M¹, ruminari M².
c. peri tropon M¹, perit ropon M².

31 s. teseiore caeperis M¹, te seio receperis M².

384, 5 primo M1, primum M2.

8 sic fata M¹, effata M².

10 recipisset ad iratum M¹, r. et admiratum M².

16 in putes M¹, im rutis M². caesi solum M¹, caesis solum M².

21 redundant M1, redundat M2.

32 rursus retro, virg. in georg.

385, 7 Cato M¹, C. Cato M².

9 plemeo simul jam M¹, tholomeo qui s. j. M².

17 oblatum M¹, sublatum M².

23 referentur M¹, refertur M².

28 paulum.

31 ut M1, hic ut M2.

33 caelum M1, caelo M2.

386, 15 combibi M¹, convivi M².
p. sufficit unt M¹, p. tuo sufficiunt M².

sane medicantis M¹, medica-

mentis M².

28 in fil. lib. vii.

40 tenebris M¹, teneris M².

387, 36 quid adtinet M¹, quid id a. M².

388, 4 supremum M¹, suppremum M², and 6.

15 Achillem M¹, Achillen M².

21 q. te inte in tranquillum.

30 aquae M¹, idque M². t. factis saevus M¹, saevis M².

389, 12 sternitur infelix M^1 , s. i. Acron. M^2 .

390, 3 lib. xxviii M1, xxviiii M2.

orientis M¹, orantis M². rumpes M¹, rupes M².

22 in quo filium M1, inquitinf. M2.

23 usu significat.

391, 17 virg, lib. viiii, quos illi M^1 , simul ense—lib. viii M^2 , in

39 adstare c. M1, astare M2.

41 mea heredibus meis.

392, 6 lib. viiii.

9 cui stet M1, cui si stet M2.

11 sese et ipse M1, et om. M2.

20 n. rei e. c. M1, n. e. spei c. M2.

31 quia qui M1, q. quid M2.

(48)

perspessoevit M¹, perspisso evenit M².

36 ubi si ita M¹, u. spissa M².

37 miseria mysteriis, om. varro.

393, I extropas M1, exstrophas M2.

3 pigra est ita M¹, est ipsa M².

18 achibidis M¹, achivis M².

394, 8 facerem ad M1, at M2.

13 quod pueras M¹, quot puras M².

18 nec isto.

26 quem M¹, quam M².

395, 6 espuerentur M¹, spuerentur M².

8 corporis siccitatem.

21 ardentem.

22 summo M¹, somno M².

28 solem auram.

396, 4 omnia crede, om. sumet.

5 prae se M¹, praesse M².

26 nitorem M1, monitorem M2.

27 dare mihi desunt M¹, Luculle —mihi M², *in mg*.

32 sustinere est s. M¹, sufferre est s. M², in mg.

397, 2 sufferam et quae M¹, sufferamque et M².

6 nam me pudet ubi.

9 qui sine.

16 lib. viiii M1, lib. viii M2.

virg. lib. vi sceptrumque M¹, caererique—lib.vii M², inmg.

25 s. succurram M¹, succuram M².

33 colfo saxirofenix.

36 set M¹, sed M², jam me inridens.

398, r sicuti vult.

6 patrocinatem M¹, patrocinantem M².

audiverit Sallustius M¹, a. saucius S. M².

14 multis civibus fugatis M¹, ex utraque—occisis M², in mg.

30 simpuia M1, simpuvia M2.

31 gratas instamiae M¹, grata sint samiae M², u. hi s. cappudines.

34 lucilius M¹, ulcisci M², pro

cele.

399, 9 subdere M¹, subducere M².

15 amori M¹, amore M², praeceperit.

400, 9 subducemus stupidus M¹, corbulis M², *in mg*.

12 expuere M1, spuere M2.

15 offensum M1, offensant M2.

16 museos M1, musteos M2.

24 gratis M1, grata M2.

30 ducione M1, dicione M2.

3.4 subigere est superare M¹, s. exarare M².

35 Lysander proceritatem.

401, I hominum M^1 , humum M^2 , et s. a. p.

9 patris M1, aratris M2.

15 subigitque fateri Lucil.amantis et lib. vi M¹, decernere amantes M², in mg.

17 castigatque M¹, que om. M².

19 jugans M1, jungas M2.

27 a. t. in s. h. fulit s. extra v. c. M¹, a. t. incita s. h. t. s. q. ex M¹, exti M², v. c. M², in mg.

30 enectus.

35 summam aerumna M¹, s. in ae. M².

- 402, 9 respectabit M1, respectavit M2.
 - spectandae an exigendae M¹,
 spectandi an exigendi M²,
 - 34 exercere M¹, exerere M², lib. x.
- 403, 10 vacam M1, vacant M2.
 - 29 Ascaniusq. omnisq. domos M¹, om. M².
 - 31 haec inquit.
- 404, 5 dato M1, doto M2.
 - 7 sectatores bonorum sectatores M¹, b. sectoris M².
 - 18 possimus M1, possumus M2.
 - 29 sustuleris M¹, sustulerit M².
- 405, 2 xxviiii M¹, xviiii M².
 - 12 si socrates i. a. et in a.
 - 13 signant M1, signat M2.
 - 22 duodecim dum.
 - 24 enisum in mg.
 - 28 e Latini M1, ea L. M2.
- 406, \mathbf{r} atinius geminas in foma odio \mathbf{M}^1 , titinius in gemina sin fonia odio \mathbf{M}^2 .
 - 4 canutinam M¹, anutinam M².
 - II adflicti a suis.
 - 12 postremum M¹, postremo M², interent.
 - 13 tegendo.
 - 14 habetur.
 - 17 quae inter.
 - 23 legi non potest.
 - 24 febris atque una.
 - 25 vini, cetera legi non possunt.
 - 35 virg. aen. i, mulcere M¹, et lib. xii et M², in mg.
 - 40 arectum M1, adrectum M2.
 - 7, I potierit M1, potuerit M2.

- 2 montes et faetera.
- 16 frementem.
- 18 menses tuli.
- 20 m. in inpunitates scelera M¹, m. inpunitates scelerum M², tulissem.
- 408, I naturae quae M¹, n. eaque M². s. c. partis aetatis M¹, s. c.
 - parcitatis M².
 - 2 celulam M¹, cenulam M².
 - 10 trepidanti M1, trepidante M2.
 - 35 hoc q, ig. i. s. neas mi noxas M¹, noxias M², erum, cetera legi non possunt.
- 409, 18 c. ne tristem M^1 , c. ne te t. M^2 .
 - 19 exiluisse vere tristes M¹, ex silvis severe tristis M².
 - 20 C. Af. pr. de off. lib. i, ad in ejus M¹, ac dein ejus M².
 - 32 principium M¹, principum M². is vocis M¹, vocibus M².
 - 34 incidunt gravius M¹, i. adulescentes g. M².
- 410, 4 quodam M¹, quondam M².

 pamem ? M¹, fulmen M², in

 mg.
 - 5 dici quaero M¹, d. non q. M².
 - 9 huc M1, huic M2.
 - 31 decerpere M1, decipere M2.
- 411, 16 scabiemquae M¹, optuma torvae M².
 - 20 gracile lentum M¹, gracilentum M².
- 412, 2 hunc M1, huc M2, liber.
 - ó tenens.
 - 23 miseri M1, miserum M2.
 - 26 sudat quid tremit.

- 413, 4 eiam.
 - 16 studio se ab omnis M¹, hominis M².
 - 21 faciendum M1, faciundum M2.
 - 25 ityreos M1, ituree M2, in mg.
 - 27 i. videos ut M¹, i. vide os M², ut om.
 - 30 torqueat ingens M¹, torquet agens M².
 - 33 servare m. tull. M¹, custodire M², in mg.
 - 38 plauso M1, plausu M2.
- 414, 7 hinc raptas.
 - 10 potes M1, potest M2.
 - 11 et tergino M1, et in t. M2.
 - 17 scolem M1, scotlem M2.
 - 24 si quae M1, sic q. M2.
 - 25 cannabolino M¹, cannabilino M².
 - 26 quaeque f. s. n. poterunt M¹, potuerunt M².
 - 29 aequaliter M1, aequabiliter M2.
- 415, 4 turrimus M1, curribus M2.
 - 7 venire possunt M¹, v. non possint M².
 - 17 c. virtus. virtus etiam significat auxilium.
 - 30 virum si aura M¹, servant si vescitur M², in mg.
 - 36 arte haec M1, hac M2.
- 416, 4 cur istuc M¹, c. is istuc M². vadimonia sum M¹, suum M².
 - 18 mane ante peti M¹, maneant te piti M².
 - videret sciret M¹, viderit sciet M².
- 417, 8 picturam.
 - 12 vastitatis M1, vastitas M2.

- 18 patiatur M¹, patitur M². balbarum M¹, beluarum M². efferarum M¹, efferari M².
- 19 asperitates altari M¹, valtari M².
- 27 q. p. ultimum.
- 418, 5 inertis. et versaque.
 - 32 affatur. vertere fallere M¹, vertere—collo M², in mg.
- 419, 3 v. libera trahere M^1 , t. libera M^2 .
 - 10 vindicassent M¹, vindicavissent M². epistolis latiniae.
 - 13 vindicassent.
 - 14 videatur M¹, videtur M².
 - 28 significantiam M¹, significationem M².
- 420, 7 geminae verrite.
 - o lib. xxvii.
 - 12 strepitum et strata M¹, strepitumque strata M².
 - quid tuis tunc M^1 , q. tu istuc M^2 .
- 421, 7 furgarum M1, furiarum M2.
 - 19 amabit M1, ambit M2.
 - 26 pauxillus M¹, pausillus M².
- 422, I habebam M¹, habeam M².
 7 perit at.
 - 14 levare et erigere.
 - 19 tulit M1, tolit M2.
 - 25 et teres M¹, terens M², tum.
- 423, I et id M1, hii M2, quos.
 - no meretricem et prostibulam M¹, menetricem et prostibulum M².
 - meretrix M1, menetrix M2.
 - n meretrices M¹, menetrices M², a manendo.

423, 12 stabula M1, stabulum M2.

15 intro bonam M¹, i. ad bonam M², i. abonam M³.

16 prostibula sana M¹, sane M².

424, rr quaefecerat M1, q. tefecerit M2.

26 saciari M¹, satiari M².

30 satiari M¹, satiare M².

425, 6 dea ipsa est.

8 est quem M1, quam M2.

20 est saevum.

22 nova M¹, novo M².

25 fusum numidam M¹, fusam numidiam M².

30 mandit M1, mandet M2.

426, 6 quantu M¹, quam tu M².

10 continet. Faustum et festum M¹, patria — lucrum M², in mg.

19 phoebi cuus M¹, et Ter.—diem M², in mg.

24 multae animus M¹, multaa. M², ergitantes disciscere M¹, isciscere M², in mg.

28 teliquo M¹, reliquo M², diffusus.

427, 4 citera morbus.

5 aequalitas M1, aequabilitas M2.

28 digitis M¹, digitibus M².

30 carpurni M1, calpurni M2.

428, I edepol M¹, etpol M².

8 quid valeat.

10 parva poesis M1, poema M2.

12 stoc unum est hoc majus M¹, hoc om. M².

16 entymemate malo cumque M¹, entymematima locum M².

19 et rythmis. fora et fori—sedes masculino M¹, sedes est m. M²,—ludis. minutilias—en M¹, enni M²,—earum M¹, earum rerum M².

429, I aedificatio M1, aedificia M2.

12 civitas quae M1, qua M2.

430, I monstrant et ostentant M^1 , ostendant M^2 .

3 recte velint.

5 in auspiciis ostenduntur M¹, auguriis extispiciis M², in mg.

semper pessimum est.

10 hoc distat.

14 aerumnam f. possunt.

15 nisi M1, misi M2.

constat M1, constant M2.

16 fulmen et fulgur et fulguritum M¹, fulmen et fulguritum M², fulmen et fulgur M³, in mg.

20 unde et fulgor M¹, fulgur M², fulgurae M³, fulgere M⁴. dicitur M¹, dicuntur M². et fulgur M¹, et fulgor M².

28 lib. iiii.

431, 3 putet inter se vicinos.

25 tota die, sibi sui.

432, 3 per culturam M¹, prae cultura M².

15 rotunda M¹, rutunda M², and 16.

31 pervicacia et.

433, 1 pertinatia M1, pertinacia M2.

22 juventa M1, juventas M2.

26 quod morosa est contrariis.

434, 7 quae festis M¹, festi M².

8 primoscit omnino M¹, promiscit omnia M².

- in proelia M1, proelia M2.
- simus M1, simis M2, atque in. 20
- honestius profiteri. 25
- 435, 8 a, e, quarto et a, quartum p. f. M1, a. e. quarto p. f. a. quartum et M2. quartum l. s. t. a. f. M¹, et tres M2, quarto t, s, et t, a, factum.
 - quintum M1, quintus M2. II
 - habeat M1, habeant M2.
 - ducere M1, dicere M2. 24
- 436, 10 g. est celere M1, celare M2.
 - distent M1, distant M2. 2 I
- 437, temperatior M1, temperatio M^2 .
 - leviorem M1, livorem M2. 3
 - imitatoriae M1, imitatore M2.
 - 23 vet. et veterascere M1, vetustascere M2.
- 438, item esse habendum.
 - Ad. annuere qui in pugnus.
 - 0 verrem M1, verum M2.
 - peccato tamen. flagrare-dis-10 cretio. annuere &c., permixtis duobus lemmatibus sed transponenda indicantur.
 - a. est cedere M1, a. concedere M^2 .
 - nictet M1, nictes M2.
 - 17 flagrare M1, fraglare M2, bis.
 - 26 inscii M1, insci M2, innat attingunt.
- 439, 2 quod plus M1, plures M2.
 - in amphitrione uxorem.
 - affectu, tum M1, tuum M2. 10
 - 28 neque illa M¹, ulla M².
- 440, 9 pars sit, ceteriis M¹, ceteris M².

- auctoritate varro g. M^1 . varro g. bost saginare M^2 .
- neutrum genus tangitur. 16 nostra M1, rostra M2, in mg. 17
- 441, 6 die quarta et die quarto.
 - judicet M1, incidit M2, in mg. 14
 - quidquid mutare transigit M1. 17 quid mature transit M2.
- 442, futura M1, futurae M2, spe m t nomine.
 - delectatione.
 - 17 ut sall. audacia, om. Catilinae
 - ut virg. 24
 - prospicere distant M1, pros. 31 et respicere M2.
- 443, 2 non esse M1, est M2.
 - qui autem est confidens.
 - a timendo fidens. 13
 - 16 non dixi in invidentiam.
 - potest et ut fugiamus. 17
 - 24 nominavit M1, nominatur M2,
- 444. 6 distant.
 - 12 p. et prestantiam c. d. mg. pernicitatem velocitatem virg., pernicibus insignem plantis, pernix patiens perdurans, pernicitatem cicero discrevit et virg.
 - ut virg. 15
 - dura M1, duro M2. 17
 - n. s. legitur s. e. eligitur ad vivendum ut sit l. M1, ad bibendum, eligitur ad edendum ut sit l. M².
- 445, c. ut p. legitur M1, eligitur M2, m. q. &c.

445. veteres M1, ceteri M2. 3

8 luctum dedit M1, addit M2.

et m. mei M1, et m. talia M2, et aliquando.

farre M1, ferre M2. 14 purgato M1, purgatio M2.

tunc graeci. 20

lateraris M¹, laterariis M². 21

parcis seu. 25

satis esse potis esse potuisset 27 M¹, satis esse potisset M².

posse M¹, potisse M². 29

lib. xviiii. 30

446, 18 ut totas integras sint M1, ut sit t. i. M2.

> niti inniti et obniti M1, niti et obniti M2, niti et obniti et enixae M³, in mg.

eniti M1, niti M2.

defuncti. 23

innititur M1, nititur M2. 25

447, 4 ergastylum M1, ergastulum M2, et ergastylus, and 7.

> possit. 0

hujus M1, hoc M2. 10

et forsi M¹, ecfossi M². 15

18 perpessarum M¹, perpessa sum M2.

fruges M1, fruge M2. solas ac sic probo rem M¹, re M².

448, hoc est m. M1, hoc et m. M2. 1

> factum M¹, factus M². 4

quid M1, quod M2. 5

18 ora M1, ore M2.

reliquum penula M1, r. pede p. M²,

449, 3 Sisenna de contiario h. lib. iiii oriri de contrario s.

repente M1, repetente M2. 16

450. neque M1, ne qui M2, casum. 3

gannire M1, garrire M2.

eodem pacto logannis. 12

videris M1, videres M2. 15

dicimus M1, discimus M2. palustrem M1, plustrem M2.

451, 3

8 repente M1, repetente M2.

et vigilia igitur.

torpidinem M1, torpitudinem 13 M^2 .

dixere gimedeam. 14

libis sacraturus M1, sacratury 17

frontem M1, forem M2, in mg.

nexile at avis M1, nec sileat avis M².

ebrius M¹, ebrios M². 26 et ticinius M¹, ticinos M², jejunos M³. sino civo M1, sine cibo M2.

gibero M1, libero M2, in mg. 452, 3

operto M1, aperto M2.

ejecit M1, eicit M2.

mg. squalere non solum sor-17 didum sed et plenum dici.

sed et honesta. 18

congeries quae M1, qua M2. 2 I

et tunicam M1, per tunicam 23 M^2 .

desertio M1, de sertorio M2. 453, I

> praeceptus M1, praecepturus M^2 .

vox M1, vos M2, f. s. f. quae M1, que M2, aspera.

16 et appetitum.

te tu M¹, tu te M². 23

ablatas M¹, ablata M². 24

- 454, 4 minorem M¹, minores M², m.
 - 11 idem homini versuto.
 - 23 ut vinum sine fecibus.
 - 28 proposuerit M¹, praeposuerit M².
- 455, 9 dici debere M1, d. non d. M2.
 - 18 arripio rostrum M1, a. et r. M2.
 - 25 indagationis M¹, indagantes M².
- 456, 21 mala M1, malo M2.
 - 30 suboles M1, sub sole M2.
 - 33 neutiquam ab ingenio.
- 457, 4 sine alacritate ulla lubidine.
 - ope sed ex opere.
- 458, 4 maneat sucusque lacerto M¹, maneatque s. l. M².
 - i. s. vere volitantibus a.
- 459, 6 sed de facie M1, sed om. M2.
- 460, 2 virgilio auctore.
 - 10 lib. iiii, Hic Helenus M¹, tum
 —aen. lib. iii M², in mg.
 - 18 inimum altum.
 - 21 solum a precando praecando et poscendo.
 - 26 rancidum emputidum M¹, seu p. M², est M³, in mg.
- 461, 21 sed et incestare.
- 462, 14 habebamus.
- 463, 7 sunt vi d. M1, s. di d. M2.
- 465, 6 his quae M1, qui M2.
 - 9 de elegantia.
 - 14 cato M2, in mg.
 - 17 impensum M1, imfensum M2.
 - 25 c. est M1, potest esse M2.
- 466, 5 dolentis personat M¹, persona M², eos.

- 467, 3 urbs.
 - 31 tumultu vecordi v. v. i. turp. leuc. vultu v. v. i.
- 469, 6 augurem M1, augurer M2.
 - 8 nulla M1, nullum M2.
 - 19 rationem et quam.
 - 22 pappipol.
 - 30 ut ipse cunctet M¹, cunctent M².
 - 32 accingere.
- 470, 17 amplexare M¹, amplexari M².
 - 35 proficisceret proficisceretur M¹, proficisceret pro proficisceretur M².
- 471, 21 populabundos.
- 473, I soror M1, soro M2.
 - 6 pro labo M1, lavo M2.
 - 7 nullum e. i., om. nam.
 - 24 consolare M¹, consolaret M².
- 26 minitaris M¹, minaris M², livius. 474, I mutum et m. s. M¹, mutuet
 - m. s. M².
 6 aeneidos M¹, aennius M².
 - 16 luctatium M¹, lutatium M², reconciliant captivos plurimos idem sicilienses.
 - 25 fatues istudium M¹, fatue si studium M².
- 475, 7 inter me M1, mea M2.
 - 8 promeres pro promereris M¹, pro om. M².
 - 19 partire M1, partiret M2.
 - 27 eandem me suspicionem M¹, me in s. M².
 - 31 usione recredo M¹, usi honere credo M², patienter.
- 476, 15 tota M1, tuta M2.
 - 27 tibi ut M1, t. ita ut M2.

476, 28 ludificata e. h. pro ludificata lepido ero culpam.

477, 4 fac mihi M1, f. tum m. M2.

7 opertis oculis M¹, ita o. o. M². manducantur M¹, manducatur M²

10 ipsum con con manducatur M¹, i. conmanducatum M².

15 misere pro miseret M¹, miseretur pro M², and mg.

16 matris M¹, maris M².

23 vigilat M¹, vigilant M². calant M¹, calent M².

478, 5 meo loco M1, in eo l. M2.

II sed M1, et M2, quae.

21 num M¹, nam M², nutricator oliva.

25 sane caput.

27 et dola a. acomus M^1 , atomus M^2 .

479, 4 maiestrinum M^1 , meiastrinum M^2 .

12 altera ita altera M¹, ita et a. M².

18 evulsa.

21 jam atque ego.

29 antiquitatum rerum divinarum.

480, 1 cubiculo M1, in c. M2.

9 spolor pro spolior M¹, pro spolio M².

12 expoliabatur M¹, expolabatur M².

13 verecundantur M¹, verecundatur M².

17 ruminatur in mg.

481, 10 spectent M1, spectant M2.

28 sceptra M¹, escreptra M².

482, 15 ab eo quod est iter iteris M^1 , itiner itineris M^2 , in mg.

22 gladiis.

24 c. tisis p. e. t. itiner ingressum via M¹, tendere i. m. mi l. a. m. i. M², in mg.

483, 36 deridebant M1, deribant M2.

484, 9 accie M1, acie M2, rimer.

17 m. tullius c. i. a. quicumque M^1 , circumque M^2 .

22 iii M¹, i M².

485, 14 spesque summas.

19 quod M¹, quodquod M², quotquot M³.

30 intra M1, inter M2.

486, 9 luctos M¹, lutos M².

17 noluisti.

21 c. ego i. istasime.

487, 7 lib. vi.

16 advorabili M¹, vorabili M².

488, 9 volverentur M¹, volverunt M².

13 interea loco.

19 tumeor at M¹, tum erat M².

489, 8 sublime volat M¹, sublima evolat M².

17 ego inquit etiam M¹, eam M².

19 gracila est pro gracilis M¹, g. est pro g. est M².

vulcanaliorum d. i. moratur M¹, moratus M².

490, 2 hem q. tumulti exaudii M¹, hoc p. p. q. M², in mg.

17 ferocitate M1, fericitate M2.

20 puellari M1, puellitari M2.

491, 22 soniti et sonu M^1 , soni et sonus M^2 .

29 glutinato glutino M¹, glutinator glutinor M².

(56)

- 492, 8 superciltam i cerstis M^1 , supercilia mi cestis M^2 .
- 493, 5 intemperantias M^1 , intemperias M^2 .
 - 19 verborum M¹, morborum M².
 - 23 maxima fiunt M¹, maximi sunt M².
- 496, 37 in ea mancipato M^1 , idem in emancipato M^2 .
- 497, 14 laevius M1, laelius M2.
 - 16 sed volo.
 - 27 dicis esse M¹, esse om. M².
- 498, to lib. viii.
 - 30 haec M1, hae M2.
 - 31 et prudentiaeque M¹, p. quae M².
- 499, 4 m. a. vivunt plaut. M^1 , pro m. a. vivunt M^2 , in mg.
 - 37 cum illos M1, illo M2.
- 500, 10 ipsa mens.
 - 12 epigrammata M^1 , epigrammatia M^2 .
 - 14 menalippo.
 - 35 lecte ne M1, lecnete M2, duo.
- 501, 9 amori M1, amari M2.
- 502, 2 adulescentia sermone fautorum s. f.
 - 7 videat M1, vivat M2.
 - 17 orant ut.
 - 23 lib. iii alii M¹, ali M².
 - 27 qui sit secundus.
- 503, 6 aula M1, paula M2.
 - 20 mg. aptius virg. fervere leucanten M¹, leucaten M².
 - 29 aere M¹, rere M².
 - 31 desultoribus M¹, desultorio M².
- 504, $\,$ astrici s. f. circumlabitur $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$

- circumlabit M², austri vis circumlavit M³, in mg.
- 7 lavere sanguinem M¹, l. sanguen sanguinem M².
- 17 levere etiam.
- 21 sono M1, seno M2.
- 25 mulieres M¹, mulieris M².
- 505, 22 sed qui M^1 , se qui M^2 .
 - 28 aut qua M¹, quae M², e. a. velaxime verruncen.
- 506, 3 molarium.
 - 8 et furnacium.
 - 15 correpte fulgere M1, c. prof. M2.
 - 27 ac bono.
 - 33 vermionibus M¹, vernionibus M².
 - 34 non possum patior cus est.
 - 37 profringe M1, perfringe M2.
- 508, 19 qui in f. M1, quin f. M2.
- 509, 2 videbo M1, vivebo M2, and M3.
 - 4 deplorabundus deplorans M¹, d. pro d. M².
 - 6 Plaut. in Aul. qui ossa M¹, solet ire—Plaut. in Aul. M², in mg.
 - 26 tuque M1, tuquae M2.
- 510, 9 censoriae M¹, censorie M².
 - 15 pulchrae familiae.
 - 28 prohibiter M1, probiter M2.
 - 29 rapere a M¹, ac M². concedere, strepere? M¹, sapere M².
- 511, I penulo tam seviter (tribus literis erasis post penulo) M¹, aha M², in mg.
 - o similet gnatam ab illo.
 - propritim proprie M¹, p. pro p. M².

130		1,01,102
511,	26	aliquantisper tantisper M1,
		tantisper om. M ² .
	31	paulisper in mg.
	34	quantisper in mg.
512,	25	haeret.
	30	fluxam referas M ¹ , feras M ² .
	35	referunt dum.
513,	24	aspiter, and 25, and mg.
514,		pro pugnus M¹, pugnis M².
	16	humanitas M¹, humanitus M².
	20	memomore M ¹ , memore M ² .
515,	5	verre salbeolo M1, verres al-
		beolo M².
	8	superbiter M1, superviter M2,
		and 9, and 11.
	17	leto M ¹ , lecto M ² .
	18	perplexim lacessam M1, pro
		perplexe—lacessam M², in
		mg.
	23	adorate M ¹ , adorare M ² , ac s.
516,	4	esse M¹, es M², ratus.
	5	restrictim in mg.
	6	ferme M, firme M ² .
	15	furiter M¹, puriter M².
	18	accipere.
	19	verecunditer, and mg.
518,	26	thespiadum M¹, tespiadum
		M^2 .
519,	12	mella M ¹ , male M ² .
		ac si sap. M ¹ , ac si a sap. M ² .
	19	civis M¹, cibis M².
	22	de re rustica.
520,	6	quide ascriptivis M1, quidea
		scriptivis M ² .

521, 11 quae cum. mala rei M1, re M2. 23 me M1, meae M2, miseram. 25 26 m. et vel m. M1, et om. M2, mira vel miracula M3, in mg. ponebant. 28 telefantes M1, telefantas M2. 522. 4 et quidem M1, equidem M2, forum fuisse M1, f. fuisse se M2. 2 I 523, 14 operam M1, operatam M2. digerem M¹, degerem M². laetis M¹, laetus M². 27 id est quod suffragium. 524, 9 promuntoriis M1, promunturiis M2. 525, 17 tampio sedissent autdividi gn. M1, autdividi centum gn. M2. dixerunt M1, dixerint M2, 2 I illos M1, illum M2. 526, 6 eam fatum M1, jam f. M2. 20 iniqui M1, iniqua M2. 33 527, 10 enim M1, etiam M2. 16 aut ut mutatos. hujus M1, hoc M2, invenisset. 28 fidelis ad M1, f. vel ad M2. 528, 4 H. athlaetae M¹, H. atla a. M². picumnus M¹, picuminus M². 18 mercurii M1, mercuri M2. 529, 1 vel labor M¹, labore M². 16 oculos solis M1, loli M2. pignere facto foedera M1, pignera f. foedere M². priusquam quid. 2 I bellum his M1, is M2. antiqui romani lydios M1, 530, 20 lidios M². evitantis M1, vitantis M2. 531, 2

IO

16

non quae t.

hunc habent.

om. M2.

in factis sunt et M1, factis sunt

- daret M1, darent M2. 10
- tertium in s., om. quem. II
- vocabulum forno M1, a forno 20 M^2 .
- 532, п ignomiam, so 5.
 - annuum M1, annum M2.
 - credit M1, crevit M2. 12
 - statilinum M1, and mg., statil-LI linum M2, fabulinum in mg.
 - 16 pontificis M¹, pontifices M².
- 533, 8 hercules M1, hercles M2.
 - versificta M1, versificata M2.
 - hori M1, horia M2. 2 I piscatori M¹, piscatoria M².
 - me apperam M1, mea opera 24 M^2 .
 - recte M1, rete M2.
 - fortiores M¹, portitiores M². 27
- at utique M¹, uti atque M². 31 534, 12
 - remigiis M1, remigis M2.
 - tons illitore M1, illitorem M2. 24
 - 28 gantes M1, grandes M2.
 - in lenunculo. 30
- lib. ii M¹, lib. i M². 535, 4
 - quamquam ad naves, om. id. 14
 - navium M1, navigium M2. 20
- candendis M1, candidis M2. 536, 21 adde M1, addit M2. 25

 - etiam aliis M¹, alis M². 30
- clautice M1, clautica M2, cau-537, latica in mg.
 - vincerentur M1, vincirentur M2. caulaticam M¹, calauticam M².
 - pallae Pallae M1, Pallae om. 16 M^2 .
 - auleae M1, aureae M2.
 - symdonem M1, syndonem M2. plagae M¹, plagula M².

- 2 I plagae.
- 26 medi M1, medici M2.
- olorfyro. 28
- partim. 20
- honesti M1, honeste M2. 30 mulieres M1, mulieris M2.
- consulares M1, consularis M2. 538, 26
 - paludamentum vestis M1, p. est v. M2.
- 539, astari M1, ostari M2. 2
 - clamidas et M1, ed M2. 8
 - auraticae mitrae in mg. 25
 - aliae mitrant M1, mitram M2. 30
- 540, indusiatapatagiata. 5
 - malacis M¹, malicis M².
 - ritam M1, ricam M2. IO
 - te M1, tace M2, tace om. 14 M^3 .
 - hinc indutus. 17
 - mg. plumatile virg. in plu-2 I mam squamis auro conserta tegebat.
 - novius epidico. 24
 - amphytapae M1, amfytapae 26 M², amfytape M³, in mg. hillos M1, billos M2, villos M3.
 - amfyta M1, amfytape M2. 28
 - amfytapoe M1, amfytapi M2. 30
 - amfytabo. 31
- intellecto M1, in lecto M2. 541, I
 - fluii M¹, fluvii M². ΙI
 - tegerentur togae. Praetexta insigne.
 - limbo lari M1, larii M2, alcu-27 larii.
 - mg. flammeum ut Lucanus 28 velabant flammea vultus.
 - cararii M1, carari M2.

1 2

542, I ricinium M^1 , ricinium M^2 , and mg.

2 dicere muliebre.

4 rebus ac luctibus.

23 lib. i.

25 adorbita M¹, ab orbita M². institutio M¹, instituti M².

26 ac lacertis.

28 mg. combomata et parnacidis.

543, 2 pernacidas.

sed est M1, et est M2.

10 figura ter M1, figuratur M2.

544, 3 cuppas M^1 , cupas M^2 , and mg.

4 in conviis.

5 ponebant id est in M¹, in om. M², mori longi cum operculo ad cupas.

12 quae deinde M1, inde M2.

19 mg. polybrum grece cerniba aqua manale antiqui trullum.

23 simpuum M^1 , simpuium M^2 , and mg.

545, 3 calitias M¹, calicis M².

mg. matula dolia apothecas
melicas calenas calices.

6 cantharus M¹, cantarus M².

7 gravi M¹, gravis M².

ria M². and mg., carna-

16 bacyola M1, batyola M2.

23 argento atque aspera M¹, atque om. M².

25 aquiline pater aeguti M¹, paterae guti M².

28 crateras vasa M^1 , and mg, crateres M^2 .

29 statuam M¹, tantum M².

546, 3 areas M^1 , oreas M^2 , and mg.

8 ex sese M1, exsesse M2.

11 mg. patellae patinae salinum saliniacae.

19 tertius hinc M1, hic M2.

547, 5 massiternam M^1 , nassiternam M^2 .

6 parata jus M1, ejus M2.

18 sinu M¹, sinum M².

19 lepiste, mg. lapiste.

21 finis M1, fanis M2.

pauperibus M¹, pauperioribus M².

files M¹, fictiles M².

22 haenae M¹, haeneae M².

24 in se M^1 , inter se M^2 .

25 fonte M1, ponte M2.

548, 2 creterrae lucis.

15 molochina M¹, molichina M². amperinata M¹, amperina M².

16 institutores M¹, and mg., institutores M².
colores M¹, coloris M².

10 quem nunc dicimus.

20 impluiata M1, impluviata M2.

23 pinguia lateola M¹, luteola M², vacchinia.

29 malitiis, mg. malachium.

30 cartulam?

31 cartula est.

549, 2 plumatile aut cumatile.

3 volunt fere M1, vere M2.

7 habes M1, habeas M2.

17 ardebant m. lenae M¹, ardebat m. lena M².

23 non sunt aequae ut lutea.

28 mg. violacia.

- 29 violarii cariarii M1, cariari M2.
- 30 mg. pullus fuscus ut virg. infuscet vellera pullis.
- 550, 12 lapadium, mg. lapatium.
 - 21 nascitur cium M¹, nasturcium M².
- 551, 3 ocinum M1, ocimum M2.
 - 8 Loram dicebant, tanquam novum lemma.
 - mg. loram vinaciam aqua dilutam.
 - 12 into M1, cito M2.
 - 15 defretum M¹, defritum M².
 mg. samiam, defritum, passum, murmurinam.
 - 20 redigerant M1, redegerant M2.
 - 24 moriolam, mg. muriolam.
 - 25 muriolam, ex uvi M¹, ex uvis
- 552, II inmittier M1, inmitter M2,
 - 12 revortit quoniam.
 - 16 cebro M¹, crebro M².
 - 20 vigisti plautras corris M¹, viginti plautra coriis M².
 - 28 velitis M¹, velites M².
 - 30 quem rutundis M1, cum r. M2.
- 553, 6 rorari, mg. rorarii.
 - 8 antesignorum M^1 , antesignanorum M^2 .
 - proprietates M¹, proprietas M².
 - 12 fundis magis.
 - 17 est plumbi M¹, plumbum M², mg. plumbum in formam gladis.

- 23 nacti.
- 26 tracula M¹, tragula M², and mg.
- 554, I vulcioque M¹, vulscioque M².
 - 8 mg. sparos lancea rustica de qua virg. agrestisque sparos.
 - 10 ut quemque.
 - 12 mg. falerae ornamenta bellica.
 - 13 si restitui et M¹, restui et M².
 - 18 uminibus M¹, viminibus M².
 - 19 fuere ad ea M1, fuerat ea M2.
 - 20 parmae equestri M¹, equestris M².
 - 27 verrutum M¹, verutum M².
 - 28 ingentia turbae saxae.
- 555, I eminebant M¹, minebant M². erigi M¹, and mg., hirci M².
 - 4 verrutus ab artem.
 - 9 mg. gesa M1, cesa M2.
 - 14 falerica M¹, falarica M².
 - 18 q. validae v. fallarica M¹, falarica M², missa.
 - 20 sparum, mg. sparus.
 - 35 suis silvaticos.
- 556, 5 mater et a M^1 , matereta M^2 gravia b., om. tela.
 - 6 alii M1, ali M2.
 - 8 manipulis parte M¹, manipuli spartei M².
 - 11—13 legi non potest.
 - 14 catafracti.
 - e6 qui a cesa M1, qui cesa M2.
 - 27 agrippae quae M¹, qui M².
- 557, 5 legi non potest.
 - 7 fratrum matris.



Anecdota Oxoniensia

TEXTS, DOCUMENTS, AND EXTRACTS

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ARISTOTLE'S PHYSICS, BOOK VII

COLLATED BY

RICHARD SHUTE, M.A.



Oxford

AT THE CLARENDON PRESS

1882

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ARISTOTLE'S PHYSICS

BOOK VII

A TRANSCRIPT OF THE PARIS MS. 1859

COLLATED WITH THE PARIS MSS. 1861 AND 2633

A MANUSCRIPT IN THE BODLEIAN LIBRARY

WITH

AN INTRODUCTORY ACCOUNT OF THESE MANUSCRIPTS

BY

RICHARD SHUTE, M.A.

SENIOR STUDENT AND TUTOR OF CHRIST CHURCH



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ARISTOTLE'S PHYSICS. BOOK VII.

PARIS AND BODLEIAN MSS.

VERY soon after the publication of the Berlin edition of Aristotle, Spengel proved that the text of the first and of the earlier part of the second chapters given in that edition belonged to what Simplicius calls the second text of that book. Spengel himself unearthed and published the missing first text for these portions of the book, which existed in a note of Sylburg's, quoting from an edition of Morel's. This edition Spengel calls the edition of 1561, and says that he has been unable to obtain sight of a copy of it. The book is in the Bodleian Library. The body of the text follows the Vulgate. The first text is given in a note at the end of the volume, as taken from a variant MS. Spengel stated further that this first text would be found in the Paris MSS. numbered 1859, 1861, and 2033; but this statement seems to rest on that of Bekker, who says that the first text is to be found entire

(I) B

¹ Spengel, Abhall. d. philos. I. Cl. k. bayer. Akad. d. Wiss. vol. iii. pp. 305–349.

2 The book is a quarto containing at the beginning two unnumbered leaves. The first of these leaves bears the title-page, which runs as follows:—APISTOTEΛΟΥΣ | φυσικοῦ ἀκροάσως βιβλία Θ | περὶ ψορανοῦ, Δ | περὶ γενέσεως καὶ φθορᾶς, Β | μετκυρολογικῶν Δ | περὶ ψοχῆς, Γ | περὶ αἰσθήσεως καὶ αἰσθητῶν, περὶ μιτριμης καὶ ἀναμνήσεως, πε | ρὶ ὑπονο καὶ ἐγρηγόρσεως, περὶ ἐνυπνίων, καὶ περὶ τὴς καὶ ὁ ὑπον | μαντικῆς, περὶ νεότητος καὶ γήρως, ζωῆς καὶ θανάσου, καὶ περὶ ἀναπνοῆς, περὶ μακροβιότητος καὶ βραχυβιότητος | Aristotelis Commentationum De Na | tura lib, viii. De coelo iiii. De ortu et | interitu ii. Meteorologicorum iiii. De animâ iii. Parva quae dicuntur naturalia | βασιλεῖ τὰ γάγσῶς κρατρῶ τὰ ἀιγμητῆ. | Parisis MD. LXI | Apud Guil. Morelium in Græcis | typographum Regium. The second leaf contains three spurious epistles from Philip to Aristotle, from Alexander to Aristotle, and from Aristotle to Alexander. The book is then paged to the end of the Physics, 182 pp.; the paging begins afresh with the De Cœlo, 66 pp.; smilarly with the De Ortu et Interitu, 50 pp.; again with the Meteorologica, 116 pp.; yet again with the De Animâ, 70 pp.; and lastly with the Parva Naturalia, 94 pp. There follow six unpaged leaves of notes, on the reverse of the last of which is the following colophon:—EXCVDEBAT GVIL MORE | LIVS IN GRÆCIS TYPO | GRAPHVS RE-GIVS, PARI | SIIS. MD.LVI CAL SEPT. The MD.LVI may possibly be a misprint for MDLXI, which would reconcile the colophon with the detached treatises were finally put together.

in these MSS., though he himself can only have collated them (if at all) for chapters 2 and 3; since he is, as we have seen, at the time of the publication of the Berlin Edition, ignorant of the very existence of a distinct first text for chapter 1 and the earlier part of chapter 2. Moreover, as we shall find, he has certainly not collated chapters 4 and 5 in any of these MSS.¹

Since the date of this discovery of Spengel's all subsequent editions, including the smaller text of Bekker, have given the first text of the earlier part of the book as it appears in Spengel's paper. No one apparently has collated the three Paris MSS., and no one has discussed the question as to whether the fourth and fifth chapters of the book, as given in the Berlin text, belong to the first or the second text; though Simplicius, the latest but, for this book, the only trustworthy Greek commentator on the Aristotelian Physics, states distinctly that the two texts run throughout the book, and further, that in all cases the first is of greater authority than the second.

Prantl, the latest editor of the *Physics*, does indeed refer repeatedly to 'codd.' in his apparatus criticus in the first part of the book: but, as he never vouchsafes to tell us which of the three MSS. this plural reference points to; as, further, these codices are not always in agreement on the readings so referred to; and as more than once no one of them has the text as he gives it, we are forced to the conclusion that his 'codd.' means nothing more than the thrice-reprinted text of Spengel, with which, as far as I can discover, his text, allowing for the emendations which he makes himself or adopts from other scholars, is exactly in accordance. It is of course possible that he may have either himself looked up one or two marked passages in these MSS., or have entrusted this task to some scholar resident in Paris; but of this there is no direct evidence, while there is the strongest proof that he can never have read the latter chapters of the book in any of these three MSS.

I am concerned to prove that these MSS, give throughout the

¹ In his smaller edition of the Physics (Berlin, 1843) Bekker gives the first version of the first part of the book with a reference to Spengel's article, relegating the second version to small type throughout the first three chapters; but as there is no apparatus criticus to that edition no fresh information is given,

book the first text as known to Simplicius, or at least one much more nearly resembling it than is to be found in any of Bekker's MSS.

Of the three Paris MSS, by far the most important is that numbered 1850. It is a fourteenth-century MS., very carefully and accurately written. It has very few mistakes, though naturally a certain number of omissions, generally by reason of an δμοιοτέλευτου. These omissions are however, with a single exception, corrected in the margin by what seems to be the same hand, at all events by a hand of the same century. This MS, differs from the other two Paris MSS, (and from an Oxford MS, to which I shall refer later) much more widely than these three differ from each other. This MS, is also by far the nearest of the four to Morel's text, differing from it only nine times in the portion covered by Morel's quotation; two or three of these points of difference are definitely mistakes in Morel's text; one is due to his insertion of a marginale; and the remaining differences, though not to be accounted for on these grounds, are not so wide or important as to justify us in discarding the conclusion, otherwise very probable, that Morel used this MS, in that portion of his edition.

Next in importance comes the MS. numbered Paris 2033, which, as is twice stated in different parts of the MS., was copied in Crete, after the fall of Constantinople, by Michael Apostoles. The handwriting is beautiful, but the MS. seems to have been copied from a much worse original than MS. 1859, and in two or three cases inserts sentences or parts of sentences from the second text.

Paris 1861 comes very close to 2033, and generally, but not invariably, follows it in its errors and insertions from the second text. It is a sixteenth-century MS., and on the whole does not seem to be a direct copy of 2033, but rather to be derived from a common archetype, probably nearly coeval with, but certainly inferior to, Paris 1859.

Lastly, there is in the Bodleian Library at Oxford a MS. (Misc. ccxxxviii), most carelessly copied and several times corrected from MSS. of the second text, which none the less in its general tenor follows the text of the three Paris MSS., approximating most nearly to Paris 2033, though in some striking readings it agrees with Paris 1859 against the readings of the other two MSS.

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The general relations of these MSS, may be estimated by the following table:—

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A stands alone against BCD 55 times.
Denoting Paris 1850
                            by A
        Paris 1861
                            "В
                                   В
                                                      ACD 17
                                                       ABD
        Paris 2033
                             ., С
                                   C
        Bodleian Misc. ccxxxviii., D
                                   D
                                                       ABC 44
                                   AB stand against
                                                     . CD
                                   AD ,, ,,
```

Lastly, there are two cases of triple readings A.D.BC, and A.C.BD.

Though the number of times when D stands alone as against the other three MSS. is not far short of that in which A stands alone, yet the importance of the variants in the cases where D is unique is far inferior to that of those where A is unique. The majority of unique readings in D are simple errors, and do not militate against the general law that B C D constitute one sub-group, and that A is the solitary representative of another.

As to these MSS. as a whole. It is universally admitted that they are the only MSS. which give us the genuine first text for the first chapter and the earlier part of the second. With regard, then, to this portion of the book, there is little to note, since here our MSS. have the field to themselves; and, though they differ in certain points from Morel's text, these differences are individually of slight importance.

Little also need be said of the third chapter, though for a somewhat different reason. Here our MSS, also indisputably give the first text; but here they do not stand alone. A considerable number of other MSS, give the correct text for either a large part or the whole of this chapter, and for the latter part of the second chapter. Each separate MS, and each family of MSS, has of course its peculiar errors, and therefore a text may be constituted from the comparison of them all which is superior in accuracy to any of them taken singly, and even to any single group. The Berlin text of this third chapter stands in this position. It differs not greatly from our MSS, but is probably superior in accuracy to them and to any other single group.

It is with regard to the fourth and fifth chapters that the question of the authority of these MSS, assumes the greatest importance.

Here, as we have seen, the Berlin and all subsequent editions give only a single text, though we have Simplicius' authority for the existence of a double text throughout. I believe that the text given in all these editions is a mixture of the two known to Simplicius, probably more closely approaching the first than the second, while our four MSS. either give the true first text throughout or at least with very slight intermixture of the second.

This I hold to be distinctly proveable of the fourth chapter, while with regard to the fifth the matter is less certain, since in that chapter Simplicius quotes less frequently than usual the *ipsissima verba* of Aristotle; but even there the balance of evidence is definitely, though slightly, in favour of our four MSS.

I shall therefore in this introduction limit myself to citing passages from these two latter chapters, as to which only there is any doubt of the superiority of our MSS.; and shall attempt to establish that, in cases of divergence between these MSS. and the Berlin text, the former are always, or almost always, nearer the first text of Aristotle as it was known to Simplicius.

Here the easier reading is undoubtedly that of Alexander, which is substantially the same as that of the second text; but, for that very reason, we should prefer the second reading given by Simplicius as

equally belonging to MSS. of the first text, which also appears in our four MSS.

If one reading be found only in MSS. of the first text, while the other is, with slight variation, common to one family of MSS. of the first text and to all those of the second, we have some ground at least for assuming that the reading common to the first and second text is a correction from the latter into the former; while the reading which occurs only in MSS. of the first text is likely to be the original reading of that text. From this passage, however, and from another to which we shall call attention later, we have some reason for doubting whether the distinction between the first and second texts of this book was so sharply drawn in the days of Alexander as it was at the time of the commentary of Simplicius.

A still more important passage occurs in lines 17-19 of the same page. Here we have—

Berlin text.

ἀλλ' ἐνίων καὶ οἱ λόγοι όμώνυμοι οἷον εὶ λέγοι τις ὅτι τὸ πολὺ τὸ τοσοῦτον καὶ ἔτι ἄλλο τὸ τοσοῦτον, καὶ τὸ ἴσον όμώνυμον, καὶ τὸ ἐν δέ, εἰ ἔτυχεν, εὐθὺς όμώνυμον.

Our four MSS.

ἀλλ' ἐνίων καὶ οἱ λόγοι ὁμώνυμοι, οἶον εἰ λέγοι τις ὅτι¹ πολὺ τὸ τοσοῦτον καὶ ἔτι, καὶ τὸ διπλάσιον τόσου, ἀλλὰ τὸ τοσοῦτον καὶ τὸ ἴσον ὁμώνυμον, καὶ τὸ ἐν δέ, εἰ εὐθὺς ἔτυχεν, ὁμώνυμον.

The words of Simplicius are, δ γὰρ λόγος τοῦ πολλοῦ δ λέγων ὅτι πολύ ἐστι τὸ τοσοῦτον καὶ ἔτι, δμώνυμος καὶ αὐτός ἐστιν. ἄλλο γὰρ τῷ εἴδει τὸ ἐν ὕδατι τοσοῦτον καὶ ἔτι, καὶ ἄλλο τὸ ἐν ἀέρι, καὶ ὁ τοῦ διπλασίου δὲ λόγος δ λέγων δύο πρὸς $\hat{\epsilon}$ ν δμώνυμός ἐστι. καὶ γὰρ τὸ $\hat{\epsilon}$ ν αὐτὸ δμώνυμόν ἐστιν. (Fol. 252 b.)

Two things here are sufficiently clear. First, that both versions of the text are corrupt; secondly, that Simplicius has got the reading of our four MSS. and not that of Bekker's text. What the true reading may be, it is difficult to conjecture. It may possibly have been something of this kind: Οἷον εὶ λέγοι τις ὅτι πολὺ τὸ τοσοῦτον καὶ ἔτι ὅτι διπλάσιον τόσον. ἀλλὰ τὸ τοσοῦτον καὶ τὸ διπλάσιον καὶ τὸ ἴσον ὁμώννμα, καὶ τὸ ἐν δὲ εὐθὺς, εἰ ἔτυχεν, ὁμώννμον. I am inclined to omit the article before διπλάσιον, and thus make τὸ τοσοῦτον the subject of both asser-

tions $(\pi o \lambda \acute{v} \ \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \ \tau \acute{o} \ \tau o \sigma o \vartheta \tau o \tau -\tau \acute{o} \ \tau o \sigma o \vartheta \tau o \tau \circ \delta \iota \pi \lambda \acute{a} \sigma \iota o \tau \ \acute{e} \sigma \tau \iota)$. It seems to me that this omission makes the line of argument clearer and more intelligible. If the article before $\delta \iota \pi \lambda \acute{a} \sigma \iota o \tau$ is (as I think) a mere copyist's error for $\~\sigma \iota$, then the inserted $\kappa a \iota$ would be a very natural emendation of a subsequent editor.

The MSS. followed by the Berlin text seem to me to represent a later and post-Simplician attempt to remedy the evil by omitting words which, in their corrupted form, were devoid of sense.

In the twenty-fourth line of this page

The Berlin text has καὶ κατὰ μέγεθος ὡσαύτως.

Our MSS. and Simplicius write καὶ κατὰ τὸ μέγεθος ὡσαύτως.

In the fifteenth line of the page 249 a

The Berlin text has δ μὲν γὰρ χρόνος ἀεὶ ἄτομος τῷ εἴδει. ἢ ἄμα κἀκεῖνα εἴδει διαφέρει. Our MSS. and Bekker's F give δ μὲν γὰρ χρόνος δ αὐτὸς ἀεὶ ἄτομος τῷ εἴδει. ἡ ἄμα κἀκείνα εἴδει διαφέρει.

In this case the best reading known to Simplicius, and perhaps to Alexander, differs widely from either of these readings. There is no trace of the reading of the Berlin text; but Simplicius tells us that one of the readings acknowledged by Alexander is that which we now find in our MSS, and in Bekker's F (Simplicius, fol. 253 b). Simplicius himself says that this reading really belongs to the second text; but if so, it must have been inserted into some MSS, of the first text before the time of Alexander, and Alexander himself was apparently unaware of its doubtful origin. But is this not rather a proof of the supposition which we before referred to, that the distinction between the two texts is not so precise in the time of Alexander as in that of Simplicius?

A few words later (l. 17) there occurs a passage where our MSS. are certainly incorrect, but where their error gives us a most valuable hint towards the restoration of the correct text. In this place the words are

In the Berlin text.

ἔτι δ' ἐὰν ὧ, οἶον εὶ πόδες, βάδισις, εὶ δὲ π τέρυγες, π τῆσις, \dagger οὐ, ἀλλὰ τοῖς σ_{χ} ήμασιν \dagger φορὰ ἄλλη.

In our MSS.

ὅτε δ' ἐν ῷ οὐ ἀλλὰ τοῖς σχήμασιν ἡ φορὰ ἄλλη.

The true reading here is $\xi \tau \iota$ δ ' $\hat{a}v$ $\delta \iota'$ $o\hat{v}$, $o\hat{l}ov$ $\epsilon \iota$ $d\delta \xi \varepsilon$, $\beta d\delta \iota \sigma \iota s$, $\epsilon \iota$ $\delta \varepsilon$ $\pi \tau \ell \rho v \rho \varepsilon$, $\pi \tau \hat{\eta} \sigma \iota s$, $\hat{\eta}$ $o\check{v}$, $\hat{d}\lambda \lambda \hat{d}$ $\tau \sigma \hat{\iota}s$ $\sigma \chi \hat{\eta} \mu a \sigma \iota v$ $\hat{\eta}$ $\phi \rho \rho \lambda$ $\hat{d}\lambda \lambda \eta$, which is given in Cod. K (Bekker), and is supported by the authority of Simplicius, fol. 254 a. It seems likely that the homoioteleuton $(o\hat{v}, o\hat{v})$ caused the omission of the words $o\hat{v}$, $o\hat{\iota}ov$ $\epsilon \iota$ $\pi d\delta \varepsilon s$, $\beta d\delta \iota \sigma \iota s$, $\epsilon \iota$ $\delta \varepsilon$ $\pi \tau \ell \rho v \rho \varepsilon s$ $\pi \tau \hat{\eta} \sigma \iota s$, $\hat{\eta}$ in the archetype of our family of MSS., and that the words $\varepsilon \tau \iota$ δ ' $\hat{a}v$ $\delta \iota'$, now meaningless, were then altered into $\varepsilon \tau \iota$ δ ' $\hat{\epsilon}v$ $\hat{\phi}$, in some attempt to correct the text (the truncated $\delta \iota$ ' would naturally be taken for a mistaken repetition of the δ ' immediately preceding). The $\delta \tau \iota$ for $\delta \tau \iota$ is obviously a mere later copyist's slip. The MSS. followed by Bekker probably give a case of the insertion of the words omitted from some correct MS. into one which had the imperfect reading of our MSS., in which insertion, as often happens, the insertor did not notice that a correction, as well as an insertion, was necessary in order to bring his text into conformity with the more correct MS.

In lines 30-31 of the same page

The Berlin text gives ἔστι τὸν μὲν ταχὺ τὸν δὲ Βραδέως ἰαθῆναι. Our MSS.
ἔστι¹ δὲ τὸν μὲν ταχέως
τὸν δὲ βραδέως ὶαθῆναι.

Simplicius, fol. 254 (2nd) a. ἔστι γὰρ τὸν μὲν ταχέως λαθῆναι τὸν δὲ βραδέως.

In page 249 b, l. 4.

Berlin text.

ἀλλ' ἔστω ἰσοταχὲς τὸ ἐν ἴσφ χρόνφ τὸ αὐτὸ μεταβάλλον. Our MSS.

άλλ' ἔστω τὸ² τὸ αὐτὸ μεταβάλλειν ἐν ἴσφ χρόνφ Ισοταγές. Simplicius, fol. 254 (2nd) 2. ἔστω, φησὶν, ἰσοταχὲς εἶναι ἐπὶ ἀλλοιώσεως τὸ τὸ αὐτὸ μεταβάλλειν ἐν τῷ ἴσω χρόνω.

1. 14.

Berlin text.

ἀλλὰ δἡ πότερον εἰς τὸ πάθος δεῖ βλέψαι, ἐὰν ἢ ταὐτὸν ἡ ὅμοιον, εἰ ἀσσταχεῖς αἱ ἀλλοιώσεις, ἡ εἰς τὸ ἀλλοιούμενον, οἶον εἰ τοῦ μὲν τοσονδὶ λελεύκανται τοῦ δὲ τοσονδί; ἡ εἰς ἄμφω, καὶ ἡ αὐτἡ μὲν ἡ ἄλλη τῷ πάθει εἰ τὸ αὐτό. MS. Paris 1859.

ἀλλὰ δὴ πότερον εἶς τὸ πάθος δεῖ βλέψαι, ἐὰν ἢ τὸ αὐτὸ ἢ ὅμοιον, εἰ ἰσοταχεῖς αἱ ἀλλοιώσεις, ἢ εἶς τὸ ἀλλοιούμενον, οἶον εἰ τοῦ μὲν τοσονδὶ λελεύκανται, τοῦ δὲ τοσονδί; ἢ εἶς ἄμφω καὶ εἰ αὐτὴ μὲν ἢ ἄλλη τῷ πάθει εἰ τὸ αὐτό.

¹ ἔχει Paris 1861 and Paris 2033 by a clerical error.
² τὸ om. Paris 1861 and Paris 2033.

The right reading of the last line but one of this passage is to be arrived at by combining that of the Berlin text with that of MS. Paris 1859. For this right reading is $\kappa a \hat{l} \in \hat{l} \hat{\eta} = a \hat{l} \hat{\eta} = a \hat{l} \hat{l} \hat{l} = a \hat{l} \hat{l} = a \hat{l} \hat{l} = a \hat{l}$

So far for the fourth chapter, as to which, I think, our instances show sufficiently that the text of these four MSS. represents an older and more consistent family than that of the Berlin edition. With regard to the fifth chapter, the case, as I before said, is more doubtful. The differences between the text of this chapter and that of the Berlin edition are much more frequent than those of the preceding chapters, but they are rarely of much importance; and it is usually quite impossible to cite the authority of Simplicius on one side or the other, since, as we have noticed, in this chapter he but rarely quotes the words of Aristotle, while the unimportance of the differences between the two texts makes it almost impossible to infer from his commentary which of two variants he had before him. Often, moreover, in this chapter we find that he is following a reading clearly different from any known to us.

As to the difference between the two texts generally, we may say, that whereas our four MSS. usually give us both the letter acting as symbol for some quantity and the name of that order of things of which it is a quantity— $\tau o \hat{v}$ B $\beta \acute{a}\rho o v s \ldots \tau o \hat{v}$ $\Delta \chi \rho \acute{o}v o v$, etc.—the MSS. followed by the Berlin text omit either the one or the other— $\mathring{\eta}$ $\mathring{a}\mathring{v}\mathring{\tau}\mathring{\eta}$ $\mathring{b}\mathring{v}v a \mu \iota s$ $\mathring{\tau}\mathring{o}$ $\mathring{a}\mathring{o}\mathring{\tau}\mathring{o}$ $\mathring{v}v$ $\tau \varphi \mathring{o}\mathring{v}$ $\tau \varphi \mathring{o}v \varphi$ $\tau o \sigma \eta v \mathring{o}\mathring{v}$ $\kappa \iota v \epsilon \hat{\iota}$, p. 250 c, ll. 4–5, and conversely, $\mathring{\tau}\mathring{o}$ E $\mathring{\tau}\mathring{o}$ Z $\kappa \iota v \epsilon \mathring{\iota}$ $\mathring{\epsilon}v$ $\tau \mathring{\varphi}$ $\Delta \tau \mathring{\eta}v$ Γ , l. 10. But in these latter MSS. there is an explanatory sentence, $\mathring{o}\iota v v \tau \mathring{\eta}s$ A $\mathring{o}\upsilon v \mathring{a}\iota \varphi \iota v \varphi \mathring{o}\iota v$ $\mathring{\eta}\iota \iota \iota v \iota v \mathring{\eta}\iota \iota v$ $\mathring{\iota}\iota v \iota v \iota v \iota v \iota v$. This sentence is not wanted in our MSS., and does not appear there. At first

sight the explanatory words inserted in our MSS. look like glosses which have crept into the text, but the fact of the absence of this sentence in these MSS. shows us the two versions as two different methods of arriving at the same result. I doubt much whether the one method can be proved to be more Aristotelian than the other.

There are only two passages in this chapter where the words of Simplicius help us at all to a judgment between the two texts.

The first occurs in Il. 9-12 of p. 250 of the Berlin text.

Berlin text. $\kappa \vec{\alpha} \stackrel{?}{\epsilon} \vec{\epsilon} \stackrel{?}{\tau} \stackrel{?}{\delta} E \stackrel{?}{\tau} \stackrel{?}{\delta} Z \kappa \iota \nu \hat{\epsilon} \stackrel{?}{\epsilon} \stackrel{?}{\epsilon} \nu$ $\tau \vec{\phi} \stackrel{?}{\Delta} \tau \vec{\eta} \nu \Gamma$, $\vec{o} \vec{\nu} \kappa \stackrel{?}{d} \nu \vec{\alpha} \gamma \kappa \eta \stackrel{?}{\epsilon} \nu$ $\tau \vec{\phi} \stackrel{?}{\iota} \vec{\sigma} \vec{\phi} \chi \rho \vec{o} \nu \vec{\phi} \stackrel{?}{\tau} \stackrel{?}{\delta} \stackrel{?}{\epsilon} \stackrel{?}{\sigma} \stackrel{?}{\delta} \vec{\nu}$ $\vec{\tau} \stackrel{?}{\delta} \vec{\nu} \vec{\lambda} \vec{\alpha} \vec{\nu} \vec{\nu} \vec{\nu} \vec{\tau} \vec{\nu} \vec{\nu}$ $\vec{\eta} \mu \vec{\mu} \vec{\sigma} \vec{\epsilon} \vec{\alpha} \vec{\nu} \vec{\tau} \vec{\eta} \vec{\nu} \stackrel{?}{\epsilon} \vec{\nu}$ Our four MSS. $\kappa \alpha i \epsilon i \ \tau \delta \ E \ \tau \delta \ Z \ \kappa \iota \iota \epsilon i \epsilon \nu$ $\tau \hat{\varphi} \ \Delta \chi \rho \delta \nu \varphi \ \tau \dot{\eta} \nu \ \Gamma \ \tau \delta \ \mu \hat{\eta} \kappa \sigma s$, $\sigma \delta \kappa \ \dot{\sigma} \nu \dot{\alpha} \gamma \kappa \eta \ \dot{\epsilon} \nu \ i \sigma \varphi \ \chi \rho \delta \nu \varphi^{1}$ $\tau \delta \ \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\varphi}^{i} \ o \delta \ \tau \delta \ E^{2} \ \tau \delta \ \delta \iota \pi \lambda \dot{\alpha} \sigma \iota \sigma \nu$ $\tau \sigma \hat{\iota} Z \ \beta \dot{\alpha} \rho \sigma \iota S \ \kappa \iota \iota \nu \dot{\epsilon} \nu \ \tau \dot{\eta} \nu \ \dot{\eta} \mu \dot{\iota} - \sigma \dot{\epsilon} \iota \alpha \nu \ \tau \dot{\eta} s \ \Gamma$. Simplicius, fol. 256 (3rd) b. $\kappa a i \in i \ \tau \delta \ E \ \tau \delta \ Z \ \kappa \iota \nu \epsilon i \ \epsilon \nu$ $\tau \tilde{\varphi} \ \Delta \chi \rho \delta \nu \varphi \ \tau h \nu \ \Gamma$, οὐκ ἀνάγκη $\dot{\epsilon} \nu \ \tau \tilde{\varphi} \ i \sigma \varphi \ \chi \rho \delta \nu \varphi \ \tau \delta \ \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\varphi} \ o \dot{\delta}$ $\tau \delta \ E \ \delta \iota \pi \lambda \delta \sigma \iota o \nu \ \tau o \dot{\nu} \ Z \ \beta \delta \rho o \upsilon s$ $\kappa \iota \nu \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu \ \tau \dot{\eta} \nu \ \dot{\eta} \mu \iota \sigma \epsilon \iota a \nu \ \tau \dot{\eta} s \ \Gamma$.

The Aldine text of Simplicius gives the last few words in the form $\tau \hat{\eta} \nu \hat{\eta} \mu l \sigma \epsilon \iota \alpha v \tau \hat{\eta} s$ Γ , which is obviously merely a misprint. It is to be noticed that the reading here given from Simplicius is not the one which he follows in his commentary, which was apparently quite different from either of our two texts; but he himself prefers the reading I have quoted. The evidence, then, of this passage is, as far as it goes, in favour of our MSS, but I do not think much weight can be attached to it, since in a case of this kind variations of text would be almost necessary from the very beginning, it being purely an indifferent matter whether the sentence should be written in the one form or the other. Nor do I lay much stress on the fact that in several places throughout the chapter the commentary of Simplicius comes much nearer to our MSS, than to the Berlin text, for it might be argued that the glosses of Simplicius himself, or of some other commentator, had crept into the text.

The remaining passage, however, is of more importance. It is that in which Aristotle examines the paralogism of Zeno as to the falling medimnus of corn.

The two versions here are

¹ Bodleian MS. omits χρόνφ.

 $^{^{2}}$ Z; Paris 1859 by clerical error B; so also Bodleian.

Berlin text.

Διὰ τοῦτο ὁ Ζήνωνος λόγος οὐκ ἀληθής, ὡς ψοφεῖ τῆς κέγχρου ότιοῦν μέρος. οὐδὲν γὰρ κωλύει μὴ κινεῖν τὸν ἀέρα ἐν μηδενὶ χρόνῳ τοῦτον ὃν ἐκίνησεν ἐμπεσὼν ὁ ὅλος μέδιμνος. Our four MSS.

Καὶ διὰ τοῦτο Ζήνωνος λόγος οἰκ ἀληθής ώς ψοφεῖ τῆς κέγχρου ότιοῦν μέρος, οἰδὲν γὰρ κωλύει μὴ κινεῖν τὸν ἀέρα ἐν μηδενὶ χρόνω τοῦτον ὸν ἐκίνησε πεσὼν ὁ ὅλος μέδιμνος.

In this passage it seems to me that the reading $\frac{\partial \mu \pi \epsilon \sigma \omega \nu}{\partial \nu}$ cannot possibly be defended; for Aristotle is not speaking of that upon or into which the medimnus falls, but of the air through which it falls. It is not even clear whether the noise of which he speaks is that of the fall upon the earth, or merely the entirely different and equally real noise of the fall through the air, but in either case he is thinking merely of that air which is the instrument of both sounds alike. Simplicius here reads $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \pi \epsilon \sigma \omega \nu$, which differs from the reading of our four MSS. only in being a little more precise; but Simplicius is here quoting the words of Zeno himself; and it seems probable that Aristotle, who is not quoting Zeno, but arguing against him, may have preferred to put the argument in the wider rather than in the narrower form.

The result, then, of our inquiry is, that whereas it is universally admitted by scholars that these MSS. alone give the true first text unbroken for the first three chapters of this book, the evidence of Simplicius is strongly in favour of the belief that the same thing is true of the fourth chapter; while as to the fifth chapter, we should, were the evidence between the two texts exactly balanced, be naturally and rightly inclined to prefer the claims of the four MSS, which give us the correct text throughout the rest of the book. But as a matter of fact, even as to this chapter, the balance of evidence is definitely, though but slightly, in favour of our four MSS. Hence, I think, we may safely conclude we have before us in these MSS, a nearly correct representation of the first text of the seventh book as it was known to Simplicius.

But it is not only with regard to the seventh book that the question of the comparative authority of these MSS. is of importance. Throughout the whole of the Physics these MSS., and especially Paris 1859, give a number of variants which usually accord better with

the words of Themistius, Simplicius, and Johannes Philoponus, than those of any MS. quoted by Bekker, though they often nearly approach the readings of the Aldine Editio Princeps. The resemblance to Simplicius is throughout closest, but it is not one which can give rise to the supposition that these MSS. spring from an archetype which was corrected from Simplicius himself, as this resemblance is usually one rather of meaning than of phrase. Of this resemblance I will give only one example.

In the first book, p. 188 a, ll. 19-25, Aristotle is concerned to prove that almost all philosophers have in some sense or other assumed opposition as a necessary factor in the evolution of the universe. The words with which the chapter (v.) begins in the Berlin text are as follows:—

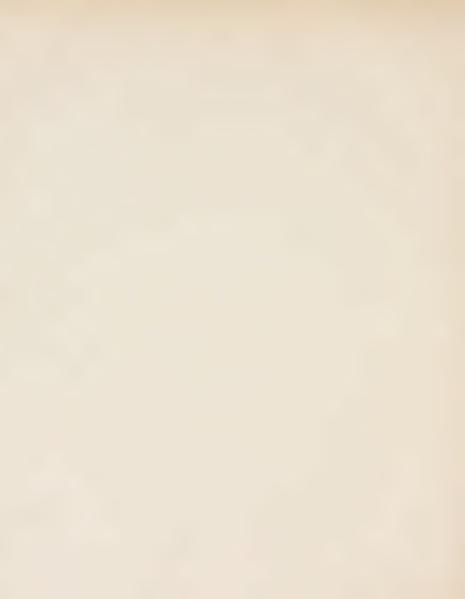
Πάντες δὴ τἀναντία ἀρχὰς ποιοῦσιν οἴ τε λέγοντες ὅτι ἐν τὸ πᾶν καὶ μὴ κινούμενον (καὶ γὰρ Παρμενίδης θερμὸν καὶ ψυχρὸν ἀρχὰς ποιεῖ, ταῦτα δὲ προσαγορεύει πῦρ καὶ γῆν) καὶ οἱ μανὸν καὶ πυκνόν, καὶ Δημόκριτος τὸ στερεὸν καὶ κενόν, ὧν τὸ μὲν ὡς ὂν τὸ δ᾽ ὡς μὴ ὂν εἶναί φησιν' ἔτι θέσει, σχήματι, τάξει. ταῦτα δὲ γένη ἐναντίων' θέσεως ἄνω κάτω, πρόσθεν ὅπισθεν, σχήματος γωνία εὐθὺ περιφερές.

In the apparatus criticus it is noted that the MSS. F and I read γεγωνιωμένον for γωνία. But it is perfectly clear that according to either reading the text is defective. For we obviously need a contrary to γεγωνιωμένον or γωνία. Bekker, with too much reliance on the authority of E, has not troubled himself about the absurdity of the passage, in which, forsooth, Aristotle, having taken in hand to prove that the three prime differences of Demokritus are reducible to pairs of opposites, gives us under the head of $\sigma \chi \hat{\eta} \mu a$ one pair of opposites and a detached term. But in truth in the MS. E itself the error is yet greater, for not only is there no opposite to $\gamma\omega\nu la$, but $\delta\pi\iota\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu$, the needful opposite to $\pi\rho\delta\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu$, is also omitted; a fact which Bekker does not notice in his apparatus criticus. If then we follow E we shall have only two pair of opposites where we need four. If we do not, we may look further abroad for the correction of the passage, and we find what we need in our Paris MS. 1859, where the last two lines run thus: - ταῦτα δὲ γένη ἐναντίων θέσεως, ἄνω κάτω, πρόσθεν όπισθεν, σχήματος, γεγωνιωμένον αγώνιον, εὐθὺ περιφερές.

This reading, which is obviously required by the sense of the passage, is supported by the commentary of Simplicius, fol. 39 a, l. 14, and by one other MS., that which has been transferred from the Cathedral Library at Paris to the National Library.

I have thought it, therefore, worth while to transcribe the whole of the Seventh Book from the MS. Paris 1859. I have corrected no errors, nor even re-inserted the omissions, although these latter are, as I have said, almost always inserted in the margin, apparently by the original scribe himself. I have placed all these inserted omissions in the apparatus criticus, together with the variants from the other three MSS. which follow generally the same text.

I shall be more than satisfied with the result if I shall be judged to have done somewhat to shake the immoderate empire of the Paris MS. 1853, Bekker's E. To the authority of this MS. all recent German editors have enslaved the text of the Aristotelian physical works. Valuable and beautiful as that MS. is, I believe that the excessive worship paid to it is an obstacle, and not an aid, to the further emendation of the text of Aristotle.



A=Parisiensis 1859; B=Parisiensis 1861; C=Parisiensis 2033; D=Bod, Misc, ccxxxviii.

"Απαν τὸ κινούμενον ὑπό τινος ἀνάνκη κινεῖσθαι" εἰ μὲν νὰρ ἐν ἑαυτῶ μη έχει την άρχην της κινήσεως, φανερον ότι ύφ' έτέρου κινείται άλλο γάρ έσται τὸ κινοῦν εἰ δ' ἐν αὐτῶ, ἔστω¹ τὸ εἰλημμένον ἐφ' οῦ τὸ AB δ κινείται καθ' αύτό, άλλα μη τούτου τι κινείσθαι. πρώτον μεν οθν το ύπολαμβάνειν τὸ ΑΒ ὑφ' ἐαυτοῦ κινεῖσθαι διὰ τὸ ὅλον τε κινεῖσθαι καὶ ὑπ' οὐδενὸς τῶν ἔξωθεν ὅμοιόν ἐστιν ὥσπερ εί² τοῦ ΚΛ κινοῦντος τὸ ΛΜ καὶ αὐτοῦ κινουμένου, εἰ ³μὴ φάσκοι τις τὸ ΛΜ κινεῖσθαι ὑπό τινος ³ διὰ τὸ μη φανερον είναι πότερον το κινούν και πότερον το κινούμενον είτα το μη ύπό τινος κινούμενον οὐκ ἀνάγκη παύσασθαι κινούμενον τῷ ἄλλο ἡρεμεῖν, 242 a. άλλ' εί τι ἡρεμεῖ τῶ ἄλλο πεπαῦσθαι κινούμενον, ἀνάγκη ὑπό τινος αὐτὸ κινείσθαι, τούτου γὰρ εἰλημμένου πᾶν τὸ κινούμενον κινήσεται ὑπό τινος, ἐπεὶ γὰρ εἴληπται τὸ κινούμενον ἐφ' ὧ τὸ ΑΒ, ἀνάγκη διαιρετὸν αὐτὸ εἶναι πᾶν γὰρ τὸ κινούμενον διαιρετόν, διπρήσθω δὰ κατὰ τὸ Γ, τοῦ δὰ ΓΒ μὰ κινουμένου οὐ κινηθήσεται τὸ ΑΒ΄ εἰ γὰρ κινήσεται, δήλον ὅτι τὸ ΑΓ κινοῖτ' αν τοῦ ΓΒ 4 ηρεμούντος, ώστε οὐ καθ' αὐτὸ κινηθήσεται καὶ πρώτον, ἀλλ' ύπέκειτο καθ' αύτὸ κινείσθαι καὶ πρώτον, ἀνάγκη ἄρα τοῦ ΓΒ μὴ κινουμένου ηρεμείν το AB. ο δε ηρεμεί μη κινουμένου τινός, ωμολόγηται 5 ύπό τινος κινείσθαι. ώστε πάν ανάγκη τὸ κινούμενον ὑπό τινος κινείσθαι αεὶ γὰρ έσται τὸ κινούμενον διαιρετόν, τοῦ δὲ μέρους μὴ κινουμένου ἀνάγκη καὶ τὸ όλον ήρεμείν, έπει δε πάν το κινούμενον ανάγκη κινείσθαι ύπό τινος, έάν νέ ⁶τι κινήται ⁶ την έν τόπω κίνησιν ύπ' ἄλλου κινουμένου, καὶ πάλιν τὸ κινοῦν ὑπ' ἄλλου κινουμένου κινήται κάκεῖνο ὑφ' ἐτέρου καὶ ἀεὶ οὕτως,

¹ ἔσται Β. ² ἡ BCD. ³ μὴ ὑπολαμβάνει τις τὸ ΛΜ κινεῖσθαι διὰ τὸ μὴ συνορᾶν πότερον ὑπὸ ποτέρου κεκίνηται [κινεῖται D], πότερον τὸ ΔΕ ὑπὸ τοῦ Εζ ἡπὸ Το ΕΖ ὑπὸ τοῦ ΕΛ, ἔτι τὸ ὑφὸ ἐαυτοῦ κινούμενον οὐδόσοντε παίσεται κινούμενον τῷ ἔτερόν τι στῆναι κινούμενον τὰ ὑάγκη τοίνυν εἰ ταιὰται κινούμενον τῷ ἔτερόν τι στῆναι κινούμενον τοῦθὸ ὑφὸ ἐτέρου κινεῖσθαι ΄ τούτου γὰρ φανέρου γιγγομένου ἀνάγκη πῶν τὸ κινούμενον κινεῖσθαι ὑπό τινος C et D e textu secundo; neque aliter B nisi quod post secundum στῆναι κινούμενον reiterat ἀνάγκη τοίνυν. ⁴ AB B. ⁵ ὡμολόγητο BCD. ⁴ κινεῖσθαι D. ΄ κινεῖσθαι ΒC, κινεῖσαι cor, κινεῖται D.

ἀνάγκη εἶναί τι τὸ πρώτον κινούν, καὶ μὴ βαδίζειν εἰς ἄπειρον 1 , μὴ γὰρ 2 έστω άλλα γενέσθω ἄπειρον κινείσθω δε το μεν Α ύπο του Β, το δε Β ύπο τοῦ Γ, τὸ δὲ Γ 3 ὑπὸ τοῦ Δ, καὶ ἀεὶ τὸ ἐχόμενον ὑπὸ τοῦ ἐχομένον, ἐπεὶ οῦν ὑπόκειται τὸ κινοῦν κινούμενον κινεῖν ἀνάγκη ἄμα γίνεσθαι τὴν τοῦ κινουμένου καὶ τὴν τοῦ κινοῦντος κίνησιν· ἄμα γὰρ κινεῖ 4 τὸ κινοῦν καὶ κινείται τὸ κινούμενον φανερὸν ὅτι 5 ἅμα ἔσται τοῦ A καὶ τοῦ B καὶ τοῦ Γ καὶ ξκάστου τῶν κινούντων καὶ κινουμένων ἡ κίνησις. εἰλήφθω οὖν ἡ ξκάστον κίνησις καὶ ἔστω τοῦ μὲν A ἐφ' ης E, τοῦ δὲ B ἐφ' ης Z, τῶν $\Gamma\Delta$ έφ' ὧν ΗΘ. εὶ γὰρ ἀεὶ κινείται ἔκαστον ὑφ' ἑκάστον, ὅμως ἔσται λαβείν μίαν έκάστου κίνησιν τω αριθμώ πασα γαρ κίνησις έκ τινος είς τι, καὶ οὐκ ἄπειρος τοῖς ἐσχάτοις λέγω δη ἀριθμώ μίαν κίνησιν την ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ είς τὸ αὐτὸ τῶ ἀριθμῶ ἐν τῶ αὐτῶ γρόνω τῶ ἀριθμῶ γιγνομένην. ἔστι γὰρ κίνησις καὶ γένει καὶ εἴδει καὶ ἀριθμῷ ἡ αὐτή, γένει μὲν ἡ τῆς αὐτῆς κατη $γορίας, οἷον οὐσίας <math>\mathring{η}$ ποιότητος, $εἴδει δὲ <math>^6$ ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ τῶ $είδει ^6$, οἷον ἐκ 242 b. λευκοῦ εἰς τμέλαν ἐξτ ἀγαθοῦ εἰς κακὸν ἀδιάφορον τῷ εἴδει ἀριθμῷ δὲ ἡ ἐξ ένδη τῷ ἀριθμῷ ἐν τῷ αὐτῷ χρόνῳ οἶον ἐκ τοῦδε τοῦ λευκοῦ εἰς τόδε τὸ μέλαν, η έκ τουδε του τόπου είς τόνδε έν τώδε τω χρόνω εί γαρ έν άλλω, οὐκέτι ἔσται ἀριθμῷ μία κίνησις, ἀλλ' εἴδει. εἴρηται δὲ περὶ τούτων εν τοις πρότερον. ειλήφθω δε και δ χρόνος εν ώ κεκίνηται την αὐτοῦ κίνησιν τὸ Α, καὶ ἔστω ἐφ' ὧ Κ' πεπερασμένης δ' ούσης τῆς τοῦ Α κινήσεως καὶ ό χρόνος έσται πεπερασμένος ο. ἐπεὶ δ' ἄπειρα 10 τὰ κινοῦντα καὶ τὰ κινούμενα, καὶ ἡ κίνησις ἡ ΕΖΗΘ ἡ ἐξ ἀπασῶν ἄπειρος ἔσται. ἐνδέχεται μὲν γὰρ ἴσην εἶναι τὴν τοῦ Α καὶ τοῦ Β καὶ τὴν τῶν ἄλλων 11 ἐνδέχεται δὲ μείζους τὰς τῶν ἄλλων 11 ώστε εί 12 ἀεί τε μείζους, ἀμφοτέρως ἄπειρος ἡ ὅλη. λαμβάνομεν γὰρ τὸ ἐνδεχόμενον, ἐπεὶ δ' ἄμα κινείται καὶ τὸ Α καὶ τῶν άλλων έκαστου, ή όλη κίνησις εν τῷ αὐτῷ χρόνῳ έσται καὶ ή τοῦ Α΄ ἡ δὲ τοῦ Α ἐν πεπερασμένω 13 · τοῦτο δ' ἀδύνατον. οὕτω μὲν οὖν δόξειεν ἂν δεδείχθαι τὸ ἐξ ἀρχής, οὐ μὴν ἀποδείκυνται διὰ τὸ μηδὲν δείκνυσθαι ἀδύνατον· ἐνδέχεται γὰρ ἐν πεπερασμένω χρόνω ἄπειρον είναι κίνησιν, μη ένὸς άλλα πολλών, όπερ συμβαίνει και έπι τούτων έκαστον γαρ κινείται την έαυτοῦ κίνησιν, ἄμα δὲ πολλὰ κινείσθαι οὐκ ἀδύνατον. 14 ἀλλ' εἰ 14 τὸ κινοῦν

 $^{^1}$ ἄπειρα BCD. 2 δὲ BCD. 3 Δ BC. 4 om. B. 5 om. BCD. 6 εἰς τὸ αὐτὸ τῷ εἴδει inserit D. 7 μέλαν $\mathring{\eta}$ ἐξ BCD. 8 τούτον D. 9 hic D inserit e textu secundo verba καὶ οὐκ ἄπειρος είη, ἀλλὶ ἐν τῷ αὐτῷ χρόνῷ ἐκινεῖτο τὸ Α καὶ τὸ Κ (cor. B) καὶ τῶν ἄλλων ἔκαστον nihil tamen prioris omitti. 10 ἀρα D. 11 om. BD, C habet ἐνδέτεται δὲ μείζονε sed erasum. 12 εἰς BCD. 12 πεπερασμένο, ὤστε εἴη ἀν ἄπειρος ἐν Γτῶ Β] πεπερασμένο ΕCD necnon A in margine.

πρῶτον 1 κατὰ τόπον καὶ σωματικὴν κίνησιν ἀνάγκη $\mathring{\eta}$ ἄπτεσθαι $\mathring{\eta}$ συνεχὲς εἶναι τῷ κινουμένῳ, καθάπερ ὁρῶμεν ἐπὶ πάντων, ἀνάγκη τὰ κινούμενα καὶ τὰ κινούντα συνεχ $\mathring{\eta}$ εἶναι $\mathring{\eta}$ ἄπτεσθαι ἀλλήλων, ὥστ' εἶναί τι ὲξ ἁπάντων ἕν. τοῦτο δὲ εἴτε πεπερασμένον εἴτε ἄπειρον οὐδὲν διαφέρει πρὸς τὰ νῦν' πάντως 2 γὰρ $\mathring{\eta}$ κίνησις ἔσται ἄπειρος ἀπείρων ὄντων, εἴπερ ἐνδέχεται καὶ 3 ἴσας εἶναι καὶ μείζους ἀλλήλων' 5 γὰρ ἐνδέχεται, ληψόμεθα ὡς ὑπάρχον. εἰ οὖν τὸ μὲν ἐκ τῶν ΑΒΓ $\mathring{\Delta}$ ἄπειρόν τι ἐστίν, κινεῖται δὲ τὴν ΕΖΗΘ κίνησιν ἐν τῷ χρόνῳ τῷ Κ οὖτος δὲ πεπέρανται, συμβαίνει ἐν πεπερασμένω χρόνῳ ἄπειρον διιέναι $\mathring{\eta}$ τὸ πεπερασμένον $\mathring{\eta}$ τὸ ἄπειρον. ἀμφοτέρως δὲ ἀδύνατον' ὥστε ἀνάγκη ἵστασθαι καὶ εἶναί τι πρῶτον κινοῦν καὶ 4 κινούμενον. οὐδὲν γὰρ διαφέρει τὸ συμβαίνειν ἐξ ὑποθέσεως τὸ ἀδύνατον' $\mathring{\eta}$ γὰρ ὑπόθεσις εἴληπ- 243 $\mathring{\alpha}$. τοι ἐνδεχομένη, τοῦ δ' ἐνδεχομένον τεθέντος οὐδὲν προσήκει γίγνεσθαι διὰ τοῦτο ἀδύνατον,

2. To de $\pi\rho\omega\tau$ ou δ κινούν, $\mu\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\omega}$ s το οῦ $\ddot{\epsilon}\nu\epsilon\kappa\epsilon\nu$, $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda'$ $\ddot{\delta}\theta\epsilon\nu$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\alpha}\rho\chi\dot{\eta}$ $\tau\dot{\eta}$ s κινήσεως αμα τω κινουμένω έστι λέγω δε το αμα, ότι οὐδέν έστιν αὐτών μεταξύ τοῦτο γὰρ κοινὸν ἐπὶ παντὸς κινουμένου καὶ κινοῦντός ἐστιν. ἐπεὶ δὲ τρεῖς αἱ κινήσεις, ἥ τε κατὰ τόπον καὶ ἡ κατὰ τὸ ποιὸν καὶ ἡ κατὰ τὸ ποσόν, ἀνάγκη καὶ 6 τὰ κινούντα τρία ⁷ εἶναι, τό τε ἀλλοιούν, ⁷ καὶ τὸ αὖξον ἡ φθίνον. πρώτον οὖν εἴπωμεν περὶ τῆς φοράς πρώτη γὰρ αὕτη τῶν κινήσεων. άπαν δη τὸ φερόμενον η ὑφ' έαυτοῦ κινείται η ὑπ' ἄλλου, ὅσα μὲν οῦν αὐτὰ ύφ' αύτων κινείται, φανερον έν τούτοις ότι άμα το κινούμενον καὶ το κινούν ξστίν ενυπάρχει γὰρ αὐτοῖς τὸ πρώτου 8 κινοῦν, ὥστ' οὐδέν εστιν ἀναμεταξύ. όσα δ' ύπ' άλλου κινείται, τετραγώς ἀνάγκη γίγνεσθαι: τέτταρα τῆς 9 είδη της ύπ' άλλου φοράς, έλξις ωσις 10 όχησις δίνησις. άπασαι γάρ αί κατά τόπον κινήσεις ανάγονται είς ταύτας ή μεν γάρ έπωσις ωσίς τίς έστιν, όταν τὸ άπ' αὐτοῦ κινοῦν ἐπακόλουθον 11 ώθη, ἡ δ' ἄπωσις, ὅταν μη ἐπακολουθη κινησαν, ή δη δίψις ὅταν σφοδροτέραν ποιήση την ἀπ' αὐτοῦ κίνησιν της κατὰ φύσιν 243b. φοράς, καὶ μέχρι τοσούτου φέρηται έως αν κρατή ή κίνησις. πάλιν ή δίωσις καὶ σύνωσις ἄπωσις καὶ ἔλξις εἰσίν ἡ μὲν γὰρ δίωσις ἄπωσις, ἡ γὰρ ἀπ' αὐτοῦ ἡ ἀπ' ἄλλου ἐστὶν ἡ ἄπωσις, ἡ δὲ σύνωσις ἔλξις, καὶ γὰρ πρὸς αύτὸ και πρὸς ἄλλο ἡ ἔλξις. ὥστε και ὅσα τούτων εἴδη, οἶον σπάθησις και κέρκισις· ή μεν γάρ σύνωσις, ή δε δίωσις. όμοίως δε καὶ αί 12 άλλαι συγκρίσεις καὶ διακρίσεις άπασαι γὰρ ἔσονται διώσεις ή συνώσεις, πλην ὅσαι ἐν

[I. 3.]

 ¹ πρώτως BCD.
 2 πρώτως B.
 3 om. BCD.
 4 om. B.
 5 πρώτως BCD.
 6 om. BCD.
 7 πρώτον εἶναι τό τε φέρον καὶ τὸ ἀλλοιοῦν D.
 8 πρώτως D.
 9 γὰρ BCD.
 10 om. B.
 11 ἐπακολουθοῦν BCD.
 12 om. D.

νενέσει καὶ $\phi\theta$ ορα εἰσίν. αμα δὲ ϕ ανερὸν ὅτι 1 οὐδ' ἔστιν 1 ἄλλο τι νένος κινήσεως η σύγκρισις καὶ διάκρισις άπασαι γὰρ διανέμονται είς τινας τών είρημένων. έτι δ' ή μεν είσπνοη έλξις, ή δε εκπνοή ωσις. όμοίως δε καὶ ή πτύσις, καὶ ὅσαι ἄλλαι διὰ τοῦ σώματος ἢ ἐκκριτικαὶ ἢ ληπτικαὶ κινήσεις· αί μὲν γὰρ ἔλξεις εἰσίν, αἱ δ' ἀπώσεις. δεῖ δὲ καὶ τὰς ἄλλας τὰς κατὰ τόπου ἀνάγειν' ἄπασαι γὰρ πίπτουσιν εἰς τέσσαρας ταύτας, τούτων δὲ πάλιν ή ² όχησις ³ καὶ ἡ δίνησις εἰς ἔλξιν καὶ ὧσιν, ἡ μὲν γὰρ ⁴ όχησις ³ κατὰ τούτων τινὰ τῶν τριῶν τρόπων ἐστίν τὸ μὲν γὰρ ὀχούμενον κινείται κατὰ συμβεβηκός, ὅτι ἐν κινουμένω ἐστὶν ἢ ἐπὶ κινουμένου τινός, τὸ δ' ὀχοῦν 5 ὀχεῖ 244 α. η έλκόμενον η ωθούμενον η δινούμενον, ωστε κοινή έστιν άπασων των τριών ή όχησις. ή δε δίνησις σύγκειται εξ έλξεως τε καὶ ωσεως ανάγκη γαρ τὸ δινοῦν τὸ μὲν ἔλκειν τὸ δ' ἀθεῖν' τὸ μὲν γὰρ ἀφ' αὐτοῦ τὸ δὲ πρὸς αὐτὸν 6 ἄγει. ὥστ' εἰ τὸ ὦθοῦν καὶ τὸ ἔλκον ἄμα τῶ ὦθουμένω καὶ τῶ ἑλκομένω, φανερον ότι του κατά τόπον κινουμένου και κινούντος οὐδέν έστι μεταξύ. άλλα μην τοῦτο δήλον καὶ ἐκ τῶν ὁρίσμων ὧσις μὲν γάρ ἐστιν ἡ ἀφ' αύτοῦ η ἀπ' ἄλλου πρὸς ἄλλο κίνησις, ἔλξις δὲ ἡ ἀπ' ἄλλου πρὸς αὐτὸ ἡ πρὸς άλλο, όταν θάττον ή κίνησις ή του έλκοντος τής χωριζούσης άπ' άλλήλων τὰ συνεχή, ούτω γὰρ συνεφέλκεται θάτερον, τάχα δὲ δόξειεν αν είναί τις έλξις καὶ ἄλλως τὸ γὰρ ξύλον έλκει οὐχ οὕτως. τὸ δ' οὐθὲν διαφέρει κινουμένου τοῦ ἔλκοντος ἡ μένοντος ἕλκειν, ότὲ μὲν γὰρ ἕλκει οῦ ἔστιν, ότὲ δὲ οῦ ην. ἀδύνατον δὲ η 8 ἀφ' αὐτοῦ πρὸς ἄλλο η ἀπ' ἄλλου πρὸς αὐτὸ κινείν 244 b. μη άπτόμενου, ώστε φανερου στι του κατά τόπου κινουμένου καὶ κινούντος οὐδέν ἐστι μεταξύ, ἀλλὰ μὴν οὐδὲ τοῦ ἀλλοιουμένου καὶ τοῦ ἀλλοιοῦντος. τούτο δε δήλου εξ επαγωγής εν απασι γάρ συμβαίνει αμα είναι τὸ έσχατον άλλοιοῦν καὶ τὸ άλλοιούμενον ὑπὸ τῶν εἰρημένων, ταῦτα γάρ ἐστι πάθη τῆς ύποκειμένης ποιότητος ή γαρ θερμαινόμενον ή γλυκαινόμενον ή πυκνούμενον η ξηραινόμενον η λευκαινόμενον αλλοιοῦσθαί φαμεν, δμοίως τε τὸ άψυχον καὶ τὸ ἔμψυχου λέγουτες, καὶ πάλιν τῶν ἐμψύχων τά τε μὴ αἰσθητικὰ τῶν μερών καὶ αὐτὰς τὰς αἰσθήσεις. ἀλλοιοῦνται γάρ πως καὶ αἱ αἰσθήσεις. ή γὰρ αἴσθησις ή κατ' ἐνέργειαν κίνησίς ἐστι διὰ τοῦ σώματος, πασχούσης τὶ τῆς αἰσθήσεως, καθ' ὅσα μὲν οὖν τὸ ἄψυγον ἀλλοιοῦται, καὶ τὸ ἔμψυχον, καθ' όσα δὲ τὸ ἔμψυχον οὐ κατὰ ταῦτα πάντα τὸ ἄψυχον οὐ γὰρ άλλοιοθται κατά τὰς αἰσθήσεις, καὶ τὸ μὲν λανθάνει, τὸ δ' οὐ λανθάνει πάσχον.

 $^{^1}$ οὐδέν ἐστιν D. 2 ὅχλησις BC. 3 om, D. 4 ὅχλησις BC. 5 ἀθοῦν BCD. 6 αὐτόν CD. 7 ἡ χωρίζουσα BCD. 8 ἡ B.

οὐδὲν δὲ κωλύει καὶ τὸ ἔμψυχον λανθάνειν ὅταν μὴ κατὰ τὰς αἰσθήσεις 245 α. γίγνηται ἡ ἀλλοιωσις. εἴπερ οὖν ἀλλοιοῦται τὸ ἀλλοιούμενον ὑπὸ τῶν αἰσθητῶν, ἐν ἄπασί γε τούτοις φανερὸν ὅτι ἄμα ἐστὶ τὸ ἔσχατον ἀλλοιοῦν καὶ τὸ πρῶτον ἀλλοιούμενον τῷ μὲν γὰρ συνεχὴς ὁ ἀήρ, τῷ δ᾽ ἀέρι τὸ σῶμα. πάλιν δὲ τὸ μὲν χρῶμα τῷ φωτί, τὸ δὲ φῶς τῇ ὄψει. τὸν αὐτὸν δὲ τρόπον καὶ ἡ ἀκοὴ καὶ ἡ ὄσφρησις πρῶτον γὰρ κινοῦν πρὸς τὸ κινούμενον ὁ ἀήρ. καὶ ἐπὶ τῆς γεύσεως ὁμοίως ἄμα γὰρ τῇ γεύσει ὁ χυμὸς ὡσαύτως δὲ καὶ ἐπὶ τῶν ἀψύχων καὶ ἀναισθήτων ὥστ οὐδὲν ἔσται μεταξῦ τοῦ ἀλλοιονμένον καὶ τοῦ ἀλλοιοῦντος τὸ αὐξανομένον τε καὶ αὕξοντος αὐξάνει γὰρ τὸ πρῶτον αὖξον προσγινόμενον, ὥστε ἐν γίγνεσθαι τὸ ὅλον. καὶ πάλιν φθίνει τὸ φθίνον ἀπογινομένον τινὸς τῶν τοῦ φθίνοντος. ἀνάγκη οὖν συνεχὲς εἶναι καὶ τὸ αῦξον καὶ τὸ φθίνον, τῶν δὲ συνεχῶν οὐδὲν μεταξύ. φανερὸν οὖν 2 ὅτι τοῦ κινουμένον καὶ τοῦ κινοῦντος πρώτον καὶ ἐσχάτον 2 5 το κινουμένον καὶ τοῦ κινούμενον οὐδὲν ἐστιν ἀνὰ μέσον.

3. "Οτι δὲ τὸ ἀλλοιούμενον ἄπαν ἀλλοιοῦται ὑπὸ τῶν αἰσθητῶν ³ καὶ εν μόνοις ύπάρχει τούτοις άλλοίωσις όσα καθ' αύτὰ λέγεται πάσχειν ύπὸ των αλσθητων 3, έκ τωνδε θεωρητέον. των γαρ άλλων μάλιστ' αν τις ύπολάβοι ξν τε τοῖς σχήμασι καὶ ξν ταῖς μορφαῖς καὶ ξν ταῖς ξξεσι καὶ δν ταῖς τούτων λήψεσι καὶ ἀποβολαῖς ἀλλοίωσιν ὑπάρχειν ἐν οὐδετέροις δ' ἔστιν. τὸ μὲν γὰρ σχηματιζόμενον ὅταν ἐπιτελεσθῆ, οὐ λέγομεν ἐκείνο ἐξ οῦ ἐστίν, οίου του αυδριάντα χαλκου ή την πυράμιδα κηρου ή την κλίνην ξύλον, αλλα παρωνυμιάζοντες τὸν μὲν χαλκοῦν τὸν δὲ κήρινον, τὸ δὲ ξύλινον τὸ δὲ πεπουθός καὶ ήλλοιωμένου προσαγορεύομευ ξηρου γάρ καὶ ύγρου καὶ σκληρου καὶ θερμὸν τὸν χαλκὸν λέγομεν καὶ τὸν κηρόν. καὶ οὐ μόνον οὕτως, ἀλλὰ καὶ 6 τὸ ύγρὸν καὶ τὸ θερμὸν χαλκὸν λέγομεν, ὁμωνύμως τῷ πάθει προσαγορεύοντες την ύλην. ώστ' εί κατά μέν το σχήμα και την μορφήν οὐ λέγεται 246 a. τὸ γεγονὸς ἐν ὧ ἐστὶ τὸ σχῆμα, κατὰ δὲ τὰ πάθη καὶ τὰς ἀλλοιώσεις λέγεται, φανερον ότι οὐκ αν είεν αι γενέσεις αθται αλλοιώσεις. ἔτι δε και είπειν ούτως άτοπον αν δόξειεν, η άλλοιοῦσθαι τὸν ἄνθρωπον η την οἰκίαν η άλλο ότιοῦν τῶν γεγενημένων ἀλλὰ γίνεσθαι μὲν ἴσως ἔκαστον ἀναγκαῖον ἀλλοιουμένου τινός, οίου της ύλης πυκυουμένης η μανουμένης η θερμαινομένης η ψυχομένης, οὐ μέντοι τὰ γινόμενά γε ἀλλοιοῦται, οὐδ' ἡ γένεσις αὐτῶν άλλοίωσίς ⁷ έστιν. άλλα μην οὐδ' αἱ ἔξεις οὕθ' αἱ τοῦ σώματος οὕθ' αἱ τῆς ψυχης άλλοιώσεις 7, αι μεν γάρ άρεται αι δε κακίαι των έξεων οὐκ έστι δε

 $^{^1}$ B inserit οὐδὲ μὴν τοῦ αὐξανομένου καὶ ἀλλοιοῦντος, 2 δὲ D. 3 om, BCD. 4 om, D. 5 ἐκ B, 6 om, D, 7 om, BCD.

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ούτε ή αρετή ούτε ή κακία αλλοίωσις, αλλ' ή μεν αρετή τελείωσις τίς έστιν. όταν γὰρ² λάβη τὴν ξαυτοῦ ἀρετήν, τότε λέγεται τέλειον ξκαστον τότε γάρ έστι³ μάλιστα τὸ κατὰ Φύσιν, ώσπερ κύκλος τέλειος, ὅταν μάλιστα νένηται κύκλος βέλτιστος, ή δε κακία φθορά τούτου καὶ έκστασις. ώσπερ οὖυ οὖτε τὸ τῆς οἰκίας τελείωμα λέγομεν ἀλλοίωσιν ἄτοπον νὰρ εἰ ὁ θριγκὸς καὶ ὁ κέραμος άλλοίωσις, 4 ή εί θριγκουμένη 4 καὶ κεραμουμένη άλλοιοῦται άλλὰ μὴ 246b. $\tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon$ ιοῦται $\dot{\eta}$ οἰκία $\dot{\tau}$ τον αὐτον τρόπον $\dot{\tau}$ καὶ $\dot{\epsilon} \pi \dot{\iota}$ τῶν ἀρετῶν καὶ τῶν κακιῶν καὶ τῶν ἐχόντων ἢ λαμβανόντων αἱ μὲν γὰρ τελειώσεις, αἱ δὲ ἐκστάσεις είσίν, ώστ' οὐκ ἀλλοιώσεις. ἔτι δὲ καί φαμεν ἀπάσας εἶναι τὰς ἀρετὰς ἐν τῷ πρός τι πῶς ἔχειν. τὰς μὲν γὰρ τοῦ σώματος, οἶον ὑγίειαν καὶ εὐεξίαν, έν κράσει καὶ συμμετρία θερμών καὶ ψυχρών τίθεμεν, ή 6 αὐτών πρὸς αὐτὰ 6 των έντος ή προς το περιέχου όμοίως δε και το κάλλος και την ισχύν και τὰς ἄλλας ἀρετὰς καὶ κακίας. ἐκάστη γάρ ἐστι τῷ πρός τι πῶς ἔχειν, καὶ περὶ τὰ οἰκεῖα πάθη εὖ ἢ κακῶς διατίθησι τὸ ἔχον· οἰκεῖα δ' ὑφ' ὧν γίγνεσθαι καὶ φθείρεσθαι πέφυκεν. ἐπεὶ οὖν τὰ πρός τι οὖτε αὐτά ἐστιν ἀλλοιώσεις, ούτε αὐτῶν ἐστὶν ἀλλοίωσις οὐδὲ γένεσις, οὕθ' ὅλως οὐδὲ μεταβολή οὐδεμία, φανερον ὅτι οὕθ' αἱ ἔξεις οὖθ' αἱ τῶν ἔξεων ἀποβολαὶ καὶ λήψεις άλλοιώσεις είσιν, άλλα γίνεσθαι μεν ίσως αὐτας καὶ φθείρεσθαι άλλοιουμένων τινών ἀνάγκη, καθάπερ καὶ τὸ είδος καὶ τὴν μορφήν, οίον θερμών καὶ ψυγρών ή ξηρών καὶ ύγρων, ή ἐν οἰς τυγχάνουσιν οὖσαι πρώτοις. περὶ ταῦτα γὰρ ἐκάστη λέγεται κακία καὶ ἀρετή, ὑφ' ὧν ἀλλοιοῦσθαι πέφυκε τὸ ἔχον* ή μεν γαρ άρετη ποιεί απαθες η ώς δεί παθητικόν, η δε κακία παθητικόν 247 2. μεν εναντίως και άπαθες. δμοίως δε και επί των της ψυχης έξεων Τάπασαι γὰρ τκαὶ αὖται τῷ πρός τι πῶς ἔχειν, καὶ αἱ μὲν ἀρεταὶ τελειώσεις, αἱ δὲ κακίαι ἐκστάσεις, ἔτι δὲ ἡ μὲν ἀρετὴ εὖ διατίθησι πρὸς τὰ οἰκεῖα πάθη, ἡ δὲ κακία κακώς. ώστ' οὐδ' αὖται ἔσονται ἀλλοιώσεις οὐδὲ δὴ αί δαποβολαὶ καὶ αἱ λήψεις αὐτῶν. γίνεσθαι δ' αὐτὰς ἀναγκαῖον ἀλλοιουμένου τοῦ αἰσθητικοῦ μέρους. ἀλλοιωθήσεται δ' ὑπὸ τῶν αἰσθητῶν' ἄπασα γὰρ ἡ θικὴ άρετη περί ήδουὰς καὶ λύπας τὰς σωματικάς, αὖται δὲ η̈ ἐν τῷ πράττειν η̈ έν τῷ μεμνησθαι ἡ ἐν τῷ ἐλπίζειν. αἱ μὲν οὖν ἐν τῆ πράξει κατὰ τὴν αἴσθησίν εἰσιν, ὤσθ' ὑπ' αἰσθητοῦ τινὸς κινεῖσθαι, αἱ δ' ἐν τῆ μνήμη καὶ τῆ έλπίδι ἀπὸ ταύτης εἰσίν, η γὰρ οῖα ἔπαθον μεμνημένοι ήδονται, η ἐλπίζοντες οία μέλλουσιν. ώστ' ανάγκη πάσαν την τοιαύτην ήδονην ύπο των αίσθητων

 $^{^1}$ cm. D. 2 cm. BC. 3 cm. D. 4 η εἰ η θριγκουμένη C. 5 τὸν αὐτὸν δη τρόπον D. 6 αὐτὰ πρὸς αὐτὰ BCD. 7 ἄπασαι μὲν γὰρ D. 8 καὶ BCD, sed D cor. καὶ αἰ 9 cm. D.

γίγυεσθαι, έπει δ' ήδουης και λυπης έγγιγνομένης και ή κακία και ή άρετη έννίννεται, περί ταύτας νὰρ εἰσίν, αἱ δ' ἡδοναὶ καὶ αἱ λῦπαι ἀλλοιώσεις τοῦ αἰσθητικοῦ, φανερὸν ὅτι ἀλλοιουμένου τινὸς ἀνάγκη καὶ ταύτας ἀποβάλλειν καὶ λαμβάνειν. ώσθ' 1 ή μεν γένεσις αὐτῶν μετ' ἀλλοιώσεως, αύτη δ' οὐκ ἔστιν ἀλλοίωσις. ἀλλὰ μὴν 2 οὐδ' αί 2 τοῦ νοητοῦ μέρους ἕξεις άλ- 2 47 b. λοιώσεις, οὐδ' ἔστιν αὐτῶν γένεσις. πολύ γὰρ μάλιστα τὸ ἐπιστῆμον ἐν τῷ πρός τί πως έχειν λέγομεν. έτι δε καὶ φανερον ότι οὐκ έστιν αὐτῶν γένεσις. τὸ γὰρ κατὰ δύναμιν ἐπιστῆμον οὐδὲν αὐτὸ κινηθὲν ἀλλὰ τῷ ἄλλο ὑπάρξαι γίγνεται επιστήμον. όταν γάρ γένηται τὸ κατὰ μέρος, επίσταταί πως τή καθόλου τὸ ἐν μέρει. πάλιν δὲ τῆς χρήσεως καὶ τῆς ἐνεργείας οὐκ ἔστι γένεσις, εί μή τις και της αναβλέψεως και της άφης οίεται γένεσιν είναι. καὶ τὸ ἐνεργεῖν ὅμοιον τούτοις. ἡ δ' ἐξ ἀρχῆς λῆψις τῆς ἐπιστήμης γένεσις οὐκ ἔστιν οὐδ' ἀλλοίωσις τῷ 3 γὰρ ἡρεμῆσαι καὶ στήναι τὴν διανοίαν ἐπίστασθαι καὶ φρονείν λεγόμεθα, εἰς δὲ τὸ ἡρεμείν οὐκ ἔστι γένεσις ὅλως γὰρ οὐδεμιᾶς μεταβολῆς, καθάπερ εἴρηται πρότερου. ἔτι δ' ὥσπερ ὅταν ἐκ τοῦ μεθύειν ή καθεύδειν ή νοσείν είς τάναντία μεταστή τις, ου φαμέν επιστήμονα γεγονέναι πάλιν, καίτοι αδύνατος 4 ήν 5 τη επιστήμη χρησθαι πρότερον, ούτως 6 οὐδ' ὅταν ἐξ ἀρχῆς λαμβάνη τὴν έξιν' τῷ γὰρ καθίστασθαι τὴν ψυχὴν ἐκ της φυσικης 7 ἀρετης φρόνιμόν τι γίνεται 8 καὶ ἐπιστημον. διὸ καὶ τὰ παιδία ούτε μανθάνειν δύνανται ούτε κατά τὰς αλσθήσεις όμοίως κρίνειν τοῖς πρεσ- 248 2. βυτέροις πολλή γαρ ή ταραχή καὶ ή κίνησις, καθίσταται δὲ καὶ ήρεμίζει προς ένια δ' ύπ' άλλων, έν αμφοτέροις δε άλλοιουμένων τινών τών έν σώματι καθάπερ έπὶ της χρήσεως καὶ της ένεργείας, όταν νήφων γένηται καὶ έγερθη. φανερον ουν έκ των είρημένων ότι το άλλοιουσθαι και ή άλλοίωσις έν τε τοις αισθητοις γίγνεται και η έν τω αισθητικώ μορίω της ψυχής, έν άλλω δ' οὐδενὶ πλην κατά συμβεβηκός.

4. 'Απορήσειε δ' ἄν τις πότερον ἐστι κίνησις πᾶσα πάση συμβλητή ή οὔ, εἰ δή ἐστι πᾶσα συμβλητή καὶ ὁμοταχὲς ο τὸ ἐν ἴσφ χρόνφ ἴσον κινούμενον, ἔσται περιφερής τις εὐθεία ἴση, καὶ μείζων δὴ Ἰο καὶ ἐλάττων. ἔτι ἀλλοίωσις καὶ φορά τις ἴση, ὅταν ἐν ἴσφ χρόνφ τὸ μὲν ἀλλοιωθῆ τὸ δ' ἐνεχθῆ, ἔσται ἴσον Τὶ πάθος μήκει Ἰ ὥστ' οὐκ ἔστιν ἀλλοίωσις φορᾶ ἴση οὐδ' ἐλάττων. ὥστ' οὐ πᾶσα συμβλητή. ἐπὶ δὲ τοῦ κύκλου καὶ τῆς εὐθείας πῶς συμβήσεται; ἄτοπον

¹ ἔτι BCD. 2 οὐδὲ τοῦ BCD. 3 τὸ BC. 4 ἀδύνατον B. 5 ἢ D. 6 ὅταν BCD. 7 ἠθικῆς BC. 8 γένηται B. 9 ὁμοταχὴς BC. 10 δὲ BCD. 11 post haec verba BCD inserunt ἀλλ' ἀδύνατον 1 ἀλλ' ἄρα ὅταν ἐν ἴσφ χρόνφ ἴσον κινηθῆ τότε ἰσοταχές ἴσον δὲ οὐκ ἔστι πάθος μήκει, necnon A in margine, sed omittit χρόνφ.

 $v_{\alpha \alpha} = e^{i \omega n} = e^{i \omega n} = e^{i \omega n}$ $v_{\alpha \alpha} = e^{i \omega n} = e^{i \omega n}$ $v_{\alpha \alpha} = e^{i \omega n} = e^{i \omega n}$ εὐθὺς ἀνάγκη ἢ θᾶττον ἢ βραδύτερου, ὥσπερ ἂν εἰ τὸ μὲν κάταντες, τὸ δ' άναντες, έτι δέ³ διαφέρει οὐδεν τω λόγω εἴ τις φησίν ανάγκην εἶναι θάττον εὐθὺς η βραδύτερον κινείσθαι. ἔσται⁴ γὰρ μείζων καὶ ἐλάττων ή περιφερής της εὐθείας, ώστε καὶ ἴση. εἰ γὰρ ἐν τῷ Α χρόνω τὸ μὲν τὴν Β διελήλυθε τὸ δὲ 248 b. $\tau \dot{\eta} \nu \Gamma$, $\mu \epsilon i (\omega \nu \ \dot{a} \nu \ \epsilon i \eta \ \dot{\eta} \ B \ \tau \dot{\eta} s \ \Gamma$. οὕτω γὰρ 5 τὸ θᾶττον ἐλέγετο οὐκοῦν καί, εἰ έν ἐλάττονι ἴσον, θᾶττον· ὥστ' ἔσται τι μέρος τοῦ Α ἐν ὧ τὸ] Β τοῦ κύκλου τὸ ἴσον δίεισι, καὶ 6 τὸ Γ ἐν ὅλω τῷ Λ τὴν Γ . ἀλλὰ μὴν εἰ ἔστι συμβλητά. συμβαίνει τὸ ἄρτι ἡηθέν, ἴσην εἶναι εὐθεῖαν κύκλω, ἀλλ' οὐ συμβλητά, οὐδ' άρα αί κινήσεις. άλλ' όσα μη συνώνυμα άπαντα ἀσύμβλητα οίον διὰ τί οὐ συμβλητόν, πότερον δεύτερον το γράφιον η ο οίνος η ο νήτη: "ότι ναρ ομώυυμα οὐ συμβλητά ἀλλ' ἡ νήτη τῆ παρανήτη συμβλητή, ὅτι ταὐτὸ σημαίνει τὸ ὀξὺ ἐπ' ἀμφοῖν. 8ἆρ' οὖν 8 οὐ ταὐτὸ τὸ ταχὺ ἐνταῦθα κἀκεῖ; πολὺ δ' ἔτι ηττον εν αλλοιώσει και φορά. η πρώτον μεν τούτο ούκ αληθές ώς εί μη ομώνυμα συμβλητά, τὸ γὰρ πολύ ταὐτὸ σημαίνει ἐν ὕδατι καὶ ἀέρι, καὶ οὐ συμβλητά, εὶ δὲ μή, τό γε διπλάσιου τὸ αὐτό, δύο γὰρ πρὸς ἐν καὶ οὐ συμβλητά. η καὶ ἐπὶ τούτων ὁ αὐτὸς λόγος καὶ γὰρ τὸ πολὺ ὁμώνυμον. ἀλλ' ἐνίων καὶ οἱ λόγοι δμώνυμοι, οἶον 9 εἰ λέγοι τις 9 πολ \grave{v}^{10} τοσοῦτον καὶ ἔτι καὶ 11 τὸ διπλάσιον τόσου ἀλλὰ 12 τοσούτον καὶ τὸ ἴσον ὁμώνυμον, καὶ τὸ εν δε 13 εὶ 14 εὐθὺς έτυγεν, διμώνυμον, εί δὲ τοῦτο, καὶ τὰ δύο, ἐπεὶ διὰ τί τὰ μὲν συμβλητὰ τὰ δ' οὐ, εἴπερ ἢν μία φύσις; ἢ ὅτι ἐν ἄλλω πρώτω δεκτικῶ· ὁ μὲν οὖν ἵππος καὶ 15 δ κύων συμβλητά 15, πότερον λευκότερον έν δ γαρ πρώτω ταὐτό 16, ή ἐπιφάνεια· καὶ κατὰ τὸ μέγεθος ὡσαύτως. ὕὸωρ δὲ καὶ φωνὴ οὕ ἐν ἄλλω γάρ. ἡ δῆλον 240 2. ὅτι 17 ἔσται ούτω γε πάντα εν ποιείν, ἄλλω δε ἕκαστον φάσκειν είναι, καὶ ἔσται τ αὐτὸν ἴσον καὶ γλυκὸ καὶ 18 λευκὸν $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν 18 ἄλλω. ἔτι δεκτικὸν οὐ τὸ τυγὸν 19 οῦ δεκτικόν έστιν 19 άλλ' ένὸς τὸ πρώτον. άλλ' ធρα οὐ μόνον δεῖ τὰ συμβλητὰ μὴ δμώνυμα είναι άλλα και μη έχειν διαφοράν μήτε ο μήτε έν ω; λέγω δε οίον χρώμα²⁰....τισται μάλλον μη κατά τι χρώμα²¹, άλλὰ κατὰ τὸ λευκόν, οὕτω

¹ om. BCD. ² τουτί D. 3 oùôè BC. 4 ἔστω BCD. 6 om. B. 7 om. B. 8 οὐκοῦν D. 9 εἰ λέγοι τις ὅτι CD et A in margine, B omittit τις. 10 πολύ τὸ BCD. 11 om. BCD. 12 ἀλλὰ τὸ BCD. 13 om. B. 15 post haec verba B et C inserunt η καὶ ἐπὶ τούτων ὁ αὐτὸς λόγος, καὶ γὰρ τὸ πολὺ τὸ τοσοῦτον καὶ έτι καὶ τὸ διπλάσιον τόσου άλλὰ τὸ τοσοῦτον καὶ τὸ ἴσον ὁμώνυμον, καὶ τὸ ἐν δὲ εἰ εὐθὺς ἔτυχεν όμωνυμον. εί δε τοῦτο καὶ τὰ δύο ἐπεὶ διὰ τί τὰ μεν συμβλητὰ τὰ δ' οὐ εἴπερ ῆν μία φύσις; ἢ ὅτι έν άλλφ πρώτφ δεκτικώ; δ μέν οθν ίππος καὶ δ κύων συμβλητά. 16 ταὐτόν BCD ut saepe alias. 17 ὅτι οὐκ D. 18 λευκὸν ἀλλ' ἐν D. 19 om. D. 20 BCD inserunt έχει διαίρεσιν. τοιγαρούν οὐ συμβλητὸν κατὰ τοῦτο, οἶον πότερον κεχρωμάτισται, necnon A in margine. 21 Post haec D inserit ἀλλ' η γρώμα.

καὶ περὶ κίνησιν δμοταχές τὸ ἐν ἴσω χρόνω κινηθὲν ἴσον τοσονδὶ τοῦ μήκους. εί δη τοῦ μήκους ἐν τωδὶ τὸ μὲν ηλλοιώθη τὸ δ' ηνέχθη, ἴση ἄρα αῦτη ἡ ἀλλοίωσις καὶ όμοταγης τη φορά; άλλ' άτοπον, αίτιον δ' ότι η κίνησις ένει είδη. ωστ' εί τὰ εν ἴσω γρόνω ενεγθέντα ἴσον μήκος Ισοταχή έσται, ἴση ἄρα ἡ εὐθεία καὶ ἡ περιφερής. πότερον οθν αίτιον, ὅτι ἔστιν ἡ φορὰ γένος, ἢ ὅτι ἡ γραμμὴ γένος; δ μεν χρόνος αυτός αει άτομος τῷ είδει. η άμα κάκεινα είδει δια $φέρει^*$ καὶ γὰρ ἡ φορὰ εἴδη ἔχει ἃν ἐκεῖνο 2 ἔχη εἴδη ἐφ' οὖ κινεῖται, ὅτε δ' έν ω οὐ ἀλλὰ τοῖς σχήμασιν ή φορὰ ἄλλη, ώστε τὰ ἐν ἴσω ταὐτὸ μένεθος κινούμενα³· τὸ αὐτὸ δὲ τὸ ἀδιάφορον ⁴ εἴδει. ώστε τοῦτο σκεπτέον, τίς διαφορὰ κινήσεως, καὶ σημαίνει 5 δ λόγος οὖτος ὅτι τὸ γένος οὖχ ἕν τι, ἀλλὰ παρὰ τοῦτο λανθάνει πολλά, εἰσὶ δὲ τῶν ὁμωνυμιῶν αἱ μὲν πολὺ ἀπέχουσαι ⁶αἱ δὲ έχουσαί τινα δμοιότητα 6, αί δ' έγγὺς η γένει η αναλογία, διὸ οὐ δοκοῦσιν δμωνυμίαι είναι οὖσαι. πότε οὖν ἔτερον τὸ είδος, ᾶρά γε αν ταὐτὸ ἢ 7 ἐν ἄλλω η αν τάλλο ον έν άλλω και τίς όρος; η τω κρινούμεν ότι ταὐτὸν τὸ λευκὸν και τὸ γλυκὸ η ἄλλο; ὅτι ἐν ἄλλφ φαίνεται ἔτερον, η ὅλως οὐ ταὐτό; περὶ δὲ δη ἀλλοιώσεως πως Ισοταχής ετέρα έτέρα ετέρα εί δή έστι το ύγιά (εσθαι άλλοιοῦσθαι, έστι δὲ τὸν μὲν ταχέως τὸν δὲ βραδέως ἰαθηναι καὶ ἄμα τινάς 10, ὤστ' ἔσται άλλοίωσις Ισοταχής εν ίσω γὰρ χρόνω ήλλοιώθη, άλλὰ τί ήλλοιώθη; τὸ γὰρ 249 b. ίσον οὐκέτι ἐστὶν ἐνταῦθα λεγόμενον, ἀλλ' ὡς ἐν τῷ ποσῷ ἰσότης, ἐνταῦθα δμοιότης. ἀλλ' ἔστω τὸ 11 τὸ αὐτὸ μεταβάλλειν ἐν ἴσω χρόνω ἰσοταχές, πότερον οῦν ἐν ὧ τὸ πάθος ἢ τὸ πάθος δεῖ συμβάλλειν, ἐνταῦθα μὲν δὴ ὅτι ἡ ὑγίεια ή αὐτή ἐστι λαβεῖν ὅτι οὕτε μᾶλλον οὕτε ἦττον ἀλλ' ὁμοίως ὑπάρχει. ἐὰν δὲ τὸ $πάθος^{12}$ η οξον ἀλλοιοῦται τὸ λευκαινόμενον καὶ τὸ ὑγιαζόμενον, τούτοιςοὐδὲν τὸ αὐτὸ οὐδ' ἴσον οὐδ' ὅμοιον, ἢ ἤδη 13 ταῦτα εἴδη ποιεῖ ἀλλοιώσεως 14 καὶ πόσα φοράς. εί μεν οθν τὰ κινούμενα είδει διαφέρει, ων είσιν αι κινήσεις καθ' αύτὰ 15 καὶ μη κατὰ 15 συμβεβηκός, καὶ αι κινήσεις είδει διοίσουσιν' εί δὲ γένει, γένει, εί δ' ἀριθμῷ, ἀριθμῷ. ἀλλὰ δὴ πότερον είς τὸ πάθος δεί βλέψαι, έαν ή τὸ αὐτὸ η ομοιον, εί¹⁶ ἰσοταχείς αι άλλοιώσεις, η είς τὸ άλλοιούμενον, οΐον εί τοῦ μεν τοσονδί λελεύκανται τοῦ δε τοσονδί, η είς ἄμφω καὶ εί αὐτη μèν $\mathring{\eta}$ ἄλλη τ $\mathring{\omega}$ πάθει, εἰ τὸ αὐτό, ἴση δ' $\mathring{\eta}$ Ἰ ἄνισος εἰ ἐκεῖνο ἄνισον. 18 καὶ ἐπὶ 18 γενέσεως δè 19 φθορας τὸ αὐτὸ σκεπτέον. πως ἰσοταχής ή γένεσις; εὶ ἐν ἴσω

χρόνω τὸ αὐτὸ καὶ ἄτομον, οἶον ἄνθρωπος ἀλλὰ μὴ ζῶον θάττων δὲ¹ εὶ ἐν ἴσω ἔτερον οὐ γὰρ ἔχομέν τινα δύο, ἐν οἷς ἡ ἐτερότης ὡς² ἡ ἀνομοιότης. καὶ³ ἔστιν ἀριθμὸς ἡ οὐσία, πλεῖον⁴ καὶ ἐλάττων ἀριθμὸς ὁμοειδής, ἀλλ' ἀνώνυμον τὸ κοινὸν καὶ τὸ ἑκάτερον⁵ ὥσπερ τὸ πλεῖον 6 πάθος ἡ τὸ ὑπερέχον μᾶλλον, τὸ δὲ ποσὸν μεῖζον.

5. Έπει δε το κινούν κινεί αεί τι και έν τινι και μέχρι του. 7 λέγω δε το μεν έν τινι, ότι εν χρόνω, τὸ δε μέχρι του⁷ ότι ποσόν τι μηκος ἀεὶ γὰρ ἄμα κινεί και κεκίνηκεν ώστε ποσόν τι έσται δ έκινήθη και έν ποσώ. εί δη 8 το μέν 250 a. Α τὸ κινοῦν, τὸ δὲ Β τὸ κινούμενον, ὅσον δὲ κεκίνηται μῆκος τὸ Γ, ἐν ὅσφ δὲ ό χρόνος ἐφ' οὖ τὸ Δ· ἐν δὴ τῷ ἴσω χρόνω ἡ ἴση δύναμις, ἡ ἐφ' οὖ Α, τὸ μὲν⁹ ημισυ τοῦ B βάρους τὸ Z διπλασίαν 10 τῆς Γ τοῦ μήκους κινήσει. τὴν δὲ 11 τοῦ Γ ή αὐτὴ ἐν τῷ ἡμίσει τοῦ Δ χρόνου τῷ Η. οὕτω γὰρ ἀνάλογον ἔσται, εἰ ἡ αὐτὴ δύναμις ἡ Α τὸ αὐτὸ τὸ Β ἐν τῷδε τῷ χρόνῳ τῷ Δ τοσήνδε κινεί τὴν Γ καὶ τὴν ἡμίσειαν τῆς Γ ἐν τῷ ἡμίσει τοῦ Δ χρόνου 12 . καὶ ἡ ἡμίσεια ἰσχὺς τῆς Α τὸ ήμισυ κινήσει τοῦ Β βάρους τὸ Ζ ήμισυ 13. δμοίως δὴ ἔχουσι καὶ ἀνάλογον ή ἰσχὺς πρὸς τὸ βάρος ὡς ἡ Α πρὸς τὸ Β, ἡ Ε πρὸς τὸ Ζ, ὥστε ἴσον ἐν ἴσω χρόνω κινήσουσι. καὶ εὶ τὸ Ε τὸ Z κινεῖ ἐν τω Δ χρόνω ω τὴν Γ τὸ μῆκος, οὐκ ανάγκη εν ἴσω χρόνω, τὸ εφ' οὖ τὸ Β¹5 τὸ διπλάσιον τοῦ Ζ βάρους κινείν τὴν ημίσειαν της Γ. Εί δη 16 το Α δύναμις 17 την το Β κινήσει 17 έν τω Δ χρόνω σσην τὸ Γ, τὸ ἥμισυ τοῦ Α ἐφ' ὧ Ε τὴν τὸ Β οὐ κινήσει ἐν τῷ χρόνω ἐφ' οῦ Δ, οὐδ' έν τινι τοῦ Δ τῆς Γ, ἀνάλογον περί 18 τὴν ὅλην Γ ώς τὸ Α πρὸς τὸ Ε. ὅλως γὰρ εὶ ἔτυχεν οὐ κινήσει οὐδέν οὐ 19 γάρ, εί 20 ὅλη ἰσχὺς τοσήνδε ἐκίνησεν, ἡ ἡμίσεια²¹ κινήσει οὖτε ποσὴν οὖτ' ἐν ὁποσωοῦν' εἶς γὰρ αν κινοίη τὸ πλοίον εἴπερ ἡ τῶν νεολκῶν τέμνεται 22 ἰσχὺς εἰς 23 τὸν ἀριθμὸν καὶ τὸ μῆκος δ πάντες ἐκίνησαν. καὶ διὰ τοῦτο 24 Ζήνωνος λόγος οὐκ ἀληθης ὡς ψοφεῖ της κέγχρου ὁτιοῦν μέρος. οὐδὲν γὰρ κωλύει μὴ κινείν τὸν ἀέρα ἐν μηδενὶ χρόνω τοῦτον ὃν ἐκίνησε πεσών ό ὅλος μέδιμνος: 25 οὐδὲ δ $\mathring{\eta}$ 25 τοσοῦτον μόριον, ὅσον αν κινήσειε τοῦ ὅλου εἰ εἴη καθ' αύτό, τοῦτο οὐ κινεί. οὐδὲ γὰρ οὐδέν ἐστιν ἀλλ' ἢ δυνάμει ἐν τῷ ὅλφ. εἰ δὲ τὰ δύο καὶ ἐκάτερον τῶνδε ἑκάτερον κινεῖ τοσόνδε ἐν τοσῷδε 26 , καὶ συντιθέμεναι αἱ δυνάμεις τὸ σύνθετον ἐκ τῶν μερῶν²⁷ τὸ ἴσον κινήσουσι μῆκος καὶ έν ἴσφ χρόνφι ἀνάλογον γάρ. ἄρ' οὖν οὕτω καὶ ἐπ' ἀλλοιώσεως καὶ ἐπ' αὐξή-

σεως; τί μὲν γὰρ τὸ αὖξον, τί δὲ τὸ αὐξανόμενον, ἐν ποσῷ δὲ χρόνῳ καὶ ποσὸν τὸ μὲν αὖξει τὸ δ' αὐξάνεται. καὶ τὸ ἀλλοιοῦν καὶ ἀλλοιοῦνμενον ὡσαύτως τὶ καὶ ποσὸν κατὰ τὸ μᾶλλον καὶ τὸ ἢττον ἢλλοίωται καὶ ἐν ποσῷ χρόνῳ, ἐν διπλασίῳ διπλάσιον καὶ τὸ διπλάσιον ἐν διπλασίῳ, καὶ τὸ ἢμίσν ἐν ἡμίσει χρόνῳ ἢ ἐν ἡμίσει ἤμισν ἢ ἐν ἴσῳ διπλάσιον. εὶ δὲ τὸ ἀλλοιοῦν ἢ τὸ ¹ αὖξον τοσόνδε ἐν τοσῷδε ἢ αὕξει ἢ ἀλλοιοῖ, οὐκ ἀνάγκη καὶ τὸ ῆμισν ἐν ἡμίσει καὶ ἐν ἡμίσει τὸ ῆμισν, ἀλλὶ οὐδὲν εὶ ἔτυχεν ἀλλοιώσει ἢ αὐξήσει ὥσπερ καὶ ἐπὶ τοῦ βάρονς.

1 om. C.



Anecdota Oxoniensia

TEXTS, DOCUMENTS, AND EXTRACTS

CHIEFLY FROM

MANUSCRIPTS IN THE BODLEIAN

AND OTHER

OXFORD LIBRARIES

CLASSICAL SERIES. VOL. I-PART IV

BENTLEY'S PLAUTINE EMENDATIONS

BY

E. A. SONNENSCHEIN, M.A.



Oxford

AT THE CLARENDON PRESS

1883

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London

HENRY FROWDE



OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS WAREHOUSE

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BENTLEY'S PLAUTINE EMENDATIONS

FROM

HIS COPY OF GRONOVIUS

BY

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BENTLEY'S PLAUTINE EMENDATIONS

FROM HIS COPY OF GRONOVIUS.

BENTLEY'S notes and emendations on the text of Plautus contained in this volume are extracted from the margin of a copy of the Vulgate (Gronovius, Lugd. Batav. et Roterod., 1669), now in the Bodleian Library (Auct. S. infra I, 27). On the title page are the initials R. B., with letters indicating the place of the volume in a library; and the initials recur p. 1162. The fly leaf contains some additional notes, written, like the marginal correction, in Bentley's unmistakeable hand. Besides these, the volume contains the hand of at least two other persons: (1) a certain Sheldon Mervyn (or Mervin), whose name appears on the fly leaf and Dedicatio p. 1, and who seems to have been the first possessor: (2) Gilbert Wakefield, the editor of Lucretius, whose name and arms appear on a printed plate attached to the cover, and whose hand is found in a few marginal notes, some in ink and some in pencil, scattered through the volume. One passage (Curc. II 1, 21), in which Wakefield's reading 'Lien crepat' (also published in his Silva Critica, Cambridge, 1789-95, V p. 100) is struck out in pencil, suggests the possibility that some of the pencil marks are by a fourth hand.

The history of the volume after the time of Bentley appears to have been as follows: (1) At Bentley's death (1742) it became the property of his nephew, Richard Bentley, who inherited all his uncle's classical books containing MS. notes (see Monk, Life of Bentley, p. 660). (2) It was probably purchased by Wakefield at the sale of the younger Bentley's books at Leicester in the year 1786: at any rate a copy of this very edition, described further as containing MS. notes, appears in the Sale Catalogue (no. 114), and there seems little reason to doubt that this is the volume in question. Wakefield himself, referring to Bentley's reading in Amphitruo, III 2. 54, remarks (Silva Critica, III p. 69), 'sic bene restitutum reliquit summus Bentleius in exemplari ejus, quod

(I) B

forte fortuna ad meas manus devenerit. AL. Ah! propitius sit potius. JUP. CONFIDO fore.' Here the phrase 'forte fortuna' would apply well enough to purchase at a sale¹. (3) It was purchased by Richard Heber at the Wakefield Sale in 1802 for the sum of two shillings and six-pence (vide no. 987 in the priced catalogue of the sale). (4) It passed into the possession of the Bodleian Library, possibly by gift of Heber or by purchase at the Heber Sale (1834–36).

It is generally believed that Bentley's library was, unlike those of so many other scholars, successfully kept together; and no doubt a valuable portion of his books passed *en masse* through the hands of Richard Cumberland, who received them as a present from the younger Bentley, into the British Museum. But this was not the fate of all: several books with MS. notes by Bentley became the property of Anthony Askew, M.D., who doubtless bought them at the sale of part of Bentley's library which took place immediately after his death. These books were again thrown into the market at the Askew Sale (1785); and though some of them have found their way into public libraries 2, others may possibly still be buried in private collections.

The emendations of Bentley amount in all to 1094, and fall into three classes: (1) Those conjectures which coincide neither with the thoughts of other editors nor with recently-discovered MSS., and which are therefore new to the world. (2) Those conjectures which have since been independently made by modern editors or found in recently-discovered MSS. (3) Those readings which he borrowed, or may have borrowed, from previous editors or commentators, and simply 'entered' as approved by himself. These three classes are distinguished by different kinds of type 3. In the last two classes the name of the scholar

Sed moris nunquam illinc fuit patri meo.

Bentley's correction in the margin stands 'moris illi n. f.' (not illine'). A similar inaccuracy of Wakefield's is found in Silva Critica, V p. 107.

¹ In another place Wakefield evidently misread Bentley's hand; see Silva Critica, IV p. 233, where he gives as Bentley's reading on Amphitruo Prologue 46:

² E.g. an Aeschylus (1580), a Menander and Philemon (1709), a Terentianus Maurus (1684), and an interleaved copy of the 'Emendationes ad Tusculanas,' with many additional notes and corrections in Bentley's hand, all of which are in the Cambridge University Library; one at least of the volumes in the British Museum (Nicandri Theriaca, 1557) has likewise reached its present destination through the Askew Sale.

³ See Explanations of Signs, p. 194.

whom Bentley has anticipated, or to whom the reading may be due, is added in brackets. The following table exhibits the numerical relations of the three classes in the various plays¹:—

	1	II	III	TOTA
Amphitruo	9	9	40	58
Asinaria	II	8	23	42
Aulularia	I2.	8	22	42
Captivi	5	9	ΙI	25
Curculio	10	II	20	41
Casina	3	43	22	68
Cistellaria	0	2	I	3
Epidicus	16	2 I	22	59
Bacchides	I 2	13	38	63
Mostellaria	15	32	54	101
Menaechmi	9	19	34	62
Miles Gloriosu	ıs 26	30	57	113
Mercator	11	20	37	68
Pseudolus	13	16	32	6 r
Poenulus	14	48	31	93
Persa	I	5	15	2 I
Rudens	19	23	53	95
Stichus	3	2	11	16
Trinummus	5	17	15	37
Truculentus	I	15	10	26
	195	351	548	1094

It will be seen that half of the total number belong to class III; 546 corrections are by the hand of Bentley himself, and of these, 195 are new. Whether the 351 readings of class II can be claimed for Bentley, or whether the honour of them belongs to the various modern scholars who first published them, may be left to the decision of future editors of Plautus.

The readings contained in the present volume, taken together with

 $^{^{1}}$ The reader must be cautioned not to expect anything more than approximate accuracy in a table of this kind. The causes of possible error are numerous.

⁽³⁾

those of the copies of Pareus and Camerarius in the British Museum¹ and those contained in the notes on Bentley's editions of Horace (A. D. 1711) and Terence (A. D. 1726), represent Bentley's work upon the text of Plautus, so far as known at the present day. The emendations of the copies of Pareus and Camerarius amount to about 1140 in number: those of the editions of Horace and Terence to about 360. We have here, therefore, a considerable body of critical matter—not indeed so extensive as it appears at first sight, since the same reading frequently occurs in two, and occasionally in three, of the sources, but still important enough to claim examination and to justify the attempt to discover the relation of the various sources to one another, and their comparative value. It will be the object of this Introduction to determine: I. The relation of the Bodleian MS, notes to the British Museum MS, notes, II. The relation of the copies with MS, notes to the Plautine emendations in the notes to Horace and Terence. III. The approximate date of the emendations in MS. Under this head it will be necessary to examine, (1) the internal evidence, (2) the evidence of the handwriting.

I. The problem presented by the recensions in the three copies with MS. notes is a curious one. The Pareus has about the same number of emendations as the Gronovius²; but, while a considerable number are common to the two³, each has many valuable readings of its own, which are not found in the other. Neither recension is, therefore, independent of the other: on the contrary, Bentley appears to have used both copies during the period of his Plautus studies, and to have entered his emendations sometimes in the one, sometimes in the other, according to his convenience ⁴. At the same time the considerable amount of common matter makes it probable that at some time or times Bentley transferred bodily from one copy to the other, rejecting only what on more mature thought he disapproved. Such transference, however, appears to have taken place in particular plays rather than from the one

¹ Press Marks 682. b. 10 and 682. c. 11. A collation of these readings has been published in an Appendix to the *Captivi* of Plautus, by E. A. Sonnenschein, 1880.

² In the following enquiry the copy of Camerarius is left out of account, as containing very few emendations, and being altogether of far less importance than the other two.

³ I. e. those marked with an asterisk in the present volume; see Explanations of Signs, p. 195.

⁴ I am informed by the Rev. Professor J. Wordsworth, of Oxford, that there is a similar relation between the several copies of the New Testament with MS, notes by Bentley.

volume, as a whole, to the other; and it must certainly have been previous to the stage of criticism which the volumes, as we have them, represent. In no single play can the one recension be entirely accounted for from the other. Thus in the *Bacchides*, while the Gronovius is on the whole decidedly superior 1, the Pareus and the Camerarius contain one emendation ('Inimiciorem' for 'Inmitiorem.' III 4.1) in which Bentley ingeniously anticipates the reading of the Ambrosian palimpsest, and which is probably superior to the reading of Gronovius, which he does not correct.

In the Captivi, on the other hand, the Pareus is far more complete; yet the Gronovius has 'larviae' on III 4. 66, while in the Pareus Bentley leaves 'larvae' uncorrected; the metre requires a trisyllabic word². In the Epidicus the Gronovius seems decidedly superior up to the end of Act II: but after that point the Gronovius almost ceases, whereas the Pareus has as many emendations in the last as in the first act, the whole number of readings of the Pareus being, however, in the Epidicus, only 22. In the Mostellaria the Gronovius has several emendations in Acts IV, V (lines 947-1155 in Ritschl's edition), while the Pareana cease altogether after Act III (i. c. of the edition of Gronovius, Ritschl line 966). In the first three acts there are many passages in which the Gronovius seems superior, e.g. I 1. 72, I 2. 11, I 2. 35, I 3. 75, II 1. 42, II 2. 95; but many in which it is inferior, e.g. I 3. 29, I 3. 53, I 3. 80, II 1. 66, II 1. 75, III 2. 127 (Par. IV 1. 41). In several plays it is very difficult to decide which copy has the advantage. Isolated instances are remarked upon in the foot-notes: the reader may be specially referred to those on Casina III 5. 1. Curculio II 3. 67, Miles Gloriosus II 4. 10, 11.

¹ Cf. especially IV 9. 145, where the conjecture 'uti' (for 'veluti') agrees with the note on Horace, Epistles II 1. 67, and is not found in the Pareus. Again in II 3. 86 the reading of Pylades ('Quantillum' for 'Quantulum') which is adopted, agrees with the note on Terence, Haut, IV 2.1 but is not in the Pareus. Other passages in which the Gronovius is superior are III 4. 4, IV 7. 1.

This word 'larvia,' which Bentley seems to have devised as a Plautine equivalent of 'larva' (which modern editors usually write 'lariia'), is characteristic of the Gronovius; it is found in Amph. II 2.145, Aul. IV 4.15, Capt. III 4.66, Cas. III 4.2, Men. V 4.2, Merc. V 4.20, 22. That it is a form deliberately approved by Bentley appears from the fact that it is adopted in the note on Horace, Epistles I 2.34. It is found once in the Pareus (Aul. IV 4.15). In the Gronovius the correction is always made in the same way (by writing the letters via in the margin), in exactly the same hand and with the same dark and glossy ink.

It is clear therefore that for a study of Bentley's work on Plautus, both the copies with MS. notes are essential. The same may be said of the emendations in the notes upon Terence and Horace, which form the subject of the next heading.

II. The relation of the copies with MS. notes to the emendations in the notes on Terence and Horace is also an interesting one. To what extent are the latter coincident with the former, to what extent inconsistent 1?

¹ The question has been already treated, in regard to the emendations in the copy of Pareus ('Pareana'), by Dr. H. Schenkl in an article in the Zeitschrift für die oesterreichischen Gymnasien (Zweiunddreissigster Jahrgang, 1881). His position is that the inconsistencies between the notes on Terence and the 'Schediasma' on the one hand, and the 'Pareana' on the other, are so grave and numerous as to compel the inference that the latter represent an earlier stage of criticism.

His line of argument is presented under two heads: (a) That while Bentley is inexorable against all hiatus in his edition of Terence, the Pareana show a certain tolerance towards hiatus; (b) That the divergences between the quotations and emendations of Plautus in the notes on Terence and Horace and the Pareana make it impossible to explain the former from the latter. With regard to (a) Dr. Schenkl's argument proceeds on the assumption that what is true of the verse of Terence is true of that of Plautus. This was not Bentley's view: and any conclusions founded upon the assumption that it was, are wholly invalid. The following quotation from Bentley himself (ad Eun. III 1. 18) disposes of the argument of Dr. Schenkl. Speaking of the hiatus ('hiare') he says, 'Quod etsi Plautus sibi indulgeat in caesura, nunquam id facit Terentius;' and in the notes on Terence we actually find him quoting Plautus with hiatus in caesura, e.g. Trin. Prol. 18 (on Phormio Prol. 26 and Haut. Prol. 1);

Huic nomen Graece est Thesauro fabulae

and again in Capt. V 2. 24 (on Andr. I 5. 54).

Thus the readings of the Pareana in Pseud. I 1, 24

Interpretari | alium posse neminem

in Stich, II 1.81 (Ritschl 235)

Ecastor auctionem | haud magni preti

in Merc. II 2. 12

Tantum est. DE. Lysimache salue, | Ly. Euge Demipho

and in Pseud. III 2, 67

Ut nostra properes amoliri | omnia

and similar cases, are entirely consistent with the principles and practice of Bentley in the year 1726.

To what extent Bentley would, in 1726, have allowed Plautus 'hiare' in other cases than in caesura, it is difficult to say. The Pareana give no clear sound on this point. Thus his correction in Stich. II 1, 63

Consenui: paene sum fame | emortuus

seems to allow the hiatus: whereas in Mil. I 1.49

Edepol memoria'st optuma, AR. Offae me monent

his correction is based upon a disinclination to allow hiatus in the same place.

Under the heading (b) Dr. Schenkl quotes several cases in which the notes on Terence present valuable emendations of which the Pareana give no hint, e.g. those on Eun. II 3. 65, both of which are accepted by Ritschl (Bacch. IV 4. 27, Mil. V 36). In two other passages the notes

In order to determine this point with accuracy, the present writer has extracted and examined all the Plautine emendations in the notes on Terence and such of those in the notes on Horace as could be discovered from the index or from references in editions of Plautus. The results may be summed up as follows:—Of about 346 quotations from Plautus in the notes on Terence, 250¹ simply follow the text of the Vulgate edition or of Pareus, occasionally with insignificant changes, 15 contain slips or misprints, 6 contain conjectural readings by other editors or commentators before Bentley. This leaves 75 cases in which there are genuine conjectures of Bentley's own. Of these 75 emendations, 37 are fully accounted for by one or other of the copies with MS. notes², 2 are partly accounted for by the Pareus, and 36 remain to represent the advance of Plautine criticism in the edition of Terence as compared with the copies with MS. notes.

From these statistics it is evident that Bentley did not, in the year 1726, regard his MS. emendations of Plautus as antiquated: on the contrary, he appears to have used them throughout in preparing his notes on Terence. When he had occasion to quote Plautus, he regularly quoted the passage as emended in one or more of his copies with MS. notes; where these did not contain any emendation, he either quoted one of the standard texts of his time—Pareus or Gronovius³—or else emended the

on Terence complete a partial emendation of the copy of Pareus (Cist, II 1, 26, on Andr. IV 3, 13 and Hec. V. 4, 30; and Mil. II 1. 8 on Phorm. Prol. 26).

But here too Dr. Schenkl's results must be received with caution. He has exaggerated the case by admitting as instances of divergence numerous cases in which approval of a line as given by Pareus is inferred ex silentio. He has treated mere slips or misprints of the edition of Terence as serious conjectures (see notes on Andr. I. 1. 92, Eun. III 5. 22, V 4. 14, Adelph. II 4. 1). He has laid no stress on the other side of the question—the extent of the agreement between the Pareana and the notes on Terence: nor has he stated the extent of absolute inconsistency, i.e. the extent to which Bentley in his Terence rejects emendations of the Pareus in favour of a different conjecture.

¹ It should be noted that all these are, with one exception, passages in which no correction is registered in the copies with MS. notes. The one exception is Merc. II 1.4 (on Haut. II 1.13).

² 14 are in the Pareus alone, 8 in the Gronovius alone, 1 in the Camerarius alone, 13 in both the Pareus and the Gronovius, 1 in both the Gronovius and the Camerarius.

³ That he quoted mainly from Pareus is shown by the numbers of the lines. Thus Stich. II 1.18 (on Haut. IV 7.8) can be found only by a reference to Pareus; in the Vulgate it is I 3.8. Similarly Most. V 3.26 (on Andr. I 1.13) is V 2.26 in the Vulgate; Most. III 3.13 (on Eun. II 2.36) is III 2.108. The same holds in a dozen other cases. In writing his notes on Cas. III 5.36 (on Eun. IV 6.5), and Epid. II 2.117 (on Haut. III 3.48), it looks precisely as if he were

passage himself on the spot. In a very few passages, it is true, he rejected one of his previous emendations, or modified it, in favour of a new thought ¹. In at least two others the notes on Terence appear to exhibit a less advanced stage of criticism than the Gronovius; see Rud. I 1. 6. Trin. II 2. 78 (cf. on Haut. III 1. 72 and Adelph. V 8. 23).

III. The question of date is connected with that just discussed, and has already been treated, in regard to the copy of Pareus, by Dr. H. Schenkl in the article alluded to above. Dr. Schenkl's argument is twofold. (1) He maintains that Bentley must have completed a critical recension both of Terence, as represented in the edition of 1726, and of Plautus, so early as the year 1709, when he 'announced his intention of bringing out an edition not only of Plautus but also of Terence?' (2) He maintains that the 'Pareana' represent an altogether earlier stage of criticism than the notes on Terence and the Schediasma. His conclusion is that the Pareana were written considerably before the year 1709, and are therefore a comparatively immature work. At the same time he makes handsome acknowledgment of the 'considerable number of the most plausible and acute emendations—in many cases the result of unwearied and protracted labour—which will take their due place in all future editions of Plautus'

The second position of Dr. Schenkl has been already sufficiently answered. The MS. notes in the Pareus—and, it may be added, those in the Gronovius—do not represent an immature stage of criticism. The metrical principles of the Pareus are the metrical principles of the notes on Terence and the Schediasma: and, while it is quite true that the notes on Terence contain 36 emendations not in the copies with MS. notes, this number seems altogether insufficient as a basis upon which to establish the hypothesis of a later and improved recension³.

transferring his own remarks in his copy of Pareus into his notes on Terence; in the former passage the Pareana have 'leg. expeto (MS. expeto),' and in the notes on Terence, reading expeto, he remarks, 'Sic MS. Regius bonae notae.'

¹ Such passages are Merc. II I. 4 (cf. the Pareus with note on Haut. II I. 13), and Aul. II 8. 23, Men. III 3. 34, Trin. II 2. 78, Rud. II. 6, Asin. II 4. 86, Bacch. II 2. 14 (cf. the Gronovius with notes on Terence, quoted at the foot of the page).

² In the Emendationes ad Tusculanas, appended to the edition of Davies, of the year 1709.

³ If Bentley had had such a complete recension before him, we should not so often find him quoting lines which will not scan, e. g. Poen. I 2, 185 (on Ad, IV 2, 52),

Nor is Dr. Schenkl's evidence on his first position any sounder. He relies, firstly, upon the 'promise' of the year 1709; secondly, on the statement that we do not hear of any subsequent study of Latin comedy. on the part of Bentley, till the year 1726, when the edition of Terence was hastily put together and published. It may be replied: (a) That a promise of this kind would in any case be unsafe ground for inferring that the materials for fulfilling it were ready to hand. But further, the reader who turns to the original passage in which the supposed 'promise' is contained (ad Tusc, III 12), will be somewhat surprised at the terms in which it is expressed. After emending a passage from the Amphitruo (II 1. 1-23), Bentley continues, 'Non enim nunc locus est, ut ista latius proseguar: sed si erit unquam ut Plautum Terentiumque lima nostra expolitos in lucem edam, et hace et alia infinita fusius tenuiusque deducta conspicies.' In the edition of Horace (1711) we find him using similar language (ad Serm. II 5.79), 'Sed hace pluribus, si a majoribus negotiis otium crit, ad ipsum Terentium.' This pious aspiration, that he might some day produce an edition of Plautus-which is not mentioned in the second passage quoted - as well as of Terence, began its marvellous career as a promise so early as Monk's Life of Bentley, where we are told that 'he held out expectations of publishing some time or other both Plautus and Terence; 'in Maehly, 'he promised a Plautus and Terence' (Richard Bentley, eine Biographie: Belege, p. 150); in Dr. Schenkl's article 'he had manifestly completed the critical recension of both authors!'

(b) It is a mistake to say that we hear of no study in the field of Latin comedy between 1709 and 1726. In the year 1713 Bentley was occupied on his edition of Terence: and many a point of metre must have been discussed with Hare during the years that preceded their rival editions

Neque mihi jam video propter tete victitandum sorbilo.

In other passages we find him approving readings which are manifestly imperfect. Thus on Eun. V 4. 14 he quotes Mil. II 2. 84 thus:

Dicam hanc Athenis advenisse cum amatore aliquo suo;

upon which Ritschl exclaims 'imprudens puto.' Similarly in Trin. II 1. 20(on Eun. V 8. 57), he reads

Quod ebibit, quod comest, quod facit sumpti;

and in Most. III 1. 15 (Hec. IV 4. 12),

. . . . Verum ut res sese habet.

Neither of these lines will scan, and on both Ritschl remarks, 'quod mirere patienter tulisse Bentleium.'

of Terence. Besides, our information about Bentley's private reading is very meagre; and any inference based upon the silence of his biographer is quite valueless.

While therefore the Plautine emendations in the *Emendationes ad Tusculanas* make it quite clear that Bentley had read both his Terence and his Plautus, and read them critically, before the year 1709, there is no evidence that a complete recension of the text of Terence was finished in that year; and the completed recension of Plautus is a myth.

This evidence, therefore, for a date considerably anterior to 1700 falls to the ground. But it is difficult, nay, impossible, to set up any definite date in its stead, from the fact that the emendations were obviously not all written at the same period. This would in any case be probable from internal evidence; it is proved conclusively by an examination of the handwriting. Bentley's hand presents a wide range of variation, but three stages are distinctly discernible, not counting his boyish hand¹: (1) The hand of his early manhood: the writing of which is sloped, and shows more tendency to looping than in his later hand; specimens may be seen in several of his books with MS. notes in the British Museum², in the fly leaf of the Manilius in the library of Trinity College, Cambridge (B. 17. 29), and in the letter to De Veil preserved in the Trinity College collection 3 of Bentley's correspondence (Wordsworth, vol. i. p. 254). (2) The hand of his middle age. It is more upright than the other, and not as a rule looped; it keeps its letters more separate from one another, and shows a remarkable tendency to running the ends of words off small. This is the hand most characteristic of Bentley, and is seen in the large majority of his books in the British Museum, and in several documents in Trinity College library,—the Ephemeris of the year 17014, the postscripts to the letters to Kuster (1708)—the letter to J. Clericus of 1710-and the margin of the Manilius and Terence (B. 17.

¹ E.g., the hand of the verses on the Papist conspiracy, written at College (Trinity College Collection, p. 2).

² E g. the Stephanus (687. h. 5), the Aphthonius (683. b. 2).

³ The letter is there marked 'copy,' but I believe it to be original.

⁴ A fly leaf, under the date July 26, 1701, contains the following entry: 'Saturday. Mr. Hutchinson, Mr. Porter, Mr. Green and Mr. Leighton played at Bowls in y° College Bowlinggreen [sic] all chapell time, in y° Evening service: seen out of my window by me (who was then lame and could not be at Chapel) & Will. Jaist.' This is amusing when compared with Monk, vol. II, p. 341.

33). The terminus a quo for this hand appears to be about the year 1700, when Bentley was 38 years of age, and the terminus ad quem about the year 1725, when he was 63. A letter of the year 1693, preserved in the British Museum (Additional MSS. 6911), exhibits a hand midway between the 'characteristic' and the earlier hand: the terminus ad quem, therefore, of the latter would seem to be about the year 1690. (3) His old age hand, which is large and rather shaky, and which exhibits other signs of breaking up: it regularly employs the 'Greek ε .' Specimens may be seen in the letter to Sir H. Sloane of the year 1728, now in the British Museum (Sloane MSS. 4037), in the MS. notes on Markland's Epistola Critica, published 1723 (Brit. Mus. 681. c. 25), and those on Burmann's Ovid, published 1727 (Brit. Mus. 681. d. 6); and also in occasional passages in others of his books with MS. notes (c. g. in the Terence, Brit. Mus. 687. f. 16, p. 345). This hand can be traced back to the year 17281.

Applying these results to the copies of Plautus with MS. notes, we find that they are for the most part written in the 'characteristic' or middle hand, but that occasional specimens of the earlier, and frequent specimens of the later, hand present themselves. Thus on the flyleaf of the Gronovius (see p. 224) the writing down to the middle of the page ('p. 772. 35'...'Festus') is in the early hand, while the rest ('Prologo Casinae'...'R. B.') is in the characteristic hand. The late hand is found occasionally in the Pareus, and still more frequently in the Gronovius (e. g. Amph. I 1. 264, 2. 28, Asin. III 3. 71, Aul. III 5. 33, Most. I 3. 13², Rud. I 2. 77, II 6. 1, III 2. 37, 49, Trin. II 4. 44, V 2. 31).

From a consideration, therefore, of the handwriting two inferences seem to follow: (1) the notes on Plautus were written at widely different times; a few date from Bentley's early manhood, the majority from the first two decades of the eighteenth century, and a few more from the

¹ It is worth notice that in the large majority of the volumes with Adversaria, the notes are in a hand or hands dating from after the year 1700. These volumes represent a large amount of critical work on the most various authors, and are important evidence that Bentley's activity as a scholar did not cease after his appointment to the Mastership of Trinity, as is sometimes said.

² It is curious that in the Mostellaria the handwriting changes from Act IV on (Ritschl 947); and it is just at this point that the notes become more numerous than those of the Pareus (see above p. 185). These notes then appear to be more recent additions.

⁽¹¹⁾ C 2

period of his old age: (2) as Bentley used the two copies of Plautus till so late in his life, it is improbable that he possessed any other copy representing a more complete recension of the text by his own hand. Otherwise he would have entered his emendations in that copy rather than the Gronovius. At the same time it is not evident why he did not at once enter in one of the above copies the emendations now extant only in the Terence. Perhaps he considered them sufficiently recorded in the latter work; and we know that he was working under pressure.

An estimate of the absolute value of the emendations contained in this volume is not here attempted. But whatever the verdict of scholars may be on this point, certain general results may perhaps be anticipated. That Plautine criticism is under immense obligations to Bentley is indisputable; but a more careful examination of the actual work left on record by him will perhaps lead to the conclusion that the debt is rather indirect than direct, rather to the principles of comic metre and prosody laid down in the Terence than to emendations of particular passages, and that the supreme position of Bentley as a critic of Plautus can be explained only by this indirect obligation 1. There is no evidence that Bentley ever gave to Plautus the thorough study, in detail, which he gave to Terence, Horace, and Manilius; nor does he seem to have collated any MS. except that of the King's Library (\$\mathcal{T}\$), which contains only the first eight plays (cf. notes on Pseud. III 2, 55, IV 6, 36) 2.

On the other hand, if the positive gain at the present day from the volumes with MS. notes appears small, it must be remembered that many of their best emendations were published a century and a half ago in the Terence, and about one-third have either been made independently by modern scholars, working on Bentley's lines and drawing the inferences from his principles, or discovered in the Ambrosian MS. In an

¹ Cf. the panegyric of Ritschl in his dedication of the Trinummus to Hermann, 'ad emendandum Plautum post magnum Beutleium duci unico.' The question of the obligations of Bentley to Guyet is a curious one: see the note of Wagner in his Aulularia, p. xiv (1st edition). An examination of Guyet's emendations, as published by M. de Marolles in his edition of Plautus (Lutetine, 1658), certainly shows that Bentley borrowed many emendations from the French scholar whom he frequently attacked; among them must be included the celebrated virgeum for virgarum in Mil. II 6. 22, which is put down to Bentley by Ritschl, and the festra of Rud. I I. 6 (cf. note on Ilaut. III 1. 72). On the other hand Bentley's general independence in conjecture is unmistakeable, and Guyet's inferiority in metrical insight comes out very clearly in the Cantica.

² For B, he relied on Pareus, whose notes he did not always study with sufficient care.

estimate of Bentley's work on Plautus, these must be taken into account; they often furnish remarkable evidence of his insight and sagacity, and bear the best possible testimony—the testimony of verification—to the general soundness of the principles on which Plautine criticism rests. The evidence of this *consensus* is indeed so important and reassuring, that critics may be almost reconciled to the late publication of the *Bentleiana*; though it must not be forgotten that, had Bentley's work been made public property fifty years ago, Plautine criticism might on several important points have been saved a considerable *détour*¹.

In conclusion the editor would express his sincere thanks to the Curators of the Bodleian Library, for permission to publish the Bentleiana contained in this volume, and to others who gave him valuable help or advice in the progress of his work—the Ven. Archdeacon Palmer, the Rev. Prof. J. Wordsworth and F. Madan, Esq., of Oxford, Prof. R. C. Jebb, of Glasgow, Rev. R. Sinker of Cambridge, E. M. Thompson, Esq., and A. W. K. Miller, Esq., of the British Museum, and Arthur Beanlands, Esq., of Durham.

¹ See Bücheler in the *Deutsche Literaturzeitung* (Oct. 2, 1880), who comments upon Bentley's recognition of anapaestic verse in Plautus (on Pseud. IV 1. 33) and the remarkable restoration of the form *iurigare*.

EXPLANATION OF SIGNS, ETC.

To the left of the square bracket stands the word or phrase of the Vulgate text which Bentley corrects; to the right, his correction. These corrections are printed in three different kinds of type: those which he borrowed or may have borrowed from previous editions (Class I) stand in ordinary Roman type, and are followed by the name of the scholar from whom he borrowed: those which have been since made independently by modern scholars or found in recently discovered MSS. (Class II) are printed in *italics*, and followed by the name of the scholar or MS. in question: those which are new at the present day are printed in Clarendon type. A few corrections stand in Roman type, and are not followed by any name in brackets; these are by Bentley himself, but fall under none of the above categories, having been published by him either in the edition of Terence or that of Horace; a reference to the place is given in a footnote (e.g. on Men. V 4. 2, Most. I 3. 19). Comments and notes by Bentley, i.e. such as are not corrections of the text, are also given in Roman type (cf. Most. I 2. 1, 39, Bacch. IV 9. 4, Men. II 3. 74).

Where Bentley strikes out a word in the text, the fact is indicated by 'del.' on the right of the bracket, whether Bentley himself employs this word or not. The type of the word 'del.' varies according as the emendation belongs to the first, second, or third class. On the other hand 'leg.' (i.e. lege, legendum) is only added where Bentley himself employs the word in the margin.

An upright stroke at the right of the square bracket (|,/,|) indicates the close of a line; it is the sign which Bentley himself employs (cf. Cas. II 8. 34, III 5; Mil. II 4. 11). A horizontal stroke in the same place (—,) indicates that a word is to be joined on to the following line (cf. Bacch. IV 1. 11, Curc. V 3. 10). A + in the same place represents Bentley's tick with which he marked a line which he suspected, but could not correct (cf. Curc. II 3. 44, etc.): sometimes particular words are underlined to indicate suspicion, with or without a tick in the margin; this sign is represented by a similar line beneath the word or a part of the word to the left of the bracket (cf. Asin. I 1. 46, 50). A caret (\Lambda, \Lambda) indicates the omission of a word (cf. Most. I 3. 65). A minus sign after the name of a scholar indicates that his reading differs only in some trifling point from that of Bentley (e. g. Mil. IV 8. 3).

A single asterisk after a correction indicates that the same correction is made in the copy of Pareus; two asterisks, that it is made in the copy of Camerarius; three asterisks, that it is made in both these copies, i.e. that it occurs in all three copies with MS. notes. Indications are also given, in foot notes, of all the passages in which the Pareus or the Camerarius collide with the Gronovius: and all the passages in the notes on Terence, which contain identical or varying corrections of the same passages, are referred to.

In determining the classes to which the various emendations are to be assigned, the chief modern editions of the whole or part of Plautus have been collated, and also the editions of Pareus and M. de Marolles (1658). For other editors before Bentley and for MSS, the critical apparatus of Ritschl and his followers have been the main helps. But, while accuracy has been aimed at, it is quite possible that the assignment of 'class' may sometimes be in error; some emendations put down as new (Class I), may possibly be extant in a modern periodical, and some which are assigned to a modern scholar (Class II) may be really due to an editor before Bentley. In such a matter absolute completeness is neither attainable nor necessary.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

Bos - Bosius

Grut.=Gruter

A=Codex Ambrosianus (Ambrosian palimpsest) Acid. = Acidalius Ald .= Aldus Ang. = Angelius B=Codex Vetus Ba = first hand of BRh=second hand of B Bentl. = Bentley Bentl.(C.)=Bentley in his copy of Camerarius Bentl.(G.)=Bentley in his copy of Gronovius Bentl.(P.)=Bentley in his copy of Pareus Bo. = Bothe

(15)

Bosse.=Bosscha
Br.=Brix
C=Codex Decurtatus
Cam.=Camerarius
D=Codex Ursinianus
del.=dele
Diom.=Diomedes
Dou.=Dousa
E=Codex Ambrosianus (thirteenth
century)
Fl.=Fleckeisen
Fr.=Francken
Gep.=Geppert
Gron.=Gronovius

Gul.=Gulielmius
Guy.=Guyet
Gz.=Goetz
Herm.=Hermann
J=Codex Britannicus
Lachm.=Lachmann
Lamb.=Lambinus
leg.=lege (legendum)
Li.=Lindemann
Ling.=Lingius
Lips.=Lipsius
Loe.=Loewe

Lor.=Lorenz
Meurs.=Meursius
Mül.=C. F. W. Müller
Mur.=Muretus
Non.=Nonius
om.=omitted

P.=Pareus
Pall.=Codices Palatini (quoted in the notes of Pareus)

notes of Par Pi.=Pius Pist.=Pistoris Pyl.=Pylades Quich.=Quicherat Rl.=Ritschl Rz.=Reiz Sca.=Scaliger Sci.=Scioppius Scriv.=Scriverius Speng.=Spengel Uss.=Ussing Wag.=Wagner

Wei. = Weise Z = Editio Princeps

BENTLEY'S PLAUTINE EMENDATIONS.

AMPHITRUO.

Prol. 19 Mercurii] Mercurio (Guyet) 32 affero] fero (Acidalius) 46 mos nunquam illic fuit] moris illi n. f.¹ 71 Sive] Seu (Fleckeisen) 82 Ut] del. (Fruterius) 95 Nunc] Nunc vos (Lambinus, Pareus) I.	1. 302 (458) meam,] mea ² 2. r (463) hodie] del. (Quidam ap. Acid.) 13 (475) concordiam conjugis] conjugis concordiam (Pylades) 28 (490) suspicio] consuetio* (Scioppius)
1. 14 (Fl. 168)] Sotad.* [i. e. versus So-	II.
tadicus	1. 13 (563) hodie]/**
18 (172)] Sotad.	15 (565) ludificari] ludos facere
19 (173)] Bacch.	16 (566) nunquam umquam (J-,P.)
28 (183) hominem] del. [sic]	19 (569) te]/**
mi] mihi (Bothe)	48 (595) Neque Atque
29 (184) ea] del.	mirum nihilo mirum
49 (204) delegit] délegit	57 (604) satin' satine
66 (221) legiones] del. (Guy.)	82 (629) jam imperavi] imperavi jam
67 (222) Item] del. (Ussing)	(Bo.)
72 (227) canunt contra] contra ca-	2. 29 (661) sese] se (Pyl.)
nunt* (Guy.)	ajebat] aibat (Guy.)
136 (292) homo?] homo, (Pareus)	60 (692) factum est] del.
203 (359) familiae] familiai* (Bo.)	71 (703) velis vis (MSS.)
211 (367) audaciae] audaciai* (Camerarius)	73 (705) resolvas] rem solvas (Pistoris)
221 (377) Eloquere Loquere* (Aldus)	—te solvas (Sci.)
264 (420) cistula] cistellula (Bo.)	76 (708) rogare] del. (Cam.)
270 (426) tabernaculo tabernaclo (D)	103 (735) id] del. (Ald.)
272 (428) tabernaculo] tabernaclo	105 (737) abivisti] abiisti (Pyl.)
(Guy.)	113 (745) tu] del. (Guy.)
¹ Withdrawn; cf. Silva Critica IV. p. 233, and Introd. p. 182 (note 1). ² I. e. agreeing with 'quae.'	

D

(17)

[1. 4.]

III.

1. 15 (875) Frustrationem] Frustrationes (Müller) 1. 15 (875) maxumam] maxumas (Müll.)

2. 22 (903) verecunda] iracunda* (Lamb.)

potin' es | potin* (Cam.)

24 (905) arbitrare] arbitrere (P.)

27 (908) neque] neque ego (P.)

49 (930)]†

54 (935) confide confido (MSS.)

4. 17 (1000) cispellam aspellam (J)

IV.

3. 14 (1048) aedibus] aedis (Cam.)

15 (1049) sive uxorem...sive adulterum] seu ux....seu ad.³ (Guy.)

18 (1052) aedibus] aedis (Cam.)

ASINARIA.

Prol. 3 Gregique] Gregi
4 jam nunc] nunc jam (Lingius)

4 Jani nanej mme jam (Emigras)

I.

1. 36 (Goetz and Loewe 50)] v. 69

46 (61) praenoscimus 50 (65) obsequelam⁴

62 (77) obsecutum illius] ejus obsecutum (Bo., Wei.)

69, 70 (51, 52)] del. (v. 36)⁵

85 (98) id] istuc (Guy.—)

92 (105) forte] fortasse

3. 31 (183) pedissequae pedisequae*
(Pylades)

56 (208) ajebas] *aibas* (Bo.)

II.

2. 9 (275) hercle] hercule 6

12 (278) huic occasioni] occasioni
huic 7 (Fl)

20 (286) frausus] frausu' (Quich.) siet] sit (Cam.)

60 (326) derogita] rogita* (Cam.)

81 (348) novisse] nosse8 (Guy.)

105 (372) caveto] cave tu*9

- ¹ Bentl, originally thought of 'alium peperisti,' as his caret before 'peperisti' shows.
- ² Also on Haut. II 3. 20.
- ³ Bentl, in his copy of Camerarius reads 'Si' for 'Sive' (at the beginning of the line).
- 4 In his copy of Pareus Bentl. suggests 'obsequentiam.'
- ⁵ I. e. Bentl, transposes these verses to their proper place after 36; so Acidalius and Gz.
- ⁶ Bentl. originally thought of 'hercle tu.' Pentl. (P.) reads 'si huic sese occasionit.'
- ⁸ Here the emendation in the copy of Pareus and that given above supplement one another.

⁹ Cf. Capt. II 3. 71.

3. 6 (386) conservas / * 7 (387) aedibus] del.* (Gulielmius, Acidalius)

9 (389) extemplo] exemplo (J, P.)

24 (404) hic del.

25 (405) incedit | cedit* (Scaliger)

26 (406) Si] ME. Si

4. 22 (428) dedi] dedo* (Gz.)

86 (493) me tamen] tamen me¹ (P.)

1. 6 (508) matris matri*

27 (530) periculum periclum (Pyl.) magnum] del.* (Pyl.)

2. 14 (560) nunc del. (Guy.)

23 (569) sies | sis

3. 9 (599) Negotiosus 2

53 (643) Le. del. (Z) haec] hic (Pyl.) 3. 65 (655) populi] popli (/, P.)

66 (656) imperator

71 (661)]+

herum] humerum3

127 (717) olim del. (J, Pyl.)

131 (721) perpetuum] perpetem4

IV.

1. 40 (785) est] sit (Z)

44 (789) habere illam] illam habere (Acid.)

2. 7 (816) tu haec] haec tu 5 (Guy.)

2. 45 (895) illam] illanc (Cam.)

46 (898) ART.] PH. (Acid.) es eris

57 (907) nequeo queo (J, P.)

71 (921) odio] suo odio*

GREX 6 (947) sic del. (Pyl., P.)

AULULARIA.

T.

2. 7 (Gz. 85) nunc] del. (Cam.)

H.

1. 46 (168) eburata] ebur

2. 20 (197) onerat | ornat* (Bosius, Francken)

54 (231) quasi nunquam] quam si non

73 (251) -que sum sumque

4. 4 (283) Co. del.7

1 4. 6 (285) St. An. (Z)

16 (295) filiae filiai (Sca.)

23 (302) sibi] del. (P.)

27 (306) tel te Congrio aequom est] est aequom

36 (315) esse parcum] parce (Wag.)

5. 14 (340) si quod] si quo⁸

8. 2 (372) bene | bene me* (Sca., Guy.) filiae filiaï* (Sca.)

23 (243) intro huc propere del.9

26 (396) Cui] Si cui (Uss.)

¹ Cf. on Andr. I 1. 92, where he reads 'fortasse.'

² By Bentl.? 3 This is not in Bentl.'s bold, characteristic hand, but cf. Aul. II 2. 54, III 5. 33, etc.

4 Cf. Amph. I 1. 125, II 2. 100, Truc. II 2. 23.

5 Bentl. (P.) omits 'tu.'

6 Withdrawn.

⁷ Here Bentl. (P.) shows a distinct advance.

8 Cam. read 'si qui.'

9 Cf. Bentl. on Haut. I 1. 20, where he proposes 'Ni intro huc propero currere.'

(10)

III

2.16 (430) crudum an coctum]coctum an crudum

5. 27 (501) pedissequos pedisequos* (Pyl.)

33 (507) pulchrum] paulum (Brix)

45 (519) arcularii]

6. 2 (538) audivisti] audivistin'*
omnia] | (P.)

3 (539) E] del.* (P., Gul.)

4 (540) filiae] filiaï (Sca.)

28 (564) totus est] totust (Guy.)

IV.

2. 8 (615) aurum] del.

4. I (628) Foras] I foras (Lamb.)

4. 3 (630) Ego] del.

7 (634) rogitas] rotas [i.e. rogas* (Cam.)]

9 (636) quidagam?] ecquidagam?

15 (642) Larvae] Larviae*

16 (643) Facisne] Faci'ne [i.e. Facin] mihi] del. (Reiz, Wei.)

19 (646) vellem] velles

22 (649) rursum] rursus* (Rz., Bo.)

25 (652) St. non] Eu. non (P.)

5. I (661) Emortuus] Emortuum (P.) 3 (663) jam] jam iterum (Müller)

6. 13 (679) Indeque] *Inde* (Bo.)

8. 5 (705) illuc] illo (Cam.)

7 (707) Indeque] Inde (Cam.)

10. 67 (797) filiae] filiaï (Guy.)

CAPTIVI.

I.

1. 6 (Fl. 74) non?] non est? 1 (P.)

33 (101) suum] del.

2. 36 (139) egone] ego (Bo.) 60 (163) est] del. (Bosscha)

76 (179) HE.] del. (Li.)

77 (180)] p. 210 [i.e. III 1. 37.]

11

2. 76 (326) luculentos] lutulentos (P.)

107 (355) collaria] collari (Li.)

3. 71 (431) caveto] cave tu^{2*} (Bo., Bosscha)

111.

1. 3 (463) cupit] cupiat*

9 (468) Itaque] Ita* (Guy.)

19 (479) inquam] del.* (Guy.)

4. 19 (552) Ty. ain'] Ar. ain' (P.)

66 (598) larvae] larviae

114 (647) et] del.* (Guy.)

5. 27 (685) Meum] Me meum (Fl.)

5. 67 (725) Nisi] del.* s [transferred to end of previous line.]

IV.

1. 13 (780) hunc] ob hunc (P.)

2. 21 (801) extemplo] del. (/)

52 (832) vel] del. (Guy.)

76 (856) te] tute (Li.)

85 (865) hunce] hunc (BJ)

V.

3. 7 (984) indistis] indidistis (P.)

4. 4 (1001) omni'] del.* (Li.)

CATERVA (1032) liberet haberet patrem suum suum patrem

¹ Bentl. (P.) inserts 'scortum' after 'invocatum.'

² Cf. Asin. II 2. 105.

³ Here Bentl. (P.) is in advance, reading 'Cotidiano'; so also on Haut. IV 5.7.

(20)

CURCULIO.

I.	3. 62 (341) Lyconem trapezitam] trap.
1. 27 sinit] sirit* (Muretus, Cam.)	Lyc. (Wei.)—267 [i. e.
39 eveniat] evenit*	III 36]
43 Id] Id ita	66 (345)]†
45 exedat] excidat (Lamb.)	67 (346) meo del.2
67 Curiam] Cariam (P.)	68 (347) daret operam operam
84 afferri] ferri (Fl.)	daret
93 Viden'] Vide (Bo.)	69 (348)]†
3. 1 (Gz. 158) forum] forium* (Pyl.)	72 (351)]†
49 (205) utimur] utemur* (Pius)	77 (356) opposuit] opposivit³ (Cam., P.)
54 (210 me] del. (P.)	88 (367) panem] pane (Nonius, P.)
II.	90 (369)]†
3. I (280) atque] del. (Fl.)	tabellas] tabulas (Z)
5 (284)]†	
II (290) conferunt conserunt (Fl.)	III.
13 (292) bibentes] libentes (Acid., E)	4 (374)]† 31 (401) non] haud* (Bo.)
15 (294) offendero, -1	31 (401) non nana (100.)
16 (295) Ex	IV.
exciam] excutiam* (Cam.)	2. 22 (508) suadendo] sua dando
28 (307) dextram] dexteram (J)	26 (512) Cu.] Ca. (B)
32 (311) Viden'] Vide* (Pyl.)	33 (519) opus est] del.
37 (316) vis] del. (Bo.)	3. 13 (545) tu mihi tabulas] tabulas
39 (318) Os]† [Bentl. marks Os]	mihi ⁴
43 (322) opus est] opu'st (P.)	14 (546) mihi luscos] luscos mihi
44 (323)]†	15 (547) ullu'st] ullus est (F)
55 (334)]†	17 (549)]+6
58 (337)]†	4. 11 (567)]†
60 (339) dextram] dexteram	22 (578)]†

¹ Cf. V 3. 10, 11 and note.

² Here, and in the next line, Bentl. (P.) represents a more advanced stage. By deleting 'meo,' instead of transferring it to the next line, Bentl, made the problem of line 69 insoluble: here his †. Bentl. (P.), following Grut. and Guy., gives the key to the true solution of all three lines.

³ Cf. Bacch, II 3, 72, Most, II 1, 35, Truc. Arg. 4; and note on Eun. V 3, 3,

Bentl. (P.) reads 'tu mihi,' deleting 'tabulas.'

⁵ The figures (21), by which Bentl indicates the change, are, contrary to his wont, placed under the words, instead of over them: the 2 stands above the 'u,' the 1 above the 'm,' of 'quidem.'

⁶ Here Bentl (P.) supplies the wanting emendation, by deleting 'tui.'

V.
2. 3 (601)]†
48 (648) nescio quis] nescio qui (Bo.)
48 (648) nescio quis] nescio qui (Bo.)
51 (651) Meministin] Meministii
3. 2 (680) expertus sum] expertur
sum
10 (688) tibi?]—
11 (682) Aut 1

CASINA.

8. 58 triticeas | triticeias (P.) 1. 18 nisi] si* (Bo.) 71 noxa noxia* (Cam.) 30 facem.] facem; 41 Jejunium] Jejunum * (Guy.) III. H. 1. I Alcesime]/* (Bo., Gep.) 15 doctus doctus et (Lamb.) 2. 22 ingratis ingratiis * (Bo., Geppert) 3. 16 amo] /* (Bo., Gep.) 3. 22 est officium] officium'st (A) 17 enecas] /* (Bo., Gep.) 4. 2 ludificatus est larva ludificatu'st 18 tibi] /* (Bo., Gep.) larvia4 es] | * (P.) 14 eal del. 59 Miser Mi (P .--) 18 hodie.] hodie (P.) 5. 10 uxorene] uxoren' (Bo., Gep.) 5. 1 occidi] / 5 (Gep.) 27 emortuus | mortuus (Acid.) 2 tremunt] / (Gep.) 30 habeat | habet* (Cam.) 3 perfugii] / (Gep.) 42 Tace parum St! tace parumper 4 modis / (Gep.) 5 audaciam] / (Gep.) (Cam., P.) 6. 41 , amabo] ambo *3 (Guy.) 6 obsecro] / (Gep.) 45 cupit cupis (P.) 22 audi] / (Bo., Gep.) 23 nos]/(Bo., Gep.) 8. 10 magistia mastigia (P.) 24 Coepit] / (Bo., Gep.) 34 viros] | (P.) 57 Emitto | Emito (P.) disciplinam] / (Bo., Gep.) lolligiunculas [Pall. 25 linguae] / (Bo., Gep.) 3, 4; see notes of P.) 34 repente] /* (Bo., Gep.)

¹ Bentl. intends to transfer 'Aut' to the preceding line.

² Bentl. (P.) closes the line at 'postulat,' and thus is in advance of this correction.

³ Bentl. (P.) II 6. 34.

⁴ Cf. Amph. II 2. 145, Aul. IV 4. 15, Capt. III 4. 66, Men. V 4. 2, Merc. V. 4. 20, 22; P. Bo. and Wei, here read 'ludificatu'st larüa.'

⁵ This division of lines, which is not in Bentl. (P.), anticipates A (see Gep.).

5. 35 credo] /* (Bo., Gep.) 5. 55 orat] /* (Bo., Gep.) hodie] /* (Bo., Gep.) 56 iri] /3 (Bo., Gep.) 36 audi] / *1 (Bo., Gep.) 37 Dejuravit Dejeravit /2 (Bo., Gep.) IV 45 amator] /* (Bo., Gep.) 46 facete] / * (Bo., Gep.) 1. 10 laute exornatusque lauteque ex-47 dixi] / * (Bo., Gep.) ornatus (Guy.) 2. 14, sis ergo] sis ergo, (P.) protulerunt] | * (P.) 48 Pardalisca] / * (Bo., Gep.) 18 socerus socius (Gep.) 49 te] / * (Bo., Gep.) 3. 10 hymen]/* (Bo., Gep.) 50 mœrorem]/* (Bo., Gep.) 11 licet] /* (Bo., Gep.) 51 gladium]/* (Bo., Gep.) 12 copia] /* (Bo., Gep.) te]/* (Bo., Gep.) indomabilis] | * (P.) 52 hodie] /* (Bo., Gep.) 13 nimis tenax] lego, nimi' stervivunt] | * (P.) nax,* Virgil.

CISTELLARIA.

I.
1. 72 Gustu] Gustui* (Bo.)

53 opinor] /* (Bo., Gep.)

54 ademit] /* (Bo., Gep.)

II.
1. 28 periculum] periclum (P.)

30 reliquom] reliquom (Bo.)

14 uspiam] /* (Bo., Gep.)

15 foras /* (Bo., Gep.)

EPIDICUS.

I. 2. 27 (130) mandasti] mandavisti* (Bo.) 1. 4 (Gz. 5) Certe Recte (Sca., A) 38 (141) est del. salve Epidice salve 40 (143) Dic EP. Dic (P.) 9 (11) Ep.] Ep. Laevae ? a quo] quo a (Mül.) 27 (29) quid rogas? quid tu rogas? 43 (146) periculo] periclo (P.) 29 (34) dicis tu dicis id tu 6 46 (149) periculum] periclum (P.) 48 (151) de] del.* (Non., Acid., A) 82 (90) amat] amavit (Wei.) 2. 8 (111) es del. (Bo., Wei.) 59 (162) dormitandum] dormitandi 21 (124) item] fidem *** (Lamb.) (A, Gz.)

¹ Also on Eun. IV 6.5.

² Here Bentl. (P.) marks the end of a line, but does not alter the 'Dejuravit' of P.

³ Cf. on Andr. II 3.28, where he reads 'sese' for 'se': and note on Eun. V 5.26.

4 'Cod. Rover. solus,' see Gep. 5 Cf. on Andr. I 1. 127. 6 \$\mathcal{J}\$ has 'dicis /// tu- (23)

II.

2. 7 (191) amorem] amore (Cam.) apud nescio quam | nescio apud quam

8 (192) Ap. | Ep. (P.) hercle] hercule

10 (194) conjice conjice at-

11 (195) Itaque] -que1

19 (203) ambo advenire] advenire ambo (Guy.)

20 (204) sine | sine ut (Rz.)

21 (205) Recipiam | PE. Recipe (Br.)

41 (225) Utin'] Utn' eat fuerit (A)

43 (227) potesse] potes-

44 (228) Illis -se illis2

50 (234) Cani Cani (P.—, B) ademptum'st] adeptu'st (P., A)

54 (238) me del. (A, Br.)

55 (239) exaudiebam] exaudibam (B, Bo.)

60 (244) Liberare quam volt] Quam volt 1.

61 (245) Illi, ibi] Illa ibi filium / (Bo.)

62 (246) audio]/(Bo., Gz.)

(247) actum actum'st (A, Br.)

66 (251) sunt tabellae] tabellae sunt (Guy.)

68 (253)]+

69 (254) †

1 Cf. II 2. 43 and 44.

2. 74 (259) ubi est] ubi id est (P.)

(79 (264) reperitote repperito

83 (268) corrumpit corrupit

87 (272) venerit] venit (P.)

88 (273) hic] hunc (B)

94 (279) nisi] nisi si (Bo., Wei.)

98 (283) sapis]/* et placet.]-

99 (284) acturus acturus es

104 (286) Filii] Fili*

111 (296) minas minis (Gron.)

119 (304) abeas abitas (P., B)

120 (305) i, numera, i numero, (Sca.)

3. 8 (313) Quam Quà (Bo.) aliqual aliquam (B)

III.

1. 1 (320) exenteror / Versus Cretici et Paeonici

2 (321) eveniant]/

3 (322) sit]/

4. 26 (462) nisi] nisi si (Bo.) 88 (525)* * scilicet 4

2. 26 (596) ratus]/* quibus --

31 (601) habeto] habe (Guy.)

1.55 (662) accurrentur accurentur (B, P.—)

² Cf. II 2. 10 and 11.

³ Bentl. (P.) has 'reperi tute.'

⁴ P. has 'scilicet esse,' and so Wei.

BACCHIDES.

Ŧ. 3. 24 (428) pugillatu] pugilatu ** 1. 25 (Rl. 59) aut] haut (P., etc.) (Lamb.) 36 (440) attingas attigas (Dousa) 41 (445) attingas attigas * (Non.) 1. 2 (171) Ephesum Epheson* 58 (462) annis majus est] est annis 2. 11 (188) Pr. vivit] vivit. Pr. (P.) majus (Bo.) nempe] num * (Sca.) 85 (489) illam jam (P.) 14 (191) recte del.1 ** 95 (498) atque del.4 (Wei.) 33 (211) Bacchis del. * * (Bo.) 4. 4 (503) meo del. (A) 3. 21 (255) Dei] Divi (Bo.) 24 (om.) malim mavelim (Cam.) 70 (304) extemplo] extempulo* (Bo.) 6. 6 (535) et tollam contollam (Cam., 72 (306) apud] ad (Hermann) P.) deposuimus deposivimus* 15 (544) videatur] invideatur (P.) (Acid.) 19 (548) Atque del. 73 (307) Dianae] in Dianae (P.) 29 (558) ego] equidem 74 (308) Theotimus est Theoti-36 (565) Occiperes Occeptares mu'st* (Guy.) 41 (570) parum] parvam⁵* (Sca.) Megalobuli] Megalobuzi (Meursius, Pi., P.) 78 (312) in ipsa] ipsa in (P.) 1. 11 (583) Ecquis exit]-6 (Bo., Rl.) conditum | concreditum* 4. 36 (687) dedisti dedidisti (Acid., P.) 58 (709) intendebam] intendam (P.) (iv. 9. 141) 86 (320) Quantulum | Quantillum 2 100 (752) periculo periclo (Bo.) (Pyl.) 6. 13 (783) criminatus est] criminatu'st 98 (332) auro habeat soccis] soccis (P.) 18 (788) ut del. (DFZ) habeat auro (Pyl., P.) 120 (354) Ephesum Epheson* 24 (794) exeo] exibo 27 (797) agitatur] agitur*** (Guy.) 7. I (799) Constringe Constringito 1. 12 (379) tui] te tui (P.) 5 (803) gnato meo] meo gnato 14 (381) Tua Tu tua (Herm.)

1 Also on Haut. II 3. 3; but there Bentl. also deletes 'ille.'

² Also on Haut. IV 2.1. SRl. reads 'Tua tu.'

4 Bentl. (P.) accepts the conj. of Cam. 'amicosque' for 'amicos atque.' To delete the 'atque' seems a later thought.

5 Also on Eun. I 2. 117.

6 I.e. Bentl, joins these words on to the first line of the next scene, as Bo. and Rl.

(25) E [I. 4.]

7. 13 (811) detuli] tetuli ** (Ba)
18 (816) diligunt :] diligunt, (P.)
22 (820) Terrae] Terraï (Bo.)
ambulat]inambulat (Pyl., P.)
25 (820) Pauvillum Pauvillum

35 (833) Pauxillum Pauxillulum (Pyl.)

8. 52 (893) Opis] Opi'

9. 4 (928) subegerunt] subegerunt

13 (937) Sinon] Sino (Angelius)

41 (965) periculo] periclo $(CD)^1$

42 (966) Postea] Post (Acid.)

94 (1017) Prius NI.2 Prius (B)

9. 118 (1041) tu] del. (Guy.)

145 (1068) inepta] incepta (P.) veluti] uti³

146 (1069) incederem] cederem³*
(Sca.)

V.

2. 9 (1127) tonsitari]/

10 (1128) certo est]/

16 (1134) lactem] lac*

20 (1139) absunt] | (B)

23 (1142) Hae] Haec4 (Bo.)

MOSTELLARIA.

I.

1. 33 (Rl. 34) huid] quid (P.)

40 (41) tu del. (P.)

42 (44) superior] superior quam herus (P.)

52 (55) carnificum] carnificinum (Sca., Cam.)

54 (57) si huc reveniat] simitu ut huc revenerit

63 (66) rus abi] abi rus⁵ (P.)

70 (73) Venire] Venit* (Bugge) id] illud (P.)

72 (75) erres] del. (Lorenz)

78 (82) mensium] mensum (Lamb.)

2. 1 (85)] Bacchiaci

11 (94) credatis] creduatis

12 (95) ita esse] esse ita (Herm.)

2. 13 (96) scio]-6 (Herm.)

14 (96) nunc]/

15 (97) audietis]/

17 (100) esse hanc rem | rem esse 7 (Bo.)

23 (105) indiligensque] indiligens (Pyl.)—Cretici

35 (116) faciunt] sarciunt (Palmer)

39 (120)] Bacchiaci

3. 2 (158) quem] quom (B)

9 (165) hae] haec (Cam., P.)

13 (169) amatores]amantes⁸(Lachm.)

16 (172) decet] deceat* (Cam.)

19 (175) gratis] gratijs**
mihi] mi**

21 (178) vituperari] vituperarier*(Bo.)

² Blotted.

4 Blotted.

23 (180) aut] et*

30 (187) stultam] stultam,

1 These MSS. however have 'e periclo.'

² So also on Hor. Epist. II 1. 67; Guy. reads 'uti nunc.'

⁵ Bentl. (P.) also corrects 'Piraeeum' to 'Piraeum.'

6 I. e. to be joined on to the next verse.

⁷ C omits 'hanc.' Bentl. (P.) follows Gron. in striking out the insertion of P. 'autem' after 'Simul;' here he makes a further change in the line.

8 Withdrawn.

9 Also on Adelph. IV 7. 26.

3. 37 (194) plane /* 3. 136 (294) hinc tu] tu hinc (MSS.) 41 (198) credas, credas 138 (296) Libet] del. (Rl.) 42 (199) mea dicta mea dicta, 151 (309) opus est] opu'st (P.) nosce: rem] nosce |*(Bo.) rem: II. vides | vide (Sci.) 1. 33 (380) ubi] jam ubi 47 (205) me] del. (Guy.; Ritschl, 35 (382) autem hic hic autem (Guy.) alternative correction 1) deposuit deposivit (P.) 48 (204) suo fo. suo aere (Rl.) vel 42 (389) ego] del. (suo) sumtu *2 faciam terrefaciam-pa-61 (218) nunc] nunc me (P.) vefaciam (Gul.) 65 (222) me] 46 (393) est] del. (Wei.) 49 (396) animo ut] ut animo *6 (Bo.)-66 (223) nisi ni (Z, P.) 73 (230) egere] aut egere (P.) 52 (399) tu jam] jam tu* (Guy.) 75 (232) Quom Quom me (Gruter) 59 (406) meque me (Pyl., P.) referri] referre benemerenti 4 2. 2 (432) me] med (Guy.) (Rl.) 4 (434) imposisse imposuisse (P.) 81 (238) hisce his decem* (Bo.) ilico'st]'st ilico' (Guy., Scri-85 (244) collocassem locassem* verius) (Guy.)-I 3. 144 22 (452) qui] del. (Bo.) 87 (242) patronum patronam (Guy.) 23 (453) pedibus del.8 (Bo.) 33 (463) isto] istoc (P.) 88 (245) nihil] nihili⁵ (P.) 92 (249) sim] siem (Bo.) 37 (468) attingite leg. attigatis 96 (253) tibi peculi peculi tibi (Bo.) (Diomedes) 107 (264) ullam aliam] aliam ullam* 44 (475) quid est?] del.* (Cam.) 47 (478) sceleste] sceleris 9 (Spengel) (MSS.) 121 (278) oleant] olent* 53 (484) ausculta ausculta tu. id unum | unum id (Guy.) 70 (501) necavit] necuit 71 (502) ibidem] del. (Rl.) 123 (280) est esse (Gellius) maxumaque] maxuma(Gel-73 (504) haec sunt hæce (Guy.—) 90 (523) atque del.* (Guy.) lius) ¹ Bentl. (P.) reads 'Solam ei me soli.' ² In Bentl. (P.) the latter suggestion only. 3 I.e. Aul. IV 10. 46. Bentl. has deleted the word in the margin, which he first thought of

³ I.e. Aul. IV 10.46. Bentl. has deleted the word in the margin, which he first thought of inserting after 'Dii,' and then after 'me'; and it is now illegible.

'Benemerenti' is from Cam.
5 See Bentl. (P.)

⁶ Bentl. (P.) reads 'ut animo sis' for 'animo ut sis': correct Appendix to Captivi, p. 151.

7 Bentl. (P.) reads 'Scies in undam inposuisse, haut causa ilico'st.'

Bentl. (P.) deletes 'ambas' instead of 'pedibus.'

9 Bentl. (P.) reads 'scelesti.'

2. 94 (527) fugies | fuge * (Z) 95 (528) invocabis] invoca* (Rl.) te] ted1 (Fl.) III.

1. 19-22 (553, 557-9) are bracketed by Bentl. (Acid.)

25 (552) Dixtin] Dixtine (Bo.)

30 (557) eo] eo me

88 (616) compellat compellat meum (Cam.)

91 (618) Objici] / (Rl.)

128 (657) Mulum Nullum (MSS.)

2. 120 (807) incommodum est | est incommodum (Bo.)

127 (814; P. IV 1. 41) humano ingenio] humani ingenî²(P.)

128 (815; P. IV 1. 42) perspectas perspecta*(B)

147 (832; P. IV 1. 61) ludificatur] ludificat* (Bo.)

156 (842; P. III 3. 20) Latius | Satius

2. 165 (852; P. III 3. 29) aqual agna 3. 15 (918; P. IV 3. 15) didimus dedimus (P.)

TV.

2. 32 (947; P. IV 4. 9) nimium] nimi-

35 (950; P. IV 4. 12) aedibus] in aedibus (Pyl., Cam., A)

42 (958; P. IV 4. 19) in del. (P.)

43 (959; P. IV 4. 20) in del. (P.)

72 (988; P. IV 4. 49) intus intus est (Z,A)

1. 29 (1077; P. V 2. 72) advenit] advenerit (Bugge)

65 (1114; P. V 2. 107) sarmen] sarmenta (Pyl., P.)

2 (P.3). 20 (1141) faciunt del. (Guy.) 28 (1149) TR.] TH. (P.)

33 (1155) adiit] adit

MENAECHMI.

Prol. 37]+

62 quam] quum (Acid.)

75 enim del.*

1. 6 (Rl. 82) accidit leg. accedit * (Z) 9 (85)]+3

2. 2 (111) esse] del. (Herm.)

5 (114) foras del. (P.)

revocas; me

2. 6 (115) Rogitas / (Rl.)-p. 724, 4 [i. e. Merc. I. 2. 108]

9 (118) loqui est] est loqui 4 (Z)

10 (119) te del.5 (Herm.)

20 (129) congratulantes] gratulantes (Pyl.)

3. 34 (217) Deum deorum (P.)

2. 6 (278) amabunt] ament 6 (Cam.)

1 Bentl. (P.) corrects 'invocabis' but not 'te.'

² Bentl. (P.) reads 'teque' for 'atque te,' and is thus in advance of Bentl. (G.)

3 Bentl. (P.) supplies 'aut' after 'compediti.'

4 Bentl. (P.) reads 'necessum' for 'necesse.' 5 Cf. on Andr. IV 1. 12.

6 Bentl. (P.) reads 'quisquis es' for 'scis quis ego sum.'

(28)

2. 9 (282) insanus est] insanust (P.) IV. 10 (283) Dixtin'] Dixin' (P.) 1. I (559)]† 27 (301) habeo ego habeo (A) 2. 33 (598) optumum] opimum * (Rit-35 (309) equidem | quidem * (Bo.) tershusius) 45 (320) est? non] an (Guy.) 82 (645) tibi] mihi 4 (' Quidam' apu d 58 (333)]† Lamb.) 3. 20 (371) voluit me] me voluit (P.) 83 (646) ut] uti (Cam., P.) atque neque (P.) 88 (651) Menaechmus est Menaech-38 (389) Egone | Egon' (Bo.) must (Guy.) 63 (416) Peristi Periisti (Guy.) 91 (654) nos defessi defessi* (Lip-74 (428) eadem] eâdem 79 (433) es del. (Acid.) 100 (663) ME.] del.* (Bo.) 82 (437) solis] leg. solem * (Lamb.) Ego] Eo * (Bo.) 83 (438)]† domum?] domum (Bo.) 86 (441) perî] perii (Bo.) 105 (668) sese] se*5 (Pyl.) 88 (443) qui] quin' 2. I (753) usus] usu' 5 (757) corpus | corpu' 2. 6 (471) hercle | hercule * (Bo.) 6 (758) merx mala est tergo] mala nisi] ni (P.) merx ergo'st 6 (P.) 7 (472)]† 7 (759) affert] fert (Ba)30 (495) homini] homini hic (Cam., 8 (760) autumem]+ P.) 32 (497) Postea | Post* (B) sermo sit sermo'st (P.) 34 (499) nomen non non nomen * 9 (761) dura] curae (Bb) 10 (762)]† 43 (508) atque atque eam (Rl.) II (762) expetit] expetit 3. 27 (551) equidem quidem *(Bo.) ut ad sese] ad se ut (Rl.) 31 (555) manum] manum ut (Bo.) 12 (763) id] del. (Bo.) 32 (556) Ut si \ Si^2 (Bo.) sit 34 (558) sciat resciat 3 53 (804) degerit gerit

¹ Bentl. (P.) reads 'hercule' for 'hercle.'

² Bentl. (P.) reads 'sequitur' and 'censeat' for 'sequantur' and 'censeant.'

³ Cf. on Haut. II 3. 104, where Bentl. reads 'jam sciat.'

⁴ Bentl. (P.) simply underlines 'tibi.'

⁵ Bentl. (P.) offers three suggestions, the last two of which were evidently made on the same occasion, as the handwriting and ink are identical.

⁶ Probably Bentl. meant to read, as P. reads, 'ut aetas mala'st.'

⁽²⁹⁾

2. 115 (868) minare | minaris (Guy.)

4. I (889) esset] esse 1* (Pi.)

2 (890) larvatus] larviatus 2

5. 6 (904) mea sit mea'st *(Cam.)

7 (905) educatus est] educatust (P.)

18 (917)]†

5. 18 (917) insanire] furere

22 (921) percipit] percipit eum

45 (948) itan'] itane (Bb, Acid.)

54 (957) nunc] del. (Guy.)

62 (965) usque ad noctem:] usque:
ad noctem (Bo.)

MILES GLORIOSUS.

I.

1. 24]+

II.

1. 22 (Rl. 100) amabat] amat* (Bo.)

26 (104) ut del.* (Acid.)

33 (111) amabat] amat (Bo.)

39 (117)]+3

2. 1 (156) defregeritis defregeritis

2 (157) Videritis] Videritis

5 (160) videritis videritis 4

15 (170) fuerit] foret* (Cam., A)

18 (174) vostrorum]vostrum* (Guy.,

20 (176) conservos est] conservos* (Z, A)

80 (235) circumtentus est] circumtentust (P.)

tentust (P.)

96 (251) abiit] abit 5 (A)

2. 107 (262) familiarem] familiarium (P., A)

115 (270) me] meae* (Guy., A)

116 (271) atque] del.* (Bo.)

3. 3 (274) alium] malam rem * 6 (A)

9 (280) hic] del.* (Bo.—)

11 (282) te] del.*7 (Cam.)

23 (294) fraudom] fraudem (P.)

50 (321) Sc. del. (B)

51 (322) PA. Quid jam? Sc. quia luscitiosus. PA. vae verbero!
edepol tu quidem] Sc.
Quid jam? Pa. quia
luscitiosus. Sc. vae⁸ verbero! Pa. edepol tu
quidem.

4. 9 (362) polita] pol ita (P.)

10 (363) perpropere]—9

11 (364) iste] 10

¹ Also on Hor. Epist. I 2. 34. ² Also on Hor. Epist. I 2. 34; but not in Bentl. (P.)

³ Bentl (P.) accepts the correction of Lips. 'id quod di volunt.'

Gr. on Eun. V 8. 34, where Bentl. reads 'Quemquem' and 'hic.' Bentl. (P.) reads 'iit.'

 6 Also on Phorm, III $_{3},$ 11. Bentl, originally thought of 'alienum' (as Bo.), but afterwards substituted 'malam rem.'

⁷ Bentl. (P.) also reads 'sci' for 'scis.' ⁸ Bentl. (P.) deletes 'vae,' as Guy. and Bo.

⁹ Cf. Curc. V 3. 10, 11; Mil. IV 6. 45, 46. Bentl. (P.) reads 'praepropere' for 'perpropere.'

10 This correction rests upon the misprint of the Vulgate ('quod' instead of 'quando,' which is the reading of all the MSS.). This is an instance of careless work on Bentl.'s part: when he 4. 37 (390) esse] del.*1 (Pyl., Sci.) 40 (393) in vigilantes in vigilantem 2 51 (405) prius del.* (A, Rl.) mihi] del.3 55 (409) absumtus es] absumtus* (Guy.) 5. 12 (422) tecum? | tecum4 (P.) 17 (427) tu] del.* (Pyl.) 58 (468) parierietem] parietem (P.) 6. 12 (492) magno malo | malo magno * 22 (502) virgarum leg. virgeum *5 (Guy.) 31 (511) tibi] mihi *5 (Lamb.) datur de te datur * 5 (Lamb.) 35 (515) tecum] te 6 (Li.) 50 p. 658 ()]7 del. (P.) 56 (536) Licet] del. 67 (548) hospitae ajo hospitai* 71 (552) Aqua aquae Aquae aqua8

III.

1. 5 (om.) is bracketed by Bentl.9 (A) o (601) cate]+ leg. aut cautela* (RI.) 20 (614) Immo] del. 26 (620) te 10 ex] del.* (Wei.) summis 36 (630) pernix sum] sum pernix

pedes] pede (Bo.)

37 (631) albus capillus] albu' capillus

41 (635) periculum] periclum (Guy.) 45 (641) aliquantulum aliquantum

(P.) meo] del.* (Guy.)

55 (656) equidem] quidem 11 (Bo.) eductum] educatum (Bo.)

66 (658) res del.12

67 (661) fateare, fateare

made this suggestion he could not have had Pareus before him, still less his own excellent correction in his copy of Pareus ('probri' for 'propudii') in which he anticipates the reading 1 Bentl. (P.) reads 'esse' for 'est,' as Cam. of A.

² Bentl, (P.) reads 'vigilanti,' as Brix; A has INUIGILANTI according to Rl., UIGILANTI according to Gep.

³ Bentl. (P.) reads 'mihi ob oculos,' which was probably the reading of A.

4 Bentl. (P.) corrects P. by the help of Vulg.

82 (565) egone] ergo

6 Bentl. (P.) reads 'prius tecum postulare.' 5 Also on Adelph. IV 2, 52.

⁷ Repeated by a printer's error on the next page.

8 A has AQUAAEQ; Bentl. (P.) reads, 'Aqua aquai' (and so Rl.).

9 This at the foot of the page.

10 Bentl.'s signs, as they stand, seem to point to his having read 'Ea te expetere: opibus summis te mei honoris gratia,' though he does not expressly say that 'te' is to follow 'summis.' After deleting 'ex', he saw no way of avoiding hiatus (either after 'mei' or 'expetere') and so left his correction incomplete. Bentl. (P.) simply deletes 'ex'.

11 Bentl. (P.) reads 'eum quidem' for 'equidem' (leaving 'eductum' unchanged).

12 Bentl. (P.) reads 'Lepidiorem ad omnis res, nec magis qui amico amicus sit,' as Bergk, Br. and Uss.

```
1. 70 (664) Opus | Opusne (P.)
                                         1. 181 (776) istune | istue 7 (Z, P.)
  75 (669) PL.] PA. (P.)
                                           196 (791) Utique] que 8
  76 (670) PE. PL. (P.)
                                           202 (797) faveae suae ancillae] fa-
  82 (676) apud me del.1
                                                       mulae9 suae
  84 (678) autem] del. (Lamb.)
                                         2. 3 (815) manipulares maniplares (P.)
           uti volo] utere 2
                                         3. I (874) mea del.10
  80 (683)]+3
                                           10 (883)]+
  00 (602) Praecantatrici]
                            Praecen-
                                           13 (886) habuere] habere (MSS.,
             trici4
                                                       Pyl.)
 108 (701) te in del. * 5
                                           20 (893) inscientes] scientes (Bero-
116 (710) habeo] habebo*6 (Bo., A)
120 (714) ego haec] egomet (Acid.,
                                           21 (894, 895) nulla meretrix] mulier
             P., A)
                                                       merx (Br.-)
122 (716) tu] del. (P.)
                                           27 (901) architectus est] architectust
133 (727) Sicuti | Sicut (A, Rl.)
                                                       (P.)
                                           45 (919) architectique]
138 (733)]+
147 (742) Qui] Quin (P.)
                                                       nesque (Rz.)
150 (745) introduxi] induxi (Grut.)
                                           61 (935) accibo] acciebo (P.-)
157 (752) Nam | del.* (Rl.)
159 (754) hoc hoc hospes (Cam., P.)
                                                          IV.
170 (765) agitur agitur nunc (Pyl., P.)
                                        1. 9 (955) quis] qui*
179 (774) perpurgatis purgatis *
                                                    nostro hic auceps] auceps
                                                       nostro hic (P.)
           operam] operas*
                                           23 (970) incipit] cupit* 11 (Bo.)
```

Bentl. (P.) reads 'et mea unde' for 'ut transeuntem' (retaining 'apud me').

² Here Bentl. (P.) simply underlines 'uti,' indicating the presence of an error, but not correcting it.

architecto-

³ Here Bentl. (P.) suggests a correction (liberum med), whereas Bentl. (G.) merely indicates the presence of an error.

4 Bentl. (P.) follows Sca. in reading 'Praecantrici.'

5 Also on Andr. IV 1. 57. Bentl. (P.) also gives 'te in eum rursus,' as Guy.

6 Bentl. (P.) also corrects 'quom' of Pareus to 'qui mî,' as Cam. Vulg. has 'quin.'

7 Bentl. (P.) reads 'Nec fuisse aeque' for 'Fuisse adaeque' of Vulg.

8 It is not clear what Bentl, meant by striking out the first two syllables ('Uti'). He probably intended to substitute the reading of the MSS. 'Itaque' for the 'Utique' of Cam.; but then found that the line would not scan without some further change.

9 Bentl. (P.) reads 'famulo.'

10 Bentl. (P.) reads 'unà ' for 'mea' (and so BCD, Rl.)

11 The strict interpretation of Bentl.'s signs is that he read 'incupit' for 'incipit,' as he only underlines two syllables of the latter word ('incupit'). But this was probably not his intention.

```
1. 24 (971) uti] ut (P.)
                                         6. 29 (1244) exspectet te exspectet
  34 (981) instruxisti] instruxti (Cam.,
                                                       (Cam., P.)
              P.)
                                           30 (1245)]+ *2
  35 (082)]+
                                           37 (1252) clementi]
                                                                  clementi id3
  36 (983) istanc] istam (P.)
2. 4 (994) nam del. (Guy.)
                                           43 (1258) Nescio, Nescio
                                           45 (1260) astare | stare-5 (Bo.)
   7 (997) corporis est corporist (P.)
                                           46 (1260, 1261) Nequeo]/(Bo.)
  10 (1000)]+
  18 (1009) pedissequus pedisequus
              (Z)
                                         7. 19 (1302) pretiosum pretium 6
  19 (1010) eveniat veniat
                                         8. 2 (1312) viden'] vide*
  26 (1017) domum | donum (P.)
                                            3 (1313) audistin'] audin'*(Guy.-)
4. 15 (1151) periculum] periclum (A,
                                            6 (1316) salutem] salutem me (P.)
                                            9 (1319) omnia del. (Gul., Lamb.)
  18 (1154)]+
                                           22 (1332) atque del. (Bo., Rl.)
  26 (1162) Volo] del.
                                           23 (1333) +
  53 (1190) ut properet | properet (Wei.)
                                           41 (1351) agite, ite] ite, agite
  56 (1193) protinus] protinam* (Bo.)
                                           48 (1358)]†
6. 6 (1221) ut volui] del. (Guy.; Rz.
                                           51 (1361) me] ne (P.)
              in Fl. Epistula Critica,
                                           60 (1370) praeter me essel esse
              p. xxvii; Lorenz)
                                                       praeter me
  18 (1233) fastidiosus est] fastidiosust | 9. 15 (1392) Mulieres | Omnes 7
              (P.)
```

MERCATOR.

I.
1 (Prol.). 4 (Rl. 13) facere amatores]

amatores facere (Rl.)
6 (15) credo] credo ab
humanas] humanis (B)

1 (Prol.). 4 (Rl. 13) facere amatores
injustitiam lenonum
injustitiam (Rl.)
64 (64) esse] esse se** (Cam.)
66 (66) tum] del. (Cam.)

 2 Here Bentl. (P.) and Bentl. (G.) are at the same stage. Bentl. (P.) underlines the trouble-some syllables '-movere istam.' 3 Bentl. (P.) reads 'clementi mî,'

Bentl. (P.) strikes out 'hu! hu!' of P.

⁵ Cf. Curc. V 3. 10, 11; Mil. II 4. 10, 11.

⁶ Here Bentl. (P.) simply indicates the presence of an error.

Guyet read 'Quem omnes.'

8 Bentl. (P.) suspects 'Humanas.'

9 Also on Andr. I 1. 27. Bentl. (P.) suspects 'positum' of P.

33) F [I. 4.]

```
2. 73 (184)] 4 (P.)
1. 69 (69) se sese (Pyl., P.)
  80 (81) esse me] me esse *1 (Rl., Wei.)
                                           74 (186)] 6 (P.)
                                            76 (188) confabulatus est] confabu-
  84 (85) allaudat] collaudat2
  91 (92) iisce MSS. isset [i.e. BCD]
                                                       latust (P.)
2. 4 (124) enicato | enicat* (Rl.)
                                            78 (190) abstrudebas] aliquo abs-
                                                       trudebas11
   5 (114) plenissume4
                                            79 (191) nos nostris ] nostris nos *
   9 (118) jurgandum est5
                                                       (Bo., Lachm.)
  10 (119) illud del. (P.)
  11 (120) Cura est | Curae est, (Rl.)
                                            80 (192) & del.* (Cam.)
  16 (137) CH. del.
                                            88 (201) Occurri] Occucurri (Cam.,
  17 (126) Ac] del.6 (Rl., Wei.)
                                                        P.)
  19 (128)]+7
                                            98 (211)] Typographus omisit sex
                                                        versus.12
  39 (150) esse sequentem sequentem
              esse8 (Sca.)
                                           107 (220) ilico] to ilico 13
  47 (159) Quid Quid id* (Bo.)
                                           109 (222) quin del. (P.)
  57 (167) nullus est | nullust (P.)
  63 (175) tel del. (P.)
                                         1. 2 (226) somniis somnis (P.)
  60 (181)] I (P.)
                                             9 (233) custodiam eam] custode-
  70 (185)] 59 (P.)
                                                       lam * (Grut.)
  71 (182)]† 2 (P.)
                                            15 (239) uxoris dotem ambadedisse]
  72 (183) I] In'*10 (Bo.)
                                                        ambadedisse
                                                                         dotem
           nugare] nugaris* (Bo.)
                                                        uxoris 14
```

- ¹ Rl. assigns this correction to P.; but it is not in his first, second, or third edition.
- ² Withdrawn. 3 Bentl. (P.) underlines 'eijsce' of P.
- ⁵ Bentl. (P.) reads 'jurigandum'st.' 4 Bentl. (P.) suspects the line.
- 6 Bentl. (P.) corrects 'balneae' (of P.) to 'balineae' (Vulg.).
- 7 Bentl. (P.) deletes 'scire me' of P.
- 8 Bentl. (P.) reads 'esse obsequentem,' as Cam.
- 9 Bentl. (P.) reads 'rogo' for 'interrogo.'
- 10 Pareus has printed a 3 at the head of this line; Bentl. in copying seems accidentally to have omitted it.
 - 11 Bentl. (P.) reads 'eam abstrudebas,' as Lachm., and Rl.
 - 12 At the foot of the page. These 'six verses' are found in Pareus and other editions.
- 13 This correction makes the verse, as it stands in the Vulg., unmetrical; for 'Posteaquam' (which is an emendation of Cam.), Bentl. perhaps intended to read 'Postquam' (as Z) or otherwise to correct 'Postea,' the reading of the MSS. Bentl. (P.) marks the line as suspicious.
- 14 This seems to be Bentl.'s intention. He probably first thought of 'dotem uxoris amb.' (as Herm., Bo.), and then on reflection put a figure I over 'ambadedisse,' and a second stroke by the side of the I over 'dotem,' to indicate that the latter word should stand after 'amb.'

The appearance of the whole is thus, 'uxoris dotem ambadedisse.'

1. 20 (244) uxorom] uxorem¹ (P.)
24 (248) visus est] visust* (Z, A)
2. 13 (284) salve. ô] salveto (Cam., P.)
55 (327) valeto] vale* (Guy.)
58 (330) hominem del.
3. 1 (335) nullus est] nullust* (Rz.)

3 (337) Santin'] Satin' (P.)

8 (342) meum] me meum* (Wei.)

12 (346) consilii] consilii

20 (355) igitur] / (Rl.)

21 (356) sic amare] | (P., Rl.)

23 (358) inveni] / (Rl.)

24 (359) amoeni] | (P., Rl.)

27 (362) Nec] | Nec² (P., Rl.)

28 (362) adsit.]/(Rl.)

29 (363) est] | (P., Rl.) 44 (381) docto] dicto¹ (P.)

63 (397) facit | faciat 1 (P.)

85 (422) Ligitare] Litigare (P.)

4. 19 (487) at erit id] erit | * (Guy.) 20 (488) Achillem] Id Achillem TIT

1. 13 (511) illim] illi* (Bo.)
advecta huc]huc advecta(P.)

4. 12 (842)] 7563 [i.e. V 2. 1]

29 (614) nullus est] nullust (P.)

43 (628) meâ] del. (Bo.)

58 (643) dedit mihi] mihi dedit (P.)

IV.

3. 1 (700) ne] nec (P.)

5. 7 (822) alumne] alumne mi(Pyl., P.)

1. 5 (834) familiae] familiai* (Bo.)

2. I (842)] 74I [i.e. III 4. I2]

5 (846) Civitatem] leg. ævitatem 4

6 (847) decem] del. (Bo.)

38 (880) sinistram] sinisteram (P.)

4. 4 (965) ce te] cette (Cam., P.)

19 (980)]†

Ly.] Ev. (P.)

20 (981) larva] larvia

22 (987) larva] larvia

1.84 (86) reddam reddibo *6

124 (126) populo] poplo (P.)
3. 55 (289) monstres?]monstres.(Guy.)

122 (124) in del.7

88 (90) persequi tenebras tenebras

persequi 6 (P.)

PSEUDOLUS.

I.

1. 35 (Rl. 37) quantus es] quantum'st ⁵ (Sca., Passerat, A)

63 (65) Jocus] Jocu'

81 (83) adjutas] adjuvas + (F, Bo.)

¹ Correction of misprint, cf. Mil. II 3. 23.

² The stroke is put before the first word in the line.

³ Bentl. does not say in which place he would delete the line (or two lines).

⁴ Rl. reads 'voluptatem,' but remarks: 'Nisi tamen aliud subest: quamquam nec salutem nec quietem nec aequitatem nec hilaritatem placet.'

⁵ In the text Bentl. has changed 'quantus es' into 'quantu's;' in the margin he has written 'tum'st.' Bentl. (P.) reads 'quantum'st.'

6 Also on Hor. Serm. II 2. 99.

Bentl. (P.) deletes 'utrum.'

(35)

3. 60 (294) Omnes Omnes homines 1 roges] | * (B)mutuum - (B)85 (319) fugitivam canem] canem fugitivam (Bo.) 91 (325) habeo] jam habeo (P., Rl.) 117 (351) hominum] homo hominum ** (Guy.--) 128 (362) haec istal ista haec 136 (370) alium] aliud (Z, F)4. 17 (410) huc, huc (P.) 5. I (415) amatoribus leg. ganeoni-Sic Terent. Ganeo, damnosus,2 64 (479) hoc del. (Rl.)3 93 (508) hercle hercule (Bo.)

II.

- 1. 6 (581) malorum] majorum (Dou., P.)
- 2. 61 (656) ahenea] ahena* (A, Bo.)
- 3. 6 (672) omnes sunt] omnes (A, Rl.)
- 4. 19 (709) an] anne
 - 24 (714) Charine o Charine
 - 58 (748) scitus est] scitust (P.)
 - 76 (766) ipsum] del. (Bo.)

III

- 2. 6 (795) hunc] del.*
 - 27 (816) laserpicii] laserpici $(B, C, D, F^4, Rl.)$
 - 44 (833) Eae ipsae sese] Eae ipsae se⁵ (Wei.)
 - 49 (838) tuis] tuis istis (Pyl., P., A)
 - 53 (844) in del. (Gul., P., A)
 - 55 (843) demissis del.6
 - 63 (852) milvinis] milüinis (MSS.)
 - 67 (856) Uti] Ut* (MSS.)
 - 90 (880) illos] del. (Fl.)7
 - 92 (882) suavitate] leg. suavi suavitate* (Grut., A)
 - 95 (885) dabit dabis (P.)
 - 99 (889) nimium jam] nimi' jam⁸
 - 107 (897) petivit expetivit 9

IV.

- 2. 20 (976) illa] illa mea (Cam., P.)
 - 33 (990) tibi me recte] tibi recte me (Bo.)
 - 37 (994) mihi] del. (Guy.)
- 3. 9 (1024) mecum] meum (P.)
- 5. 3 (1054) Mihi] del.* (MSS.)
 - 4 (1055) Et] del.* (Bo.)
 - 5 (1056) scio.] scio
 - 5 (1050) Scio.] 3220
- 6. 4 (1066) Simo] del.10 (Bo.)
- Bentl. (P.) does not insert 'homines,' though he closes the line at 'roges.'
- ² At the foot of the page.
- 3 Bentl. however does not alter the order of the words 'te rogo.'
- 4 I. e. these MSS, have the termination '-ci.'
- ⁵ Bentl. (P.) reads 'Ipsae se,' as Guy. and Rl.
- ⁶ Bentl. (P.) deletes 'BA. Quid est? Co.' Both corrections are based upon the reading of Cam. ('Quia enim' for 'Quia'); cf. note on IV 6. 36.
 - 7 Rl. reads 'illo,' but adds 'nisi delendum est potius.'
 - ⁸ Bentl. (P.) deletes 'jam.'
 - 9 Bentl. (P.) reads 'petiit' for 'petit' (P.), thus leaving hiatus in caesura (and so Wei.).
 - 10 Bentl. (P.) reads 'Simo. St. quid jam? BA. quid jam? nihil est' etc.

6. 21 (1083) ajebat aibat * (Guy.) 26 (1088) necl neque [1 27 (1089) Meministine] Potest. Meministin' 36 (1098) quidem del.2 38 (1100) molarum] molas (P.) 7. 4 (1105) essel del. (Guy.) 38 (om.) heus, adolescens adolescens (Wei.)

7. 44 (1143) curio] corio 71 (1167) ludo] ludos (Lamb., P.) 81 (1177) solitus es] solitus (P., Rl.) 82 (1178) solitus es solitus (P.) 92 (1189) femina] femina (P.) 124 (1222) nisi] ni3 8. 7 (1244) Dolum Dolonem (Ei 'quos ridet Beckerus Ou. p. 64'

[R1.])

POENULUS.

Prol. 47 ignarures gnarures* (Bo.) 71 abiit abit 4 95 in del. 118 reliquom | reliquom (Bo.) Τ. 1. 35 (Gep. 161) damno et] del. (Guy.) 2.61 (268) En] del.* (Wei.) 62 (269) nebulae cyatho] vel obolo 130 (336) tu] del. (Guy.) 10 (614) scio.] scio 197 (402) Respexit Respexisti 22 (626) id del.6* 3. 13 (415) promisisti promisti* (D, Guy.) 36 (437) Illine Illic (P.) TT. 3 (443) illum | ullum (P.) 47 (486) auscultas] aut auscultas

1. 6 (500) Sciebam | Scibam (Guy.) 39 (533) dictum] dicta 64 (558) agendum. properal agendum propere* 74 (568) incedit | cedit (Bo.) 3. 8 (613) tibi,] tibi, et (Wei.) 9 (om.) Et] del. (Wei.) leviter | leniter (P.) 5

25 (629) tui] del. 26 (630) leviter leniter * (MSS.) 32 (636) iratus est | iratust (P.)

36 (640) est st7

79 (683) huc del.* (Guy., A)

4. 8 (709) reliqua] reliqua (Bo.)

¹ Bentl. (P.) deletes 'ab me,' retaining 'nec potest' at the end of the line, as Rz. and Rl.

² Here Bentl. bases his correction upon the correction of Cam. ('Quin jam quidem illam'), instead of upon the reading of the MSS. ('Qui illam quidem jam'); cf. note on III 2, 65. Bentl. (P.) marks the reading of Cam. (in P.) as suspicious, but does not correct it.

³ Bentl. (P.) reads 'moriri' for 'emoriri.'

⁴ Bentl. (P.) deletes 'ad.'

⁵ Bentl. (P.) deletes the whole line, as Gep.

⁶ Also on Eun. I 2. 69.

⁷ The stroke through the 'e' is faint and smudged. Bentl. seems to have thought of deleting the word and then to have changed his mind.

```
V.
4. 20 (721) censetis censes1
  21 (722) venerit | venit* (Guy.)
                                         2.61 (1010) volui] volt (P., A)
5. 28 (764) allegaverunt allegarunt *
                                           63 (1012) si] sis (Bo.)
                                           65 (1014) uti] ut (A, Bo.)
6. 2 (788) mehercle hercle * (Wei.)
                                           92 (1040) mihi hospitalis tesseral
                                                       hospitalis tessera mihi
                                          157 (1105) novit noverit (P.)
                 IV
                                         3.35 (1147) leviter | leniter* (MSS.)
2. 30 (842) facis del.*
                                           52 (1142) haec] hae (P.)
  33 (845) tu] tu tuum
                                         4.46 (1205) benefeceris benefecerit*
  44 (856) memorandum]
                              memora
                                                       (Acid.)
              dum (P.)-900, 7 [i.e. V
                                            69 (1228) multo] multos (P.)
              2. 103
                                           75 (1234) faciatis facitis * (Herm.)
  62 (874) perdeam
                                           77 (1236) vox vos (P.)
                                           79 (1238) timeo, ]/*2
  68 (880) habeto] habe
  78 (890) ajebat] aibat (Guy.)
                                               (1239) quid -- *
```

POENULO SUPPOSITA.

```
I (1356) meo]/*
                                         9 (1368) noveris: ]/*
2 (1357) mulieres / *
                                        10 (1369) credidi:]/*
 (1358) filias | (P.)
                                           (1370) magis /
3 (1359) meas]/*
                                        11 (1371) obsecto, /*
4 (1360) domo]/
                                        12 (1373) addecet, 7 /*
                                        13 (1375) liberas, 7 /*
 (1361) perditus.] | (P.)
5 (1362) cognosceret]/
                                           (1376) manu.] | (P.)
                                        14 (1377) tuum]/*
6 (1363) mihi!]/
 (1364) minae, ]/
                                        15 (1378) dabo, ]/
                                        16 (1380) consulam.]/*
7 (1365) Lyce: ]/
 (om.) perditus. | *
                                        17 (1381) est.]/
8 (1366) novellicus, 7 / *
                                           (1382) negotium?] | (P.)
                                        18 (1383) abducêre.]/*
         Utrum is est novelle no-
                                        19 (1384) foris:]/*
          vellicus, Utrumvis est,
                                        20 (1385) simul.]/*
          vel leno, vel lycus 3 (P.)-
          913, 21 [i.e. V 5. 53]
                                        21 (1386) cogito]/*
```

¹ Bentl. (P.) reads 'AD. censeo. Ag. Hominem' for 'censetis? Hominem.'

² Bentl. (P.) reads 'hercule, mi Patrue' for 'hercle: Patrue.'
³ At the foot of the page.
(38)

```
22 (1388) sient.]/*
                                        29 (1397)] | Ita (P.)
23 (1389) obsecto.]/*
                                        31 (1399) tibicinam: ]/*
24 (1390) improbo.]/*
                                        32 (1400) sient.]/*
25 (1391) scio;]/*
                                        33 (1401) tuum.]/*
   (1392) mecum] | (P.)
                                        34 (1402) sequor.]/*
26 (1393) carcerem.]/*
                                        35 (1403) Carthaginem?]/*
27 (1394) volo,]/*
                                        36 (1404) Ilico.]/*
28 (1395) sententiam, 7/*
                                        37 (1406)] | HA. Faciam (P.)
```

PERSA.

```
II.
                                          1. 41 (369) melius est meliust (P.)
                                          3. 16 (421) lucro lurco (Non., Z, P.)
2. 28 (210) mali male (B)
                                             29 (434) augentarii] argentarii (P.)
  29 (211) arbitratus est] arbitratust
              (P.)
                                                            IV.
  34 (216) die tu : ] die tu. P. Die tu
                                          1. I (449) an ac (Bo.)
              (Wei.)
                                          3. 65 (534) complures]
                                                                      compluries
  48 (230) fœde] del.
                                                         (P,-)
  57 (239) quid est?] P. edictum est
                                          4. 23 (572) ferreo | ferro (P.)
              mihi. (Rl.-1)
                                           113 (665) periculo] periclo (P.)
  58 (240) P.E. del. (Rl.-1)
                                                       datur] dabitur 3
4. 14 (285) gratis gratiis 2 (A)
                                          8. 4 (734) fateor | fateor, (P.)
  24 (295) ipsum del. (Guv.)
                                                      habere habeo (B)
                 III.
                                                             V.
                                          2. Dordalus Dordalus, Toxilus (F,
1. 18 (346) melius est meliust (P.)
  25 (353) ego] del. (Guy.)
                                                         Z, P.)
```

¹ In Rl. this speech ('Edictum est prius') is assigned to Sophoclidisca.

² Also on Adelph, IV 7, 26,

³ Also on Haut, IV 7, 8, where Bentl. reads 'haec sexaginta' for 'sexaginta haec.'

RUDENS.

Prol. 24 perduunt] perdunt (P.) 27 scelestus est | scelestust*(Guy.)

T.

1. 2 (Fl. 84) vobis nobis (P.) 6 (88) fenestrasque festrasque 1 (Guy.)

2. 21 (109) nos del. * (Guy.)

23 (111) mox] del. * (Rz.)

53 (141) melius est] meliust (P.)

56 (144) periculum] periclum (P.)

58 (146) Amore] Amori (Sci.)-92 [i. e. I 2. 92]

77 (166) potuit potuit rectius (Rz.)

5. 2 (259) precantum me] me precantum (B)

10 (268) caeruleas caerulas* (Guy.)

24 (282) inopesque inopesque, (Guv.)

II.

1. 5 (204) Hisce Hice 2 hael haec 2 *

7 (296) exercitu] exercitio

2. 2 (307) ajebat aibat * (Rz.) 13 (319) mali] del.* (Rz.)

3. 68 (399) se sic] sic se 3 (Guy.)

4. 17 (433) Veneris del. * (Rz.)

19 (436) periculo] periclo (Guy.)

5. 19 (476) vinculis vinclis (B)

6. 1 (485) HOMO] homo esse 4 (Wei.)

3 (487) quid] quidquam

6. 25 (509)]+

anteposita est] posita 65 (549) hanc unam] unam hanc

(Guy.)

7. 19 (577) pluvit pluit (Rz.)

1. 9 (601) Videbatur | Videtur* (Guy.)

21 (613) fano]- 5 (Rz.)

22 (614) Clamoris clamor

2. 5 (619) innocentium] innocentum*

11 (625)]+ custodiam custodelam* (Rz.)

12 (626) perveniat pervenit*

25 (639) exoptavi optavi * (Guy.)

28 (642) innocentes intus (P.)

29 (643) jus] jusque *

32 (646) audeat violare violare auderet 6

35 (649) * * * Tiberas (P.)

37 (651) parricidii] parricidi (Rz.) perjurii] perjuri (Fl.) plenus] plenissumus (P.)

42 (656) fecit hercle hercle fecit

49 (663) ecce] eccas* (Rz.)

4. 10 (715) Nive Neu (B, P.-)

27 (732) murteta juncis juncis murteta (Bo.)

38 (743) Mea!] del. (Wei.)

56 (761) Veneris Veneri* (Guy.--)

1 On Haut. III 1.72 Bentl. reads 'fenestrasque,' remarking that the word 'fenestra,' both in Plautus and Terence, is pronounced as a dissyllable, and approving the spelling 'festra,' quoted by Festus. 3 Bentl. (P.) reads 'sic sese.'

² Also on Eun. II 2. 38; and so Bo.

4 Bentl. (P.) reads 'sese esse.' 5 I. e. Bentl. makes one line of 21 and 22.

6 Bentl. (P.) reads 'audeat violare.'

(40)

4. 91 (1135) ostenderis ostendas 7

6. I (1205) melius est] meliust (P.)

6 (1210) tamen] del. (Guy.)

8 (1212) rogato] roga (Wei.) 20 (1224) opus est] opust 8 (P.)

6 (1232) melius illi] illi melius*

6 Bentl. orig. thought of 'usust,' as Guy, and Bo.

7. 3 (1229) danunt | dant 9 (B)

(Rz.)

113 (1157) est | sit (Rz.)

118 (1162) itel i* (Guy.)

98 (1142) quidquid] quid* (Cam.)

- 5. 4 (783) quidem] equidem 16 (795) istas del.* (Guy.) 19 (798) affer affer e domo 1 25 (805) advenit] venit 47 (827) equidem | quidem* (Rz.) 6. 23 (861) Quin Quin' 2 * (Guy.-) 27 (865) quid numquid 3* IV. 1. 14 (905) vaniloquentia loquentia 4* 2. 11 (916) praeposui] praeposivi (P.) 13 (918) sententiam] (Cam., Rz.) (P.) 3. 54 (993) audivisti audisti* (Guy.) 101 (1040) tetulerit | tulerit * (Guy.) tu'st, notu'st:5 (Rz.) 4. 19 (1063) Utin'] Utn' (Bo.) 27 (1071) potius est potiust (P.) 28 (1072) dat das 29 (1073) Quoad Quod (B) 31 (1075) hic noster noster hic*
 - servitutem* V. 32 (937) pransurus est] pransurust 1. I (1281) mortalium] mortalis* (Rz.) 2.13 (1300) robigine robigine verum 10 69 (1008) exurgeri] exugeri* (Guy.) 15 (1302)]† 70 (1000) exurgebo exugebo *(Guy.) 27 (1314) denaria Philippea mnae Philippiae 11 *-- (P.-) 105 (1044) est ignotus, notus:] ignoseorus sorsus (P.) 49 (1336) dejura] dejera* (Rz.) 68 (1355) arbitratus est] arbitratust 3. 4 (1360) ô] del. (Rz.) 28 (1384) Promisisti] Promisti 29 (1385) Promisisti Promisti 33 (1389) ergo] ego 36 (1080) tu del. 39 (1083) usus est] 'st usus 6 47 (1403) taceto | tace (Guy.) 52 (1408) facias | facis (P.) 80 (1124) milvum | miliium (Bo.) 82 (1126) parte del.* (Guy.) 53 (1409) Liberta Libera (P.) 1 Rz. proposed 'affer huc domo.' ² Cf. Men. II 3. 88; Stich. III 2. 45. 4 Also on Haut. I 1. 20; and so Rz.

 - 3 Also on Andr. I 1. 13; and so Rz.
 - 5 Bentl. (P.) reads 'si non' for 'non.'

 - 7 Bentl. (P.) reads 'ostendes.'
- 8 Also on Phorm. I 3. 14.
 - 9 Also on Haut. II 3. 104.
 - 10 Bentl. (P.) puts a caret after 'robigine.' 11 Bentl, writes the plural terminations (-ae -ae) under the marginal note of Gron. 'mna

Philippia.' [I. 4.] (41)

STICHUS.

I.

2. 19 (Rl. 77) indaudiverim] inaudiverim (Cam., A)

60 (117) id] del.

89 (146) placet] places (Gul., A)

3. 9 (163) pauxillulam] pauxillam (Guy.)

11 (165) oboriuntur] oriuntur (Wei.)

13 (167) hoc] hoc verbum

21 (175) puero] del. (Acid.)

28 (182) esum] del. (Gul.)

60 (213) quot] quae 89 (243) multum 1

II.

2.64 (389) Ridiculosissumos] Ridiculissumos* (Acid.)

III.

2. 45 (501) Quae ne et]Quaen'(Acid.— P.—)

IV.

1. 30 (536) eccilla] eccillam (Bo.)

V.

3. 8 (681) obsonatus est] obsonatust (P.)

5. 19 (760) cantationem] cantionem (Non., Saracenus)

7. I (769) possiet] possit (Guy.) 4 (772) omnes] nunc omnes (P.)

TRINUMMUS.

I.

1. 9 (Rl. 2nd Ed. 31) succreverunt]succrerunt (Acid., P.)

2. 8 (46) ego | ego te (A, Herm.)

14 (52) bene valere] valere* (A, Bo.)

45 (82) aliena] alieno (P.)

92 (129) Dedistine] Dedisti (Rz., Bo., Fritzsch)

occideret?] occideret. (Bo.)

172 (209) facta | del 2* (A)

H.

1. r (223) vorso,]/*
2 (224) indipiscor:]/*

concoquo] coquo (A) defetigo.]/ 3 (226) est.]/*

3 (226) est.]/* 4 (227) est,]/*

(227) est,]/ (228) expetessam,]/

5 (229) firmiorem:]/*

6 (230) siet:]/*

16 (243)] / ilico

17 (243) liquitur.]/
(244) audes.]/

2. 39 (321) non del.* (Gron., A)

69 (350) IMMUNIFICO] immuni*
(Grut., A)

(42)

¹ Bentl. probably intended to delete the word, as Bo.

² Also in the Schediasma.

2. 78 (359) Charmidae] Charmidaï¹ (Sca., Grut.)
4. 30 (431) te] del.² (Guy., A)
44 (445) hau!] haud³ (MSS.)
45 (446) malas.] malas?⁴
50 (451) novisse] nosse
158 (559) quidem] del.
186 (586) ô pater!] ô pater pater

III.

2. 65 (691) dedisse [dedidisse (Cam.)

Arg. 3 Utique leg. Utque (P.)

IV.

2. 162 (1004) tinniit] *tuniit** (Herm.)
3. 5 (1012) abieris] aberis* (Cam.)

25 (1032) NIHIL] nihili * (Sca.) V.

2. 31 (1155) CH.] CH. Lysiteles, 50 (1174) foras] del. (Guy.) 52 (1176) subito] del. (Guy.) 53 (1177) satin'] satine⁵ (Grut.) 64 (1188) licet] del. (Guy.)

2. 46 (301) perdidere] perdiderunt (C,

11 (463) incedo:]/*

28 (481) veniret veniat * (Guy.)

TRUCULENTUS.

4 supposuit supposivit (Sca., D, Z)4. 5 (356) Dinarche] mi Dinarche (Bo.) Lamb.) 67 (421) ego total del. (Guy.) I. 90 (444) perferre] perferri (P.) 1.51 (Schoell 70) quidem] equidem 5. 8 (459)] | Lucri (P.) exsecuta:] / * (Br.) 60 (om.) is bracketed by Bentl. 9 (460) supposivi.]/* (461) oportet | te oportet (Spengel) (Lamb., P.) aggrediri,] / * II. 10 (462) exsequare.]/*

² Also on Hec. I 1.7.

2. 8 (263) Imprudens]

3 Also on Eun. V 8. 36 ('haut'). Bentl. (P.) corrects the 'Haud' of P. to 'Haut.'

RB

Impudens*

(Lamb., A) mihi

⁵ Cf. Bentl. on Amph. II 1. 57.

On Adelph. V 8. 23 and Haut, V 5. 21. Bentl. adopts the reading of Mur. and Acid. 'Charmidae hujus.'

⁴ This note of interrogation is like that after 'Laevae,' Epid. I 1. 9. On Eun. V 8. 36 the line is quoted without a note of interrogation.

¹ Also on Eun. III 1. 38.

NOTES OF BENTLEY FROM THE FLY-LEAF

OF HIS COPY OF GRONOVIUS.

P. 772. 35. leg. At te dii deæque quantum'st :: servassint quidem.

P. 775. v. 88. Certum est mihi ante tenebras tenebras persequi.

P. 437. Eadë plane de Pellione Hieronymus Groflotius Epistola ad Jacobū Lectiū an: Dom: 1583 apud Goldastū nū. 83. Is quidē erat amicus summus Gulielmii.

P. 144. Meursius de Luxu Roman: legib.

Ædepol mortalem perseparcũ prædicas.

i. e. perparcũ: ut persefacul pro perfacul. Festus.

- Prologo Casinæ.

Latine Plautus cum latranti nomine.

Camerarius ad Marcum Plauti prænomen refert, ob literam caninam R. Sed hoc absurdum. Petitus ad Casinam quasi Canissam: stulte: Salmasius ad eandem, quod omnes mulieres sint oblatatrices [sic, i. e. oblatratrices] et clamosæ. Et hoc frustra. Tu refer ad Plautum; quod verbum etiam canis genus significat. Festus. Plauti appellantur canes, quorum aures languidæ sunt ac flaccidæ ut latius videantur patere. Idem alibi in Ploti. M. Accius poeta, quia Umber Sarsinas erat, a pedum planitie initio Plotus, postea Plautus cæptus est dici. Sed auctor Prologi, qui non est ipse Plautus, priorem Etymologiam secutus est. R. B.

APPENDIX.

The following letter of Bentley is taken from Appendix III to a tract, entitled 'An exact and circumstantial History of the Battle of Floddon [sic],' with notes by Robert Lambe, London, 1774, a copy of which is in the Bodleian Library. The editor speaks (Notes, p. 79) of the 'very curious letter in Appendix No. III, printed from a manuscript¹,' and adds, 'Having no date or superscription, I do not certainly know to whom it was addressed.'

Indications are, however, not wanting as to both recipient and date. The internal evidence seems to show with regard to the recipient (1) that he was living, at the time, near to Dr. Mountague, probably at, or in the neighbourhood of Durham²; (2) that he had a son at Cambridge. With regard to the date, we have (1) the reference to Wetstein, who is probably the 'able foreigner,' and his visit to Paris in the year 1716, for the purpose of collating MSS. for Bentley; and (2) the general subject of the letter. It would appear therefore to fall some time after, probably soon after, the year 1716.

All these indications agree perfectly with the supposition that the recipient was the Rev. Thomas Rud, Librarian of the Dean and Chapter of Durham, and formerly master of Durham Grammar School; a gentleman with whom Bentley is known to have corresponded on the subject of the proposed edition of the New Testament. A certain Thomas Rudd [sic] of Trinity College, took his B.A. degree at Cambridge in the year 1717, and an earlier Thomas Rudd, also of Trinity, graduated in the year 1687. The former is probably the son alluded to in Bentley's letter; the latter may have been the father. The difference in the spelling of the name is probably not a matter of any consequence.

¹ The letter is given as printed by Lambe: several passages suggest a doubt as to the accuracy of the transcription.

² Dr. Mountague died in London.

LETTER OF BENTLEY [TO REV. T. RUD, D.D.?]

REV. SIR,

I received your very obliging letter. It would make my long tedious work much more easy and light to me, if all the persons, whose courtesy I am forced to make address to, were as frank and forward as yourself. You will be sensible, that the effect of this labour of mine depends upon authority, not reason and criticism. I could sit still in my study, and with little trouble make Greek and Latin agree, and tally together, with plausible, if not certain, nay, even with certain emendations. How many such, when I collated my first manuscript, have I written in the bottom of the page, as conjectures of the true Latin reading? These, in the progress of more and older manuscripts, I have since found to have been plain, and from the first hand, in the old Saxon exemplars. You know the difference of these two propositions. I guess, I argue, I persuade, that it was once so written, though all the copies go against it; and I show you, that it is yet actually so, in an old manuscript of King Athelstan's, St. Cedas, St. Cuthbert's of the age of 1200 years. The one pleases, and convinces ingenuous men, and well-willers to the Scriptures, and the other stops the mouths even of Pagans and Freethinkers. This consideration makes me resolve to spare no labour, nor any charge, to have all the books that our own country, and even foreign countries, can afford to me. I have advanced fifty pounds to an able foreigner, to go to Paris, and to collate some manuscripts of equal, or greater antiquity than our own. For I have never yet used one old book, if it were but of twenty scattered sheets, that I did not get something particular by it. It is odd and pleasant to see how the readings lie scattered through the copies. There shall be three true readings against the present Pope's text. within the compass of three verses, and these shall be fetched out of three several manuscripts; what hits in one failing in the other two. Therefore I am encouraged by success; all that I meet with help somewhat. Give me then number enough, and I am sure all will exactly tally. And for this reason, I must intreat you to send me down those other manuscripts, that contain the Acts and the Epistles, though they do not reach to the age desired; I mean those, which you take to be the best of them, and which are in square, rather than in oblong volumes, cateris paribus. It is but a small addition of carrier's charge, and I am glad to pay it, both hither, and back again. I think, that I told you before, that I am comparatively poor in the Acts and the Epistles, which makes me send for help out of France. I have but two copies that reach 800 years, and these do not always come up to that which I seek for. But what is odd, junior books supply that sometimes, which the ancient ones fail in.

Coloss. ii. 4. Hoc autem dico ut nemo nos decipiat en pithonologia in sublimitate sermonum. For so the Popes, so the former editions, so both my old manuscripts read. And yet it is plain, that nobody could so translate it. Sublimitas sermonum is upsilogia, or meteorologia, never pithonologia. I soon guessed it to be an error of the Scribes, for subtilitate

sermonum. For thus the old Glossaries at Paris, printed by Stephens, from a copy of a thousand years of age, subtilitate pithanologia; and in Gloss. Graecolat. peithanologia, subtilitas verborum.

But after this, I found in four manuscripts, of the King's Library, not one of which is above 600 years old, subtilitate verborum, from the very first hand. This I also impute to some useful criticks in the Western countries, about 700 years ago, who then collated the present manuscripts of the Bible with the oldest copies then extant, and rectified the innovations: These emendations they published, under the title of Correctorium Biblia, none of which have been yet printed, but quoted occasionally by Zegerus and Lucas. I shall get transcripts of them from abroad. If you meet with any such in your library, they make but few sheets, I pray that you would communicate them to me. This I say is the reason why a true reading shall be in a manuscript of 600, that is now wanting in those, of now of a thousand years of age. Because these correctors, of 700 years ago, had still older books, and the following transcribers. if learned, adjusted their copies, according to their directions. Of your two old books I shall give, as of all the rest, which are a thousand years old, a specimen of the writing in a copper-plate, that posterity may see, what good authorities I follow. I wish that you would look, what comments of Bede, or of the other tractators, Austin, Ambrose, &c. you have, of a competent age; for I shall give you the trouble to examine particular places therein, when I begin to build; for, at the present, I am but digging my stones out of the quarries.

I am glad, that your son put it into my power to oblige you; and I shall more rejoice, if he gives me a farther occasion to show, that I am,

Sir,

Your obliged, humble servant,

RICHARD BENTLEY.

My service and thanks to Mr. Dean.*



Anecdota Oxoniensia

TEXTS, DOCUMENTS, AND EXTRACTS

CHIEFLY FROM

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CLASSICAL SERIES, VOL. I-PART V

HARLEIAN MS. 2610, OVID'S METAMORPHOSES I. II, III. 1-622

XXIV LATIN EPIGRAMS FROM BODLEIAN OR OTHER MSS.

LATIN GLOSSES ON APOLLINARIS SIDONIUS

FROM MS. DIGBY 172

COLLATED AND EDITED BY

ROBINSON ELLIS, M.A., LL.D.



Oxford

AT THE CLARENDON PRESS 1885

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COLLATIO COD. HARLEIANI 2610

OVIDII METAMORPHOSEON I, II, III. 1-622

EPIGRAMMATA LATINA XXIV

EX CODICIBVS BODLEIANIS ET SANGALLENSIBVS

GLOSSAE IN APOLLINAREM SIDONIVM

EX CODICE DIGBEIANO 172

EDIDIT

ROBINSON ELLIS, M.A., LL.D.

SOCIVS COLLEGII TRINITATIS APVD OXONIENSES



Oxford

AT THE CLARENDON PRESS

1885

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PRAEFATIO.

I.

Codex Harleianus 2610 (A) Ouidii Metamorphoseon continet cum libris I II tertium ad finem usque uersus 622. Scriptus est, ut opinatur E. M. Thompson, cui submissa est cura codicum qui in Museo Britannico seruantur, exeunte fere saeculo X, in Germania; certe in I. 298 super uinela exaratum est, eadem manu ut uidetur, reinstele, super agilataque robora I. 303 getribenen boma. Codex ut inter antiquissimos sic inter optimos Metamorphoseon existimandus est (1) si orthographiam spectes (2) si lectiones. Dixi de his fusius in Diario Cantabrigiensi XII. 62 sqq.; hic pauca tantum strictim commemorabo.

1. In compositis ubi con praecedit uel in, singularem scriba exhibuit constantiam. Nam fere semper permansit intactum utrumque, inposuil (ter) inposuere inrilamenta inrupil inmaduisse inmedicabile inmittile inmensa inmenso invorauere inpiger inpatiens inperfecta inperfectus inpulsos inpulli inpulsu inpedientibus inpediti inninct inmania inlustre inperat (bis) inplerat inpleuere inplent inmunis inmixta inperfectus inreprehensa inprudens inrila. Excipiuntur haec immensa I. 38, imminet I. 52, 146, impia I. 200, irritus I. 273, impluit I. 573, irrita III. 336, immotus III. 418, impubes III. 422. Nonnumquam cum in scriptum fuisset, alia littera superposita est, ut inridet I. 221. Rariora cum con composita, pleraque tamen sine mutatione conpraensus conplectiur conlocat conpagibus conpagine conplexibus con

Aliter se res habet in eis quae ad compositum habent. Habet quidem A adspirate admouerat adfectas adsidua adflatu adstitit adsensit adrides adsonat admiratur adslicere; sed et assiduis asiduo affectasse assensibus affert affatur afflat annuit assere apparuit accliuo aslice aslexit: quorum similia sunt summouet I. 664, summisit III. 23, 502; semel subplice pro supplice II. 306.

Non raro accusatiuus pluralis in -is occurrit, seminicis I. 228, mollis I. 685, penatis I. 773, uomentis II. 119, patentis II. 179, feruentis II. 229, tris II. 738, leuis III. 43; quibus fortasse addenda sunt uocis III. 369, moles III. 376; semel pro nominatiuo instabilis II. 164; igneis pro accusatiuo II. 271.

Ъ

St pro est bis inueni I. 89 satest pro sata est, II. 86 regeres quod ex regerest uitiatum est. Hoc ideo notandum duco quod immutato iam usu saeculi Ciceroniani multo frequentius est scriptum fuisse quam st credibile est a poetis qui Augusti exeuntem principatum contigerunt.

In uocabulis ubi fluctuat usus scribendi inter praemissam h et omissam, scriba A plerumque eam rationem secutus est quae ex optimis codicibus potior fuisse colligitur, harundine I. 471, harundinibus I. 684; I. 707 harundine h habet superscriptam: itaque quinquies harena, bis arena legitur; semel harensi I. 702. Minore constantia scriba modo umor, umerus, modo humor, humerus exarauit; ter enim umor umidus umenti, bis humor, semel humoribus, semel humida, semel humida repperi: ut a prima manu quater h0, quater h1, scriptum uideatur. Qua ratione usus umerus ter, quater humerus numeraui; umeros humeros humeri, at uero humeros humeros humero humuri (III. 109).

Notabile etiam illud quod semper in A aut eequis aut heequis siue heequis, numquam etquis apparet: pro hei autem I. 523 A habet ei, quae potior orthographia est.

Constat antiquiores semper -uos -uom pro -uus -uum posuisse; id Ouidiani moris fuisse testantur haec uestigia in A, uerom I. 223. uacuos II. 165, suos II. 186, riuos II. 456, flauos III. 617.

Graecam o nominatiui saepius exhibet A, Parnasos Tauros Cephisos Peneos Caicas (h. e. Caicos) Ismenos Aglauros Agrihodos Harpalos Naxos Tenedos Claras (h. e. Claros.)

2. Venio ad locos ubi A aut noua aut meliora praebet plerisque codicum. Ex his praecipua duco circuit I. 730 quod solus A habet: ceteri enim terruit, uitiose: I. 327 Innocuos ambo, cultores numinis ambo A m. pr., ambos bis ceteri; II. 183 Iam genus agnoscit piget h. e. agnosci, ceteri Iam cognosse genus piget; II. 589 tetro facta uolucris Crimine ubi ceteri diro; II. 691 tenuit, quod unice uerum habeo, ceteri timuit inepte; III. 421 Et dignas Baccho, dignas et Apolline

crines, ceteri dignos; I. 718 praeruptam sanguine repem, ceteri rupem, quod post praeruptam nimium quantum languet; quamquam incertum est sepemne Ouidius, an sedem scripserit: II. 476 aduersam prensis a fronte capillis Strauit humi pronam A recte pro auersam quod habent ceteri; II. 462 Aspicit infantem toloque salutifer orbi Cresce puer dixil, multi totique. Vt Ouidius, sic ante Ouidium Propertius Septem urbs alta iugis, toto quae praesidet orbi.

Sunt et alia, quae lecturis relinquo. Neque tamen infitior nonnumquam uitium traxisse alioqui perbonum codicem: quae commemorare futtile est, satis

enim patebunt. Illud uere dicturus uideor, post Marcianum codicem non extare digniorem qui intente consideretur hoc nostro A.

Non alienum consilio meo existimaui lectiones adicere codicis perantiqui (fortasse saec. VIII, sic enim habitus est ab Hermanno Hagen quamquam nono adsignatur a Merkelio Praef. ad Met. p. 8), Bernensis 363, quem aestate anni 1883 Bernae inspexi. Hic codex fragmenta Metamorphoseon continet haec I. 1–199, 304–309, 773–778; II. 1–22; III. 1–56. Excusserat haec ante me Hagenus, miseratque ad Riesium, qui ea edidit in apparatu critico editionis suae.

II.

Secuntur Epigrammata XXIV, maximam partem inedita, nisi quod XX Res male tuta puer, nec te committe quibusdam iam ex Haureauano libro de Hildeberti carminibus innotuit, XXIV Fonte lauat genitor quem crimine polluit uxor in Riesii Anthol. Lat. 688, Baehrensii P. L. M. III. p. 171 editum est. Quae utraque denuo publicaui, alterum quia meliore codice usus sum Haureauano, alterum quod in codice Sangallensi 250 titulus extat, unde difficillimi carminis expeditur significatio. Cetera ex codicibus traxi Bodleianis, praeter unum XXIII quod in Sangallensi 397 legitur, necdum, quod sciam, lucem expertum est certe non inueni apud Canisium neque in Duemmleri Sylloge Poet. Lat. aeu Carolini, quamquam quod ibi edidit Duemmlerus Arboris est altrix quondam uagina medullae non solum re congruit, sed uerba multa habet communia, uideturque ex eo conflatum.

Quo tempore scripta sint haec epigrammata, non satis exploratum est: neque ideo medio aeuo, quod dicitur, adsignanda sunt quia ex codicibus proueniunt multa huiusmodi continentibus. Nam Rawl. B. N. 109 unde I-XII traxi, saec. XII exeunte uel XIII ineunte exaratus, habet is quidem non pauca quae uel eius aeui sunt uel non diu ante composita, cuius rei testes sunt uersus in medio concinentes cum fine (Leoninos uocant), quorum exemplum pulcherrimum et paene exquisita arte elaboratum extat codicis p. 17. Idem codex multa habet Hildeberti, Cenomanensis Episcopi, quaedam quae Marbodo inputantur, uelut f. 29h Plurima cum soleant sacros cuertere mores (cf. Leyseri Syllog. p. 370); non pauca quae aut uerbis (uelut marca) aut nominibus personisque aut etiam rebus seriorem aetatem prae se ferant. Inmiscentur tamen his alia et potiora et, me iudice, antiquiora; uelut illa Virginis insano Iulianus captus amore (Q12 Anthologiae Riesianae), Iupiter astra, fretum Neptunus, Tartara Pluto (793 R.), Ad cenam Varus me nuper forte uocauit (796 R.), Graecinum uirgo, puerum Graecinus amabat (797 R.); monosticha quattuor (34, 37, 65, 78) ex illis quae Baehrensius edidit P. L. M. III. 236-240; quae si quis recentiora

statuere conetur, uelim iustis argumentis id conuincat. Est enim res subtilissimi iudicii, neque a quoquam nisi post maximas inquisitiones pro explorata habenda. Nam quod nonnulli dictitant, carmina si in codice aliquo iuncta reperiantur, eiusdem fere saeculi esse, id nec uerum esse et a uero abhorrere permultis exemplis cognoui. Vnum afferam: in Cod. Laud. 86 f. 116a tria extant epigrammata quae se sic excipiunt.

De Cherulo* (Schneidewin Mart. Suppositiciorum XI).

Cherule, tu cenas apud omnes, nullus apud te;
Alterius siccas pocula, nemo tua.
Multa foris poscis, paucis contentus apud te:
Largus in alterius, parcus in aede tua.
Iam uel redde uicem uel desine uelle uocari.
Dedecus est semper sumere, nilque dare.

De Neuolo.

Iuras dasque fidem tibi te nullam sociasse.
Neuole, digna fide credimus absque fide.
De nulla nunquam, de nulla, Neuole, iuras.
Quod mihi tu iuras, hoc ego iuro tibi.
Si nullam tangis, nec uis aliquam tetigisse,
Ergo pudicus eris, Neuole? non sequitur.

2. digne Digb, 65 f. $60^{\rm a}$.

3. De nullo L. De nullo D. de nullo Neuole iures D.

5. Neuole nec tangis ne uis D.

De eodem (Mart. I. 97).

Cum clamant omnes loqueris tunc, Neuole, tantum, Et te patronum causidicumque putas. Hac ratione potest nemo non esse disertus, Ecce tacent omnes; Neuole, die aliquid.

Videlicet coniuncta sunt cum Martialis uero epigrammate duo quae ab alio profecta sunt. Horum scriptor latet: Riesio (A. L. II. p. xxx) uidetur medio aeuo uixisse qui prius de Cherulo scripsit. Eius iudicio quamquam multum tribuo, non extra dubitationem res est. Nam si ita se res habet, miror duos uersus illos (3, 4) Multa foris poscis paucis contentus apud te Largus in alterius, parcus in aede tua etiam in Rawl. 109 f. 68b seorsim scriptos extare. Qui si digni uidebantur qui saec. XII uel XIII a loco suo reuulsi pro disticho excerperentur, uel si is qui saec. XII uel XIII pro disticho eos habuit de libro

^{*} Hoc epigramma amicus Gruteri, Paulus Melissus, Francus, in epistula testatur uocibus harmonicis a Gasparo Othmaro, musico suauissimo, concinnatum saepe se inter sodales puerum cecinisse (Schneid, Mart, Epig. p. 635).

uetustiore sumpsit iam excerptos, retro sensim ad ea tempora extrudimur quae intra fines medii aeui non sunt. Epigramma ipsum si spectes, nihil inest quod ad saec. X aptius quam ad priora referatur. Illud apud te (r, 3) Martialis imitatorem sapit, sed hunc cuiusuis saeculi: quod nemö correptum est, quod tuä claudit pentametrum, quod uelle cum infinitiuo post desine positum est, quod iterum (6) clauditur pentameter breui syllaba qualis est nilque dare, haec mihi uidentur eius esse temporis, quo supererat adhuc sensus Latinae locutionis, quaesitioris prosodiae; quod aede pro aedibus usurpatum est, caue hoc uitium ducas latine balbutientium; est enim aede hic oeco siue conclaui, ut apud Plautum in Casina III. 5. 31 et Curtium VIII. 6. Potest igitur epigramma non infra Theodosium esse. Longe aliter iudico de sequente Iuras dasque fidem: quamuis enim incerti temporis sit, antiquum uix potest esse, quod ex uno illo non sequitur satis arbitror demonstratum.

Ex carminibus quae hic edidi primorem locum tenent XIII et XVI. Prius extat in cod. Digb. 172, qui inter complura neque eodem scripta tempore, intertextum habet uersibus quibusdam de poenitentia, de decem plagis, de triplici Herode etc., elogium Chrysopolitae cuiusdam, quem amasium Byzantini imperatoris fuisse conicio. Antiquum certe uidetur: cum rarissima sit apud scriptores medii aeui caesura post quartum trochaeum qualis est conpenso nouissima (3), ut nihil dicam de ipsa correptione litterae huius o ubi praesentem notat indicatiui. Quid auod ad uersum Quem procul a patria principis egit amor proxime accedit quod de se dicit Helpis uxor Boetii Quam procul a patria coniugis egit amor? At carmen XVI de illis qui contra naturam agunt nulli credo legentium gratum non erit, siue ob ingenium scriptoris, siue ob castitatem sermonis et eurhythmian. Sane multi sunt in hoc uitio insectando qui post saec. X uixerunt, eruntque qui et hos uersus et XVII et XX huic potissimum aetati adsignandos arbitrentur. Neque infitior productas syllabas breues ante uocalem coitūs et, furōr ubi, amōr et a seueriore prosodia abhorrere; sed frequentissimus hic error in carminibus nisi exactiorum recurrit post 300 A.D. A Christiano conscriptum XVI ex argumento arguitur; sed quo potissimum tempore, uix ausim definire, cum hactenus nulli uideatur innotuisse. Ex reliquis eminet ingeniosum illud Tela Cupido tene, quoniam non ille sed illa (II), quod de puero licet interpretari quem amator sic deperibat tamquam uera puella esset. Solum hoc ex his ποιηματίοιs ad speciem accedit epigrammaton Graecae Anthologiae. Neque ideo tamen asseuerantius antiquioribus tribuerim, cum certius κριτήριον uetustatis absit. Sed quoquo tempore scriptum est, uitium iam traxerat cum Rawl. 109 exarabatur: nam coniectura tantum uersum 3 restitui.

Sed de his alii iudicabunt: nec quidquam nobis ultra dicendum superest,

nisi ut codicum Digb. 65, 172, Laud. Lat. 86 paulo exactius speciem aetatemque describam.

Digb. 65 codex est saec. XII exeuntis, scriptus pulcherrime una manu, binis columnis. Insunt uersus uarii, plerique medium aeuum prae se ferentes, saepe Leoninum concentum: quibus antiquiora nonnulla innectuntur. Nam f. 57ª habet carmen notissimum Dulcis amica ueni, f. 58 Versus Serlonis cognomento Paridisi de monachis, f. 59ª De illis qui contra naturam agunt tum Potus Milo sapis, f. 59ª Cum mea me mater grauida portaret in aluo siue de Hermaphrodito, tum Natura faciente uirum grauis incidit error, mox f. 61ª Fama est fictilibus cenasse Agathoelea regem Ausonianum, In noctem prandes, in lucem turgide cenas quod Hildeberto Riesius inputat (A. L. II. p. xxxi), post Haureauum ego politius quam pro huius genere dicendi reor, tum Diogenes declamabat mundum periturum recentioris monetae, tum Godefridi Wintonensis Nos faenum, leporem canis, alba ciconia uermem (Wright Satirical Poems of the Twelfth Century I. p. 135), f. 61b uersus Traiano adscriptos Vt belli sonuere tubae denique Thrax puer astricto glacie dum ludit in Hebro (A. L. 709 R.).

Digb. 172 ex diuersissimis consarcinatus est. Scriptura inest saeculorum XII XIII XIV XV; epigrammata duo quae p. 20 edidi manus saec. XIV exarauit. At Glossae Sidonianae, quae est nostrae opellae pars tertia, saec. XII assignantur a Macraio et Westwoodio.

Laud. Lat. 86 manus ostendit saeculorum XII XI XIII. Foliis 94–133 insunt epigrammata uaria, partim antiqua, partim recentioris saeculi, et haec quidem non ante saec. XIII exarata. Cf. Catal. codicum Laudianorum quem Oxonii edidit H. O. Coxe anno 1858.

III.

De Glossis in Sidonii Epistulas pauca tantum dicenda sunt. Ita enim de cis censeo; breuiora quaedam quibus uocabula Sidonii explicarentur non ita multo post ipsius Sidonii saeculum conscripta fuisse; his mox alia adficta et insuper his alia ac plerumque uitiosiora in illud corpus coaluisse quod in Cod. Digb. 172 extat et a me primum in lucem pertractum est. Nam sunt in his Glossis non pauca bonae frugis nec spernendi pretii: quorum sufficit exempla duo apponere. Nam ad IV. 1 Glossator haec tradit Exoccupatu si magna occupatione. Quoniam exoccupatus est una dictio et ex ibi positum significat intensionem occupationis. Ex quandoque augmentatiue ponitur, quandoque prinatiue, ut exauctoratus auctoritate prinatus. Augmentatiue ut hic exoccupatus. Verum hoc nec a quoquam hactenus notatum. Testor lexicographos, apud quos frustra

exoccupatus requiritur. Iterum ad VII. 2 haec scripta sunt Hoc caelum ut hoc celte celtis instrumentum est quo caelatur .i. sculpitur. Itaque ex grammatico aliquo innotuerat glossatori neutrale celte tis: cuius rei adhuc testis desideratur.

Scriptores in his glossis laudantur non solum notiores uelut Terentius Cicero Vergilius Horatius Ouidius Lucanus Persius Iuuenalis Statius Claudianus Hieronymus Isidorus sed etiam obscuriores, Petronius Macrobius Symmachus alii qui me fugerunt. Sed ante omnia Iustinianei iuris elucet cognitio: ut non immerito suspiceris ex eis qui has glossas concinnarunt legis peritum fuisse. Est et illud in his notabile, quod qui ultimus eas tractauit, uerba inmiscuit modo Anglica, modo Gallica, qualia saec. XII uel XIII usurpabant. Placebunt haec, ut spero, doctioribus nostri saeculi Skeatio Earlio Sweetio: nee sane exiguum momentum fuerunt cur commentarium ederem, ut utilia plerumque, sic et futtilia aliquando amplexum. Nam est ubi longissime a uero glossator aberrauit: quae plerumque omisi. Nec raro a loco suo glossae migrarunt: quas reuocaui. Sed non eget excusationis is qui scriptori inter praestantissimos non sui tantum sed omnium temporum—utor iudicio Eduardi Freeman—etiam tantillum nouae lucis uidebitur offudisse. Ecquandone extabit Sidonii interpres dignus ipsius saeculo, dignus nostro?

ERRATA ET ADDENDA.

Met. II. 520 quant n A non quant.
III. 187 adstitit A non astitit.
Epigr. XIII. 4 Pro gaudia conicio praemia.
Gloss, Sidon, p. 56. l. 17 comibus non comibus.

INCIPIT P. N. O. METAMORPHO SIS A METAMORPHOSEON I. Lib. p. ouidii Bern.

- 1-199 Extant in Bern.
- dii ceptis, A; concoeptis, Bern.; di mutastis et illas, A, Bern.
- 3 Aspirate, A; Adspirate, Bern.
- 7 digestaque, A¹; indigestaque, A².
- 8 om. Bern.; edodem, A.
- 10 prebebat, A.
- 12 arce, A (arce incertum).
- 13 brachia, Bern., A.
- 14 amphitrite, Bern.; amphitrites, A.
- 15 Vtque erat tellus, Bern.; Vtq^a erat et t., A, sed ^a incerta; pontus et ether, A.
- 16 inna bilis, A; spatio relicto duarum litterarum.
- 18 quod, Bern.; corpora in unum. A.
- 19 pungnabant, A; humen., A, Bern.
- 21 litem i limitem, Bern.
- 22 abstulit, A.
- 23 ethere, A; aere, Bern.
- 25 concordia, Bern.; legauit, † ligauit A; locauit, Bern.
- 29 hic, Bern.
- 30 sua, A, Bern.; humor, A, Bern.
- 31 Vltima, A, Bern.; possidet, A.
- 33, 34 inuerso ordine, Bern.
- 33 redegit, A; coegit, Bern.

- 35 orbes, Bern.
- 36 Tum, A, Bern.; diffundit, Bern.; diffudit, A.
- 37 litora, A², Bern.; litera, A¹.
- 38 immensa, A; īmensa, Bern.
- 39 cigxit declidia, A.
- 41 partimque recepta, A; campoque recepto, Bern.
- 42 litora, A, Bern.
- 43 ualles subsidere campos, Bern.
- 45 Atque duae dextra caelum, A.
- 50 inter utramque, A; in utrumque, Bern.
- 52 Imminet, A, Bern.
- 53 Pondere aquae leuior, A, Bern.; igne, A.
- 56 fluminibus, A; fulgora, Bern.; uentes, A.
- 59 regat, A; rotat, Bern.
- 60 Cum lanent, A.
- 61 nabateaque, Bern., A.
- 63 Vespere, A¹; lit^tora, A.
- 64 zephiro, A, Bern.; Scithiam septemque triones, A, Bern.
 - 66 assiduis, A, Bern.
- 67 imposuit, Bern.; inposuit,
- 69 Atque ea, Bern.; dissepserat, Bern.; discerpserat, A.
- 70 Queque diu pressa massa latuere sub illa, A; Cum quae pressa diu fuerant caligine caeca, Bern.

- 71 efferuescere, A, Bern.
- 72 animalibus, Bern.
- 74 habita/te, A.
- 75 cepit, A.
- 76 capacius, A.
- 77 Deerat, A, Bern.; cetera, A, Bern.
- 81 retinebant, Bern.
- 82 sat usia peto, Bern.; pluuialibus, Bern.
- 83 moderantum, A.
- 84 cetera, A.
- 85 Os hominis ubi me, Bern.; uidere, A, Bern.
- 89 satest, A.
- 91-93 om. A, Bern.
- 94 uiserat, Bern.; uisceret, A.
- 98 carnua, Bern.
- 99 erat, A.
- ior immunis, Bern.; inmunis,
- 102 Saucea, pr. A.
- 103 gogente, Bern.
- 104 fotus, A.
- 105 herentia, A¹; herentia A²; poma, Bern.
- 107 aeternum, A; euris, Bern.
- 108 Mulgebant, Bern.; zephyri, Bern.; zephiri, A.
- 114 sub/it, A.
- 115 preciosior, A.
- 116 Iupiter, A; Iuppiter, Bern.
- 117 inaequalis, Bern.; autumnus, Bern.; autumnos, A.

118 quatuor, A; .IIII., Bern. 120 astricta, Bern.: adstricta,

A. A.

121 domos, Bern.; domus, A^1 ; domos, A^2 .

125 aenea, A, Bern.

126 promtior, A.

127 celerata, A1; scelerata, A2.

128 inrupit, A; irrupit, Bern.; peroris, Bern.

129 fugitque, Bern.

130 dolisque, Bern.

131 Insidiaeque tuis, Bern.

132 dabunt, A; neque, A, Bern.

133 prius pro diu, Bern.

134 exsultauere, Bern.

135. aurę, A.

139 stigisque, A; stygiis, Bern.; admouerat, A, Bern.

140 irritamenta, Bern.; inritamenta, A.

142 Prodiderat, A, Bern.; prodiit, Bern.

144 raptu, A; hospes ab

146 Imminet, A, Bern.; exicio, A; congis, A.

147 terribilis, Bern.

149 cede, A; madentis, Bern.

150 astrea, A; astra ea, Bern.

151 aeter, A.

152 Affectasse, A, Bern.; gigantas, A, Bern.

153 montes, Bern.

154 olympum, Bern.; olimpum, A.

155 subiecto pelion ossę, A; subiectae pelion ossae, Bern.

156 om. A.

158 Inmaduisse, A; Immaduisse, Bern.

159 fere pro suae, A; monumenta, A; monimenta, Bern.

160 fatiem, A.

162 sciri ///, A.

165 Feda licaonie, A; licaoniae, Bern.

166 Ingentes, A, Bern.; animos, A.

167 onciliumque, A; conciliumque, Bern.

173 hac fronte, A; hac parte, Bern.

175 audatia, A.

177 marmorio, A.

180 Cesariem, A. 181 ora, om, Bern.

182 ulla, A.

cum

183 fuit, Bern.; quā, A; parabat, A, Bern.

184 angipedum, Bern; brachia, Bern.; brahia, A; caelo, A.

189 sub terras, A, Bern.; stigo, A.

190 temptanda, A; tentata, Bern.; corpus, A, Bern.

191 Inse, Bern.

192 nimphae, A.

193 satirique, A.

superi

196 pueri, Bern.

197 ui uos, Bern.

198 erit ante, Bern.; Lycaon, A, Bern.

199 Contremuere, A; Non fremuere, Bern.; ausu, Bern.

200 impia, A; saeuit, A.

201 Cesareo, A; extinguere, A.

202 tantę subito, A.

203 perorruit, A.

205 ioui, om. in textu, add. in marg. A.

206 om. A.

208 Iuppiter, A.

209 penas, A; dimittite, A.

211 aures, A.

212 Olympo, A.

214 nox ę, A.

216 Menela, A.

217 E cum Cilleno, A; licei, A.

218 Arcados hic sedes et inospita, A; tyranni, A.

221 Ceperat inridet, A; Lycaon, A.

223 dubitabile //// uerom, A.

225 Comprimere haec. Hic uersus transuerso margine dextro scriptus est in A.

226 eo est, A; ante missi rasura est in A; molossa, A.

228 seminicis, A.

229 igne, A.

230 inposuit, A.

231 In dominum, A.

232 ipse, A; nactusque, A.

233 ab ipso, A.

238 Canicies, A.

239 occuli, A; imago est, A.

241 erinis, A.

244 probant, A.

245 Adiciunt, A; assensibus, A.

247 orbi, A.

248 qui sit, A.

250 cetera, A.

252 Rex superum trepidare uetat sobolemque, A.

254 eter, A.

256 affore, A: b.e. affore ex adfore.

258 proloes obsessa, A.

259 ciclope, A.

260 Pena, A.

261 demittere, A.

262 aeoliis, A. nubes

263 nimbes, A.

264 nothum, A; nothus, A.

269 Fit fragor et densi, A: nymbi, A.

271 Nuntia, A; affert, A.

272 coloni, A.

273 irritus, A.

274 suo est, A.

275 Ceruleus, A.

276 omnes, A; tyranni, A.

280 inmittite, A.

282 aequora, A.

285 exspaciata, A: super quod eadem m. scripsit spercipennonte.

289 Indecta, A1; alcior, A.

202 erat deerant quoque litora, A.

293 cimba, A.

295 supra, A.

207 anchora, A. winstete

298 tegunt, A; uineta, A. 299 quo, A.

vn uua (?una) lihun merecderie 300 deformes, A; phoce, A.

301 lucos urbesque, A.

302 in altis, A.

anestoLent * getribenenboma 303 Incursant agitataque.

304-300 extant in Bern.

304, 5 sic babet A; Nat (marg. nabat) lupus inter oues nec uires fulminis apro. omissis quae interposita sunt. Bern, sic Nat iupus inter ques nec ui res fulminis apro Vnda uehit tigrisfuluos trahit unda leonis

eber 305 apro, A.

306 Curura nes, Bern.; nec, runt

A; prosunt, A.

307 Quesitisque, A; sistere possit, A; sistere posset, Bern.

308 dicidit, A.

309 tumolos inmensa, A: īmensa, Bern.: licentia.

312 domant inop/es ieiunia uictus, A.

313 actaeis phocas, A. 316 stetit arduus, A.

hant

317 parnasos, A; superatque cacumine nubes, A.

318 caetera texerat aequor, A.

319 rete, A1; adhehit, A. Coricidas

320 Oreadas ex Orecidas, A; adorant, A.

321 tetin, A ex rasura.

324 Iuppiter, A.

325 milibus, A.

326 in transuerso sinistro margine scriptum habet A; milibus, A.

327 †ambo, A: ambo, A: s serior manus addidit.

329 ethera, A1.

331 saprague, A. 332 Extantem, A: humeros. A: h serius add.

333 Ceruleum, A.

334 concheque, A.

335 bucina, A.

337 Bucina, A.

338 Litora, A; latentia, A.

340 infata receptus, A.

343 litus, A.

347 fronte, A.

349 silencia, A.

350 phirrā affatur, A.

351 O soror et coniunx, A.

354 quoscumque, A; ocasus, A.

355 cetera, A.

356 aduc, A.

360 dolores, A.

361 quandoque, A.

362 sinistro margine paginae scriptum habet A.

363 possim, A.

368 axilium, A.

369 cephesidos, A.

370 Et pro ut, A; sed pro sic, Α.

371 inrorauere, A.

372 fastigia, A.

379 Dicite qua, A. 382 cinctasque, A.

384 Obstipuere, A.

387 Ledere, A.

388 caecisque, A.

389 verba deae sortis, A.

390 Hinc promethides placidamque prometthida, A.

^{*} Credo anestozent.

⁺ Credo sic scripsisse Ouidium.

301 Mulcet et aut fallax ait est sollertia nobis (est post rasuram), A.

307 nocebat, A.

398 Discedunt, A.

399 iusso, A.

401 duritiam, A.

403 mittior, A.

405 coepto, A.

407 umida, A1: humida, A2: h pallidiore atramento.

408 E, A.

410 mittatur, A.

411 spacio, A.

416 Cetera, A.

417 fetus humor ab igne, A.

418 humidaeque, A.

421 coepere, A.

425 glebis, A.

426 Inueniunt et in his quaedam inperfecta suisque. A: omissis uerbis modo coepta sub ipsum Nascendi spatium.

427 om. suo loco A; habet in summa pagina adiectum.

428 humeris, A: sepe, A.

429 rodis, A.

430 umor, A1; humor, A2.

432 umidus, A1; humidus, A2.

435 estu, A.

437 Reddidit, A.

438 python, A.

439 incognite, A.

442 clammis, A; fugatibus, A.

443 exhastaque, A.

445 posset, A.

447 Pythea, A; perdomite, A1; nunc erasa est.

448 Hic, A; pedibusque, A.

449 esculeae, A.

452 quam non, A.

455 uicta, A.

457 humeros, A.

460 Post Strauimus rasura est in A, ut quid ibi fuerit in incerto sit : sed in marg. add. est innumeris. phitona, A. I innitare

462 Indignare, A.

467 Inpiger, A; pharnasi, A.

468 Atque, A; promisit, A.

470, I post 472 habet A.

470 Quod fecit auratum est,

471 elisum est, A; sed el post erasas quae fuerant litteras; harundine, A.

472 inimpha, A.

473 Lesit, A.

474 alter nomen, A.

475 Siluarum latebris, A.

476 * Exuuie/ris, A.

477 om. A.

479 Inpaciens, A; nemora,

480 himen, A: conubia, A.

483 uelud, A; taedas, A. 484 Pulcra, A; suffundit, A.

485 herens, A.

490 Phebus, A.

491 illum, om. A.

492 adolentur, A.

493 quas forte, A.

498 comerentur, A. 501 Brahiaque, A.

502 Si qua latent, A.

503 leuis, A. 505 Nympha, A et 504; peneia, A; ostis, A.

506 aquilam ex aquilem, A.

509 nocent, A; sum, A.

511 moderatius insequor ostis

516 Et claras tenedos patereaque, A.

517 Iuppiter, A: quid, A.

518 nerbis, A.

519 Certa tamen, A. amplo

520 inuacuo, A.

521 opiferque, A.

522 herbarum subjecta, A.

523 Ei mihi, A.

526 inperfecta, A.

528 festes, A.

529 inpulsos, A.

530 Aucta uia forma est, A.

531 plandicias, A; monebat. A.

535 inhesuro, A.

537 conpraensus, A.

538 reliquit, A.

542 Imminet, A; sparsum,

A; aflat, A.

544-546 sic scripti sunt in A. Victa labore fugae tellus ait hisce uel istam Quae fecit ut ledar mutando perdefiguram Fer pater inquit opem si flumina numen habetis.

550 brachia, A, sed post rasuram.

551 felox, A.

552 obit, A2; abit, A1.

555 Complexusque, A.

560 laetis, A.

561 uisent longas, A.

564 iuuenile, A.

567 Annuit, A; atque, A.

- 568 aemonie, A; cludit, A,
- 569 tempe, A; peneus, A.
- 570 soluitur, A.
- 573 Impluit, A.
- 579 sparcheus et inrequietus enipheus, A.
- 580 Eridenusque, A1; amfrisus et aetas, A.
- 585 luget et amissam, A.
- 588 iuppitur, A1,
- 591 Altorum nemorum sed demonstrauerat umbras, A.
- 597 fugebat, A.
- 598 lircea, A.
- 599 inducta alta, A.
- 601 despexit in agros, A.
- 604 nec umenti sensit, A.
- 605 atque, A1, ni fallor; vtque, A2.
- 610 persenserat, A.
- 615 Iuppiter et terra genitam mentitus, A.
 - .i. indicare
- 617 addicere, A. 622 Pelice, A.
- 623 ferto, A.
- 627 C&era, A. cum
- 628 quoq., A; at/io, A.
- 634 limasaque, A1.
- 635 brachia, A.
- 636 brachia, A.
- 637 Conataque, A.
- 641 seseque exterrita fugit, Α.
- 642 Naides, A.
- 647 lacrimas sed si, A.
- 649 Litera, A.
- 650 Corporis indiuum, A.
- 652 niuae, A.
- 654 reperta es, A.

- 656 alta, A.
- 650 secunde, A.
- 660 uir et de grege, A. 662 preclausaque, A.
- 664 summouet, A.
- 666 ipse procul. A.
- 667 Occubat, A1; occupat,
 - A2; speculator, A.
- 668 phoronidos, A.
- 670 Peleias, A.
- 672 tegimenque cappillis, A.
- 674 tegimenque renouit, A. tantum
- 675 natūmodo, A.
- 677 adductis, A.
- 678 noua, A; arte, A.
- 679 poteras, A; consedere,
- 680 agit neque enim pecuri, A.
- 681 captamque, A.
- 684 harundinibus, A.
- 685 mollis, A.
- 687 querit, A.
- 690 Interra adriadv, v super rasuram, A.
- 691 nymphae syringa, A.
- 692 satiros, A.
- 693 umbrosa silua feraxque, A.
- 694 ortiguam, A.
- 698 om. A.
- 699 capud, A.
- 702 harenosi, A.
- 703 inpedientibus, A.
- 705 Pan quoque conprensã sibi iam syringa putarent, A.
- 707 harundine, A.
- 710 consilium, A.

- 711 conpagine cerae, A.
- 713 cillenius, A.
- 719 Deicit, A; repem, A.
- 720 quodque inter tot lumina lumen, A.
- 721 Extinctum est. A.
- 722 Excipit hunc, A.
- 723 inplet, A.
- 725 erinī, A.
- 726 Pelicis, A; stimolos qi, A. *727 circuit orbem, A.
- 728 inmenso, A.
- 733 queri finemque, A.
- 734 conplexus, A.
- 737 stigias, A.
- 738 linita deest, A.
- 739 Fit quod, A; et, A1: e. A2; s&e, A.
- 741 humerique, A.
- 742 om. A.
- 743 bone, A.
- 744 Officiu que, A.
- 745 timuitque, A; tim post rasuram.
- 746 retemptat, A.
- 747 linigera, A: creberrima,
- 748 Nunc epaphis, A; desimine, A.
- 751 pheton, A.
- 752 credentem, A.
- 755 pheton, A.
- 756 climine n, A; conuitia,
- 757 genitrix ait illae, A.
- 758 hec opprobria, A.
- negari 759 referri, A.
- 761 assere, A.

- 762 Iplicuit, A; brachia, A.
- 765 Ambiguum, A; demine, A (clemine potius).
- 767 Brachia, A.
- 770 Nocte, A. fero
- 771 si ficta neget, A.
- 773-779 extant in Bern.
- 773 labor est patrios, Bern.: longos, A: penatis, A.
- 776 loetus, A.
- 777 & hera, A.

INCIP. lib. 11 Bern. Inter I et II spatium est duorum uersuum in A.

- 1-22 Extant in Bern.
- 1 colū nis, A.
- 2 pyropo, Bern., A.
- 3 tegebat, A, Bern.
- 4 luminae, Bern.
- 5 Materiam, A, Bern.; mulcifer, A. 6 et accelerat, Bern. pro
- caelarat; celarat, A.
- 7 inminet, A; iminet, Bern.
- 9 Protheaque, A; ballenarumque, A, Bern.
- 10 Aegona, Bern.; inmania, A: imania, Bern.
- 11 uidetur, Bern.
- 12 uiridi, Bern.
- 14 N, Bern.; sororem, Bern.
- 16 nymfas, Bern.; cetera, Bern., A.
- 17 imposita est, Bern.; inposita est, A; celi, A.
- 18 se a pro sex, Bern, † adcliui
- 19 Quos, Bern.; adcylii, Bern.; acclino, A, sup. lineam; limite, Bern.
- 20 dubitati, A, ti post rasu-
- 21 sua fert, Bern.; uertit, A. 22 neque enim, A; propiora
- uidebat, Bern. 24 claro, A2, o ex rasura;
- smaragdo, A2, o ex rasura.

- 25 At. A.
- 26 spatuis, A.
- 29 autūnis, A1; al. uuae. marg. A.
- 30 hiems, A.
- 32 aspicit, A.
- 34 pheton, A; inficienda, A.
- 35 inmensi, A.
- 36 sidus, A; post nominis scriba A scripserat usum, quo eraso addidit huius,
- 37 climine, A.
- 38 Pingnora, A: generis, A. man, recent.
- 39 hunc, A; horrorem, A, quod cum erasum esset iterum in margine scriptum est.
- 41 iusit, A1, altera s post addita.
- 43 clymine, A.
- 49 Penituit, A.
- 50 inlustre, A.
- 51 facta tibi est, A.
- 52 negare, A.
- 53 non es, A.
- 54 pheton, A.
- 55 conneniunt, A.
- 57 contingere possit, A.
- 58 adfectas, A.
- 59 Nec, A.

- 60 om. A.
- 61 dextera, A.
- 62 agit, A; et qd, A.
- 63 nix. A.
- 64 Enititur, A.
- 66 Sit, A; trepidet, A. que currum
- 68 Tunc quoque subjectis, A.
- 69 Ne ferat in pceps t& hys,
- 70 adsidua, A.
- 71 celeri quo lumine, A1: celeri quoque lumine, A2,
- 72 * Hitur, A.
- 73 Impetus, A: eueor, A.
- 74 Fingebat hos currus, A, et in marg. Deicit hoc curru, poteris nec, A. 75 † nec te citus auferet, A.
- 81 Naec nonivs /// arcus, A.
- 82 brachio, A1.
- 83 brachio, A1,
- 84 quadripedes, A1. t reges
- 86 regeres, A; ubi acres, A.
- 88 fenesti, A: sum, A.
- 89 res quesinit, A.
- 90 credes, A1; credas, A2.
- q1 timendo, dex t, A.
- 92 aspice, A.
- 93 occulos in pectora posses (ex posset), A.
- 94 deprehendere, A sic.

95 quidquid, A: diues om. A.

of Deque, A.

98 poenam, A.

99 pheton, A.

100 blandi signare, A1.

105 Ergo quā licuit cunctatus, A, om. genitor.

106 uolcania, A.

109 chri solithi, A: positaeque, A; gemme, A.

III pheton, A.

114 cogit at cogens, A.

115 Lucifer e celi, A.

116 Quem pater ut, A. 117 uelud, A1; uelut, A2.

118 inperat, A. 119 uomentis, A.

121 Quadripedes, A.

124 Inposuitque comes, A.

125 sollitito, A.

126 saluē, A; saltem, marg.

A ; parare, A.

128 uolentes, A. 129 derectos, A : quique, A.

131 Zanarumque, A.

135 p me, A.

136 celestia, A.

139 ducit adarcam, A.

140 Inter utrumque, A; cetera, A.

142 esperio, A; litore, A.

143 Humida, A.

144 etfulget, A.

147 om. A.

149 Que tutus spectes, A.

150 iuuenali, A. 151 manibusque leues, A.

153 pyrois eous et aethon, A.

154 Quartusque phlegon solis equi, A.

155 Flammifferos inplent, A.

156 tethis, A.

157 Repulit, A; inmensi, A; mundi, A.

150 leuatis, A.

160 ortus istem, A.

163 labent, A; pontere, A.

164 instabilis, A.

165 sic onera ad sua eta uacuos. A.

168 Quadriiuge, A.

169 pauent, A.

170 Nec sic qua sit. A: īperet, A.

172 temptarunt equore tingui, A.

174 formidabiles, A.

175 sūsit, A.

176 bootē, A.

178 despexit ab ethera, A.

179 pheton, A; patentis, A.; oborte, A.

183 * Iam genus agnoscit, A; rogantem, A1: rogando, A2.

185 borea quo uecta, A2; qui uicta, A1; remansit, A.

186 bis scriptus est in A: semel in imo margine folii 16ª

> sic Frena suos rector que diis uotisque reliquit, iterum summo fol. 16b sic Frena suus rector quam dis uotisque reliquit.

188 moetitur, A.

190 ocasus, A.

192 post 194 scriptus est in A; aequorum, A.

193 Sparsaque, A: maracula,

194 simulacra, A.

195 geminos, A, -nos post rasuram.

196 utrūgue, A.

197 spacium, A.

198 madiā, A.

201 summo, A; licentia, A; tergo, A.

202 Exspaciantur, A.

203 inpetus, A.

204 Ac sine legerunt, A:

fixit, A.

205 p uia, A.

206 perde cliua, A.

208 Inferiorque, A1; Inferivsque, A2.

209 Admiratur, A.

210 Corriptiur, A.

211 Fixaque, A; sucis, A. 214 menibus, A.

215 totas, A; gentes, A.

217 taurosque, A; molus, A. 218 Et modo si caprius cre-

berrima, A.

219 eeagrius hemus, A.

220 ethne, A.

221 Parnasosque, A; erix et oynthus et othrys, A.

222 rodope, A; nimasque,

223 Dindimaque et mycalem promtus ptusque. cum

225 dum, A.

226 appennius, A.

227 pheton, A.

228 Aspicit, A.

229 Feruentisque, A; uelud, A; profunda erasum in A, et post id spatium uolantes.

230 trahaet, A; sensit, A.

233 calligine, A.

235 om. A.

236 populus, A.

237 libiae, A; humoribus, A.

238 cum nymphę, A.

239 booetia cirnon i dircen, A.

240 Arethusa drimoné ephyre phirennidas, A.

242 manem, A; man nt incerta littera quam in spatio omisi. medus

tanasis, A; undas, A.

243 Peneosque, A; teuthranteusque caicas, A, ni fallor.

244 Et ts//, A¹; Cessit et, A²; ismenos cum phocaico, A.

245 Arsurosque, A; Xanthus flauusque Lycormas.

²
246 recurutis, A; maeandrus, A.

247 Nigdoniusque melas et atenarius, A.

249 Thermodoonque, A; gangisque, A; phasis et hister, A.

250 Alpheos ex Alpheus, A; sperchiedes, A¹; sperchiedos, A².

251 affluit, A.

253 cystro, A.

255 capud, A.

256 uacant, A.

257 eborum, A; strimone, A.

258 anim/s, A, sed m in ne mutata; renum rodanumque, A.

259 thibris, A.

261 Ignis *pro* Lumen, A; siccae quoque campus arenae, A.

264 Extabant, A; ex, A.

266 delfines, A.

270 aquis, A; brachia, A.

271 Exerere, A; igneis, A.

274 uisera, A.

275 sustulit omnipotens (omps), A.

278 sacraque, A.

281 perere, A.

283 tostos en asbice crines,

284 Inque oculis tantum tantum super ora fauillae,

287 ferro, A.

288 peccori, A.

289 tura, A.

291 sorte, A.

292 et hab& here, A.

293 ne fratris, A.

294 celi, A; utrumque, A.

295 utrumque, A; si uitia

ueștit, A; axis, A.

297 humeris, A.

299 etripe, A.

300 super est, A.

301 Dixerat hoc, A; neque enim, A; uapore, A.

303 Retulit, A.

308 uibrataque fulmina, A.

310 dimitteret, A.

313 seuis, A.

318 lacere, A; cursus, A² ex currus.

319 pheton, A.

320 Vuluitur, A; longoque

per nubila

poli tractu, A, sed poli

alia manus uidetur addidisse.

325 hesberiae, A.

326 Singnant, A.

328 etcidit, A.

329 obductus, A1.

332 ustus, A² post rasuram et marg. A.

335 tan tü, A; percensuit al. transcenderat, A.

337 Reperit, A; ripa, A.

341 cesis, A.

342 ph&onta, A; querelas, A.

343 Nonte, A; adsternunturque, A.

344 inplerant, A.

347 terrae procumberae, A.

348 Diriguisse, A.

349 iampetie, A.

352 brachia, A.

353 conplectitur, A.

354 utrum, A; humerosque, A.

355 Ambiet extabant, A.

356 trahit inpetus, A.

358 euellere, A.

360 Sanguinee, A; uulnere, A.

364 Vnde, A.

366 gestanda, A.

367 steneleia cygnus, A.

368 uinctus, A.

369 proprior, A.

371 querelis, A.

nit

372 inples ut, A.

374 Dissimulantque, A.

376 Pinna, A.

377 cyngnus, A.

378 Tradit, A; iniusti, A.

379 Stangna, A.

381 Squalibus, marg. Squalidus. A.

384 adicit, A.

385 inquid, A.

386 inrequieta, A.

380 dřei, A.

393 Nomeruisse, A; rexerat,

396 Subplice, A.

399 seuit, A.

400 Seuit, A; inputat, A.

401 ingentis, A.

403 firmas ubique, A.

405 inpensior, A.

408 letasque, A.

409 Dum redit & idque, A;

Nonacrines, A.

410 Haesid, A. 411 molire, A.

412 positas, A; ubi fibula, A.

413 neglegitos, A.

415 menėalon, A.

416 longe est, A. 417 sol l&us, A.

418 cetīderat, A.

419 huic humero, A.

422 &, A.

424 Sunt o sunt iniuria tantum, A.

425 cultumque, A.

salite

428 silue, A.

429 Andiat, A.

430 preteris se, A.

431 ea uirgine, A (a conuersa

in x).

432 parentem, A.

433 Inpedit, A.

434 posset, A.

436 quem, A. 437 Qusue, A.

439 Vnde, A.

441 coro, A; dictina, A.

442 Menalon, A; cede, A.

443 Aspitit, A.

446 numerūq', A1; numorūmq', A2; haram, A.

447 Eu, A1; H Eu, A2; uultū, Α.

448 nec ut, A.

456 atritas, A; riuos, A.

459 limphys, A.

160 Parrasis, A.

161 ne. A.

465 saecedere cetu, A.

467 idonia, A1; idonia, serior manus.

469 fuerit de pellice, A.

470 Cvi, A; obuertens, A. 473 No//ta, A; testatur, A:

esse, A. 474 Haud inpune, A; nam-

que, A.

475 inportuna, A. 476 aduersam, A.

479 unges, A.

480 Officiuque, A.

484 gutere, A.

485 manet pro tamen, A.

486 Asiduoque, A.

489 Ah, A.

491 Ah, A.

492 uenantium, A.

496 lycaonie, A1: lycaonia, A^2 .

497 ter, om. A; ferena talibus actis, A.

498 saltos, A.

499 erimandidos ampit, A.

501 Et agnoscenti, A.

503 accedere fugit, A. 504 Uolnifico, A.

505 Arguit, A.

506 et pariter raptos, A.

507 Inposuit, A; uiciniaque, A.

508 pelex. A.

509 tethin, A.

511 uiam & sricitantibus, A.

514 Mentior, A. 515 uulnera, A.

516 ille ubi, A.

517 preuissimus, A.

518 Est uero quisquam Iunonem ledere, A.

520 * quant asta potentia nostra est. A.

522 inpono, A.

524 argolica, A.

526 Conlocat, A; talamo, A; lycana sumit, A.

527 Aduos, A; lese, A; contepmptus, A.

530 aequorae pelex, A.

531 Dii, A; adn., A.

533 Iam, A.

534 Quantū, A.

538 seruaturus, A.

539 cyncno, A.

541 contrarias, A1; contrarius, A2,

542 larissea coronea, A.

543 haec meania, A.

547 garula ramis, A.

548 cicitetur, A.

549 Auditaeque, A; carpit,

553 erichtonium, A: creatum, A.

554 Clausaerat, A.

555 nates, A1; natis, A2.

556 ne reserata, A; reserata super rasuram.

559 Pandrasas, A.

560 Aglauros, A; deducit, A.

561 adporrectumque, A.

565 Admonuisse penas potest, A; piricula, A.

566 rogabis, A ex rasura.

567 Me petit ipsa licet licet,

569 phocarca, A; telure, A. 571 nec me contempne, A.

572 uentis, A.

573 summa, A; arenis, A.

575 absumpsit, A.

577 nequiquam, A: harena. Α.

580 brachia celo, A.

581 Brachia cep., A; horrescere. A.

582 Reiecere, A: humeris, A.

583 egerat, A.

585 Sed neque, A; nec pectora, A.

586 nec ut, A.

588 Eueor, A.

589 si. om. A: *tetro facta uuolucris, A.

500 Myctimenon, A. i. nobile

592 parium, A. 599 coronea, A.

600 auditor, A.

603 adsueta capit, A.

606 Iacta, A.

607 punce, A.

608 E dixi. A.

600 in nna. A.

610 ut. A.

612 Poenit, A.

615 erit, A; manuque, A.

617 Conlapsamque, A; facta,

621 gemitusque, A.

624 Lactantis, A.

625 Discussit, A.

627 iniustaque iusta, A.

628 laba, A: eostem, A.

629 utroque, A.

630 cyronis, A.

633 Semiuir, A.

635 humeros, A. 636 caricto, A.

638 ocyrphe, A.

639 fugit, A. 640 uaticinos, A.

642 Aspicit, A; totoque, A; orbi, A.

646 prohibebere, A.

647 Exque deo corpus fies exangue, A.

649 nunc iam mortalis, A. 651 tum cum curaberae, A.

652 serpentis, A; sautia, A.

653 et pro ex, A; numine, A.

656 lambuntur oborte, A.

657 inquid mea fata, A.

658 inquid mea, A.

660 futurā, A.

663 Inpetus est in equa, A.

664 extrema biformis, A; biformis super rasuram.

665 extreme querele, A.

666 fuerunt, A.

667 Mox quidem uerba, A.

668 eque. A.

669 hinitus, A; brachia, A; herbas, A.

670 digito, A.

674 abire, A.

675 deder , A.

676 tuu, A; philirius, A; heros, A.

678 ne si, A.

679 elimas seniaque, A.

681 baculus siluestre sinistre. Α.

682 canis, A.

684 pylios me morantur, A.

685 atlandide matre, A.

688 uicina hunc rura canebant, A.

601 Hunc +tenuit balandaaue, A.

692 hosbes, A.

693 Nec, A.

694 repentatur, A.

695 Edidit, A; reddit hosbes. Α.

700 Ira. A.

701 suo pariter, A; foemina,

704 et meme perfide, A.

709 Munychiosque, A.

^{*} Plerique MSS, diro. + Et hoc unice nerum existimo. Nihil est timuit quod plerasque edd. inuasit,

710 arbustaq., A.

712 palidis arce, A.

714 aspicit, A.

715 * eunde, A.

716 uidis, A; miluius, A.

718 gyrum, A.

719 auis, A.
720 acteas auis, A; ap//ces, A.

723 quanto quam, A.

725 ponpae, A.

726 Obstupuit, A; pennis, A.

729 abuit, A; ignis, A.

730 diuersa relicto, A.

731 fuducia, A.

734 Conlocat, A; totum apareat, A.

735 somnus, A.

738 Tris, A; pandra, A.

739 aglauros, A. 741 scicitarier, A.

744 iuppiter, A.

747 est, om. A.

748 Aspicit, A; istem, A.

749 aglauros, A; secraeta, A.

751 &cedere, A.

753 susbiria, A.

755 om. A.

756 creatum, A.

757 styrpem, A; federa, A.

758 Ingratamque deo fore ingratamque minerue, A.

759 aurum, A.

761 ualibus, A.

765 belli, A.

766 neque enim succere, A.

767 etrema, A.

768 uidit intus etedentem, A.

770 uisāque, A.

771 pigra, A; reliquit, A.

773 om. A.

774 uultuque dee ad susbiria duxit, A.

775 matices, A.

776 recta bis A.

777 liuent, A; lurent MS. Digb. 65. p. 774.

777 sufusa, A.

779 uigilatibus, A.

V Lomina

781 homines, A.

782 illum, A. 783 adfata est, A.

785 aglauros, A.

786 inpressa, A; repulit, A.

787 obligo, A.

788 successuramque, A.

789 baculussique, A; quod, A.

792 papauera, A.

793 Adflatuque, A.

795 Ingentes, A.

797 nata, A.

799 amantis, A; inplet, A.

800 Insbiratque, A; perosa, A.

801 plumone, A.

802 spatium causae, A; erret, A.

803 Germanamque, A.

805 magno, A; irritata, A.

806 oculto, A.

807 Axia, A.

808 solet, A.

800 lit.

810 subponitur, A.

811 om. A.

814 limine, A.

815 Exclusara, A; plandimenta, A.

817 Hinc me ego non, A; moritura, A.

820 conati, A.

823 post 826 A; pungues, A.

825 inmedicabile, A.

827 hiemps, A; pectore, A.

828 clusit, A.

829 canata, A.

831 etsangue, A.

834 Cepit, A; athlanciades, A; dictas, om. A.

840 Suscipit indignę, A.

841 montano ex montane, A; pascit, A.

842 certe, A.

844 Litora bic et 842 A.

847 Magestas, A.

854 &stant, A.

855 si, A.

862 sberata, A. 863 uix ha uix cetera, A.

864 At. A: exultat, A.

865 N nunc, A; harenis, A.

867 plaudende, A.

868 Inped., A.

869 consederet auri, A.

870 siccoque ad litorae, A.

871 primo, A; in imis, A¹; in undis, A².

874 cornu, A.

875 imposita est, A.

^{*} an eundo?

III.

- 1-56 extant in Bern.
- I in magine, A.
- 2 dicteaque, Bern.
- A Inperat. A.
- 6 depreendere, Bern.
- 8 phebeique oracula suplex,
- 10 * phebos, A; occuret, A.
- 11 inmunis, A; imunis, Bern.
- 12 due, A.
- 13 boetiaque, A; que om. Bern.
- 14 discesserat, A; descenderet, Bern.
- 18 Autoremque, Bern.
- 19 cephesi, A, Bern.
- 20 speciosam, A.
- 21 mugittibus inpulit, A; impulit, Bern.
- 22 respiciens pro sequentes, A iterum; sequentis, Bern.
- 23 sūmisit, A, Bern.
- 24 Kadmus, Bern.; ait, A; peregrinaque, A.
- 25 et † inignotos, A.
- 28 uiolatu, A; secure, Bern.
- 29 aculmine denso, A.
- 30 conpagibus, A.
- 31 fecundis, A.
- 32, 33 bis scripti sunt in Bern.
- 32 pignis, A.
- 33 uenenis, Bern. bis.
- 34 om. Bern., Trisque micant,
- 35 profeciti, Bern.
- 36 gradu om. Bern.; dea usaque, Bern.

- 37 capud, A.
- 39 unde, A; sed manca linea quan incipit; relinquit, A; reliquit, Bern.
- 40 atonitas, A.
- 41 squamosus, A.
- 42 immensos, A; inmensos, Bern.
- 43 leuis, A; leues se rectus, Bern.
- 45 specteis, A; seperat, A.
- 46 si uelli, Bern.
- 47 siue timor ipse, Bern.
- 48 cplexibus, A, Bern.
- 49 adflatu, A; afflatu, Bern.; funesti, Bern.; tabae, A.
- 52 tegimendi repta leonis, A; tegimen derepta leoni, Bern.
- 53 splendentia, A pro splen-

denti lancea; telo. Bern.

- 55 leto data corpora, A; laetataque, Bern.
- 56 spatiosa corporis, A.
- 57 om. A.
- 58 fidissima corpora, A.
- 61 inpulsu, A.
- 62-86 om, A.
- 89 cedebat, A. 90 guture, A.
- 92 obstiti, A.
- 95 consederat, A.
- 96 congnoscere promptu, A.
- 99 tolorem, A.

- 100 delapsa, A.
- 101 subpendere, A.
- 104 Parcet et upresso, A.
- 105 Semmina, A.
- 107 apparuit, A.
- 108 nudantia cona, A.
- 109 humuri, A; brachia, A.
- 110 Existunt, A.
- III aulea, A.
- 112 surgerere, A.
- 113 Cetera, A.
- 114 himoque, A.
- 115 oste, A.
- 116 Nec, A.
- 120 Hunc, A.
- 121 exbirat, A.
- 124 sortiata, A.
- 125 Sanguineam tepido tangebant, A.
- 127 munitu tridonidis, A.
- 128 pecitque, A.
- 129 sido nidus hosbes, A.
- 130 iussus phoebeis, A.
- 131 stabant thaebe, A.
- 132 Ex illo, A.
- 133 Contingerant, A: ad pro adde, A.
- 134 natas natosque, A; nepotes, A.
- 136 hominem om. est, A.
- 137 subpremaque, A.
- 138 secundus, A.
- 140 herili, A.
- 142 & nim, A.
- 145 et aequo mediastas,
- 147 hiantius, A.
- 150 I festa pro inuecta, A.

^{*} Supposita e neglegentius scripta, altera superius addita est.

⁺ Error ortus est ex ingnotos.

152 idem, A; uaporebus, A.

154 fatiunt, A: intermituntque, A.

155 crupressu, A.

156 gargaphiae, A; succinte,

157 extremum, A: mortale. Α.

158 Ante, A.

159 punice, A.

160 tofes, A.

161 addextrum A.

162 patulos incinctus hiatus. Α.

163 ueneta, A.

165 post quam, A.

168 Vincula, A.

170 quam uiserat, A.

171, 172 inverso ordine scripti sunt in A.

171 nimphe fialeque ranisque,

172 specas, A; phiale, A.

173 lymphis, A.

176 fate, A. 178 nudae uiso, A.

180 Inpleuere, A.

185 uestae, A.

186 quaquam, A.

187 obligumque tamen *astitit.

188 uelle, A; abuisse, A.

191 Addit haec claudis, A.

195 cacumine taures, A.

196 brachia, A.

197 uėllat, A.

198 autonoeius, A.

202 fugit, A: lacrima/incerta littera quam per/ notaui. 204 regulia, A.

205 inpedit, A.

206 uideri. A: melamphus. A.

207 Isnouatesque saxa, A; dederunt, A.

208 Gnosius Isno(ex a)uates. A: melāphus, A.

210 Pamphagus et dorceus et oribasus, A.

211 lelape, A.

212 plerelas, A. 213 Hilaeusque, A.

215 Feminis, A1; Femenis, A2; harpya, A.

216 sitionius, A.

217 canasche stictaeque.

220 ciprio, A; licysce, A. 221 ab illo, A.

222 Harpolos et meianeus, A.

223 lyconide, A.

224 agrihodos, A; hijator, A.

226 aditusque, A.

227 secuntur, A.

220 libaebat, A. 230 Actheon, A.

231 rosonat, A.

232 me lanchates, A.

233 orestrophus. A.

234 exierat, A; compendia,

235 Precipitata, A.

239 querelis, A.

240 gnibus, A.

241 brachia, A.

242 latratibus, A.

243 acteona, A. 246 oblata, A.

247 uidere, A.

249 Unde que, A.

251, 2 extant in A.

256 coniux. A.

257 dade, A, nisi fallor.

258 pellice, A.

261 semeles, A: juria, A.

262 iuria, A.

266 soror om. A.

267 est et iuria, A.

269 uni, A.

272 mersas pro mersa suo, A; in undas. A.

275 posuit ad temporae, A1,

280 Ad nomen euere, A. multi

281 tulit, A.

282 inere, A.

283 pignos, A.

285 Ionone, A.

286 cplexus, A.

291 timor es deus ille deorum, A.

293 semel equalem, A.

296 exierat iam uox. A.

299 -conscendit- consendit. A

300 inmixitaque fulgora, A.

303 de iecerat igne typhoea.

305 ciclopum, A.

308 agenorē, A.

300 etherios.

310 Inperfectus, A.

312 complet, A.

314 datum om. A: nes/eides.

317 bachi, A.

319 grauis, A.

320 malos uestra prophecto est, A.

323 Quaereret ////// uenus, A relicto spatio.

^{*} Legendum uidetur abstitit.

327 aut tūnos, A.

329 actoris, A.

331 genitiuaque, A.

332 Arbitur, A; sumptus om. A; ioco(o ex a)fa, A.

336 irrita, A.

337 adempit, A, nisi fallor.

338 honores, A.

340 Inreprehensa, A.

341 Prima fidei uocisque datę temptamina, A.

343 Inplicuit, A; cephisos, A.

345 nimpha iam tum, A.

350 letique, A.

351 cephesius, A.

352 nuper, A.

356 Aspicit, A; recia, A.

357 nimphę, A.

358 prior, A; resonabiles, A.

360 Carula, A : abebat, A.

362 Iuno quia cum, A.

363 Sub Ioue, A.

365 fugeret, A; post quam hoc, A.

366 delv(v ex o)sa, A1.

367 preuissimus, A.

369 uocis, A.

371 ingaluit, A.

373 circumlitat aedis, A.

374 Admota, A; uiuatia sulphura flāmę, A.

376 moles, A.

377 sint illa paratae, A.

378 remitat, A.

379 seductis, A.

380 hecquis, A; resbonderat,

381 atque, A; demisit, A.

384 quod, A.

386 Hun, A.

387 Responsora, A; retulit,

389 iniceret sberat obrachia,

300 colexibus aufert. A.

392 Retulit, A; nichil, A.

393 frontibus, A.

395 que om. A.

396 Et tam uigiles curpus misaerabile, A.

397 et a corpore sucus, A.

398 Corpore somnus abit, A.

401 figura, A.

403 ceptus, A.

404 dispectus, A.

406 adsensit, A; rhamnusia, A.

407 in limis, A.

409 Contigerat aliud sue pectus, A.

411 humor, A.

415 ceruit, A.

417 quod undę, A.

418 Atstupet, A; immotus,

421 * dignas, A; dignas, A.

422 Impubesque, A.

425 inprudens, A.

427 Inrita, A. 428 uisus, A.

430 quod uidetur in illo, A.

432 fugatia, A.

434 imaginis umbre, A.

440 leuatos, A.

442 Nec quis, A.

443 opportuna, A.

+++ Haec quem, A.

449 męnia, A.

451 liquidis quociens, A; liymphis, A.

452 tociens, A.

456 quaem, A.

459 adrides, A. 460 singna, A.

462 aures, A; nostris, A.

464 meueoque, A.

465 roge; ceteris omissis quae secuntur.

469 admit, A.

470 ęuū, A.

475 lacrimas.

476 cum om. A.

478 Dișsere, A.

479 Asbicere, A.

480 summo reduxit ab ore, A.

482 tenuem percusa rubore, A.

483 quam, A; candidida, A.

486 asbexit, A; undas, A¹; unda, A².

488 matui *ceteris omissis quae* secuntur, A.

489 atenuatus, A.

490 et tecto, A.

492 uires sed quae, A.

493 amaueret, A.

499 solitam-undam om. A.

500 Haec, A.

502 sūmisit in erba, A.

503 mors, A.

504 infrena, A.

506 Naides, A; inposuere ca-

pillis, A.

507 adsonat, A.

511 archaides, A.

512 Atulerat, A; anguris, A.

^{*} Et hoc notandum. Crinis genere feminino inuenitur in Plaut, Most. I. 3, 69 et Attae epigrammate ap. Non. 202.

513 aechiodes, A; et pro ex, A.

517 ihuius, A.

518 nec bachia, A.

519 quam iam haud procul,

524 Eueniat, A.

525 Meque et ab his, A; uidis, A.

526 echine, A.

528 ullulatibus, A.

530 dad sacra, A.

532 Attollit, A.

533 uident et adunaque, A.

534 magice, A.

535 strictus, A.

537 Obscenique, A; timphana, A.

539 posuisti, A.

540 om. A.

543 sistis, A.

545 profrondibusillelucuque,

547 moles, A,

548 patrum, A.

550 sonare, A.

554 ussus, A.

555 Sed medius murra crinis,

556 Purpuréague, A.

557 attutũ, A.

559 ctempnere, A.

561 aduenit hebis, A.

564 huc cetera, A.

565 frustaque, A.

566 Acryor, A; inritaturque, A.

567 moderamineque, A; no-

cebunt, A.

568 torrentë, A¹; torrenti,
A²; qua obstabat nil,
A.

569 decurre, A.

571 obice, A.

576 quondam, A.

577 Aspicit hunc pentheus oculis, A; tremendus, A.

578 quenquam, A; uix et, A.

579 perature, A.

581 moresque, A.

582 acetes, A.

583 pelle, A.

584 duris colerentur rura iuuencis, A.

585 Lanigeros greges, A.

587 salamo, A.

590 nichil, A.

591 Preterea quas num, A; apellere, A.

592 scopulos, A; istem, A.

595 Taygentēque hydasque, A.

596 pupibus altos, A.

597 chie, A.

598 Applicor, A; adduco litora, A.

599 immittit arenae, A1.

601 et / urgo, A; recentis, A.

602 Admoneo, A; ducit, A.

603 promitit, A.

604 Prospitio, A.

605 sotiorum primus ofeltes,

607 Virgineā, A.

612 est om. A.

615 Dirtis, A; consendere sũmat, A.

616 Otior antemnas, A.

617 libis, A; flauas, A; et prore, A.

618 alcimodon, A; quere quiemque, A.

621 sacri uiolare, A.

622 Perpetior, A.



EPIGRAMMATA CODICVM BODLEIANORVM.

EPIGRAMMATA CODICIS BODLEIANI RAWL. B. N. 109.

I.

Dum colo militiam, dum uates desero musas, In ceruice graui uulnere laedor ego. Musa mouet caput et 'merito sic accidit' inquid 'Prospera non poteras, aspera disce pati.'

II.

Tela, Cupido, tene, quoniam non ille sed illa
Sustinet esse meus uel mea, tela tene.
Tela tene. quid amo quod amat non reapse? Sed huius
Quod fugit, huius ero? non ero. Tela tene.
Tela tene, quia non teneo quod amo tenuisse.
An dixi, quod amo? non amo. Tela tene.
Tela tene, uel tange parem. ne feceris, imo
Dico tibi, sine, uel tange, Cupido, parem.

III.

Viuere non possum sine te neque uiuere tecum, Illud namque metus impedit, illud amor. O utinam sine te uel tecum uiuere possem, Sed mallem tecum uiuere quam sine te.

IV.

Lingua non oculo, Nestor lasciue, loquaris.

Odi blanda senis uerba supercilii.

Frons numerat menses, frontis cute scribitur aetas,

Praetenditque suos arida ruga dies.

I. 1. celo miliciam. 2. ledor, II. 3. quod amat non absit. III. Ouid. Am. iii. 11. 39 Sic ego nec sine te nec tecum uiuere possum. Mart. xii. 47. 2 Nec tecum possum uiuere nec sine te.

[I. 5.]

5

D

Nestor, in annosa legimus tua tempora carta: 5 Frons uetat haec in se mollia uerba legi. Inueterate puer, non consonat actio fronti, Et frons a uerbis dissidet ipsa tuis. Inberbis ueteres lasciuia dedecet annos. Nutus lasciui nuntius est animi. IO Nondum, blande senex, tecum tua uerba senescunt. Nec faciunt mores tempora longa suos. Vt mores fugias, non te, non effugis annos: Hoc age quod iuuenis, non agis hoc iuuenis, Vae tibi, cuius opus non corrigit ipsa senectus. 15 Vae tibi, qui pectus non sinis esse senex. Cum tibi barba seni iam marceat in sene mento. Barbatam mentem non sinis esse tuam. O lasciue senex, monstrum est lasciua senectus. 20 Et cum quo mores insenuere mali.

V

Quamuis canities te, Naeuole, Nestora monstret,
Mens lasciua conprobat esse uirum.

Naeuole, cum fragili uix uiuas corpore Nestor,
Iupiter extincto Nestore uiuis adhuc.

Nestoris atque Iouis concordia, Naeuole, nulla est.
Nulla senectuti luxuriaeque fides.

Naeuole, tam diuersa duo, tam dissociata
In te conueniunt, luxuriose senex.

Naeuole, lasciuis tenero lasciuior haedo,
Et frustra Veneri posse placere studes.

Fastidit Venerem Venus exsaturata clientem.
Ergo luxuriae, Naeuole, pone modum.

VI.

Potus, Milo, sapis, non potus desipis idem. Si bibis ut sapias, desipis ut sapias.

IV. 7. frontis.

9. In uerbis.

10. nuncius.

11. Nundum.

15, 16. Ve.

20. fortasse cum qua.

V. 1. canicies.

2. laciua excidit tamen.

3. uiuat.

8. luxuriosa.

9. edo.

10. an cupis?

VI. Extat etiam in Digbeiano 65, p. 59ª Ad disputatorem bene potum.

Nec tibi si sicco facundia uixerit ore,

Nec nisi pota nimis Musa diserta tua est.

Qui sapis ex Bacc/o, qui non sapis aure sed ore,

Hoc unum sapio quod nihil ipse sapis.

5

VII.

Esto superba minus dum te prece uexo, Superba, Et melior fieri nomine disce tuo. Omnia quae uincis post omnia te quoque uince. Immemor esse tui nominis esto memor.

VIII.

Thraso, tuis si facta forent tua consona dictis,

Non foret ut quis te largior esset homo.

Pollicitis multos ditat tua prodiga lingua,

Sed uix aut numquam dicta sequetur opus.

Vtile consilium est, ne quid promiseris ulli,

Sed sine pollicitis da dare si qua uoles.

Insperata magis sunt munera grata frequenter,

Et nil promittens debitor esse fugit.

Nam qui promittunt non dant, sed debita soluunt;

Nec data, quae non est ius retinere, uoco.

Non retinere licet quia reddere cogit honestas,

Virtutumque simul mater honesta fides.

IX.

Si tibi grana placent, spicas attunde flagellis, Si nuclei dulces sunt tibi, frange nucem. Si laetis rebus uis participare, labora. Nam parit ingratus munera grata labor.

Q2.

95.

3. facondia *D habet* Nec tibi si sicco facundia suggerit ore. 5. bacco. 6. nichil. VIII. 1. Thrāso *uitio serioris acui.* 4. sequentur *Post* 12 secuntur in codice spuria haec Tullius esse fidem describit in officiorum Libro cum fuerint singula dicta prius. Ergo fide salua mixta Tulli (cod. tullii) ratione, Quae dare promittis non retinere licet. IX. 2. nuclei cf. Mart. xi. 86, 3.

X

Corrupere duo Flauiam, parit illa gemellos,
Et cum nesciret quis pater esset, ait,
Vni si dentur, cum sit pater unus eorum,
Forsitan alter erit, decipiamque duos.
Ne pater amit/at, ne nutriat aemulus ambos,
Vnum cuique dabo, decipiamque minus.

XI

Maxima uenandi causa est tibi, nulla legendi.
Brutus es et brutis, Quintiliane, uacas.

XII.

Non re sed uerbis est Sextus amicus amici, Si sit opus, poscit, ferre recusat opem.

EPIGRAMMA COD. DIGBEIANI 172.

XIII.

VERSU(S) MONIMENTI.

Hic ego qui iaceo ganymedes Chrysopolita,
Quem procul a patria principis egit amor,
Gaudia perpetuis conpenso breuissima poenis.
Talia consequitur †gaudia talis amor.
Quid species, quid lingua mihi, quid profuit aetas?
Da lacrimas tumulo, qui legis ista, meo.

Paginae 97, 98 praeter epigrammata quae edidi habent hace Anthologiae Riesianae Virginis insano Iulianus captus amore (912 R.) Iupiter astra, fretum Neptunus, Tartara Pluto, Regna paterna tenent, tres tria quisque suum (793 R.), Ad cenam Varus me nuper forte uocauit (796 R.) Graecinum uirgo, puerum Graecinus amabat (797 R.). X. 1. Flăuiam uide ad VIII. 1 Corrūpere. emulus XIII. Videtur epitaphium esse amasii cuiusdam ex principibus Byzantinis. Nam Chrysopolis suburbium Byzantii notissimum. Crediderim puerum Chrysopolitanum cum forma nimis placuisset principi inuidiam conflasse et ob hanc rem fortasse episcoporum monitu in exilium actum fuisse. Miror tamen huiusmodi elogium Latine scriptum extare, si uere puer 1. ganimedes crisipolita. 2. Simile est quod de se dicit Helpis uxor Boetii ap. Burm. Anth. i. p. 321 Quam procul a patria coniugis egit amor. Post hoc epigramma sequitur in cod, distichon de decem plagis, deinde sex uersus sic inscripti Versus cuiusdam metriste. Fraus tua non tua laus, facinus non gloria forme Minuere te fecit sic tibi materiam. Fax tua non tua pax feritas non gratia lingue Scribere te docuit sic tibi grammaticam. Lis tua non tua uis amor non musica muse Iungere te iussit sic tibi rethoricam; quibus aliquis subnexuit Isti sex uersus proprii sunt heu(?n)riolato Cum sit peruersus, sic dic ita (f. dicito) de michiloto.

. 84ª. col. 2.

EPIGRAMMATA COD. DIGBEIANI 65.

XIV.

QUOMODO ARISTOTELES FECIT ALEXANDRUM RECEDERE AB ATHENIS.

. I2b.

l. 57ª.

l. 590.

Magnus Alexander bellum mandarat Athenis.

Infestus populo totius urbis erat.

Ibat Aristoteles caute temptare tyrannum,
Si prece uir tantus flectere posset eum.

Quem procul intuitus, sceptrum capitisque coronam
Testans, 'non faciam si qua rogabis' ait,

Mutat Aristoteles causam subtiliter, urbem
Obsideat, frangat moenia Marte, petit.

Poenituit iurasse ducem, bellumque roganti

I

XV.

DE FORMA ROMAE.

Vt doceat cunctis se solam nobiliorem Vrbibus, effigiem Roma leonis habet. Miror tam gracilem de tanto corpore uocem, Miror posse regi tam magnum lumine solo.

Dat pacem, lusus calliditate uiri.

XVI

DE ILLIS QVI CONTRA NATVRAM AGVNT.

Heredes Sodomae uestros aduertite uultus,
Infames usus diraque facta canam.
Principio rerum mater natura creatis
Indixit legem, iussa sequente modo.
Fecerat illa uirum; mulier cum facta fuisset,
'O modo facta uirum femina,' dixit, 'habe.'
Lege data tali uir duxit, femina nupsit.
Et uarii sexus gratia iuncta fuit.

XIV. 1. mandaret. 2. tocius. 3. Aristotiles tirannum. 7. Aristotiles. 9. Penituit. XV. 3. Ante Miror q'adscriptum. XVI. Cum his versibus comparandi sunt versus Sodoma inscripti apud Cyprianum, Tom. III. Part iii. p. 289, ed. Hartel, et quos Leoninos appellant Quam pravus mos est pueros praeferre puellis Cum sit naturae veneris modus iste rebellis in Cod. Laud. 86, p. 94. 7. dūxit.

30

· 59b.

Laetus erat coitus et qui coiere beati, Et celebres ritus disposuere sibi. 10 Arrisit natura fauens successibus horum. 'Haec quoque uenturis foedera' dixit 'erunt.' Impia posteritas successit et omnia uertens In uitium posuit libera colla sibi. Impia libertas turpes processit in usus, 15 Viuat ut arbitrio quilibet ecce suo. Heu mala res, mala progenies, mala secta furoris. Ouam male respondent ultima principiis. Vlteriusne loquar? loquar an scelerata silebo? Eloquar, at uobis inuidiosus ero. Cum puer intonsus rapitur, cum femina tristis Accusat turpi condicione mares,

Quam scelerata uenus, quam perniciosa uoluptas.

Haec est quae secum contra*i*t omne nefas.
Naturae legem seruant animalia muta,

Naturae legem seruant animalia muta,
Subsequitur tauro femina iuncta suo.

Non equs urit equm, non hircus iungitur hirco, Diuersi generis collige iuncta duo.

Ergo quis iste furor? ubi sunt exempla parentum? Et leges et amor et pudor et licitum?

XVIb.

A. Fontibus addis aquas et siluas frondibus auges, Et nullo quae sunt arida rore rigas.

B. Non eget aequor aquis, non frondibus indiget Ida, Ida tamen frondes accipit, aequor aquas.

XVII.

Natura faciente uirum grauis incidit error. Erroris uitio femina uirque fuit.

11. Arriset. 12. federa. 24. contrait. 26 sqq. Onid. Met. ix. 731 Nec uaccam uaccae nec equas amor urit equarum. Vrit oues aries, sequitur sua femina ceruum. Sic et aes coeunt interque animalia cuncta Femina femineo correpta cupidine nulla est. 27. equum Post 30 sequitur sine intervuallo tetrastichon XVI^b. Fontibus—aquas, sed praemisso d quod plerumque additur ubi noua res inducta est. Sed manifestum est uersus Fontibus—rigas, ab eo dici qui mulierum causam contra pedicones agit, hos respondere disticho Non eget—aquas. Sequitur in cod. hexastichon Potus Milo sapis, tum De hermafrodito Cum mea me mater (786 R.), tum XVII Natura faciente uirum, etc.

Simplice materia simplex faciebat et unum,

Dumque unum faceret, fecit utrumque simul.

Semiuir hic nullo poterit custode teneri,

In cuius uenerem sensus uterque uenit.

5

XVIII.

DE OVADAM VIDVA.

Luce tuum defles mutata ueste maritum,
Et deplorato coniuge nocte bibis.
Quid mirum? maestos desiccat lacrima uultus,
At Bacchi reficit cor tibi triste liquor.
Semper luce fleas et ames conuiuia nocte;
Famosum nostro tempore nomen habes.

5

XIX

Lapsus in aeternum fatali lege soporem,
Officii linquis taedia longa tui.
Ante tibi requiem nox inportuna negabat:
Nunc dormire simul nocte dieque potes.

XX.

Res male tuta puer nec te committe quibusdam.

Multa domus multos fertur habere Ioues.

Non tamen expectes Ganymedis crimine caelum,
Hac modo militia nullus ad astra uenit.

Consecrat aetherias solis Iunonibus arces
Lex melior, manes masculus uxor habet.

Cum doleat culpam suspecti Iuno mariti,
Mercedem culpae non dolet esse polum.

.

XXI.

Aurum Parthorum Crassus sitiebat, et aurum Ore bibens sociis proelia morte facit.

igb. fol. 70°.

XVIII. 3. mire pro desiccantur lacrimae maestis uultibus. XX. Hoc epigr. nuper edidit Hauréau in libro quem de Hildeberti carminibus conscripsit, p. 187. Cuiuscumque est aeui, dignum reor quod accuratius edam: integrum in Laud. Lat. 86 inueni, Digb. 65 uu. 1–4 solos habet. 1. comit'e, Digb., non te L. 3. Nolo quod affectes L. ganimedis DL. 5. iunioribus cod. Haur.

1. 60b.

1. 70ª.

III.

aud, Lat. 86.

IO

EPIGRAMMA COD. LAVD. LAT. 86.

XXII.

Haec duo carta salus, mihi nobis, missa fuerunt,
 Sic commune datum, sic speciale fuit.
 Missa mihi socioque salus, res una duobus.
 Nos facit esse tuos res licet una duos.
 Ambo salutati fuimus, resalutat uterque,

Sic quod utrique dabas nunc ab utroque capis.

Scripta mihi solus misisti, solus habeto, Solus ego soli scripta remitto tibi.

Sic ego, sic socius, ego carmen, uterque salutem, Ecce reportamus, debita quisque sua.

EPIGRAMMATA CODD. SANGALLENSIVM.

HIXX

Quae fueram quondam tenerae uagina medullae, Altrix nunc rigidi roboris esse notor. Ossea nunc patulum producunt germina ramum: Siluescit membris dammula pulchra suis.

XXIV.

VERSVS DE QVODAM PATRE QVI BENE NVTRIVIT FILIVM MATRE EIVS MORTVA ET EVNDEM INTERFECIT QVIA NOVERCAM SVAM ID EST PATRIS VXOREM POLLVIT.

Fonte lauat genitor quem crimine polluit uxor, Et puerum refouet qui iuuenem perimat.

XXII. 3. Ennod. Epist. ii. 1. 10 Hartel Tu tamen inter ista quasi specialis mali pressus nece concluderis, nesciens temperandum quod per multorum dispersum corda commune est. vi. 35 Hoc munus speciale conputo. XXIII. Explicatur altero epigrammate cod. Sang. 869 (Dimmler ii. p. 383) DE OSSE DAMMULAE PER QUOD ARBUSCULA CREUIT AD IMPERATOREM HLUDOUICUM Arboris est altrix quondam uagina medullae. Tibia germen habet, nempe bonum omen erit. Quod cortex humore caret, quod durior ipso est Robore miramur, talis in osse uigor. Nil Caesar tibi magne uacat, uenabere dammas, Ossibus ex quarum silua orietur. Aue. Et hoc quidem ex nostro uidetur desumptum. XXIV. Ediderunt Riesius A. L. 688, Baehrensius P. L. M. iii. p. 171 sed ut disticha distraherent. Ex titulo nostri codicis apparet unum esse epigramma. 1. Fonte sc. baptismatis. polluet Riesius. uxor nouerca pueri.

7. fol. 42b.

50. p. 70, 34. p. 245, 47. p. 147. Ante suum gremium portat portatus alumnum,
Vnum gestat equus, sed duo terga premunt.
Mergitur Hippolytus, mori/urus amore nouercae.
Quem quia fata iuuant, flumina nulla nocent.
In causa Hippolyti uersa est natura parentum,
Saeua nouerca fouet, quem pater ipse necat.

5

3. Portat ante portatus alumnum suum gremium cod. 250. portatus in equo puer iam nir factus portat in gremio infantem quem ex se nouerca peperit ut ambo simul mergantur. 5. Hippolytus hie est amator nouercae. ippolitus cod. 250. mersurus codd. 250, 397. mersu cod. 184. moriturus Riesius. An est mersurus intransitiuum? 6. h.e. quamuis mersu flumine non perit. 7. causam cod. 250. 8. quia pro quem 250. Debuerat nouerca saeuir in prinignum, pater indulgere filio.



GLOSSAE IN SIDONIVM.

S. Digb. 172 143.

Gaii Sollii Apollinaris Sydonii epistolarum liber primus incipit. Sydonius Constantio suo salutem.

Sidonius iste gratia et rogatu Constantii uiri illustrissimi et magnae scientiae hunc librum in quo ad eum proemiat ex quibusdam transscriptis quarundam epistolarum quas uariis personis et de diuersis causis et negotiis in diuersis temporibus transmisit Con-5 stantio scribit. Continentur itaque in hoc libro .ix. distinctiones librorum quorum .vii.

Constantio principaliter scribit. Duos uero ultimos secundario. Nam viii. scribit

Petronio et .ix. Firmino, in quibus ad eum proemiat. illi tum duo .vii. libris Constantii

annectuntur, ut ex illis ix. libris unum fiat uolumen Constantio transmissum. In prima igitur epistola hoc modo tractat, ostendens se auctoritati Constantii fauere debere. 10 Secundo loco ostendens quos uelit imitari in quantumcumque potest et quos non possit imitari et quare non possit ostendit. Tertio loco demonstrans se erga Constantium hunc librum componere, licet multorum detrahentium super incepto opere timeat inuidiam, etiam si securus sit ab eorum detractione super libro panegyrico quem uersibus et metris compositum de laude principum conseribit.

Major il magne, causa quoniam de diuersis negotiis scriptae sunt. persona quoniam ad diuersas personas scriptae sunt. Quas iubet Constantius supra quamlibet epistolam nominare. tempus quoniam in diuersis temporibus. retractatis .i. relectis. exemplaribus .i. transscriptis. enucleatis .i. correctis. Quoniam transscripta multotiens falsa sunt uitio scriptorum. rotunditatem in uerbis perfectis. praesumptuosis. Quoniam illi magnae 20 scientiae fuerant. nam de Marco Tullio. Hic ostendit se non posse imitari Tullium quem Iulius Titianus qui de secta erat Frontonis, maximae scientiae homo, uoluit (eum) imitari et non potuit, in quodam libro uidelicet quem scribit de laude illustrium feminarum. Et quia non potuit Iulius iste Tullium imitari, ideo consocii sui et consectanei i. de eadem secta siue sententia Frontonis uocauerunt eum simiam oratorum. propter 25 quod sic uerte literam. propter quod ceteri quique Frontonianorum .i. qui erant de secta Frontonis aemulati inuidi .i. indignantes cur .i. quia et cet. Et ideo uocauerunt eum simiam oratorum, ueternosum uetus et graue. inmane i. magnum. temporum suorum i. in tempore suo. meritorumque praerogatiuam i. meritis suis prae aliorum meritis, exigentibus omnibus, praeferebantur. examinationi .i. iudicio. recensendas .i. legendas. 30 perquam i. ualde. haesitabundos i. dubios. deinceps quoniam maximam laudem et famam

10. fauere se debere. 13. supra. 18. relictis. 30. praeferebatur. 14. si om. supra. panagerico. 15. componit. legendas an relegendas? 31. hesitabundos.

prius s. in panegirico consecutus est, nunc deinceps dubium est an tantam famam consequi possit ex hoc libro epistolarum. genuinum .i. naturalem. molaren molares dentes sunt illi interiores quibus teritur cibus. et notat hic per hanc dictionem fixerit morem inuidorum qui cum detrahunt aliis dentes molares simul conterunt. actutum .i. cito.

Sydonius Agricolae suo salutem et suam benedictionem.

Saepenumero i, multotiens, popularis fama apud populum, In quantum quia oportet epistolam breuem esse. laudans in te .s. animi nobilitatem quia talis principis cupis scire mores et habitus, minus familiariter i, maxime extraneis qui non sunt de familia eius, dote .i. munere. ut laudibus sic lege literam ut inuidia ne .i. etiam regni .i. in regno majorum non defraudet aliquid et non possit aliquid minuere et detrahere laudibus 10 eorum. exacto i. magno et perfecto. ceruix i. collum eius breue non est nec contractum ut caput adhærens sit humeris, et est ceruix illud ubi conueniunt occipud et collum. orbes ii ocellos, et nota quod hic non describitur uir femineae pulcritudinis sed uir uiribus plenus et cingulo militiae aptissimus et uir robustus, cilia oculorum. flectantur digitis trahantur, legulae legulae aurium sunt tenues et molles carniculae 15 quae sub auribus pendent. flagellis .i. cirris quae recte dicuntur 'loc.' incuruus .i. subcuruus .i. non nimis longus. non obesi .i. nimis crassi. succulenti .i. pleni succo .i. aliquantulum de natura crassi. recedente aluo quia circa uentrem gracilis erat et circa pectus spissus. tuberosum .i. grossum et durum. musculis musculos appellat carnem illam quae utrimque protuberat, internodia i. genua, mascula i. uirilia et grossa, 20 poplitum poplites dicuntur 'hamme,' crura nota differentiam inter crus et femur. Quoniam femur a genibus est supra, crus uero a genibus est infra, suris suras appellat illud grossum carnis quod protuberat in tibiis, antelucanos i, matutinos. quamquam sit sermo secretus hoc est interpositio et hoc silentio dicit, secretus nobis duobus s. Sidonio et Agricolae, pro consuetudine potius quam ratione hoc dicit propter haeresim arria- 25 nam quam Gothi celebrabant. Et iste Theodoricus Christianus erat. sellam i, sedem. armiger i. miles. Timebat enim sibi quoniam tirannus erat, pellitorum a pellibus ferinis quibus induebantur ut Tbeodoricum si opus esset defenderent, pro foribus ii, extra fores. exclusa hoc tractum est a ueteri testamento. In tabernaculo enim erant duo loca diuisa a se per uelum quoddam ductum ex transuerso tabernaculi s. sancta sanctorum et 30 sancta. In sanctis sanctorum erat altare themiamatis et area foederis et propitiatorium.

Ad quem locum non licebat Aaron ascendere nisi semel in anno in die propitiationis. In sanctis autem quae et dicebantur cancella erat altare holocaustorum ubi cotidie sacrificabant. Ista autem pars tabernaculi in qua stabant soli leuitae dicebatur cancellum propter uelum ductum ex transuerso tabernaculi. Nam cancellare est lineam 35 ex transuerso ducere. Vnde cancellarius qui male scripta huiusmodi linia dampnat et inde dicitur cancellatis manibus .i. in modum crucis impositis. Isti igitur pelliti non

^{1.} panagerico. 2. genuinum i. naturalem] sc. qui cum homine nascitur (Schol. Pers. I. 115). 3. figerit. 6. multociens. 14. apt'ssim' h.e. aptus uel aptissimus. 25. Sidonio et Agricolae om. quam \overline{ro} .] Cod. Sidonii Laud. 104 habet potius quam pro ratione. goti. 28. teodoricum. 30. taberna. 31. timiamatis. propiciatorium. 34. pars tab. ex transuerso tab. 36. lima.

erant intra uela sed extra in cancellis i, non erant in illa domo in qua erat rex sed in proxima propter eorum murmur. tractabitur ii, dignum dilatione, expedietur ii. dignum ut statim tractetur, solio i, sede, stabulis ut uideat equos, neruo s. arcus, loro i. freni. thecatum i. in theca i. in repositione i. in forello. spicula i. sagittam. implet i, chordam ponit in illorum conatis capitibus, admonet i, quaerit, si ab quasi 5 dicat. Quoniam forte contigit sed raro quod ipse uidens feram aliquam alonge fallitur s, ignorans an sit ceruus an cerua et huiusmodi, sed ictus eius destinantis i, trahentis numquam fallitur i frustratur, profestis i, procul a festis, priuato priuatum conuiuium est non regis sed inferiorum. cedentibus .i. plicantibus prae nimio honere argenti. suspiriosus prae labore et pondere sciforum, toreumatum toreuma est lectus tornatilis et 10 tamen hic ponitur pro uestibus quae super lectum sternuntur. peripetasmatum il cortinarum a peri quod est circum quia circum domum uel lectum ducuntur. Et sunt uela a circumducendo dicta eo quod per funes circumducantur per ambitum domus, peri enim circum petasma uelum, conchiliata i, rubricata, Ouoniam in concha latet piscis qui dicitur murex ex cuius sanguine fit rubra uestis. bissinum recte dicitur 'cheinsil,' et 15 est uestis tenuissima et albissima, paterae i, scifi, habundantiam Gallicanam, Quoniam Galli parce comedunt et non ultra modum. Italam ubi cito comedunt uel cito seruientes eunt fercula portantes. publicam i, multos seruientes. privatam. Quoniam quidam seruiebant de coquina et alii de penu non intermiscue. de luxu sabbatario quoniam in sabbatis illi tenebant et celebrabant maxima festa ut nunc Iudaei. secundas 20

fastidit .i. taediat .i. indignatur. facere secundas .i. habere. tesseras deceptorias, et etiam indignatur timere secundas aduersarii. sine colludio colludium dicitur a con .i. simul et ludo, bilis i, ira. recrudescit i, iterum fit cruda uel crudelis relicto ludo, pulsantes ostium s. ut possint intrare ad regem, ut possint negotia sua et causas pertractare. submouentes cum uirgis. ambitus ambientes uel ambitiosi. concubiae Prima uigilia noctis 25 fax appellatur, secunda concubium uel conticinium, tertia nox intempesta, quarta galli cantus siue gallicinium, quinta antelucanum. sane i, certe. intromittuntur ad cenam regiam. ydraulica i, musica ab ydor quod est aqua, unde ydraulia i, organum, ydor enim aqua, aule cannulae. Aqua enim multum iuuat organum, quod in ydraulia potest uideri, unde musa dicitur quasi moysa. Moys enim aqua. Vnde Moyses dicitur 30 aquaticus quia de aqua fuit sublatus, subfonasco r. dicitur 'suschant' a sub et fonos quod est sonus. achroama r. 'surchant' i, altum et melodum. Tria enim sunt genera artis musicae, s, chromaticum diatonicum et enharmonicum. Quorum mollissimum est chromaticum. Igristes a lira, choraules qui ducit choream, mesochorus qui de medio choro ceteros ad cantandum inuitat. fidibus il chordis, gazae sunt divitiae, sed hic ponitur 35 pro militibus.

1. infra, 4. teca. forello] forellus uagina Du Cange. 5. cordam. conatis i. q. furcatis, q. 6. fallatur, 8. profestis] Paul. Diac. Profesti dies procul a religione numinis diuini. 9. $r \in \overline{g}$. 10. cifforum. 11. peri patasmatum. cortinarum] 'curtains.' 16. ciffi. 17. yalam. 21. indignātur. thessaras. 23. pulsā. 24. submo. 25. ambicientes. 32. r. i. ϵ . romanice. 33. cromaticum, enermoniacum. 34. coraules, coream. mesocorus. coro. 35. cordis, gaze.

Fol. 143b,

Filimatio.

oscitare proprium est desidiosorum os aperire, os citare enim est os aperire et dictum est ab otio, desidiosus il, ignauus il, piger. Inde desidia et ignauia idem est quod pigritia siue segnities. Vnde segnis dicitur quasi sine igne. mussitat mussare il. murmurare siue dubitare et inde mussitare frequentatiuum uerbum. suspicere il, sursum 5 aspicere, despicere deorsum aspicere, obiter il, interim. antiquare il, antiquum facere, priuilegium il, priuata lex. stertere dicuntur illi qui obmurmurant et tractum est a more dormientium. Qui cum firmiter dormiunt stertunt quod romanice dicitur 'Rute,' perniciter il, cito, antepenultima producta, et deriuatur a per et nitor, pernix pernicis ante penultima producta. correpta significat detrimentum a nece deriuata. sarcire il, re-10 parare et resarcire il, redintegrare.

Syd. Gaudentio Sat.

Macte esto il aucte. Istam epistolam mittit Gaudentio. De quo locutus est in priore epistola illum commendans quod ex plebeia familia factus sit summus magistratus et uituperans nobiles ignauos qui prae ignauia sunt absque honore. sic adolescentium. 15 Hic reddit rationem quare patres eorum castigabant. Videbant enim patres puerorum comparationem quamdam et similitudinem inter pannos textiles et eloquia puerorum. Quoniam sicut panni textiles post texturam facilius contrahuntur quam extenduntur, sic facilius pueri a magnis reuocantur quam ad magna inuitantur et ideo patres eorum eos castigabant. declamatiunculas il causas.

Syd. Heronio.

Secundum conuentionem i. secundum quod disposueramus domi. auspicor i. diuinare. Rodanusiae i. Lugduni. Quae sic uocatur quoniam supra Rodanum sita est. ueredorum ueredi sunt equi qui portant uel trahunt redam. Veredarii autem sunt magistri redarum, et tamen unum saepissime ponitur pro altero. silex i. rupis. Inde silicernus i. curuus a 25 cernendo terram. fornix idem est quod testudo arcuata siue criptica a cripta. tae quod est proprie 'crufte.' commessaliter ad mensam. Phaetontiadas accusatiuus Graecus ponitur pro Phaetontiades et sunt Phaetontiades sorores Phaetontis. Quae flentes pro lapsu fratris a caelo membra eius collegerunt a fluuio in quem cecidit et ibi mutatae sunt in arbores. commenticias i, fictas et fabulosas a commentor. taris quod est componerc. uluosum. Vlua 30 dicitur herba quaedam quae recte uocatur 'chenapie.' acernisque nemoribus uestiebantur. Acernis i, de acere arbore unde habetur hace acer et hoc acer, hace acer, dum stat

1. Filimatio sie Laud. 104. 4, sine iğne. 5. frequentatiuum uerbum] Addit codex hace Et inde amussis quod est perpendiculum caementariorum quo perpenditur maceriei acqualitas et dicitur amussis quasi sine dubitatione et amussim .i. indubitanter et inde Musio .i. fatuus. Quae quamquam ridenda uidentur, conspirant cum Paulo Diae, s. u. Amussim regulariter, tractum a regula ad quam aliquid exacquatur quae amussis dicitur. Quidam amussim dicunt esse non tacite, quod muttire interdum dicitur loqui. 18, extendantur. 19, inuitentur. 22. consucuntionem uulgo legitur commune consilium. 25. silicernus] Fulg. Exp. Serm. Antiq. 560 silicernios dici uolucrunt senes iam incuruos quasi iam sepulchrorum suorum silices cernentes.

crescendo in uiriditate, hoc acer huius aceris ipsa excisa. Vnde uersus auctoris Vile fuistis acer, scirpis enodis, i, juncis sine nodis, dexterior, i, melior. Sicut enim a sinistra dicitur sinisterior pars i, deterior ita a dextra pars dexterior i, melior. discerptus i, separatus et quandoque ponitur discerpere pro dilaniare. Vnde dicitur Poenis discerpitur iste. pulte puls pultis recte dicitur 'puz' sed hic ponitur pro cloaca quia tenax est. lin-5 trium, i. scapharum. glutino hoc glutinum, i. gluten, i. 'glu' sed hic ponitur pro cloaca, glarea glarea ii. lutum illud tenax quod sub †marinis fluuiis latet. Sed tamen proprie ponitur pro lapillis harenosis in aquis iacentibus. cisterna defaecabilis sine faece. fons irriguus .i. currens, puteus illimis sine limo, alternante 'entrecaniant.' Quoniam qui febricitat modo calores patitur modo frigora. alternante .i. 'entrecangant' unde sequi- 10 tur ne spiritu aeris uenenatis flatibus inebriato et modo calores alternante modo frigora uaporatum corpus inficiatur, uaporatum il calidum uel tepidum, thermas thermae sunt loca calida ad balneandum. naumachiumt naumachiant dicebatur locus publicus ubi erant aquae turbidae pluuiis congregatae. Et dicitur naumachia a naue et machia quod est pugna, membris male fortibus, i. debilibus, explosum languorem, i. extra collisum uel 15 percussum, Complodere i, simul collidere. Vnde Complosis manibus i, simul collisis uel percussis. Diplodere idem, unde uersus Nam diplosa sonat quantum uesica pepedit. pauxillum ii, parum a paulo. paxillum paxillus a palo ii, sude ii, 'pel,' exarabantur scribebantur. fescenninus il cantus. macellum il 'mazazerie'. Inde macellarius il 'mazerre' a mactando sic dictus. talassia. Talassia sunt maria. Talassa enim Graece Latine dicitur 20 mare. Inde bitalassum .i. duplex mare, ubi duo .s. maria concurrunt .i. ubi quaedam terra se extendit in mare ita ut acutum terrae illius mare habeat ex utraque parte sui. Vnde dicitur quod Paulus apostolus naufragatus est in bitalasso .s. acumine

terrae sic extensae in mare. Inde talassia i. loca maritima. inter surrilitates hystrionum i. lenocinium lecatorum. totus actionum seriarum i. discretariun. Inde dicitur Serio 25 agit et intendit i. discrete. Idem est seriatim aduerbium. palmata est uestis quaedam nobilium quae dabatur alicui ob aliquam palmam i. uictoriam quam fecerat. ciclas cicladis i. ciclatun. pronuba est illa quae cum noua nupta ad domum nubentis domini uenit. paranimphus est ille qui cum nubente marito ad domum uenit sicut pronuba cum nupta. inglorius i. ignobilis i. sine gloria. molimina i. machinamenta a molior . liris. 30

Sydonius Eutropio salutem.

I. 6.

domestici (sic), i. familiaris. Vnde dicuntur domestici illi qui in intima domo nutriuntur et comedunt. capessenda i. frequenter capienda. munia, i. officia et munera non a manu dicta sed a munio. trabeaquacdam ucacia setsis est pretiosa quasi ultra alias uestes beans et pacificans. iuuenta i. iuuentus. subulci. Sicut dicuntur bubulci qui 35 custodiunt boues, sic dicuntur subulci qui custodiunt sues et porcos. runcantes. Run-

1. auctoris Ouid, Am. I. 11. 28. 2. cirpis enodis, iunctis. 4. penis discerpitur iste]

non repperi. 12. termas terme uulgo legitur formas. 16. conplosis manibus Petron. S. 18

et 137. 17. uersus Hor. S. I. 8. 46 ubi pepedi. 19. fecenninus. 20. talassa.

25. lecatorum i. e. parasitorum. 32. ima. 33. cupienda. 34. Isid. Orig. XIX. 24. 8.

36. sues et boues porcos, runcā,

care est aliquam herbam nociuam euellere. Sicut auencare est proprie auenas extirpare et ponitur pro euellere, curuus i, inclinus, populari deuastare, cernuus pronus uel humilis, expergiscere expergiscere expergisceris i.i. 'aueiller' uel 'ebruscer.' eneruis i.i. sine neruis uel sine uiribus, marcidus a marceo ces, effetis i. sine fetu i.i inutilibus ad proelia, ligone quod romanice dicitur 'picois,' musta noua uina, uinetis i. locis ubi crescunt uineae, 5 Vnde dicitur multiplicatis tibi spumabunt musta uinetis, mulctram. Haec mulctra uas in

quo mulgetur. olida olentia a uerbo oleo les. Vnde dicitur Iste cibus bene olet. caula 'faude' i. ouile. pinguis pastor i. propter pinguia pascua et pinguia armenta. faeculento com. i. pleno faece. Inde faeculentia. mauis ut aiunt homines. Epicuri genitiui casus. dogmatibus copulari uel implicari. testor maiores i. duco in testimonium. buic 10 me novae non esse confinem et non inputabitur mihi culpa haec.

Angit ,i, 'Destreint' Inde angor 'Destresce.' queror ,i, conqueror. non insultatorie i. ex affectu reprehendendi. Vel insul., i. derisorie. Vnde insultare est deridere. ludibrium i, ridiculum siue deliramentum. Vnde dicitur Ad poenae ludibrium i, derisum 15 miseraremur. Misereri superiorum est quando miseriam habent cum aliquo. Miserari autem omnium est quando .s. aliquis de aliquo quandam habet miseriam et doloris conpassionem. Et construitur transitiue cum accusatiuo casu. popularitas .i. adulatio. Vnde dicitur praefecturam primam gubernauit cum magna popularitate. populatione .i. devastatione dictum a populor laris. successuros. Timebat enim ne propter aes alienum 20 remoueretur a praefectura et ei substitueretur aliquis fortis et nobilis. aemulabatur i. inuidebat, uallatus circumdatus quoniam uallum romanice dicitur 'balie.' destinatus .i. missus, interceptas litteras .i. extortas et raptas a scriptore ubi eas scripsit uel ubi eas ab Aruando dictatas legit. Intercipere uero proprie interrecipere ut Interceptus aquis. perimachiam circumpugnationem et machinamenta accusatorum. Peri circum, machia 25 pugna. Vnde monomachia ii, singularis pugna, occulere celare, in actionibus repetundarum. Actio repetundarum est propria appellatio cuiusdam actionis quam intendere potest quis aduersus illum qui aliena rapuit et possidet, subdolis i, dolosis. Vnde dicitur Nihil loquamur subdolum .i. dolosum. bullas, Bullae autem sunt quando gutta pluuiae cadit in aliquam aquam et facit aquam inferiorem resilire, et sunt plenae aeris 30 et uacuae et inanes. crepantes il sonantes quoniam cum franguntur sonant. serica il 'seie.' trapezitarum Trapezitae sunt monetarii siue cambiatores. inuolucra i. ludicra sicut anulos monilia et cetera huiusmodi quia inuoluuntur in saccis nec semper exponuntur emptoribus ne deturpentur pluuia et uento et alia intemperie. Inuolucrum uero proprie est 'trusse.' pumicatus .i. planatus leuigatus cum pumice. punicatus a 35

6. spumabant u in a mutata.
12. I. 7, titulus deest.
15. Ad pene ludibrium.
18. acusatiuo.
21. emulabatur.
24. aruēno. Interceptus aquis] Stat. Theb. IX. 509.
25. acusatorum.
26. oculere.
29. Nihil loquamur subdolum.] ex hymno Lux ecce surgit aurea, Breuiar. Rom. Part. Aest. Fer. V. Ad laudes, quem locum indicauit mihi amicus A. Robertson.
31. Trapezetarum. trapezete.

puniceo colore .i. rubeo. semipullati .i. seminigri. pullus la lum idem est quod niger. concreti .i. non tonsis capillis. Sed concretus est proprie coaceruatus uel conjunctus. Inde concretio .i. conmassatio .i. in unam massam conpositio. Concitato .i. citato. collegis, i, sociis, Collega enim est uicinus uel socius, paenitudo, i, paenitentia, fascibus honoribus. exauctoratus spoliatus .i. extra auctoritatem positus. politum .i. leuigatum 5 uel planatum, addictus duplicem habet significationem. Dicitur enim addictus i coactus. Vnde Horatius (Epp. I. 1. 14) Nullius addictus iurare in uerba magistri. Dicitur etiam addictus adiudicatus. Vnde Addictus est morti (Cic. de Off, III. 10, 45). accuratus est ille qui maximam curam habet de se ut bene uestiatur et pulcre. delibutum unctum perfusum. ergastulum .s. locus ubi damnati stabant ad laborandum. mulctatus 10 punitus. Vnde multatus capite dicitur, quoniam multa est poena. deuenustatus deturpatus. nausea est appetitus uomendi. unco .i. 'Croc.' Vnde uncinum pomorum et Cum unco trahebatur, carnifices tortores qui praesunt reis puniendis. Augusti dicebantur antiquitus omnes Imperatores. notas inustas cauterio inustas. Cauterium autem est ferrum calidum quo fit nota aliqua in damnatis. 15

Sydonius Candidiano Satm.

Exprobrare .i. 'repruuer.' uerna seruiens uel cliens uel seruus uel uernaculus. Padano culice. Candidianus cum in municipio esset Rauennae cotidie sero et mane audiuit ranas garrientes in palude circa illud castellum et culices. culex autem est illa musca quae dispergit boues eos pungendo et dicitur alio nomine oestrum. domicilia .i. 20 domus. Vel domicilia .i. cilicia domus quod romanice est 'seuerunde.' territorium dicitur praedia omnia quae circa aliquod municipium est. dote .i. dotalicio.

Sydonius Heronio.

Euentilatas opes il. expensas. laribus il. domibus. comiter il. 'curteisement,' Vnde comis il. 'curteis.' Vnde uersus prouerbialis Carne canore comis me fallit femina comis. 25 aenigmata il. obscura dicta. sebemata il. figuras. Commata membra siue distinctiones. Quia tria sunt cola, comma, periodus. Periodus est quando finitur uersus. Comma quando suspensiua est oratio per netrum. Cola quando s. oratio profertur cum distinctionibus, punctis s. interpositis. mecanemata. Sciuit citharizare cum digitis et simphonizare et alia per musica instrumenta. cunctatio mora. Vnde cunctanter il. morose et incunctanter il. 30 sine mora. fastigatissimi il. altissimi et primates a fastigio dicti. seposita praerogatiua partis armatae seposita il. seorsum posita praerogatiua il. 'eslitte' il. exceptis militibus

4. sotiis sotius penitudo. penitentia. 6. dupplicem. 8. acuratus. 10. Praccedunt in codice hace Ergastulum Ergas labor unde quae onisi tamquam nimis inscita. dampnato. dampnati. 11. pena. 12. unccinum. 15. dampnatis. 21. Cf. Roquefort Glossaire de la Langue Romane. 'Seueronde, seuerons, seueronade, subgronde: La partie inférieure d'une couverture de maison: celle qui est en saillie sur la rue, pour jeter les eaux pluviales hors du mur.' 26. scemata, comata. 27. coma. 29. puctis. 30. Post instrumenta addita sunt hace Mecaneuma dicitur ab artibus mecanicis et neuma quod est cantus dulcis. Alii dicunt quod mecaneumata sunt solfationes cf. Du Cange Solfizare notas musicales canere.

[I 5.]

imperatoris. genii. Genius est deus naturae qui praeest nascentibus. Vnde genialis i. naturalis. succinctius fabor i. breuiter. sera i. tarda. Sera ae obstaculum cum quo serantur ostia. Hoc serum i. 'wege.' Vnde caseus dicitur quasi carens sero. illieet i. ilico, fastis fasti sunt libri annales. Vt kalendaria et in quibus facta nobilium scribebantur. Aliquando accipiuntur fasti pro honoribus. carminantem cantantem carmina. 5 seria i. utilia. serietas utilitas. Vnde in eadem epistola dicitur Reditum est in publicam serietatem. rostra. Rostra nauium hostium deuictorum in foro ponebantur publico ubi praetores ius dicebant. contionante i. loquente et recitante in contione. lati claui. Clauus est quoddam genus pallii ex purpura facti et est latum et magnum. Quo induebantur nobiles. quisquilias i. turpe carmen meum. Quonian quisquiliae sunt sordes et to rudera i. purgamenta quae a domo eiciuntur. Clios Musa. phalerae proprie sunt ornamenta equorum et hic ponitur pro coloribus rhetoricis et flosculis. epitaphistarum i. eorum qui scribunt epitaphia supra mortuos. Epitaphium uero dicitur supra mortuos.

Sydonius Campaniano Salutem.

T 5

Accepi per praefectum. Campanianus iste quaestor erat a senatu Romae constitutus.s. ut senatui in adquirenda annona tempore famis seruiret. sane certe. raptim cito. Vnde uersus Nam data raptim etc.

Montio.

Petis. Iste Montius rogauit Sydonium ut ei mitteret quandam inuectionem quam 20 fecisse dicebatur de Paeonio qui plebeius erat genere et ad honores per scelera sua et factiones ascenderat. Quia ut filiam suam nobili uiro daret dedit cum ea infinitam pecuniam. Qui etiam semel cum imperator mortuus esset et esset regnum sine domino sua auctoritate inuasit Gallos regendos, disertissime sapientissime. Vnde disertus sapiens. berberam malum et iniquum uel fraudulenter, themati materiae, Calaber Horatius, 25 nuditate. Ille nude loquitur qui de rebus obscenis loquitur. Obscenum autem dicitur a caeno quod est lutum. Vnde obscenius ii, foedius. capessendo ii, cupiendo. factione conjuratione in malum uel deceptione. fascibus honoribus, interregnum, Vna est dictio et est inter regnum .s. illud spatium quod est post mortem praecedentis regis et ante electionem futuri, numerariorum. Numerarii sunt, siue nummularii, qui numerant publi- 30 cum nummum, codicillis, Codicillos hic appellat epistolas in quibus solebant scribere Romani aliquibus gentibus ut hunc siue illum reciperent imperatorem uel praefectum uel in aliquem alium magistratum, tribunal sedes iudicis, uitricus dicitur qui habet matrem alterius in uxorem. Vnde uersus Vitricus et gladiis et acuta dimicat hasta. praeconia ,i. laudes. Vnde praeconor naris ,i. commendare. postridie aduerbium ,i. post 35 triduum, edulium i, prandium ab edendo, Caesaris, Omnes principes antiquitus dice-

8. concionante. 9. clauum. 12. rethoricis. 14. cantibustantur. 15. Campaniano sic cod. Laud. 18. Nam data raptim] Non repperi. 21. peonio. 22. accenderat. 23. domina. 25. temati. 26. obcenis et sic semper. 33. uictricus. 34. uersus] Ouid. Rem. 27 ubi dimicet Victricus. preconia. 36. Cesaris.

I. 11.

I. 10.

Fol. 1.44^b.

bantur Caesares. cachinnus .i. cum risu derisio. stipadium a stipe pandenda uel a stipando dicitur. Est enim tabula rotunda super quam fercula panduntur uice stipis. decernas .i. iudices. simultatibus .i. latentibus odiis. exertum .i. extractum. Vnde muero exertus. Est autem exero ris idem quod extendo unde dicitur Ingessit se super exertam ceruicem .i. extensam. pressus .i. coactus. conglobatorum in congerie circumpositorum 5 et dicitur a globo quod est congeries uel aceruus uel strues uel agger unde aggero ras.

Hecdicio.

Duo nunc. Hanc epistolam scribit Sidonius Hecdicio, fratri uxoris Sydonii, fortissimo s. militi, inuitans eum ut in Aruerniam redeat ad expugnandum et expellendum Seronatum crudelissimum tirannum qui Aruerniam depopulabatur cum eam regere 10 deberet. Seronatus proprium nomen est et dicitur Seronatus per antifrasim quasi nimis cito natus quia tirannus numquam deberet nasci. propinare est proprie potum afferre uel ministrare. ex asse perfecte. dissimulati. Quia mos est tirannorum antequam habeant honores aliquos simulare se esse simplices et iustos. Cum autem ad honores peruenerint statim ostendunt sub qua pelle prius latuerunt. per dies i. De die in diem et magis et 15 magis, seruiliter i. uiliter i. citra honestum modum. addicit iudicat. ructat 'ruter' romanice dicitur. Inde ructus tus tui. Vnde dicitur Ructu uesano. Eructare uero producere. Vnde Eructauit cor m. u. bon. apicibus litteris i. elementis primis. Et dicitur apex quod superscribitur litterae uel summitas cuiuslibet litterae. comparauit emit. numerarii sunt qui publicum nummum recipiunt et in scripta redigant quid acceperint. 20

Sydonius Domitio suo sal.

Ruri in rure, causaris conquereris, decedit i. dat ei locum, ponitur tamen decedere pro mori uel pro migrare ab hoc saeculo, asem scithicum i. polun septemtrionalem, squalet i. durescit. Squama est illud uillosum et durum quo tegitur piscis, biulcis i. apertis ab hiando, carbaso i. uelo i. lineo panno. Quia carbasa sunt ex lino. 25 bombice i. ueste serica. Quoniam bombix est uermis qui sericum emittit, endromidatus uestitus pellibus siue pellicea grossa ex ouibus facta. auenter id est auide ab aueo aues quod est cupere. Inde auidus quod est cupidus uel improbus. caedua dicitur illa silua quae si caedatur cito succrescit alia, strues lignorum est fasciculus simul ligatus, imbricarentur imbrices sunt stillicidia in quibus aqua imbrium recipitur, et concaua sunt. 30 lacunar est tilla summitas domus. Iubrici pugiles ii. athletae qui inunguunt se oleo ut facilius elabi possint a manibus oppugnantium, palaestritae i. luctantes, Quoniam palaestra est lucta. gimnasiarchae dicuntur magistri gimnasii ii. scholae palaestricae.

1. cesares. stipadium] sic etiam in Laud. 104 scriptum est a stipe uel a stipando dicitur pandenda. 3. mucro exertus etiam Stat. Theb. X. 412 reperitur. 9. aruenniam. 10. screnatum. aruenniam. 13. dissimilati. 18. Eructauit cor. m. u. bon. Psalm. XLIV. 1. 19. comparault immo comparat. 21. II. 2. Domicio. 25. hyando. lineo. 26. bombex. endromedatus. 29. Cf. Dig. L. 16. 30 Silua caedua est, ut quidam putant, quae in hoc habetur, ut caederetur. Scruius eam esse quae succisa rursus ex stirpibus aut radicibus renascitur. 31. tilla! Notandus hic usus pronominis, ubi nos dicimus 'so and so' uel 'one,' ut ex conplurious locis Digestorum ostendit H. I. Roby, Introduction to Instinian's Digest, p. 145. allete. 32. palestrite.

genuino conchylio ii, naturali rubore. tugurria ii, domus pastorum. mapalia sunt domus paruae mercatorum dictae a manu et palo. Differentia inter pilam et columnam. columna fit ex uno solo lapide uel ligno, pila ex multis lignis uel lapidibus simul appositis, Vnde dicitur pila pontis et monasterii, Columna uero medius lapis in fenestra supportans superluminare, canales sunt ubi aquae currunt in plumbis. Haec iuba ii, 'creste' et 5 proprie dicitur equorum. collirium dicitur a lirin Graece quod est uarium Latine, Inde collirium quasi ex pluribus commixtum, extimus il extremus, appendicium il 'Appentiz.' animatus .i. 'espris.' fuligo 'soth.' camino .i. 'chemenee.' abstinens a uino. Vnde temulentus quasi plenus temeto i, uino. cubicularius 'chamberlene.' dormitare frequenter dormire. dormire uero notat magnum somnum. uolupe 10 .i. uoluptuose. Vel uolupedales cicadae .i. 'grisilim.' Quia uolant circa pedes. Sicut nudipedales bomines quia nudis incedunt pedibus, oscines corui quia nimis clamando os aperiunt. philomela 'Russenole,' Prognen hirundinem quia mutata erat in hirundinem. minurientem .i. uocem minutim proferentem. armentalem camoenam .i. 'frestel.' Et sunt foramina illa sic proportionaliter facta ut amoene canat. insomnes uigiles. titiri pastores 15 a Titiro Virgiliano pastore. greges tinnibulatos .i. sonantes cum tintinnabulis. per depasta buceta .i. per pinguem pasturam quoniam ibi pascuntur boues. Quia oues de nocte pascuntur in loco ubi in die boues pascebantur. Lenocinabuntur i. exercebunt lenocinium .i. libidinem. Sed in hoc loco dicitur sopori tuo lenocinabuntur .i. allicient te sopori. Quoniam lenones romanice sunt 'amacheurs,' uulgare publicare, tilia i. 20 quoddam genus arboris quod romanice dicitur 'teil.' alluuio .i. latens aquae incrementum, bumectare i, facere humidum, coalescit coagulat, algidis frigidis, litoribus algosis i, lutosis. Quoniam alga est quod mare eicit et in mare crescit, turgescit i. tumescit. salebratim i, saltuatim. Ouoniam salebrae sunt loca aspera et saxosa. per cola subterranea .i. per meatus. abdomen minis .i. pinguedo. lemborum .i. scapharum. 25 lubrici scirporum cirri cirrus Romanice 'loc.' lubrici ex agua. uluarum guaedam herbae sunt quae in uiuariis super enatant, quas si detrudas in aquas statim resurget sicca. salicum glaucarum quia glaucum colorem habent .i. pallidum. naualibus giris .i. circuitionibus. Scrupulus dicitur esse in quaestionibus difficilibus. Dicitur etiam scrupulus lapis qui calcantibus molestiam infert. Inde dicitur scrupulosus animus il molestus. Inde 30 scrupulosa res aspera et difficilis.

ol. 145°.

Labirintum .i. domus Daedali.

7. appendicium] sed codices Sidonii habent appendix, quamquam appendicium reperitur apud Hieronymum. 10. sompnum. 11. uel uolupedales] Videtur esse coniectura glossatoris. 12. Nudipedalia nocabulum Tertulliani et Hieronymi. Fuerunt sacra nudis pedibus facta ut plunia eliceretur. Petron. 44. Antea stolatae ibant nudis pedibus in cliuum ... et Iouem aquam exorabant. Itaque statim urceatim plouebat; aut tunc aut numquam: et omnes redibant udi tamquam mures. 12. Oscines] Varro L. L. VI. 76 Oscines quae ore faciunt auspicium, 13. philomena. prognem. 14. camenam. 15. amene. insompnes. 22. Coaggulat. 23. Algoso litore legitur ap. Auson. Epist. VII. 2. 43. littoribus. in mare crescit] Vnde hoc sumpsit? Ipse in mari dicturus erat. 26. cirporum. lubrici.

Ex solido i ex toto.

Iustitium dicitur quasi iuris statio. Vispiliones. Quidam dicunt esse differentiam inter uispiliones .i. latrones qui ui spoliant et uispiliones qui mortuos ad tumulandum 5 deportant, sed unum trahitur ab alio .i. romanice 'ribaux.' sandapila .i. feretrum. Vnde sandapilarii portantes feretrum. libitina .i. feretrum, per contrarium sic dictum quia minime libeat. neniam .i. cantum supra mortuos. Prensitare .i. prendere. decimam trieteridem .i. xxx annum. Quoniam eteris est annus. Inde trieteris .i. spatium trium annorum.

Sidonius Dionisio Sat.

Quaeris interrogas. prodere propalare. destinatis i. missis. exploratores i. 'espies.' aucupari i, aues capere. pastoria diuerticula i. locus ubi pastores diuertebantur propter pluuiam, culina ii coquina, lancem ii libram uel discum, catastropharum cata iuxta strophos conuersio. Inde catastropha dicitur sphaera quae uersatur in manibus. com-15 petitiones .i. interpellationes. tesserarum .i. talorum. Inde tesserarii .i. magistri talorum. affatim il. habunde. pluteos il. 'karoles' supra quos scribunt clerici. machaera gladius longus ex una tantum parte acutus. Inde archymachyrus uir habens potestatem faciendi iuris. clepsydra .i. horologium aquaticum dictum a clepo pis quod est furari. iurulenta caro il caro elixa, a iure .s. in quo caro decoquitur. Ius autem plures habet significa-20 tiones. Dicitur enim ius necessitudinis .i. sanguinis. Vnde Iste iure necessitudinis .i. consanguinitatis contingit mihi. (Dig. I. 1. 12.) Locus etiam in quo ius redditur (Dig. I. 1. 11) dicitur ius. Vnde Confessi in jure pro conuictis habentur. Ius etiam dicitur potestas. (Dig. XXVI. 1. 1, Inst. I. 13. 1.) Ut cum dicitur Iste est sui iuris. Ius quoque dicitur instrumentum uel forma petendi. Vt Actio est ius per se quaerendi 25 quod sibi debetur .i. forma uel instrumentum quo quisque quod suum est petit. (Dig. XLIV. 7. 51.) Ius quoque dicitur iuris rigor. Vt ibi Inter ius et aequitatem etc. Ius praeterea dicitur cibus delicatior quem nos uulgariter dicimus salsamentum uel condimentum. Vnde Terentius Panem atrum in iure hesterno deuorauit. Vnde uersus Vt facias offas in iure meo tibi do fas. Nam et aqua crassior in qua carnes sunt 30 elixae non simpliciter ius sed ius carnium dicitur. Ius quoque dicitur meritorium. Sicut habes in distinctione iustitiae. Vnde Iustitia est constans et perpetua uoluntas

4. Iusticium. 7. Sandapili. 9. triateridem. teris. triateris. 11. Dionisio] Col. Laud. Donidio. salt. 15. sphaera] aperte uitiosa interpretatio. 17. machaera] Isid. Orig. XVIII. 6. 2. 18. Archimacherus magister coquinae affertur a Du Cangio ex reg. cod. Paris. 7679. Addit codex Sed saepissime ponitur pro senescallo et hic et in benefy. At nihil ap. Senesam de archimachiro, sed uidetur respicere locum de Benef. V. 24. 19. clepsedra. 25. ius per se quaerendi] immo persequendi ut ex Inst. IV. 6. 1, Dig. XLIV. 7. 51 ostendit nihit T. E. Holland, cui has locos omnes ex Inst. et Dig. debeo. 29. Terentius] Eun. V. 4. 17 Quo pacto ex iure hesterno panem atrum uorent ubi Bembinus habet deuorent teste Vmpfenbachio.

. 9.

ius suum cuique tribuens i. meritum. (Dig. I. r. 10.) paulisper i., parumper. marcida i. 'flestrie.' Vnde hic dicitur Torpore meridiano paulisper equitabamus quo facilius pectora marcida cibis cenatoriae fami exacueremus, asseclarum i., famulorum i. uernulorum. Dicitur enim uernulus et uernula. stridere i. 'Crustre.' quamprimum i., cito.

10.

II.

12.

13.

Vsque quaque .i. perfecte. postquam ab alterutro discessimus ego a te et tu a me, pronuba. Pronuba est illa quae cum noua nupta domum uiri nupti petit ut eam custodiat et ei seruiat, stupula romanice 'stuble.' culmus .i. 'caume' .i. stipula. bractea. Bractea est lamina spissa auri. Vnde habetur in hymno quodam quod tres magi optulerunt domino tus et mirram et bracteam. prasinum uiride quod romanice dicitur 'prasine.' 10 Vnde uitrum prasinum (u. 15). esseda dorum uehicula sunt. moderator dicitur magister redae. belciariorum .i. monachorum. Vnde hic dictum Curuorum chorus belciariorum (u. 25). amnicum celeuma. Celeuma dicitur cantus nauticus. oppido .i. ualde. meminens .i. 'remembrant.' depretior aris .i. 'despreiser.' Vnde appretior est pretio emere.

15

Discretione separatione a discerno nis quod est separare. Vnde dicitur Discernit Graecum a Latino.

Lembum .i. scapham.

20

Fascium i. honorum. uertiginem. Vertigo est in capite morbus quo uexatus putat domum circa se rotari. anterius i. prius. cinnamomum romanice 'canele.' Tantalio. Tantalus secundum fabulam in aqua et inter poma est et cum uoluerit bibere effugit aqua et cum prandere effugiunt poma. Igitur inter copiam perit. Et talis est poena auari.

25

Iani i. ianuarii. Numae i. februarii quoniam illum mensem addit Pompilius. ninguidos quoniam tunc ningit et dicitur a niue.

,

14.

Semirutis a semi quod est dimidium et ruo is, indefessim il. indesinenter. redbibetur 30 il. iterum habetur.

8. culmus] An culmis legit glossator pro eo quod habent MSS. tubis?
9. hymno] de Natiuitate Domini Tom. VI. p. 251 ed. Pisaur. Poetarum Lat. Tus Deo, myrtham troeleten humando, Bracteas regi chryseas tulere. Sed et in hymno ap. Daniel Thes. Hymnologicum, p. 80 est Tus myrtham et auri bracteas Larga obtulere munera.
12. helchiariorum.
14. Deprecior. Apprecior. 22. cinnamomum] uulgo editum est cinnamo.
23. Tantalus] Videtur glossator respicere uersus Non bibit inter aquas poma aut pendentia carpit Tantalus infelix qui et ap. Petron. 82 et Fulgent, Myth. II. 18 extant.
24. et igitur.
27. Nume.

II. 3.

II. 6.

II. 7.

Ferme i. fere. calx cis i. 'talun' et calx pro resoluta terra i. 'cauz.' Et ponitur pro fine ut in calce libri. Idem est et cardo, ponitur enim quandoque pro fine, et est proprie id quo uertitur ostium. duodeuiginti i. duo minus quam .xx. i. .x. et .viii. sellarum equestrium i. equorum. madefacta sudoribus fulcra i. 'feutremenz.' liues-5 centibus i. 'Empallisanz' a liuesco. Vnde urina liuida i. pallida. Dicitur et liuida cesaries i. 'bloie' non quia alba ex toto sit sed modicam speciem candoris habet ad modum palloris. tripudiantes i. gaudentes. Vnde tripudium i. 'Tresche' et tripudiare i. gaudere et terram pedibus terere. inopinatis i. non putatis. nox succincta i. breuis et aestiua. decenuicatis i. decollatis. Quoniam ceruis est ubi capud et collum con-10 ueniunt in occipite. uillis crinitum i. crinibus, rogalibus fragmentis i. torribus quod romanice dicitur 'tisun.'

Iactitant ,i. iactanter dicunt. liuidi ,i. inuidi.

15

Garrio il. murmuro il. 'iangler.' Inde garrulus il. romanice 'ianglur.' Vnde Garrulo [respondere uel] non respondere conuitium est. facilitas est in paruis rebus, facultas in magnis. Vel facilitas il. facile est scribere paupertinum sermonem sed non est facultas il. ars, quoniam artes facultates dicuntur. summa censura il iudicium. Quoniam censere est iudicare. Par comitas il. facetia. tantisper il. tantum. dies ninguidus il. niuis. nox 20 illunis il. sine luna.

II. 9. Fol. 145^b.

Inconciliantur .i. inimicantur quoniam inconciliari est inimicari. Sarcina .i. honus argutus tres habet significationes. Dicitur enim argutum .i. sonorum. Vnde Argutum forum (A. A. I. 80). Iterum argutum .i. astutum. Inde argutia .i. astutia. Iterum 25 argutum .i. strictum uel angustum uel breue. Vnde Argutum foramen. gerulus epistolarum .i. portitor. Vnde componitur nugigerulus (Sid. VII. 7) .i. portitor nugarum .i. uanae locutionis et scurrilitatis. contumax est ille qui uocatus in ius uenire contemnit.

ΙΙ. 11.

Summates .i. summi uiri. Vnde magnates .i. magni uiri. praeconia dicuntur a prae- 30 cone. Vnde praeconari .i. laudare.

II. 12.

Bustualibus fauillis .i. combustis. Scrobem .i. foueam. sidentibus .i. 'abeisanz' a sido dis vnde gemina super arbore sidunt (Aen. VI. 203). lapicida siue lapidicida lapidis caesor. fors .i. forte. postumo .i. posteriore. inferias obsequia mortuorum ab inferis. manibus 35 .i. animabus et dicuntur manes apud inferos, umbra circa corpus, anima in corpore.

II. 13.

Pensi i., ponderis uel librati, signifer dicitur primipilarius i. uexillarius, gurges est ubi in aliquo loco angustato maxima aqua defluit ut in molendinis, concinnato.

17. facillitas. 25. hastutum. hastutia. 30. māgnates. 34. lapidicia. lapidicida. 38. libāti. 39. concinnato] Non. 59 Cinnus est commixtio plurimorum, unde concinnare dicitur.

Cinnus est quaedam confectio ex multis speciebus. Vnde dicitur Concinnabat dolum .i. componebat. dicax quia uerba eius nullum habent saporem. ridiculus quia multotiens fingit risum uel ridiculus quia facit alios ridere. Vnde Parturiunt montes nascetur ridiculus mus (Hor. A. P. 139). osor ieiuniorum .i. habens ieiunium exosum. in uomicas .i. in nauseas. si faiget s. alios conuitia dicendo. si faigetur ab aliis, s. quasi diceret, si alii 5 derideant illum, tunc .s. fertur in furias. obsonia dicuntur xenia .i. munera quae post somnum offeruntur. faeculentiae .i. plenae faece. enimuero .i. sed. cadauer rogale dici-

tur quod in rogo ponitur ad ardendum. fascibus, i. 'brandun', s. torribus ardentibus. sidente il 'abeisant.' strue il congerie. torrium il 'tisuns.' pirae il rogo a pir quod est ignis, pollinctor magister rogi qui corpora uel cadauera mortuorum ignibus imponit, 10 barrinas aures i, elefantinas. Quoniam barrus est elefans qui maximas aures habet. nodis tofosis. Tofus est quidam lapis cauernosus, foraminosus, aptus ad testudines faciendas, quoniam cauernis suis bene recipit caementum et calcem, qualem lapidem Turonis habent, simum i, pandum i, curuum, gingiuae sunt illae carnes quae protuberant circa dentes. uerrucis il 'uerrues' il 'wetten,' spurcat il coinquinat. Vnde spurcus 15 i, sordidus uel immundus. esculenta i, plena cibis uel escis, sentina dicitur locus clocae, unde inferior pars nauis, ubi totae sordes sunt nauis, dicitur sentina nauis. umbrae laruales dicuntur lemures .i. nocturnae fantasiae. Vnde dictum est de Sancto Cudberto quod multas effugauit laruas .i. umbras demoniorum. uibex uibicis est uestigium uirgae apparens in dorso uel alibi. chiragrica manus. Idem quod est in pedibus podagra idem est 20 in manibus chiragra a chiros quod est manus inde chirotheca, cataplasma, Cata juxta plasma formatio. Inde cataplasma .s. emplastrum eo quod cum manui apponitur, morbose eandem formam contrahat quam habet manus, sicut cera accipit formam sigilli. alarum romanice 'essele' idem est acella .s. fossicula illa quae sub brachiis est. speculnus i. antris siue fossiculis, bircosis ii, fetidis ab hyrco quod est fetidissimum animal. aces- 25 centibus romanice 'en egrisanz' ab aceto. uallatus i, circumdatus a uallo quod ro-

manice dicitur 'bailli.' Ampsancti .i. illius faetoris. Vel Ampsanctus potest appellari uligo proueniens ex locis palustribus illius fluuii .s. qui dicitur xanctus et ab am quod est circum. duplicis quoniam faetor alarum eius .i. acellarum in duplo uincebat faetorem Ampsanticum. aruinae pinguedinis. casses retia, sed hic uocat casses plicaturas 30 uentris et sulcos qui in uentre pingui reperiuntur. ruga dicitur complicatio siue contractio pellis humanae proueniens ex nimio labore uel senectute. abdomen .i. pinguedo .i. 'seim.' clunes .i. nates. Vnde dicitur Clunes agitant (Iuuen. II. 21). Inde clunabulum .i. gladius paruus sic dictus quod religetur ad clunes (Isid. Orig. XVIII. 6. 6). inpetere .i. inuadere. cuniculis. Cuniculi dicuntur quaedam animalia quae romanice dicuntur 35 'cunis.' Et cuniculi dicuntur illorum foueae. Vnde prouerbium Sidonii Qui alium .i. discordiae

non potest machinis apertae simultatis inpetere, cuniculis clandestinae proditionis inpugnat .i.

^{1.} concinnabat dolum] non repperi. Concinnare ambages legitur ap. Apul. M. VIII. 12.
6. exenia. 7. sompnum. feculentie. fece. 8. fascibus] an facibus? 14. simum]
Non extat in hac epistula, ubi tamen per marginem curuum protuberantibus. 25. acessentibus.
29. dupplicis. 31. repperiuntur.

Qui non potest aperte detrahere detrahit occulte. prostitutio meretricatio. Vnde prostituuntur meretrices. Hisco ii. hiare, unde debisco ii. aperio. Vnde fatisco ii. multum hisco a fatis quod est multum. Vnde affatim ii. habunde, ab ad et fatis.

V. 1.

ol. 146a.

Necessitudo .i. consanguinitas uel uinculum amoris. meracius .i. purius. contro-5 nersantur .i. confligunt. Vnde controuersia .i. certamen. fratres patrueles .i. filii duorum fratrum, fratres autem patrueles magis solent se diligere quam duo fratres, quia inter duos fratres maxima solet esse inuidia super paterna hereditate diudenda; sed fratres patrueles non habent aliquam hereditatem corporalem. comicus .i. a comedia. lepidus a lepore .i. a facetia. liricus .i. uaria metra componens a lirin quod est uarium. pane-10 girista. Panegiricus est laus ficta principum. epigrammatista est ille qui scribit et materiis inponit metrum lasciuum uel profani lasciuiam, ut Hodie cum pretio cras sine pretio. Hoc supra scriptum erat in balneis quasi sophistice. categorias .i. praedicamenta. atticissabas ab Attico .i. Graeco .i. graecissabas, vnde Attice .i. Graece. fibra .i. uena. egelidare .i. extra gelu ponere. congelidare .i. simul gelare. ferociam .i. sacuitiam. stolidi-15 tatem .i. stultitiam. brutescit more brutorum animalium. perennare .i. perpetuare .i. facere perpetuum.

, 2.

Enimuero sed. prodigis il erogas large et dicitur a prodigalitate. exoccupatu il magna occupatione. Quoniam exoccupatus est una dictio et ex ibi positum significat 20 intensionem occupationis. Ex quandoque augmentatiue positur, quandoque priuatiue, ut exauctoratus auctoritate priuatus. Augmentatiue ut hic exoccupatus. praepedimentum il inpedimentum, ambiguo caret il dubio.

7. 3.

Committi i. 'forfere.' pugillaribus i. paruis tabulis quae in pugno feruntur. Vnde 25 pugillus il. paruus pugnus. uolas il. palmas et inde inuolare il. furari. latialiter il. latine, rusticiabuntur il. rusticitati deputabuntur, astipulatur attestatur, probemiaris il. in prohemio. tribulosum il. spinosum. Vnde tribulos dicimus. admittit il. recipit, censura iudicium. euentilata discussa et intellecta. scaturigines proprie ebullitiones fontium. hyperbolicas. Hyperbole est dictio fidem excedens ut aquilis uelociores leonibus fortiores 30 (2 Sam. I. 23). tapinomata. Tapinoma est humilitas rei magnae. baculo quia baculo innituntur aegri. Orpheo. Orpheus quidam sapiens erat qui per citharam suam et eloquentiam conuocauit in unum il. in concordiam et humanitatem dura saxa il, homines incultos.

3. fatis] Seru. ad Aen. I. 123 fatim abundanter dicinus, unde et adfatim, hiscere autem aperiri, uerbum frequentatiuum ab hiare. Placidi Glossae p. 48. 3 Deuerling Fatisceret abunde aperiretur. 10. lirin] num λεφίσεν quod πουάλον interpretatur Hesychius? panigirista. 11. panagiricus. 12. laciuum. laciuiam. 20. exoccupatus est una dictio] Verum hoc nec a quoquam, quantum scio, enotatum. 22. exauctoratus] cf. Macrob. S. I. 5. 3 Mille denique uerborum talium est quae cum in ore priscae auctoritatis crebro fuerint, exauctorata tamen a sequenti aetate repudiataque sunt. 30. yperbolicas. yperbole.

boroscopi dicuntur qui horas natiuitatis hominum uel horas dierum speculantur. Vnde horoscopium i, horologium ab hora et scopos quod est intendere, circinum. Perdix iuxta Quidium repertor circini fuit et dicitur hic circinus quod est romanice 'Cumpas,' Vnde circinari .i. 'Cumpasser.' Atlanta, Atlans erat astronomicus. Vnde quidam mons dicitur Atlans quia altus est et uicinus sideribus (Isid. Orig. XIV. 17). exertat i. prae- 5 parat exerto brachio et extenso, ab exero ris, quod est extra ponere. simbolum in neutro genere conjunctionem uel communionem significat quod romanice dicitur 'cumfre,' a sin quod est con et bolus quod est 'morsel,' commessatio idem est, affluit i, habundat. commaticus i, distincte in eo tractatur per commata, phalerata i, ornata, ampullosis uerbis i, grossis. Vnde dicitur ab ampulla, quod est ampla bulla. tesqua sunt loca 10 inamoena praerupta et aspera, et est tesqua nomen indeclinabile. Et sunt tesqua contraria tempe, confraga sunt loca montuosa in quae uenti undique concurrunt ac sese frangunt. inpactae professionis ab inpingo gis quia quodammodo inuitus factus fuerat Sidonius episcopus. Vnde dicitur uulgo Aduersitas inpacta est mihi. uenula .i. parua fibra. cathedrarios quoniam minores iudices sedent in cathedris, maiores autem 15 in tribunalibus. rauula dicitur calumpniator.

Pariles .i. pares. perindignum est .i. ualde indignum.

Cordicitus i. usque ad cor. difficulter i. grauate unde nec difficulter. Immo faciliter, 20 album calculum. Solebant antiqui in fine cuiuslibet diei in ollam quamdam lapillulum proicere. Si autem illis dies bonus esset album, si autem malus, nigrum. Et in fine anni solebant aperire ollam illam et computare an ibi essent plures lapides albi an nigri. Si autem plures essent albi, dicebant illum annum illis fuisse felicem. Si autem plures nigros inuenissent dicebant illum annum illis fuisse infelicem. plectibili i. punienda, 25 procax petitor i, inprobus, Inde procaciter. cautos i, astutos. Vnde cautela i, euitatio. Vnde tinuitas patrum legimus quod quidam frater ueniam de praeteritis postulabat delictis et fortitudinem ad cautelam futurorum i, euitationem. Sectatores litium i, placitatores litium i, causarum. Vnde placitor idem est quod causari uel licitari.

30

Admissus .i. receptus. Et crapulis ceparum crapula est superfluitas sumpti cibi. ceparum .i. 'vinnuns.' Et declinatur hoc cepe et pluraliter hae cepae parum. apicios .i. nobiles. epulones qui nobiliter comedunt. chironomontas .i. quasi mouentes manus.

Artifex argentarius qui facit uel operatur illud. ferrarius qui ferrum. Sic lignarius 35

Horoscopi Hesych. Δροσκόπος ὁ σκοπῶν τὰς ὕρας.
 Perdix] nomen non est ap. Ouidium M. VIII. 247-9, sed uocatur filius germanae Daedali.
 comaticus. comata.
 in qua uenti.
 chironomantas. senescalcos quasi.

V. 4.

V. 6.

V. 7.

.V. 8.

qui operatur uel sculpit in ligno sculptura uel incisione aliqua, patrocinari il adiuuare. Vnde patrocinium. famulari il obsequi.

V. 9.

Paludamentum est insigne pallium imperatorum cocco purpura et auro distinctum et dictum est paludamentum quia eo indutus imperator palam sedebat in diebus festiuis 5 et palam faceret bellum suum futurum.

V. 11.

[Extorquere.i. extra ponere. Vnde dictum est Difficile est clauam extorquere a manibus Herculis.] boc schema i. ornamentum. Vnde est schemate uerborum etc. phonascus modulator a phonos quod est sonus .i. cantor qui solebat antiphonam incipere. classes. 10 Classica sunt cornua quae conuocandi causa erant facta et a †kalon classica dicebantur. antistes .i. ante stans. fasce .i. honore.

`ol. 146'[,].

Conformis .i., similis. bilem .i. iram. inexoratus .i., inflexibilis ad faciendum. bal-butire .i. 'stamerie.' caecutiret. Caecutire est oculos prae confusione frequenter et citius 15 claudere et dicitur a caecitate. replicare lectionem est eam iterum recordari et relegere, officiat .i. noceat.

V. 13.

Cothurnus .i. crepida .i. 'bote.' tensus quoniam stricte sedebant circa pedem.

V. 14.

V. 15.

Haec insiticia idem est quod insitio .i. 'entement.' Vnde Ouidius (Rem. 195) Venerit insitio fac ramum ramus adoptet. Vnde Sidonius Hanc inte ipse uirtutem si naturalis est excole, si minus, ut insiticiam appone .i. eam insere quod est Romanice 'enter.' Et dicitur ab insito insitiuus uel insiticius.

25

Lectisternia sunt cubicula strata in area domus, crepulo i. sonante a crepo pis, fragore fragor arborum, cocleaeim. Cocleae sunt altae et rotundae turres et dictae sunt cocleae quasi cicleae eo quod in eis tanquam per circulum ascendatur et inde coclear 'cuillere.'

. .

Limitem .i. ueritatem quoniam limes rectus est. Vel limitem .i. finem. Vnde

V. 17.

1. adiuuari. 4. Paludamentum] Isid. XIX. 24.9, ef. Varro L. L. VII. 37 Quae propterea quod conspiciuntur qui ea habent ac fiunt palam paludamenta dicta. 8. Extorquere] Ap. Donat. Vit. Vergilii fin. et Macrob. V. 3. 16 prouerbium sic extat clauam Herculi subripere (subtrahere Macrobius), non extorquere, quod unde sumptum sit nescio. 9. scema. 11. Classica] Isid. XVIII. 4. 5. a Kalon cod. Isidori codices habent a kalando. 26. Post in area domus codex addit hace strata i. ornata. Inde hoc stratum i. ornamentum. Vnde Virgilius (immo Claudianus in Ruf. I. 211) Fulgentibus illic Surgunt strata toris. 27. cocleae] Isid. XV. 2. 38. 31. i. ueritatem] mira interpretatio.

collimitare i. 'mancher.' prothomista dicitur a proto quod est primus et mista secretum. Inde prothomista dicitur persona primarie mistica intelligens, euentilandae i. consumendae uel consummandae. Quoniam euentilare tamquam per uentum est dispergere.

V. 18.

Serraça sunt quoddam genus uehiculi. Esseda sunt redae.

5

Expetere i. adire. bonusti i. honerati. cocco i. purpura. perone i. anglice 'riueling.' setoso quoniam in peronibus seta bouis adhuc manet. surae i. tibiae. uersicolor i. diuersicolor, saga 'saie' quoniam ex sago habebant clamides. limbis Romanice 'urles' 10 ex rubro panno et ideo subiungit puniceis. renonibus Renones sunt uelamenta humerorum et pectoris usque ad umbilicum atque intortis uillis adeo hispida ut imbrem respuant. Quae uulgus 'reptos' uocat eo quod longitudo uillorum quasi reptat. Dicuntur autem renones a Reno flumine Germaniae ubi his frequenter utuntur. bullatis a bulla aquae. Bulla autem potest dici omnis nodus rotundus. Vnde quaedam zona ex 15 corio facta dicitur bullam habere in capite pro buccula. Vnde hie dicuntur renones bullati quia quibusdam nodosis corrigiis circa latera hominis nectebantur ut eo facilius dilaqueari possent. comebantur i. ornabantur. uncatis securibus i. curris.

V. 22.

Industrius.i. sapiens ab industria. saties.i. satietas. Veritas enim odium parit et 20 obsequium adulationis et falsitatis quandoque parit amicos.

V. 23.

Abdicatione i. abnegatione. culleo. Culleus est quidam saccus corii in quo proiciebantur qui parentem suum occiderunt et cum eo simia et gallus et serpens et hoc totum in profluentem aquam proiciebatur. Vel secundum aliam litteram eculeo. Eculeus est 25 quoddam lignum in dorso acutum super quod equitabat reus ad cuius pedes aliqua ponderosa ligabantur. suppliciis paricialalibus a caedendo uel occidendo parem. magnopere summopere. Mag. i. magna intentione. summop. i. summa intentione.

V. 24.

Cauta dicitur esse pecunia feneratori il cautione confirmata. Cautio alia fideius- 30 soria, alia pignoraticia, alia hypothecaria, alia cbirographaria. executoris inprobitas il

8. anglice] a codex. Riueling] Halliwell's Diet, of Provincial and Archaic words s. u. Riveling a rough shoe formerly worn by the Scots.

11. renonibus] Isid. XIX. 23. 1, 4. 20. sacies. sacietas.

23. coreus. Praicide non utique is qui parentem occidisset dicebatur, sed qualemcunque hominem indemnatum ita fuisse indicat lex Numae Pompilii regis (indemnatum. Ita fuisse C. O. Mueller).

executorum i. creditorum. [Cui i.s. committuntur causae i. officiales.] anterius ii. prius, factiose. Factio est conspiratio in malum. exactorum. Exactores sunt illi qui uiolentia aliquid exigunt et ideo hic appellat creditores Turpionis exactores quia nimis perseuerant in petitione pecuniae suae. indultis i. concessis. Indulgere autem plures habet significationes ponitur enim pro operam dare et pro condonare. sub annis tutelaribus degunt 5 i. defensibilibus uel defensantibus, a tutela quod est defensio.

Per fragores parasiticos parasiticos a parapside. Vnde parasiti qui prope et iuxta mensam assident. apice uotiuo .i. illo episcopatu qui multum desideratur.

Non uacans .i. non cessans, Agnationis Agnatio est parentela tantum per uirilem sexum descendens. Et agnati secundum legem Romanam prius uocantur ad hereditatem quam cognati defunctorum. Qui cognati sunt descendentes per femininum sexum. redibitio a redibeo .i. iterum habeo.

I.

3.

ol. 147ª.

Miserrimum est ante docere quam discere...pro foliis. Quod restat. Vnde subiacere correctioni congruit ne si in praeteritis criminibus manserimus incipiat ad animae potius pertinere mortem quod uiuimus. Sterilis arbor non habet poma sed folia: ita qui docet et non facit quae docet.

Inputo ii, inpono, autumo ii, existimo uel credo, pessulum opponis ii, 'pin,' politis affatibus dulcare ii, 'enducer.'

Pronepos. Filius nepotis. eufoniam.i., bonam sonoritatem. astupet.i., stuporem habet. curua senectus quoniam senectus facit hominem curuum. Vnde quidam uersificator Me 25 reddit semper silicernum curua senectus. arbitrum. Arbiter est ille in quem se aduersae partes compromittunt.

Manet .i. expectat. addictos .i. adiudicatos. viatica. Viaticum est quod datur alicui in uia ad cibum. ueredariis .i. magistris redarum quoniam ueredus est equs ducens 30 redam. portoria .i. lucra quae accipiunt pro portandis honeribus. tabellariis. Tabellarii uel tabelliones sunt publicae personae in uilla quae in actis redigunt maiores actiones ciuitatis. numerariis. Numerarii uel nummularii sunt publicae personae quae publico nummo praesunt et in scriptis redigunt quanta acceperint et quanta militibus uel aliis dederint, quibus dari iusserit res publica. Et illis necessaria est dispositio et distinctio 35 et collatio acceptorum et datorum et deliberatio ut sic disponant actiones suas et

I. Cui .s. committuntur] Videntur duae glossae coaluisse, altera quae executorem interpretetur creditorem, altera quae officialem, h. e. ministrum publicum.

8. parasisti. 31. tabellariis] tabulariis editiones Sidonii.

36. acciones.

traditiones ut sibi praecaueant. Vel dispositiones quia qui solent numerare denarios, per aceruos multos .v. solidorum eos disponunt ut facilius post modum sciant quot libras numerauerint. praetorianis .i. executoribus praetorum uel iudicum. Nam executores sunt illi qui sententiam iudicis mancipauerint effectui. Et talibus dantur de iure ab actoribus quaedam munera quae uocantur sportulae .s. propter illorum laborem et 5 operam. publicanis. Publicani sunt illi qui constituti (sunt) a re publica ut tributa regionum et prouinciarum et uectigalia quae inde sunt recipiant. cinetis .i. armatis. Vnde Lucanus (I. 348) Arma tenenti, Omnia dat qui iusta negat. discinetis .i. emeritis .s. ueteranis militibus qui post .l. annorum spatium non apti militiae priuilegiantur ut non de cetero pugnent. castorinati .i. ornati pelle castoria pretiosa. Et est castor Romanice 10 'beure.' litanias .i. rogationes ubi litania cantatur. tractatibus siue tractationibus .i. in causis tractandis. cocleae .i. tortuosi ad fallendum. Quoniam coclea romanice dicitur 'uiz' quasi ciclea ut supra dictum est. [Vel cocleae attrahentes, quoniam est conca cuiusdam piscis qui similariter dicitur coclea et illa coclea difficile aperitur.]

V. 10.

Acrimoniam sententiarum .i. acerbitatem. [exacerbatus .i. exasperatus.] adquiesco .i. concedo. [exoculare .i. oculum eruere.]

11.

Puberes dicuntur a xiiii annis supra (Inst. I. 22).

20

Vti ut.

V. 13.

Eruderat .i. extra rudera ponit, quoniam rudera sunt quisquiliae domus. indictionum .i. exactionum uel tributorum ab indicendo. Vnde compotistae dicunt indictionem xv annorum spatium constare ex tribus lustris. [clogium dicitur et eulogium. Vnde uersus 25 Ezlogium nobis sonat incrustatio laudis .i. iteratio uel multiplicatio laudis. Elogium uero sermo bonus ore latino.]

V. 14.

Iecorosis i, a iecore. Vnde iecorosus morbus. epaticis [Cels, iv. 15 (8)] ab epate, Vnde morbus epaticus et est idem iecur et epar in homine sed non in nomine. munitio- 30 num il castellorum.

V. 16.

Titulis .i. honoribus uel laudibus. manubiis uictorialibus uestimentis uel armis.

, 10,

1. denarios] & cod. 2. quod. 6. sunt om. 8. iuste negat. 9. priuilegiuntur. 11. letanias. letania. 13. cocleae attrahentes] num significantur 'snapping cockles?' Sed uidetur Sidonius idem significare quod Plautus Poen. III. 1. 29 uicistis cochleam tarditudine. 14. apperitur. 17. exoculare] non habet quo referatur. Verbum Plautinum est Rud. III. 4. 26. 25. elogium] aliunde inuectum est. 26. Elogium nobis. 30. sed non in homine. 33. manubiae] Isid. Orig. XVIII. 2. 8 Manubiae eo quod manibus detrahantur. Hae et exuuiae ab exuendo dictae quia exuuntur.

Quoniam cum quis Romanorum hostem deuincebat assumpsit illius uestes et arma et in signum uictoriae suspendit illa in aliquo loco publico, et dicuntur manubiae quasi manuuiae .i. exuuiae quae manibus capiebantur. [obsidere .i. 'Assegger' .i. 'purser.'] amita .i. soror patris. matertera .i. soror matris.

5

Mulcedine a mulceo ces, psalmicenes canentes psalmos, torreo i, ferueo calore, Vnde Feruida torruit aestas, palmitis arboris uineae, stipites. Stipitem hic appellat ipsius uineae arborem i, robur quod in terra crescens supra sursum palos et laquearia huc et illuc distenditur. Vel stipites hic appellat palos qui supra et deorsum uineam sustinent, torpore i, marciditate uel pigritia. Vnde Torpescunt i, pigrescunt. Hoc linteum i, 10 gausape uel manutergium. uillis ii. 'frenges,' bonustum plenum ab honere, uel uillis quia gausape illud uillosum erat, troclea dicitur 'pulie' Romanice per quam facilius cborda labitur et hoc gausape tamquam troclea erat circa quemdam baculum cuius baculi duo capita pendebant iuncta cuidam funi et duo capita ipsius gausapis consuta simul erant ut rotari posset gausape circa baculum illum. Quale gausape in claustris 15 relligiosorum inuenitur, ambio i, cupio.

1. 1476.

Soluas i. dissoluas. Et soluere i. resoluere. Vnde Horatius Soluitur acris hyemps. inquilinatu. Inquilinus est ille qui sub alio domos habet. Sed hic accipitur inquilinatus pro seruitute uel pro originali colono, quia iam dicet hunc seruum esse colonum quem 20 nunc dicit inquilinum. Et est originarius colonus qui ab origine colonariae condicioni est subiectus. Qui non potest a gleba remoueri inuitus ncc se remouere inuito domino. tributario quoniam huiusmodi coloni domino sua tributa reddunt et annuum censum, qui et tributarii dicuntur.

25

Specula. Specula est aliquis altus locus a quo undique aspici possit. precul ambiguo i. procul dubio i. certe, desudare i. laborare a sudore s. quoniam qui laborat aliquando sudat prae labore, et desudare pro sudare. Vnde Ex eius tumba desudat oleum. primipilarem. Quoniam apostolicus primipilaris ad illa quae ad Dominum pertinent, reges autem uel alii potentes primipilares sunt ad illa quae ad saeculum pertinent. 30 Et est primipilaris qui fert ante pugnantes primum pilum i. telum uexilla deportans. apostolici autem uexilla crucis sunt insignia primipilaria. sequestratus i. separatus. calones sunt portitores lignorum et hic accipiuntur calones ii. peccatorum portitores. extimos i. extremos. trabariorum Traharii sunt qui aliqua honera trahunt. Sed hic accipiuntur traharii qui a carnis suae desideriis trahuntur. Virgilius Trahit sua quemque 35 uoluptas. Sidonius ergo se et alios peccatores uocat traharios qui propter uxores suas ad carnis sarcinas trahuntur adhuc. Apotbeca repositione. propinare propinare est potum a penu ferre, detrecto i. detraho uel contempno.

2. pendit. 6. ferueo] immo feruefacio. 7. feruida torruit aestas] Luc, I. 214 ubi tamen canduit. 9. distunditur. 10. gausape il lintheum. 18. Hor. C. I. 4. 20. iam dicet] sequitur enim plebeiam potius incipiet habere personam quam colonariam. 35. Verg. Ecl. II. 65.

VI. 2.

Alienum sicut fecerant Nadab et Abiu filii Aaron et ideo quia ignem prohibitum tulerunt ad altare domini igne caelesti combusti erant. uadimonia reddo uadi meo. Et est usualis locutio. uadis il fideiussor. Vnde cautio fideiussoria.

VI. 3.

VI. 4.

Testamentarium. Quoniam aliquis moriens in testamento suo †ei legata uel fidei commissa uel hereditatem relinquit. togatorum. Idem sunt togati et aduocati et patroni causarum. perperam aduerbium il strophose il fraudulenter a stropha quod est fraus. aduocatio. Consilium aduocatorum il togatorum.

10

Distractam i. uenditam. negotiatoris i. emptoris i. institoris. defingitur moritur. Nam cum dicitur, aliquis defunctus est, nihil aliud est quam a corpore liberatus est, quoniam idem est defungi et liberari. nundinas emptiones uel uenditiones.

VI. 5.

 ${\it Causam~elientem~libertuon}, {\rm nam~relatiua~sunt~eliens~et~patronus}. {\rm~Et~patronus~est~ille~15}$ qui manumittit, sicut et ille qui est patronus causae .i. aduocatus.}

VI. 6.

Adeps pinguedo. aruina pinguedo intestinorum.

VI. 7.

VT 8.

Cicatricentur i cicatricibus tulcerentur.

20

Credulis quia libenter creditores credunt illi pecuniam suam sine pignore i. sine cautione pignoraticia. intimos agunt ponitur haec dictio intimos hic aduerbialiter. propediem i. cito et est una dictio et aduerbium, et inuenitur similiter hoc modo posita in fine Tullii de officiis (III. 33. 121). Fontem mercatorum. Fons mercatorum est fons 25 aquae frigidae. Quoniam mercatores cum in mercimoniis suis proficiscuntur in alicuam regionem, frequentius ex aqua bibunt quam iuxta uiam reperiunt quam ex uino.

VI. 9.

Adornauit Romanice 'apprester.' gnauiter .i. caute.

30

Domesticis, Domestici fidei sunt omnes Christiani et aliquando uocamus do. fi. clericos ex eadem ecclesia uel ex eadem parochia parochianos, opipare il laudabiliter,

VI. 12.

Miseratus. Nota quod aliud est misertus, atque aliud miseratus, quoniam unum descendit a misereor eris quod est superiorum, sicut dicitur Miserere mei deus, aliud 35

11. defuncitur moritur] cf. VII. 6 mortuus codex. 20. ulcerentur] num indurentur?
22. qui. 25. Fontem mercatorem] inter-pretatio nix sana. 32. parrochianos.

autem descendit a miseror raris, quod est omnium hominum, .s. ut possint habere in cordibus suis quamdam miseriam et quamdam pietatem de incommodis et calamitatibus alterius. indagine .i. inquisitione. Quoniam indago Romanice dicitur 'parc' s. ubi cerui includuntur. Et nota quod idem est indago nis et indages gis. pudor est uerecundia uirtuosa. in inficias .i. in negationes ab inficior quod est negare. commercio .i. 5 emptione uel uenditione. significibus .i. facientibus signa.

l. 148a.

Animositas i. Romanice 'ardiesce.' putrem i. ex uetustate putridam. cratem i. 'cleie.' Solebant enim obsessi, ut muri ciuitatis illaesi obseruarentur a machinis obsidentium, crates muris appendere. propugnacula i. 'kernans.' initiari. Initior aris quadam 10 sua significatione est sacrificare uel sacrificationem incipere habere. Vt alibi dicitur Beelfegor deo initiatur i. illa ciuitas deo sacrificium libat. scenae i. umbrae i. theatra. exinanito i. euacuato. ammonitio. Ammonitio, ut in Macrobio legitur, est [propter peccata hominum] alicuius futuri incommodi denunciatio. conuitiaretur i. conuitia inferret. diuinae s. ammonitioni. [perbemdie i. perhempto uno die.]

I. 2.

Primore i. primo uel primorum primatum i. meliorum. circumscriptus erat i. circumuentus ii. deceptus, et tractum est hoc a littera quae damnatur circumductione lineae. palatino a palatio. diversorio i. hospitio. frivola i. uana, nugis plena. mimica largitate i. ioculari, quoniam mimi ii. ioculatores de magnis maiora loquuntur (Iuuen. 20 IV. 17). A nomine quod est mimus dicitur mimicus uel mimica. conuasatis i, collectis. munificentiae socrualis. Vnde differentia est inter nurum et socrum. Nurus est uxor filii, socrus est mater puellae, matrimonialibus ii, nuptialibus quoniam matrimonium et nuptiae idem sunt. non paruo i. magno. Corollario. Corollarium est, ut dicunt geometrae, gratuitum donum quod post debitum confertur gratis. praestigiator .i., incanta- 25 tor. perhyperbolicis i. ualde hyperbolicis. instrumentis. Continebantur enim in tabulis nuptialibus tanta quae uix possent credi s, quae acceperat Amantius a socru sua et quae Amantius promisit uxori suae in donationibus propter nuptias. Et est hyperbole figura, quando maiora dicuntur de minoribus, ut existimationem hominum supergrediatur. retetundarum appellatio est cuiusdam actionis quando aliquis repetit quae 30 alius ab eo acceperit. mancipiorum .i. seruorum quia manu capiuntur: quasi diceret, Socrus eius flebat quod filia sua tam pauca .i. nulla mancipia uel alia munera quae capiuntur manu acceperat ab Amantio in donationibus propter nuptias. sponsaliciae donationis propter nuptias, eximii nobilis et magni. Attice i. Graece.

1. possit. 9. solent. 13. Macrobio] Videtur respicere Somn. Scip. I. 7. 1 Non aduertunt hanc habere legem omnia uel signa uel somnia, ut de aduersis oblique aut denuntient aut minentur aut moneant. Et ideo quaedam cauendo transimus . . Nam ubi ammonitio est, uigilantia cautionis euaditur. 15. perhemdie] aliunde inrepsit. 18. dampnatur. 19. hospicio. 24. Corolario. Corolarium. Boetius de Cons. Philos. III. 11 Super haec igitur ueluti geometrae solent demonstratis propositis aliquid inferre, quae πορίσματα ipsi uocant, ita ego quoque tibi ueluti corollarium dabo. 26. peryperbolicis. yperbolicis. 28. yperbole. 30. accionibus.

[I. 5.]

Sydonius papae Migetio Salutem.

Diu multumque. Migetius iste rogauit Sidonium ut illi mitteret librum suum epistolarum uel panegiricum suum. Sed quia Migetius iste mirabilis erat clericus deliberauit diu Sydonius an tanto clerico suas nugas mittere auderet. Tandem tamen instantia Migetii ipsius sua scripta ei transmisit. destinarem .i. mitterem .i. delegarem. pinniculo 5 Apellen, etc. q. d. Etsi haberemus pinniculum quod est instrumentum pingendi non tamen essemus Apelles qui optimus erat pictor. Apellen accusatiuus Graecus, caelum hoc caelum ut hoc celte celtis instrumentum est quo caelatur .i. sculpitur. malleo. Malleus est instrumentum aurifabri. Fidian accusatiuus Graecus quoniam Fidias crat optimus sculptor et Policitus aurifaber. praesumptioni quoniam tibi praesumpsi ro mittere friuola mea. examini .i. iudicio. ritu consuetudine. edat. Edere aliquod scriptum est quando illud est dignum editione et recitatione. hirriant inter dentes murmurent quod Anglice dicitur 'grunic.'

Papae Fonteio.

Digressis il euntibus. quoquo il ubicumque. fastigium il sublimitatem. comitate 15 quia comis es et facetus et omnibus bonis comes. inardesco il uehementer cupio.

Sydonius papae Agroetio Salutem.

Bituricas i. ciuitas quae Romanice uocatur 'Buhuries.' De illa tamen ciuitate alibi legitur quod aliud nomen habet, sicut dicitur Dicitur urbs Bituris pro binis turribus istis. decreto uoluntate et mandato. classicum. Romanice dicitur 'glas.' Sonauerunt 20 enim classicum ut conuenirent clerici et laici ad eligendum episcopum. consulas quaeras. fucata i. fuco tincta. impudentia quia nullum pudorem habuerunt rogandi uel emendi si possent illum episcopatum. nundinam uenditionem et emptionem quia nundinae sunt publicae mercationes. Dicuntur protinciales episcopi qui metropolitano i. archiepiscopo subiccti sunt, quia metropolis est mater ciuitatum. sufficitur i. subrogatur i. substituitur, 25 quasi sufficienter ministratur, quoniam sufficere est ministrare.

Sydonius domino papae Basilio salutem et benedictionem.

Caula i. ouile. saginatur i. incrassatur. clandestino morsu needum intellecti dentis i. secreto uel priuato uel latenti, quia latenter decipit homines. arrodat i. corrodat. insultet i. derideat. discutere i. indicare. sinister interpres i. malus interpretatur 30 Aegiptus interpretatur lacrimae. Pharao. Pharao erat rex Aegipti et interpretatur rex lacrimarum. Israelita i. filii Israel i. Iudaei et interpretatur Iudaeus uere paenitens. Israel uero uidens deum interpretatur. cum cophino. Israelitae enim, cum Pharao rex Aegipti eos cepisset, ei seruiebant in luto et latere et cum cophinis suis honera deportabant. spiritualem i. deplangamus quod tam remoti sumus a caelo propter 35 nostra peccata. Assur i. Nabugodonosor quia ipse erat rex Assiriorum et Chaldaeorum

3. panagiricum. 6. Appellen. 7. Appelles. Appellen acusatiuus bis. 8. celte celtis] Notandum hoe lexicographis. Pro certo enim habeo ex grammatico aliquo sumptum fuisse. 9. malleum est. 10. pollicitus. 13. murmurant. 20. Sonauerunt] sic codex. 29. Necdum intellecti dentis post decipit homines codex. 31. Pha erat. 32. penitens. 33. uidens deum] immo Ieriel.

VII. 4.

VII. 2.

VII. 5.

VII. 6.

ubi est Babilon. fastu i. superbia. futurarum in caelo. praesentium in terra. quod i. quia. quae merear. Quia per peccata mereor in gehennam mitti. dein i. deinde. trituretur i. teratur sicut triticum. acet i. acescit i. acida est. ut ambigas i. dubites. ualitudinem ii. aegritudinem. Vnde senes ualitudinarii dicuntur i.i. infirmi, quoniam ualitudinarii dicuntur infirmi. Vnde Terentius (And, IV. 2. 14) Valeant qui inter nos 5 discidium uolunt i. pereant. Vnde dictum est de sancto Cudberto quod multiplicium morborum ualitudines depulit i. pericula. Et ponitur ualitudo quandoque pro sanitate. Vnde dictum est uale. Similiter in principio Tullii de amicitia (Lael. II. 8) indifferenter ponitur ualitudo. subfectis ii. substitutis. subrogantur ii. substituuntur. baeresiarcas, Haeresiarca est princeps haereticorum. inflectere ii. trahere ad haeresim suam. intercisae 10 ii. interruptae et uiolatae. diocesibus haec diocesis et pluraliter hae dioceses sunt episcoporum et inferiorum sacerdotum parochiae. ueprium ii. 'Runces.' fruticibus 'Ruissuns'

Amantius proprium nomen lectoris cuiusdam de quo habita est mentio supra in 15 duabus epistolis ad istum eundem Graecum papam missis. uicissim i. quandoque uel e conuerso. rimis cauernis. indiscretis i. indiuisis. iactura i. amissio uel damnum. praestigiae incantationes. comprouincialium i. compatriotarum. Et sunt compatriotae de una patria. tradimur i. seducimur. Vnde dicitur Iudas traditor ii. proditor ii. seductor.

II. g.

Sicut diximus in praecedenti epistola Sidonius inuitabatur ut Bituricas ueniret ut ibi ille cum aliis episcopis eligeret Simplicium ei ciuitati in episcopum et illum ordinaret. exacte .i. perfecte. schemata .i. figuras et licita figmenta. suggerebat mibi. Suggerere duas habet significationes. Vna ponitur pro suadere uel instigare. Altera 25 pro subministrare, Spiritus sanctus suggeret nobis omnia .i. subministrabit. uorago .i. uortex. Et potest dici uorago a uorando, sicut terra paludosa et lutosa et aquosa. Vnde dictum est de Petro, Qui Petri pedibus marinos uortices inclinauit. uolutabra. Porcorum est uolutabrum, unde dictum est Canes reuertuntur ad uomicas et porci uolutantur in uolutabro suo. (2 Pet. 2. 22.) prouincialis. Quoniam Syd. erat prouin-30 cialis episcopus et non metropolitanus .i. archiepiscopus, quoniam metropolis est mater ciuitatum. procacis .i. inprobi, vnde procacitas .i. proteruia. penditote .i. librate a penso

uel a pondere. erratum il errorem, vnde Erratica prauitas. opinionis il famae. obloqui il detrahere, unde obloquium il detractio. obloquentium il contra loquentium. scillas il pericula marina sabulosa. officium. Quoniam officium est abbatis semper flere. Vnde 35 dicitur quod monaclus dolentis habet officium. Sed episcopus quisque duplicem gerit

3. acessit. 5. unde Terentius] Persius codex Nimirum et ualitudo et ualeant hoc habent commune quod modo in bonam partem, modo in malam dicuntur. Nam interdum ualeant per compunquòr idem est quod pereant. (Donat. ad And. IV. 3, 14.) 12. parrochie. 28. fort, inclinauit uortices. 32. protentia Vnde proteruus codex. pensa. 33. oppinionis. 34. obloquentium] obloquiorum codices Sidonii. 35. sabulosa] num fabulosa? 36. dupplicem.

ol. 14 a.

personam quoniam regit ecclesiastica et regalia, seueritas uirtus est cum mediocris est, superstitiosus auarus quoniam auaritia mala religio est, abstemium i, sobrium i, abstinentem a temeto .i. uino. inpetitur .i. accusatur. inuncabuntur unco .i. troco curuo trahentur. ceruicosi sunt elati et superbi et dicuntur ceruicosi quia ceruicem suam .i. caput alte supportant. factione. Factio est conspiratio in malum, unde Macrobius, Epicureorum tota 5 factio. aemulationum .i. inuidiarum. assertione confirmatione. karisma .i. donum. fastigatur uel a fastigio quod est altitudo uel a fastu quod est superbia. opinaretur Symon magus uidens Petrum apostolum miracula multa facientem optulit Petro multa donaria ut doceret illum talia miracula facere. Et quia putauit Symon magus pretio posse emi miracula Sancti Spiritus damnauit illum Petrus et omnes postea Symoniacos, 10 tribunalibus, i. iudicialibus. canone regula decretali, efficax dicitur quasi effectus capax. rudimentis. Rudimenta paruorum proprie sunt, ut alphabetum et alia talia quae in initio erudiuntur. Solimis ii, in Ierusalem, quoniam prius dicebatur ciuitas illa Solime et postea a quodam rege qui ibi regnauit, qui dicebatur Iebus, dicebatur ciuitas illa Iebosolime et sic mutata .b. in .r. propter kacenfaton dicebatur Ierosolime et postea Ierusalem, ab 13 alio rege Palaestinorum Palaestina prouincia. Ex Saba uenit quaedam sapientissima regina ad Salomonem regem propter eius sapientiam .s. ut ipsa temptaret sapientiam Salomonis. Salomon autem dixit illi quicquid illa aenigmatibus quibusdam quaesiuit uel mente cogitauit. Salomonisque scientiam admirata infinitam pecuniam auri et argenti ad templum construendum ei donauit. In Salomonis autem curia quaedam 20 arbor crescebat quam quotienscumque regina illa uidebat genua flexit illam adorans. De qua arbore lignum erat crucis Dominicae. Omnes autem admirabantur quare illam arborem adoraret. Postea uero cum regina illa remearet in patriam suam renunciauit Salomoni quod in curia cius quaedam arbor cresceret in qua passurus erat mortem rex Iudaeorum. Salomon autem hoc audito illam arborem in uisceribus terrae abscondit. 25 Sed in tempore natiuitatis Christi in probatica piscina supernatauit, cumulauerit auxerit,

II. 10.

/II. 12.

Discretos diuisos. Sed de bis. Quasi dicat, Nolo plus loqui de miseria mea quoniam qui miseriam suam recolit eo magis dolet.

30

Hic excusat se Syd. quod nullas litteras prius Ferriolo isti misit nec quod illi hunc suum librum nomine illius intitulauit. affinitatis i. uicinitatis. Vnde Per Bethleem confinia i. per uicinas illas patrias. patrias infulas i. dignitates uel potestates. triumfalibus adoreis i. uictoriis et est ador nomen indeclinabile frumenti. stemmatibus genealogiis parentum sicut alibi dicitur Stemmata quid faciunt (Iuuen. VIII. 1). Item 35 stemma est ordo uel series generationis. Stemma autem dicebatur filum quo sacerdotes tempore aestiuali capita ligabant non ualentes portare pilleos. Et frequenter pro corona accipitur. eximaniretur i. cuacuaretur. incolumes i. alacres i. in pace, acuminaretur

^{2.} auaricia, 3. themeto. 5. Macrobius] *Comm. in Somn. Scip. I.* 2. 3. 10. dampnauit. 13. erudiunt; 15. mutatata, 16. a palestina prouintia, 21. adhorans, 23. adhoraret.

.i. acueretur. *hebetatus* .i. 'rebuche' .i. induratus. *exhaustus* .i. pauperatus propter tributa quae dederat prius Gothis.

I. 13.

Hymerius antistes. Haec epistola continet laudes sacerdotis Hymerii filii .s. †Simplicii papae. opinione .i. fama. uenustate .i. puleritudine. sale .i. sapientia, quo- 5 niam iiii habet significationes hoc nomen sal. Significat enim ipsam substantiam salis, et dicta saporata, et reprehensoria, et sapientiam, sicut dictum est Accipe sal sapientiae. consulitur quun aliquis quaerit consilium ab illo. consulit quando ille consilium quaerit ab alio. celeritas. Quoniam si aliquis pauper coram illo causam habet agendam, uel etiam aliquis diues aliquando protrahit illam causam, cito eam 10 expedit, prout uiderit expedire illi qui iniuriam patitur. rependatur .i. soluatur. Vnde rependit qui pro inpenso beneficio retribuit. credulus est ille qui omnia dicta sibi credit.

I. I.4.

Peruizaciter. Peruicax est ille qui peruertit uices rerum .s. iustum pro iniusto et 15 deigne pro falso asserendo. controuersarentur .i. confligerent. sicut facile conninci ita deifficile compesci possunt. Conuinci facile, quoniam falsum et inprobabile dicentes possunt facile falsitatis argui. difficile compesci, quia semper uolunt blaterare .i. garrire. dumtavat .i. tantummodo. uultuum quoniam laici illi magis laudant speciem corporis quam animae uirtutem. Indignatus igitur Sid. iterum probat multis modis quod magis 20 diligendus est Filagrius propter commoda animae suae quam propter commoda corporis. Quoniam etiam bruta animalia ipsis hominibus fortiora sunt et uelociora et maiora et multas uirtutes corporis habent quas homo habere non potest. nouercari .i. insidiari ad modum nouercae. Vnde dictum est Iste nouercatur mihi .i. insidiando aduersatur, et Sidonius Inbecillitati nostrae nouercabor. noctua .i. 'fresaie' .i. quaedam auis magna ut 25 coruus quae tota nocte cantat. uultur est auis quae Anglice uocatur 'grip' in cuius ouo ponuntur reliquiae. De quo sic dicitur †Vulturis in siluis miserum mandebat homonem.

I. 15.

Quotiens Viennam. Nomen ciuitatis ubi erat episcopatus. inputationem .s. quod ei non 30 possum inputare nec illum culpare, serius ,i, tardius.

I. 16.

Succiduo a succedendo .i. a successione continua unde Sid. angore succiduo. libertos .i. manumissos qui a seruitute sunt suspensi.

II. 17.

Desides, i, pigros et negligentes, incudibus romanice 'enclume,' obsecundabo, i, obsequar

5. †Simplicii] immo Sulpicii. oppinione. 10. causam aliquando cito. 27. Vulturis] Ennius ap. Priscian, I. 206 Hertz, Seru. ad Aen. VI. 595. Poeta uidetur scripsisse Vulturus; sed eum glossatore nostro boni codices Prisciani Vulturis. 33. succeduo. continuo. anguore.

uel obtemperabo. truculenti i. pleni crudelitate. lemurum i. nocturnarum fantasiarum quae in somno apparent. deemonas i. daemones et est accusatiuus Graecus. Helissae. Helissa erat Dido cui rex Hyarchas dedit tantum terrae quantum corio taurino posset circumdari. Dido autem corium quoddam taurinum in minutissinas corrigias scidit, et illis maximum terrae amplexa est. in qua fecit Gartbaginem. Birsica tecta i. Cartba-5 ginem a birsa quod est corium taurinum. Vnde uersus Spernis Elisseae birsica tecta domus (u. 16) Mediolanum. Cum autem Mediolanum iam factum fuerat, dubitatur quod nomen illi ciuitati inponeretur. Et apparuit statim illis hominibus dubitantibus quidam aper ex media parte setam habens et ex media lanam. Illi autem qui ex una parte fuerunt dicebant esse ouem. Alii ex alia parte dicebant esse porcum. Et ideo propter 10 hanc nouitatem aliquid significantem inposuerunt urbi illi nomen Mediolanum. paupertinus pauper. culmo il. stipula.

VII. 18.

Animi seruitutem. Ille patitur animi seruitutem cui aliquis conuitia ingerit i, infert et postea conuitiatori nec conuitia infert nec satyra se uindicat quod romanice dicitur 15 'mauues daunger.' Eodem modo ille patitur animi seruitutem qui uitiosos non audet satyra reprehendere.

VIII. 1.

Tu quidem pulcre .s, facis, lenocinaris .i, blandiris, suspicabamur .i. putabamus, uulgatu .i. diuulgatu .cauendum est ne in aliquos fortuitu .i. forsitan incidamus uituperones 20 .j. uituperatores a uituperio, quorum linguas cote liuoris acuminatas fugere necessarium est. derogatores dicuntur turpiloqui unde dictum est iste derogat mihi .i. 'mesdit,'

VIII. 3.

Fol. 149b.

Scedium est nouum scriptum nondum ex asse emendatum uel limatum. opaca i. obscura. inpluuio. Inpluuium aliquando pro stillicidio ponitur, ut hic inpluuio cubiculi 25 mei, aliquando pro luminario i., fenestra domus quae in medio tecto domus pendet: ut in fabula. Nam in fabulis dicitur quod Danae pulcherrima puella fuit et ideo clausa erat in quadam eminentissima turri ne aliquis ad eam posset accedere. Tandem Iupiter eius amore accensus transformauit se in aurum et descendit per inpluuium domus in gremium Danaes tamquam pluuia. Pythicas Foebeas i. Apollinis qui deus erat sapientiae, 30 Et dicuntur Pythicae lauri a Pythone serpente quem Phoebus occidit. lauro i. sententias et colores rhetoricos. Nam Phoebus solebat coronari foliis lauri. penitissime a penitus. domesticum i. priuatum. atauo hi sunt gradus parentum ascendedo pater auus proauus abauus atauus tritauus. Similiter descendendo pater filius nepos pronepos abnepos trinepos. alabastrum est uas unguentarium album ad modum albi marmoris 35

1. truculenti] Codices Sidonii truculentae. Videtur glossator legisse regis. fantasyarum.
2. sompno. demonas. demones. acusatiuus. 3. hyarchas] sic codex. 20. i. diuulgatu] addit codex uel uulgatu. Vulgatum est res uilis uel uulgo digna. fortuitu] forsitan Cod. Laud. 104.
24. opaca] sic codices plerique Sidonii, non opica. 26. luuario. ut in fabula] Non sunt hace nerba Sidonii. 27. dane. 29. in ingremium danes tamquam. 30. phiticas. 31. phitice.

uel cristalli. Vnde alibi legitur alabastrum nardi pistici. delibutarum .i. inunctarum. satrapas satrapae lingua Syriorum duces uel principes .i. sapientes uocantur. malebathratos. Malobatbrum est quoddam latum folium ut dicunt medici quod in Nilo repperitur supernatans. Et dicunt phisici quidam quod folium illud est folium ligni aloes quae crescit in paradiso et cum Nilo exit. Hoc autem malobatbrum apponunt 5 medici pretiosis unguentis et electuariis. squalore a squama piscis quae est hirsuta et dura et aspera et uillosa. Et ponitur squalor frequenter pro duritia siue pro sorde ut squalor carceris. forsfuat .i. dubium est uel dubitet aliquis.

II. 4.

Inquamme. Ne.i. an. Sydonius in hac epistola desiderat ut aliquando detur sibi copia 10 uidendi Consentium istum et cius domum libris refertam et cius rus multis commodis et diuitiis plenum. Ibymum. Tbymus est quidam flos suauissimum habens odorem unde poeta (Geor. IV. 169) Redolentque tbimo flagrantia mella. donaria sunt dona quae donantur, prodigimus i. large damus.

II. 5.

Hybericarum .i. Hyspanicarum quoniam Hiberi sunt Hispani.

I 5

Ducalius .i. melius et fortius a duce. mutuo .i. alternatim. inficias .i. negationes. luculentis, i, luce plenis. trabeatus. Trabea erat species togae ex purpura et cocco qua operti reges Romanorum procedebant. Et dicta trabea quod in maiorem gloriam 20 hominem ultra ceteros transbearet. sportula. Sportula est munus quod datur praeconibus et aliis praetorianis ministris et executoribus causarum. Et dicuntur executores qui rem judicatam mancipant effectui, fasti ii, honores, Nam proprie fasti sunt libri annales in quibus scribuntur festa, et inde dicuntur translatiue honores fasti, quia in libris annalibus statim scribebatur tempus quando aliquis ad honorem peruenerat et sub 25 quo imperatore, ante lucanas horas i, ante diem. disposite i, ordinate i, 'assisement,' crepitantia i. sonantia. segmenta. Segmenta sunt quaedam indumenta parua circa collum per humeros usque ad pectus dependentia quae possunt appellari 'scapelarie,' Et sunt segmenta inserta et referta gemmis pretiosis et auro, palmatam palmata est quaedam uestis pretiosa quae dabatur alicui ob uictoriam. per ipsum fere tempus usualis 30 est locutio .i. fere in illo tempore .i. parum ante illud tempus. Contigit quod Nicetius quamdam promulgauit legem de praescriptione longi temporis onni populo illi fauente et collaudante. Et nota quod aliud est praescriptio atque aliud est usucapio, usucapio enim est de rebus mobilibus, praescriptio autem de rebus est non mobilibus. Praescriptio autem est adquisitio dominii per continuationem longi temporis lege diffiniti. abolita ii. 35

3. Malobratos. malobatrum. 5. malabotrum. 6. preciosis. hyrsuta. 10. sibi] ei codex. 12. tymum. tymum. 13. timo. 14. prodigimus] Num sic legit glossator pro eo quod codices habent agimus? 20. praecedebant. 23. festa] Fortasse ex Paul. Diac, fluxit haee glossa Fastorum libri appellantur, in quibus totius anni fit descriptio. Fasti enim dies festi sunt. 26. assisement] h. e. connenablement. 29. preciosis. 32. promulgauit] intra Gallias scilicet. de praescriptione] se. tricennaria, de qua Nouella extat Valentiniani XXVI. De xxx annorum praescriptione omnibus caussis opponenda (p. 213 ed. Haenelianae). 34. non] om. codex.

deleta, teremptoriis quoniam omnem actionem in fine quinti decimi anni perimebat Vnde dicitur dies peremptorius et institutorius: peremptorius quando aliquis peremptus est, ut ita dicam, i, depositus ab officio in quo prius fuerat; cuius officium peremptum est quodam modo ii, ab eo sublatum uel ablatum. Et ille dies dicitur institutorius quando aliquis post alium instituitur uel ille qui ibi prius fuit uel alius subsequens, 5 indidit i, demonstrauit, edidit i, promulgauit, decetero i, amodo, capreas, Nota quod aliud est capra, aliud caprea. Nam caper i, aedus et capra simul iunguntur. Caprea autem est de feris bestiis. Et sunt illarum ferarum tria genera. Minimum inter illa est capreolus et caprea, maius uero animal damma, et est damma communis generis ad marem et ad feminam: maximum autem est ceruus et cerua quae romanice dicitur 10 'bisse.' dereliquo i. de cetero i. a modo, scrupeas i. scopulosas et cauernosas, lustris ,i, cubilibus ferarum, circumuenire .i. cauillari et decipere. opacandis .i. celandis quia opacitas .i. tenebrae celant .i. abscondunt. canes ueloces dicuntur canes leporarii qui lepores capiunt, uel alii canes qui ceruos et alias feras capiunt. Canes uero rusticani sunt qui in domibus rusticorum sunt, qui caulas ouium de nocte custodiunt ab incursione 15 luporum, lepusculis leporibus, classicum romanice 'glas,' Solebant enim milites cum socios ad bellandum conuocarent aut cum praedam aut hostes caperent cum comibus suis classicum sonare. Et dicitur a clangendo unde clangor. classe .i. nauigio. pandes .i. curuos. archypiratas .i. principes piratarum; [et dicuntur piratae praedones maris .i. 'Robburs' a pir quod est ignis quia per ignem alias naues deperdant]. discriminibus 20 i. periculis. mioparones. Paro dicitur a piratis. Vnde parunculus per diminutionem et mioparo quasi minimus paro. Est enim scapha ex uiminibus facta quae contexta crudo corio genus nauigii praebet quo utuntur Germanorum piratae in Oceani litoribus uel paludibus propter agilitatem (Isid, Orig, XIX, 1, 21). remiges qui remo nauigant.

Fol. 150a.

VIII. 7.

111. 7.

VIII. 8.

Macte .i. mactus et ponitur aliquando pro nominatiuo ut dicit Priscianus (XVII. 208), ut Esto macte .i. sis mactus .i. uirtuosus quasi magis auctus, uel Macte .i. o macte. misericordiae causas quoniam de miserias patiente et paupere et damnato miseriam habenus, sed de superiore inuidiam, quoniam Perflant altissima uenti (Onid. Rem. 369). iusio principe .i. 'iusto buore' de quo dictum est Iustius inuidia nihil est quae protinus 30 ipsum Auctorem rodit excruciatque suum.

Tesserarum il talorum. instrumenta Cerealia il carruca. Cerealia a Cerere quae est dea segetis. bibernis noualibus. Noualibus il 'warez'; et est nouale terra

1. perimebat] Dig. V. 1. 70 Tunc peremptorium impetret. Quod inde hoc nomen sumpsit, quod peremeret disceptationem, hoc est ultra non pateretur aduersarium tergiuersari. 6. amodo] h.e. posthac. 12. cauillare. 13. canes ueloces] Spectant hace et quae secuntur de canibus ad uerba Sidonii Namque apros frustra in uenabula uocas quos canibus misericordissimis... mouere potius quam commouere consuesti. 20. pir] etymologia uere inepta. 22. contexta] contecta nonnulli codices Isidori. 30. Iustius iniudia] Extant ap. Hieronymum VII. p. 568 Vall. nunde in codicem Sangallansem 899 f. 132^b et Einsiedelensem 326 f. 90 uenerunt. Vide Baehrensii Poet. Lat. Min. III. p. 169. 31. suum] animum Hieronymus.

antiqua uel pratum aliquod nuper aratum et sic jacet per totam hiemem absque semine et contra aestatem iterum aratur et tunc primo inseminatur. 'picois.' antibus. Antes sunt pedamenta uinearum quae in anteriori parte uineam sustinent. Vel antes sunt extremi ordines uinearum. Vnde Virgilius (Geor. II. 417) Iam canit taffectus extremi uinitor antes. Vnde Sydonius quousque pondus ligonis 5 optusi nec perfossis antibus ponis? stiuam caudam aratri. parce il desine rusticari. in invidiam i, in odium nobilitatis, quoniam nobiles iam habebuntur odiosi, sicut alii rustici, quoniam magis intendunt agriculturae et lucro quam militiae. Et nota quod multotiens ponitur inuidia pro odio, ut in Tullio de amicitia, ut ibi Qui ad uiuum resecant sibi nomen amicitiae inuidiosum et obscurum sapientiam habent. Vel melius 10 ad inuidiam nobilium, i, ad increpationem nobilium, quoniam nobiles omnes increpatuntur et eis detrahetur propter rusticitatem tuam. Et †quod inuidia aliquando ponitur pro increpatione, hoc est exemplum auarorum increpantium deum quod plura eis non det. Vnde poeta Inuidiam fecere deis etc. torques bracteatae. Nam bractea est idem quod grossa et spissa lamina auri. fastos honores. profecto .i. certe. industrium industrius 15 est ille qui industriam habet .i. scientiam: unde industrie aduerbium.

I. 9.

Cum primum Burde, Nomen civitatis, Iste Lampridius mirae fuit facundiae et sapientiae, ut inferius in hoc libro dicetur, et semel ille cum Sydon, expulsus a terra sua simul exulauerunt. Tandem renocatus est a rege Francorum, qui eum expulerat, Lampridius, 20 et post illum remansit solus Sydon, in exilio, ibi multas aduersitates patiens, nec unquam a rege potuit licentiam habere redeundi. Mandauit postmodum Lampridius Sydonio adhuc in exilio posito ut illi aliquod metrum destinaret quod ipse posset cum tibiis et modulatione uocis cantare. Sidonius autem illi metrum sequens mittit, primo tamen excusans se quod non composite et tam decenter factum sit sicut deberet. Nam 25 Sidonius in exilio positus tristis erat. Et non potest tristis animus composite scribere. nectaris ii, pigmenti, boe, Ebrii ad honorem Bacchi solebant in festis ipsius clamare boe bacche, poetarum q. d. nullus qui metra scribit composite scribere potest nisi lactus sit. amiciuntur .i. cooperiuntur. Vnde alibi Amictus stola candida. Et dicitur amicior amiciris amictus sum et ca., quia omnino differunt amicior et amicor. lemma. Lemma 30 potest dici tenor siue compositio siue sillogismus. Vnde per compositionem dilemma dicitur cornutus sillogismus, qui in rhetorica dicitur complexio. ineptiae. Ineptia inportunitas idem est. olorinorum. Olor est cignus. Vnde Cantus olorinus i. Cignorum. amiciuntur .i. cooperiuntur. Vnde Sydonius Nosti probe laetitiam poetarum quorum sic ingenia maeroribus ut pisciculi retibus amiciuntur. Et si quid asperum est aut triste non statim se 35

9. amicicia.] De Amicit. V. 18 Sed hoc primum sentio nisi in bonis amicitiam esse non posse: neque id ad uiuum reseco, et mox Quare sibi habeant sapientiae nomen et inuidiosum et obscurum. 12. Et quod inuidia] Haee uitiosa sunt. Fortasse legendum est Et nota quod inuidia aliquando ponitur pro increpatione; hoc est exemplum, auarorum increpantium deum quod plura eis non det. Vnde poeta, $\kappa.\tau.\lambda$. 14. Inuidiam fecere deis] Ouid. M. IV. 547 Inuidiam fecere deae. Stat. Theb. III. 197 Inuidiam planxere deis. 18. lapridius. 21. exilium. 27. bachi.

^{29.} cooperiuntur. 32. rethorica. 33. olor est cignus om. 34. leticiam. 35. meroribus.

poetica teneritudo a ninculo incursi angoris elaqueat, pantomimorum, Pantomimorum illorum s. qui per regiones discurrunt cantatores. Et dicitur pantomimus a pan quod est totum et mimus ioculator et inde pantomimus quasi totus ioculator. camenas. Musas quasi canentes amoene. tripodas il tripodes et est accusativus graecus. griphas il griphes et est accusatious graecus. Et sunt griphes aues quaedam magnae corpulentiae, s dedicatae Apollini, quia nimis alte contra radium solis uolare possunt. Vel griphes, quoniam griphes, ut dictum est, monstruosae aues sunt et nimis inimicantur equis et animalia alia unguibus rapiunt. Et ideo hic griphes enumerat Sydonius inter illa quae pertinent ad Apollinem, quia Apollo arcu suo monstra interficiebat et griphes. Vnde Apollo dicitur pythicus a pythone serpente quem ipse interfecit. duplaeaue frontis i, 10 habens duplam frontem sicut Apollo. Nam Apollo solebat ante et retro coronari fructu lauri et fructu hederae, quoniam laurus et hedera semper uirent quemadmodum debent ingenia philosophorum. Haec bacca huius baccae est fructus lauri, corimbus corimbi est fructus hederae, mirtos mirtus est quaedam arbor paruula dedicata Veneri propter eius calorem ex qua fit medo. platanus est quaedam arbor lata habens folia et inde 15 blatanona i. tloci ubi crescunt platani et est graecum. barbiton i. citharam, quia barbiton est cithara quae fit ex ossibus barri i, elefantis, per extimas i, per extremas, elicit .i. extrahit. Vnde phisicus, Menstruus elicitur muliebri e corpore sanguis, et alibi, Qui fortiter emungit nasum elicit sanguinem. algoso profundo. Alga est sordes maris .i. herba uilissima quam proicit mare. de podio. Podium est lignum super quod homines ad 20 spectandum siue ad audiendum, ut modo pluribus habetur in ecclesiis, sese sustentant atque suppodiant.

VIII. 10.

Ut nera laus ornat ita falsa castigat. Ono loci tamen, Hic monstrat Sydonius quod Ruricius cum sic laudauit ut ingenium suum et scientiam probaret in difficili 25 materia et falsa, et ad hoc probandum multa exempla inducit. Verbi gratia bonus agricola probari potest in sterili terra et bonus orator in difficili et falsa materia et medicus in maxima alicuius aegritudine. Materiae sterilis argumentum. Argumentum nullum habuisti quare essem bonorum morum, et argumentum tuum ieiunat, non habens materiam fecundam sed sterilem et feram. Sed nota quod in omnibus dictionibus his 30 respicit ad similitudinem, scaturit habundat et proprie ponitur pro ebullire, praecedentia pericula il praecedentia experimenta. Nam periculum quandoque pro experientia ponitur. Vnde poeta Insidior uobis uestrosque periclitor actus i, experior. Sed tunc derivatur periculum a peritia i. sapientia, unde dicit Sidonius Nam moris est elequentibus uiris ingeniorum facultatem negotiorum probare difficultatibus, et illic stilum peritum quasi 35 quemdam fecundi pectoris uomerem figere, ubi materiae sterilis argumentum uelut arida cespitis macri gleba ieiunat. Scaturit mundus similibus exemplis. Medicus in desperatione. gubernator in tempestate cognoscitur. Horum omnium famam praecedentia pericula extollunt, quae profecto delitescit nisi ubi probetur inuenerit, Sic et magnus orator si negotium aggredia-

Fol. 150b.

^{4.} amene. acusatiuus grecus bis. 5. griphes] Scruius ad Ecl. VIII. 27 griphes equis uhementer infestis, Apollini consecrati. 7. nmis. 10. phiticus. 15. medo] Anglice 'mede.' 25. eum laudauit ut sic codex. 33. poeta] Non repperi. 34. deruatur. 35. fac difficultatibus (sic).

tur angustum, tunc amplum plausibilius manifestat ingenium. De centum uirali suggestu i. de tribunali centum uirorum iudicum. Centumuir est qui habet centum uiros sub se. Semper fere nomina huiusmodi duumuir triumuir decemuir centumuir ponuntur pro iudicibus, suggestum romanice 'deis.' domum retulit i. portauit et est usualis locutio, decipulam romanice 'calchetrappe' qualis est illa in qua aues capiuntur. Et decipula 5 a decipiendo; sic muscipula quia mures capit. indulges .i. intendis. Vnde dicitur Auarus indulget quaestui i. intendit .i. operam dat.

II. 11.

Altrinsecus i, alternatim, matrimonium. Idem est hic matrimonium quod dos quam uir cum uxore accipit. Sed tamen alibi aliter accipitur matrimonium ut Inter 10 istos contractum est matrimonium .i. coniugium uel nuptiae. egeries ab extra et gerendo. Bibliotheca i, repositio librorum a †biblis quod est liber et theca quod est positio. plectris ii, citharis [Pecten dicitur quod pexos faciat capillos. Vnde poeta Incompti capitis pectuntur pectine crines. Pecten etiam ponitur pro plectro citharae, siue pro ipsa citbara, unde legitur in †Virgilio de Orpheo Commouit pectine manes. 15 Pecten uero ponitur pro 'plaiz' quodam pisce. Vnde †Iuuenalis Pectinibus patulis iactat se molle Tarentum .i. aqua uel flumen. Pecten uero ponitur pro rastro unde alius poeta Sparsim diffusas lustrabo pectine spicas]. procella dicitur quod percellat .i. percutiat. uitta .i. 'bendello.' Rugas tibi profundi sirmatis Succingant hederae expeditiores. Rugas quoniam sirma est proprie rugosum, profundi i, longi usque ad terram, 20 bedera est arbor semper uirens. Ansae et ansulae alicuius rei sunt illa eminentia in illa re per quam capi possit i, 'stale,' pernix i, uelox a nitor niteris, parato hospitio i, si uoluerit me hospitari .i. 'herberger.' manu osculata hic notatur triplex osculum. Nam cum uenimus ad apostolicum Romanum osculamur eius pedem. Cum uero ad episcopum, osculamur eius manum; cum uero ad acqualem, osculamur eius os. serpilliferis 25 catenis caldariorum .i. portantibus serpillum et est serpillum herba quaedam quae iuxta terram serpit, quae uocatur romanice 'puliol' et est aptissima ad salsamenta condenda, crepitantibus i, sonum facientibus, unde crepitare i, sonare, cieo cies ciui ciere producta media idem est quod suscitare uel commouere, excitus .i, excitatus media correpta .i. euigilatus uel expergefactus. camena .i. cantu. susurrare .i. murmurando 30 detrahere. Vnde susurrones. O necessitas. Hic persequitur Sidonius uitia ipsius Lampridii et postmodum eius uirtutes, dicens quod aliquantulum iracundus erat et cito mouebatur ad iram, et quod ita seuerus esset quod putabant eum homines esse crudelem et ideo redarguebant eum crudelitatis. Sed Sidonius semper eum excusauit, dicens quod illam iram magis haberet Lampridius ex materia et complexione et natura 35 quam aliquo alio uitio animi. Postea dicit Sidonius quod ille erat maximae uirtutis

centum uiros sub se] Videlicet ipse inter centum est.
 Virgilio] nusquam legitur.
 Iuenalis] immo Horatius S. II. 4. 34.
 Sparsim] Non repperi.
 percuciat.
 rugosum] Post hoc addit codex et est proprie sirma

anglice 'hem' .i. margo femineae uestis. 22. parato hospitio] om. codex. 25. serpelliferis. 26. cathenis. caldariorum h. e. fasciculis serpylli quales in caldariia ad ius condiendum inmittuntur. 27. condenda] num condienda?

et auctoritatis et reuerentiae apud quoslibet, et qualiter instructus fuit in oratoria facultate. naturam hic uocat complexionem uel naturam .s. ex progenie deriuatam. seueritas uirtus est grauis personae. emacularetur .i. extra maculam poneretur. poemata poema dicitur a poesis quod est figmentum. Inde poeta qui in uersibus suis quandoque ad delectationem intermiscet falsa ueris unde Aut prodesse uolunt aut delectare poetae 5 (Hor. A. P. 333). Et alius uersus Scribimus indocti doctique poemata passim (Hor. Epp. II. 1. 117). oppido exactos .i. ualde perfectos. exametros uersus .i. vi pedum. recurrentes .i. retrogrados, sicut Roma tibi subito motibus ibit amor. Hii nimirum sunt recurrentes uersus qui metro stante neque litteris loco motis ut ab exordio ad terminum sic a fine releguntur ad summum. Sicut est illud antiquum Roma tibi subito et cetera quae 10 praedicuntur et iterum illud Sole medere pede. ede perede melos. (Sid. IX. 14.) bucolica Virgilius fecit Bucolica in quibus loquitur de bobus et introducit pastores custodientes boues. Georgica a †geos quod est terra et inde Georgica quae docent colere terram qualia sunt Georgica Virgilii. distico tenore duorum uersuum a †dia quod est duo et

sticos quod est uersus. tetrastico tenore iii uersuum. oda uel odos dicitur laus uel cantus. 15 citus dicitur propter uelocitatem pedis. scripturiret. Verbum meditatiuum est ,i. semper fuit in meditatione scribendi. mathematicos ,i. astronomicos. sanguinaria genitura ,i. sanguine plena. strangulatus romanice 'estrangle.' paricidales ,i. in paricidio consentientes. obtutu ,i. uisu. exanimati ,i. anima exspoliati, animare uero aliud significat, quod est uiuificare uel inducere. cadauer est corpus sine anima. extortae ui raptae. 20 protuberantes grossi. tabo deciduo ,i. tabe quae decidebat ab ore et a naribus. Et nota quod hoc nomen tabo non habet in declinatione nisi ablatiuum. inconsulte ,i. stulte. consultat ,i. quaerit. interdicta prohibita.

Crocodili sunt animalia quaedam crudelissima in Nilo habitantia et homines necantia 25 et deuorantia. Sirticus. Sirtes sunt quaedam loca arenosa in mari ita, ut nec omnino sint nec omnino aqua cooperta; sed alicubi sunt sicca ut per ea transire possit quis siccis pedibus. Vocat igitur Sydonius agrum Sirticum .i. arenosum et sabulosum quia in ea ciuitate potest quis perire propter habundantiam sabuli et est ibi pedestre naufragium. per anadiplosim. Anadiplosis est geminatio dictionis ex ultimo loco prae-30 cedentis uersus et principio sequentis ut pulcherrimus Astur Astur equo fidens etc. (Verg. Aen. X. 180). suda .i. clara. Auras. Aurae sunt quando aer aliquantulum mouetur ex minimo inpulsu parui uenti. enixius .i. fortius et melius, a nitor niteris. temperies aer temperatus. opipare nobiliter ab opibus paratis. mugilibus mugiles sunt nobiles pisces qui romanice uocantur 'mulesz.'

/III. 12.

^{11.} sole medere pede] *immo* Sole medere pedes: Bubolica. 19. ex anima spoliati. 25. Cocodrilli. 27. possit] potest. 30. Anadiplosis] *Charis.* 281 *Keil* Anadiplosis est cum eadem dictio et in clausula uersus et in principio sequentis ponitur ut Sequitur pulcherrimus Astor A. e. f. et uersicoloribus armis. *Diomed.* 445 *Keil.* Anadiplosis est cum ultima prioris uersus dictio initio sequentis iteratur ut Sequitur pulcherrimus Astyr, Astyr equo fidens.

'III. 13.

Conducibilius .i. compendiosius et melius.

III. 14.

Nadab et Abiud isti duo conflagrati sunt caelesti igne il. combusti sunt, quia †recesserant contra mandatum Domini, quia iusserat eis Dominus ut numquam alium ignem 5 ponerent in turibulis suis ad incensendum altare quanı illum ignem qui perpetuo reseruabatur in tabernaculo. Quodam autem die spreto domini mandato alienum ignem ponebant in turibulis suis et conflagrati sunt, quod totum significat quod omnes catholici mundam debent habere conscientiam et amorem purum apud deum et sanctum spiritum in corde suo et non alienum .i. malignum.

III. 16.

Coactorum .i. coadunatorum. Vnde Virgilius Tityre coge pecus. leuigatur .i. conplanatur uel politur. Vnde Sidonius pumices muscidos dicit .i. habentes muscum. Et est muscus anglice 'musse' uel 'mosse.'

X. 9.

Thematis. Thema dicitur similitudo uel materia uel positio uel etiam causa. Vnde dicit Sidonius thematis ante inauditi operam peruulgat.

X. 13.

Genialis apparatus ,i. naturalis. crepula bucca ,i. sonora. [Lux crepera ,i. dubia. Vnde Res crepera ,i. anceps dubium me facit (Symm. Epp. I. 1).] Quaestus tus tui ,i. 20 romanice 'purcaz.' [Vnde Symmachus Quaestus uester in meum currit commodum (Symm. Epp. I. 6). Inpatientes dicuntur quasi sine patientia. Vnde Symmachus Solent inpatientes esse dilectionis qui sperant in se aliquid muneris conferendum (Symm. Epp. I. 6).]

8. catholicus. 19. crepera] Varro L. L. VI. 5 In Reatino crepusculum significat dubium; abe o res dictae dubiae creperae quod crepusculum dies etiam nunc sit an iam nox, multis dubium. 2b. VII. 77 dubiae res creperae dictae. Symmach. Epp. I. 1 ita res crepera atque anceps dubium me habet. 21. Questus. Symacus. Codices Symmachi habent cucurit quaestus uester in meum commodum. 22. Inpacientes. pacientia. Symachus. 23. inpacientes Codices Symmachi habent Solent inpatientes dilationis case (non dilectionis) qui sperant in se aliquid muneris conferendum.

Leccatorum multa genera. Quidam enim dicuntur mimi, quidam balatrones, quidam nebulones, quidam nepotes, quidam scurrae, quidam lenones, quidam histriones, quidam parasiti, quidam farmacopolae, a †farmaca quod est unguentum et †pole quod est uendere. De mimis dicit Horatius in Sermonibus (S. I. 2. 1) Ambubaiarum collegia 5 farmacopolae Mendici mimi balatrones hoc genus omne Maestum ac sollicitum est tmei pro morte Tigelli. Et notandum quod balatrones dicuntur a baratro quod est infernus. Dicitur autem baratrum quasi uoratrum quia omnia deuorat. Inde balatrones quasi uoratores, quia propria deuorant et aliena consumunt. Dicuntur nebulones a nebula quia ad modum nebulae transit gloria eorum. Vel quia aliena uitia per suas 10 adulationes obcaecant. Dicuntur nepotes a nepa serpente quae suos fetus deuorat. Scurra proprie appellatur uagus qui de domo ad domum discurrit ut uentrem satiet. De quibus bene dicitur, Quorum deus uenter est (Paulus ad Philipp, 111, 19). Vnde Magister Serlo Scurrae ieiuni te contra guttura muni. Lenones dicuntur conciliatores stupri. Vnde quidam egregius uersificator Leno ferre pedem talem non debet in 15 gedem. Hac habitare domo debet honestus homo. Histrio dicitur ab thistoron guod est adulari. Vnde quidam in cantilena sua Meretur histrio uirtutis praemium. Dum palpat uitium †dulci mendacio. Parasiti dicuntur quasi parantes situs hominum uel quasi iuxta parapsidem siti.

6. farmacopole. mendices. mestum. 7. +mei pro] cantoris Horatius dicuntur a baratro] Acron ad Hor. S. I. 2. 2 Barathrones qui bona sua lacerant, id est in o. a nebula Acron ad Hor. Epist. I. 2. 28 Nebulones leues ut nebula. barathrum mittunt. perditi luxuriosi molles inepti. Paulus Diac. p. 164 M. Nebulo dictus est qui non pluris est quam nebula, aut qui non facile perspici possit, qualis sit. II. a nepal Placidus s. u. Nepa p, 70 Deuerling Nepa scorpius quae natos consumit nisi eum qui dorso eius inhaeserit. Rursum ipse, qui seruatus fuerit, consumit patrem. Vnde homines qui bona parentum per luxuriam consumunt, nepotes dicuntur. 14. lenones] conciliatoris stupri, qui proprie leno dicitur. Acron ad Hor, Epist. II. 1. 272. Serlonis Non repperi in Serlonis carminibus editis a Thoma Wright (Anglo-Latin Satirical Poets of the Twelfth Century, Tom. II). 16. †historon] hoc quid sit uix expedias. 18. dulci] fortasse dulico. situs] h.e. σίτους.

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